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1. 中文释义

E: Hello everyone! And welcome to EnglishPod! My name' s Erica.

M: And I' m Marco.

E: So, Marco, how' re you doing today?

M: I' m great! I' m really happy to be back, ready to deliver 提供 ; 交付 another great podcast for all our listeners.

E: That' s right! And we' ve got an intermediate 中级的 ; 中等水平的 lesson today about *spending money*.

M: Yeah, specifically 具体地 ; 专门地, spending money in a company.

E: That' s right, we' re going to be listening to a business meeting 商务会议 /as a company describes (v.) how they' re spending money.

M: Right, and they' re actually looking at their *profit and loss statement* 损益表, so...

E: Okay.

M: That' s kind of interesting.

E: Well, Marco, can you tell us a little bit about a *profit and loss statement*?

M: Uh, yeah, sure! Well, all companies **come out with** 推出 ; 发布;出版;供应 , 把.....投入市场 a *profit and loss statement* every year or every three months /and it' s basically a document that shows all the money *that the company is spending* /and all the money *that the company is earning* 赚取 ; 获得.

E: So, it' s a document that outlines (v.)概述 ; 列出 /how much money the company makes /and how much it... it spends.

M: Right, so, in the end 最终, basically, it' ll tell you we' re making money /or we' re losing money 亏损.

E: Okay, so, we' re gonna be listening to, uh, some people discuss (v.) a *profit and loss statement* in just a moment 马上. But before we do that, it' s time for "vocabulary preview 词汇预习" .

Voice: Vocabulary preview.

M: Okay, great! So, today on our vocabulary preview /we have two words for you, so, let' s take a look at the first one.

E: Expenses 开销 ; 花费.

M: Expenses.

E: Expenses.

M: Expenses.

E: So, expenses are things /that you have to spend money on regularly 定期地 ; 经常.

M: Right, so, for example, in a company /regular company expenses 公司日常开支 are salaries 薪水 ; 工资 or office supplies 办公用品 or the phone bills 电话费, internet bills 网费.

E: Okay, and maybe in a household 家庭 or a family /主 your expenses 开支 ; 花费 ; 费用 系 **might be** your food, perhaps your transportation 交通 ; 出行(费用) or your rent 租金 or your **heating bills** 取暖费, so, these are all things you **spend money** on regularly. They' re expenses.

M: Expenses, great! Let' s take a look at our second word – through the roof (极高的 ; 飙升的) 直线上升.

E: Through the roof.

M: Through the roof.

E: Through the roof.

M: So, when something is **through the roof**, it' s...

E: Really, really, really, really high.

M: Really high. Hehe. So, for example, we can talk about gas prices 汽油价格 are **through the roof** lately.

E: Yeah, that' s totally true. Gas prices have gone really high /in the past couple of months.

M: So, when we talk about **through the roof**, it means that /the number is really high.

E: That' s right, we typically use this word with numbers. It also gives you the idea /that the number has risen really quickly.

M: Yeah, exactly! Hehe.

E: Okay, so, through the roof.

M: Through the roof.

E: Alright, Marco, do you think it' s time for the dialogue ?

M: Yup, let' s listen to the dialogue. As always 像往常一样 /the first dialogue is gonna be a little bit fast, so, it might be a little bit difficult, but...

E: Don' t worry /if you don' t understand everything, because we will explain all the key language **in a minute** 在很短的时间内 ; 很快.

Header 1

A: OK, so now /the last point on our agenda 议程. Jill, let' s **go over** 仔细查看 ; 检查;复习 the **profit and loss statement**.

B: Great. Well, the main issue 问题 here, as you can see, is that /our expenses are **through the roof**.

A: Let' s see... These numbers are **off the charts** (图表 ; 排行榜)超出预期;极高的 ; 超出正常范围的! What' s going on 发生什么事了 here!

