$Text\ Mining-Assignment\ \#2$

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Exercise 1

Answer.

Exercise 2

Part (a)

The components of the model are the following:

• Parameters:

$$- \rho = (\rho_1, ..., \rho_k, ..., \rho_K) \in \mathbb{R}^K
 - \mathbf{B}^{(1)} = (\beta_{z_1}^{(1)}, ..., \beta_{z_i}^{(1)}, ..., \beta_{z_N}^{(1)}), \text{ where } \beta_{z_i}^{(1)} \in \Delta^{V_1 - 1}, \forall i$$

$$- \mathbf{B}^{(2)} = (\beta_{z_1}^{(2)}, ..., \beta_{z_i}^{(2)}, ..., \beta_{z_N}^{(2)}), \text{ where } \beta_{z_i}^{(2)} \in \Delta^{V_2 - 1}, \forall i$$

For notational purposes, let $\mathbf{B} = {\mathbf{B}^{(1)}, \mathbf{B}^{(2)}}.$

• Latent variables:

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$$\mathbf{z} = (z_1, \dots, z_i, \dots, z_N) \in \mathbb{R}^N$$
, for $i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$ observations

• Observed data:

$$- \mathbf{x}_{i}^{(1)} = \left(x_{i1}^{(1)}, \dots, x_{iv_{1}}^{(1)}, \dots, x_{iV_{1}}^{(1)}\right) \in \mathbb{R}^{V_{1}}, \forall i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$$
$$- \mathbf{x}_{i}^{(2)} = \left(x_{i1}^{(2)}, \dots, x_{iv_{2}}^{(2)}, \dots, x_{iV_{2}}^{(2)}\right) \in \mathbb{R}^{V_{2}}, \forall i \in \{1, \dots, N\}$$

For notational purposes, let $\mathbf{x}_i = \left\{\mathbf{x}_i^{(1)}, \mathbf{x}_i^{(2)}\right\} \forall i \text{ and } \mathbf{x} = \left\{\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_i, \dots, \mathbf{x}_N\right\}.$

Part (b)

The density function is:

$$\mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}|\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right) = \mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}^{(1)},\mathbf{x}_{i}^{(2)}|\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right) \\
= \mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}^{(1)}|\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right)\mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}^{(2)}|\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right) \quad \text{(By independence of the two vectors)} \\
= \sum_{k=1}^{K} \mathbb{P}\left(z_{k}|\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right)\mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}^{(1)}|z_{k},\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right)\mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}^{(2)}|z_{k},\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right) \\
= \sum_{k=1}^{K} \rho_{k}\mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}^{(1)}|z_{k},\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right)\mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}^{(2)}|z_{k},\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}\right) \\
= \sum_{k=1}^{K} \rho_{k}\prod_{v_{k}=1}^{V_{1}} \left(\beta_{z_{i}v_{1}}^{(1)}\right)^{x_{iv_{1}}^{(1)}}\prod_{v_{k}=1}^{V_{2}} \left(\beta_{z_{i}v_{2}}^{(2)}\right)^{x_{iv_{2}}^{(2)}}.$$

The likelihood function is the joint probability of all x_i 's:

$$\ell(\mathbf{x}|\boldsymbol{\rho},\mathbf{B}) = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{k=1}^{K} \rho_{k} \prod_{v_{1}=1}^{V_{1}} \left(\beta_{z_{i}v_{1}}^{(1)}\right)^{x_{iv_{1}}^{(1)}} \prod_{v_{2}=1}^{V_{2}} \left(\beta_{z_{i}v_{2}}^{(2)}\right)^{x_{iv_{2}}^{(2)}}.$$

The complete likelihood incorporates the latent variable and writes as follows:

$$\ell_{\text{comp}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z} | \boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}) = \prod_{i=1}^{N} \prod_{k=1}^{K} \left[\rho_{k} \prod_{v_{1}=1}^{V_{1}} \left(\beta_{z_{i}v_{1}}^{(1)} \right)^{x_{iv_{1}}^{(1)}} \prod_{v_{2}=1}^{V_{2}} \left(\beta_{z_{i}v_{2}}^{(2)} \right)^{x_{iv_{2}}^{(2)}} \right]^{\mathbb{I}_{\{z_{i}=k\}}}.$$

Finally, the complete log-likelihood gives:

$$\log \ell_{\text{comp}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z} | \boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{k=1}^{K} \mathbb{1}_{\{z_i = k\}} \left[\log \rho_k + \sum_{v_1 = 1}^{V_1} x_{iv_1}^{(1)} \log \beta_{z_i v_1}^{(1)} + \sum_{v_2 = 1}^{V_2} x_{iv_2}^{(2)} \log \beta_{z_i v_2}^{(2)} \right].$$

Part (c)