B: Well, um, sir, 主 the company expenditures 支出 ; 花费 on entertainment 娱乐 and travel 系 are out of control. Look at these bills for example. Just this month /we' ve paid over twenty thousand dollars for hotel charges 旅馆费!

A: OK, thank you. I' ll **look into** 调查 , 研究 it.

B: The list **goes on and on** 持续不断 ; 没完没了. Here, this is a bill for five thousand dollars for spa treatments 水疗服务!

A: Thank you; that will be all 这就是全部,就这些了. I' ll take care of 处理 , 办理 it.

B: Look at this one /sir, eight thousand dollars were spent in one night at a place called " Wild Things 狂野事物" ?!

A: OK, I get it 明白了!! Thank you for your very thorough 彻底的 ; 详尽的 analysis!

E: Okay, so, this accountant 会计 , 会计师, she is, uh, pretty thorough 相当彻底, hey?

M: Hehe. She' s really persistent (a.)坚持的 ; 执着的 about her job /and the manager apparently is a little bit embarrassed.

E: Hm, I wonder why that could be. 我想知道为什么会这样

M: Hehe. Well, we' ll talk about that *in a little while* 不久 , 很快 , 立刻 , 马上. Why don' t we take a look at our language takeaway for today?

Voice: Language takeaway.

E: In today' s language takeaway /we' re going to look at three words /and the first word is *expenditures* 开支 , [会计]支出.

M: Expenditures.

E: Expenditures.

M: Expenditures.

E: So, expenditures sounds (v.) pretty close to expenses, right?

M: It' s pretty similar, but it has a little bit of a difference, so, why don' t we listen to some examples /and see if we can understand?

Voice: Example one.

A: ??? to president (总统 , 国家主席 ; 总裁 ; 董事长)向总裁汇报 /I will increase (v.) expenditures on health and education by twelve per cent (12%).

Voice: Example two 第二个例子.

B: We really need to control our travel expenditures 旅游支出. From now on 从现在开始 /all managers will fly (v.) economy class 经济舱.

Voice: Example three 第三个例子.

C: Because of the rise in oil prices /expenditures on food are higher than they have ever been.

E: So, expenditures is the total amount of money /that you' re spending on something.

M: Right, that' s the total amount of money /versus 与.....相对 , 与.....相比 主 **expenses** 系 **is the things** that you spend money on.

它强调的是 “总钱数” , 而 “expenses” 指的是 “具体要花钱的项目” 。

E: Okay, that' s really clear.

M: Uhu.

E: Our next word is *out of control*.

M: Out of control.

E: Out of control.

M: So, when something is out of control, it' s...

E: It' s crazy.

M: Crazy, you can' t control it.

E: Exactly, you can' t stop it.

M: You can' t stop it, right.

E: Out of control.

M: Okay, great! Now, let' s take a look at our last word for today – go over 查看 , 检查.

E: Go over.

M: Go over.

E: Go over.

M: So, go over is a pretty simple word. Why don' t we listen to some examples, so we can understand go over?

Voice: Example one.

A: I need **to go over this report** one last time 最后一次 to make sure there' re no mistakes.

Voice: Example two.

B: Can you help me **go over** my presentation 陈述 , 报告;演示文稿 ; 展示? I want to make sure it' s perfect.

Voice: Example three.

C: Let' s **go over** these numbers one more time /and make sure there' re no mistakes.

E: Yeah, this is a really common word /and it basically means “look at carefully” .

M: Yeah, or review 复习 ; 回顾.

E: In English /we often find simple little words, they fit together 组合 ; 搭配 really well /and you think “Oh, they' re so easy” . Like the word go, over. So easy.

M: Hehe. Yeah.

E: But 强调句 **it' s the way** that they interact with each other 相互作用 **that** makes them...

但正是这些词的搭配(互动)方式, 让它们...

M: Or it makes you sound 听起来 much better.

E: Exactly, so, **go over** in this case 在此情况下, we might say, um “Let' s go over the lesson” .

M: Let' s go over the lesson, yeah.

E: Yeah.

M: Or...

E: That sounds great.

M: Yeah, that' s... and that' s more, uh, natural way of saying something like that.

E: Okay, so, we' **ve taken look at** our *language takeaways* for today. I think it' s time to listen to the dialogue one more time.

M: And this time /the dialogue will be slower, so we can understand and listen to all the words we just talked about.

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E: Okay, so, I got it 我明白了.

M: Yeah, it' s clear now.

E: Yeah, and you know, I heard a lot of really great phrases in this dialogue /that I' d like to **at now** in “fluency builder 流利表达训练” .

现在咱们就进入 “流利表达训练” 环节

Voice: Fluency builder.

M: Great, so, today on fluency builder /we have three words for you. Let' s start by looking at the first one – off the charts 超过正常水平,超出预期.

E: Off the charts.

M: Off the charts.

E: Off the charts.

M: So, this word is very similar to *through the roof*.

E: Exactly, it also means really high.

M: Right, so, let' s listen to some examples of how we can use *off the charts* in a different situation.

Voice: Example one.

A: Oil prices have gone up 上涨 /and our costs *are off the charts*.

Voice: Example two.

B: Excellent 出色的 job Susan! Your sales 销售额 are *off the charts* this year.

Voice: Example three.

C: Our losses 亏损 are *off the charts*! That' s it! No bonuses 奖金 for anyone!

E: So, Marco, do you think I can change *off the charts* for *through the roof* in these examples?

M: Yeah, you can. Definitely 肯定地, you can use *off the charts* or *through the roof*, both of them mean (v) the same thing.

E: Okay, so, two ways of saying *really, really, really high*.

M: Really high. But they' re very commonly used (v) in a business setting 商务场合.

E: Yeah, that' s true. Okay, so, this next word is a phrase /that you can use if you want to tell somebody that /you' ll check 查看 something or you' ll investigate something.

M: Right, and we heard it in our dialogue, so, let' s listen to the clip 片段.

Phrase 1: I' ll **look into** 调查, 研究,关注, 关心 it. I' ll look into it.

E: So, look into that /that means I' ll check something.

M: Yeah, I' ll see what' s happening.

E: Yeah, does that mean you' re gonna take action 采取行动?

M: No, it doesn' t.

E: Okay, so, I think we' ve got another word /that does mean you' re going to take action.

那咱们还有一个短语, 它的意思就是 “会采取行动” 。

Phrase 2: I' ll **take care of** 处理, 办理 it. I' ll take care of it.

M: So, this word means that /you' re going to do something about it.

E: I' ll take care of it. I will take responsibility 承担责任.

M: Exactly, so, I will do something about it.

E: Yeah.

M: I will investigate /and I' ll do it.

E: Yeah, ex... again, two great phrases – I' ll look into it; I' ll take care of it.

M: Okay, so, now let' s listen to the dialogue a third time. It' s gonna be at its normal speed, but now you have all the tools 后定说明 you need to understand it a lot better.

但现在你有了更好地理解它所需的所有工具。

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E: Well, Marco, I guess one of 主 **the benefits** 福利; 好处 of being an executive 高管,主管, 经理; 行政部门, 执行委员会 in a company, especially a large company, 系 **is** you get a lot of amazing 惊人的; 出色的 benefits 利益, 好处; 福利政策; 救济金; 福利.

M: Yes, when you are a manger or a CEO of one of these big companies, you get a lot of great things 你会得到很多好东西 like... I don' t know, a private jet 私人飞机, maybe...

E: Wow, that' s... that' s nice, hey?

M: Hehe. Or, um, they... um, the company often pays for 支付 your house...

E: Yeah.

M: Or for your car, they' ll give you a company car 公司配车.

E: Uhu.

M: Um, they' ll pay for your kids or your children' s, uh, tuition 学费 for high school.