Denote the function *Q* as:

$$Q(\boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{k=1}^{K} \hat{z}_{i,k} \left[\log \rho_k + \sum_{v_1=1}^{V_1} x_{iv_1}^{(1)} \log \beta_{z_i v_1}^{(1)} + \sum_{v_2=1}^{V_2} x_{iv_2}^{(2)} \log \beta_{z_i v_2}^{(2)} \right],$$

where using the Bayes' rule:

$$\hat{z}_{i,k} \equiv \mathbb{E}\left[\mathbb{1}_{\{z_i=k\}}|\boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{x}_i\right] = \mathbb{P}\left(z_i = k|\boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{x}_i\right) \\
\propto \mathbb{P}\left(\mathbf{x}_i|\boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}, z_i = k\right) \mathbb{P}\left(z_i = k|\boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}\right) \\
= \rho_k \prod_{v_1=1}^{V_1} \left(\beta_{z_i v_1}^{(1)}\right)^{x_{i v_1}^{(1)}} \prod_{v_2=1}^{V_2} \left(\beta_{z_i v_2}^{(2)}\right)^{x_{i v_2}^{(2)}}.$$

Part (d)

The Lagrangian is defined as:

$$\mathcal{L}(\boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}, \boldsymbol{\lambda}^{(1)}, \boldsymbol{\lambda}^{(2)}, \nu) := Q(\boldsymbol{\rho}, \mathbf{B}) + \nu \left(1 - \sum_{k=1}^{K} \rho_k \right) + \sum_{k=1}^{K} \lambda_k^{(1)} \left(1 - \sum_{v_1=1}^{V_1} \beta_{z_i v_1}^{(1)} \right) + \sum_{k=1}^{K} \lambda_k^{(2)} \left(1 - \sum_{v_2=1}^{V_2} \beta_{z_i v_2}^{(2)} \right).$$

We take derivatives with respect to the parameters:

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\cdot)}{\partial \rho_k} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\hat{z}_{i,k}}{\rho_k} - \nu = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\cdot)}{\partial \beta_{k,v_1}} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k} x_{iv_1}^{(1)} \frac{1}{\beta_{z_i v_1}^{(1)}} - \lambda_k^{(1)} = 0 \tag{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\cdot)}{\partial \beta_{k,v_1}} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k} x_{iv_2}^{(2)} \frac{1}{\beta_{z,v_2}^{(2)}} - \lambda_k^{(2)} = 0 \tag{3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\cdot)}{\partial \nu} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \sum_{k=1}^{K} \rho_k = 1 \tag{4}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\cdot)}{\partial \lambda_k^{(1)}} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \sum_{v_1=1}^{V_1} \beta_{z_i v_1}^{(1)} = 1 \tag{5}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}(\cdot)}{\partial \lambda_{L}^{(2)}} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \sum_{v_2=1}^{V_2} \beta_{z_i v_2}^{(2)} = 1. \tag{6}$$

Combining (1) and (4) we see:

$$\nu = \frac{1}{\rho_k} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k} \Leftrightarrow \nu \underbrace{\sum_{k=1}^{K} \rho_k}_{=1} = \sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k} \underset{\text{Plug } \nu \text{ into (1)}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \rho_k^* = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k}}{\sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k}},$$

Analogously, combining (2) and (5) we get:

$$\beta_{z_iv_1}^{(1)}\lambda_k^{(1)} = \sum_{i=1}^N \hat{z}_{i,k}x_{iv_1}^{(1)} \Leftrightarrow \underbrace{\sum_{v_1=1}^{V_1}\beta_{z_iv_1}^{(1)}}_{-1}\lambda_k^{(1)} = \sum_{i=1}^N \hat{z}_{i,k}\sum_{v_1=1}^{V_1}x_{iv_1}^{(1)} \underset{\text{Plug }\lambda_k^{(1)} \text{ into (2)}}{\Longleftrightarrow} \left(\beta_{z_iv_1}^{(1)}\right)^* = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \hat{z}_{i,k}x_{iv_1}^{(1)}}{\sum_{i=1}^N \hat{z}_{i,k}\sum_{v_1=1}^{V_1}x_{iv_1}^{(1)}}.$$

The exact same procedure can be applied with (3) and (6) (simply changing subscripts) to obtain:

$$\beta_{z_{i}v_{1}}^{(2)}\lambda_{k}^{(2)} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k}x_{iv_{2}}^{(2)} \Leftrightarrow \underbrace{\sum_{v_{2}=1}^{V_{2}} \beta_{z_{i}v_{2}}^{(2)}}_{-1}\lambda_{k}^{(2)} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k}\sum_{v_{2}=1}^{V_{2}} x_{iv_{2}}^{(2)} \underset{\text{Plug }\lambda_{k}^{(2)} \text{ into (3)}}{\Leftrightarrow} \left(\beta_{z_{i}v_{2}}^{(2)}\right)^{*} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k}x_{iv_{2}}^{(2)}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \hat{z}_{i,k}\sum_{v_{2}=1}^{V_{2}} x_{iv_{2}}^{(2)}}.$$

The parameters found in this step, i.e. the set of ρ_k^* 's, $\left(\beta_{z_iv_1}^{(1)}\right)^*$'s and $\left(\beta_{z_iv_2}^{(2)}\right)^*$'s will be the ones used in the next iteration.

Part (e)

Pseudo-code for the EM algorithm in this context:

void