E: So, there' re school fees 学费.

M: Yeah, yeah.

E: Okay.

M: And also I' ve heard about entertainment bonuses 娱乐补贴.

E: Yeah, so, you can go out to a restaurant 餐厅, get the receipt 发票, 收据 and **claim (v.)** 要求 (拥有); 索取; 认领; 报销 **the expenses** 费用, 业务费用 at work 工作中.

就是你去餐厅吃饭, 拿了收据之后, 可以在公司报销这笔费用。

M: Hah, those are some great benefits, right?

E: So, Marco, I' m curious 好奇的 to know /what our listeners' expenses are.

我很好奇咱们听众的开销都是什么样的。

M: Yes, we definitely want to know what crazy 离谱的 expenses you have, for example...

E: Well, let' s see, my spending on **coke zero** 零度可乐 **has gone through the roof** since we started this podcast.

M: Hehe. Yes, you spend a lot of money on **coke zeros** every week, right?

E: Uh, yeah, I probably have, uh... I don' t know, ten a week. 一周可能要喝十瓶

M: Well, for examples, I **spend**, uh, a lot **on** DVDs 数字激光视盘 each week. I usually buy two or three movies.

E: That is **off the charts**.

M: Hehe. That is **off the charts** for DVD spending.

E: Okay.

M: So, we want to know what you spend your money on, **be sure** to l... go into 访问 our

community website /and tell us what you spend money on.

E: That' s right, you can find us at [englishpod.com](https://www.englishpod.com) /and Marco and I are always there to respond (v.) your questions and comments.

M: Great, so, we' ll see you there /and until then it' s...

E: Good bye!

M: Bye!

2. pure

E: Hello everyone! And welcome to EnglishPod! My name' s Erica.

M: And I' m Marco.

E: So, Marco, how' re you doing today?

M: I' m great! I' m really happy to be back, ready to deliver another great podcast for all our listeners.

E: That' s right! And we' ve got an intermediate lesson today about spending money.

M: Yeah, specifically, spending money in a company.

E: That' s right, we' re going to be listening to a business meeting as a company describes how they' re spending money.

M: Right, and they' re actually looking at their profit and loss statement, so...

E: Okay.

M: That' s kind of interesting.

E: Well, Marco, can you tell us a little bit about a profit and loss statement?

M: Uh, yeah, sure! Well, all companies come out with a profit and loss statement every year or every three months and it' s basically a document that shows all the money that the company is spending and all the money the money that the company is earning.

E: So, it' s a document that outlines how much money the company makes and how much it... it spends.

M: Right, so, in the end, basically, it' ll tell you we' re making money or we' re losing money.

E: Okay, so, we' re gonna be listening to, uh, some people discuss a profit and loss statement in just a moment. But before we do that, it' s time for "vocabulary preview" .

Voice: Vocabulary preview.

M: Okay, great! So, today on our vocabulary preview we have two words for you, so, let' s take a look at the first one.

E: Expenses.

M: Expenses.

E: Expenses.

M: Expenses.

E: So, expenses are things that you have to spend money on regularly.

M: Right, so, for example, in a company regular company expenses are salaries or office supplies or the phone bills, internet bills.

E: Okay, and maybe in a household or a family your expenses might be your food, perhaps your transportation or your rent or your heating bills, so, these are all things you spend

money on regularly. They' re expenses.

M: Expenses, great! Let' s take a look at our second word – through the roof.

E: Through the roof.

M: Through the roof.

E: Through the roof.

M: So, when something is through the roof, it' s...

E: Really, really, really, really high.

M: Really high. Hehe. So, for example, we can talk about gas prices are through the roof lately.

E: Yeah, that' s totally true. Gas prices have gone really high in the past couple of months.

M: So, when we talk about through the roof, it means that the number is really high.

E: That' s right, we typically use this word with numbers. It also gives you the idea that the number has risen really quickly.

M: Yeah, exactly! Hehe.

E: Okay, so, through the roof.

M: Through the roof.

E: Alright, Marco, do you think it' s time for the dialogue?

M: Yup, let' s listen to the dialogue. As always the first dialogue is gonna be a little bit fast, so, it might be a little bit difficult, but...

E: Don' t worry if you don' t understand everything, because we will explain all the key language in a minute.

A: OK, so now the last point on our agenda. Jill, let' s go over the profit and loss statement.

B: Great. Well, the main issue here, as you can see, is that our expenses are through the roof.

A: Let' s see... These numbers are off the charts! What' s going on here!

B: Well, um, sir, the company expenditures on entertainment and travel are out of control. Look at these bills for example. Just this month we' ve paid over twenty thousand dollars for hotel charges!

A: OK, thank you. I' ll look into it.

B: The list goes on and on. Here, this is a bill for five thousand dollars for spa treatments!

A: Thank you; that will be all. I' ll take care of it.

B: Look at this one sir, eight thousand dollars were spent in one night at a place called " Wild Things" ?!

A: OK, I get it!! Thank you for your very thorough analysis!

E: Okay, so, this accountant, she is, uh, pretty thorough, hey?

M: Hehe. She' s really persistent about her job and the manager apparently is a little bit embarrassed.

E: Hm, I wonder why that could be.

M: Hehe. Well, we' ll talk about that in a little while. Why don' t we take a look at our language takeaway for today?

Voice: Language takeaway.

E: In today' s language takeaway we' re going to look at three words and the first word is

expenditures.

M: Expenditures.

E: Expenditures.

M: Expenditures.

E: So, expenditures sounds pretty close to expenses, right?

M: It' s pretty similar, but it has a little bit of a difference, so, why don' t we listen to some examples and see if we can understand?

Voice: Example one.

A: ??? to president I will increase expenditures on health and education by twelve per cent (12%).

Voice: Example two.

B: We really need to control our travel expenditures. From now on all managers will fly economy class.

Voice: Example three.

C: Because of the rise in oil prices expenditures on food are higher than they have ever been.

E: So, expenditures is the total amount of money that you' re spending on something.

M: Right, that' s the total amount of money versus expenses is the things that you spend money on.

E: Okay, that' s really clear.

M: Uhu.

E: Our next word is out of control.

M: Out of control.

E: Out of control.

M: So, when something is out of control, it' s...

E: It' s crazy.

M: Crazy, you can' t control it.

E: Exactly, you can' t stop it.

M: You can' t stop it, right.

E: Out of control.

M: Okay, great! Now, let' s take a look at our last word for today – go over.

E: Go over.

M: Go over.

E: Go over.

M: So, go over is a pretty simple word. Why don' t we listen to some examples, so we can understand go over?

Voice: Example one.

A: I need to go over this report one last time to make sure there' re no mistakes.

Voice: Example two.

B: Can you help me go over my presentation? I want to make sure it' s perfect.

Voice: Example three.

C: Let' s go over these numbers one more time and make sure there' re no mistakes.

E: Yeah, this is a really common word and it basically means "look at carefully" .

M: Yeah, or review.

E: In English we often find simple little words, they fit together really well and you think "Oh, they're so easy". Like the word go, over. So easy.

M: Hehe. Yeah.

E: But it's the way that they interact with each other that makes them...

M: Or it makes you sound much better.

E: Exactly, so, go over in this case, we might say, um "Let's go over the lesson".

M: Let's go over the lesson, yeah.

E: Yeah.

M: Or...

E: That sounds great.

M: Yeah, that's... and that's more, uh, natural way of saying something like that.

E: Okay, so, we've taken look at our language takeaways for today. I think it's time to listen to the dialogue one more time.

M: And this time the dialogue will be slower, so we can understand and listen to all the words we just talked about.

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E: Okay, so, I got it.

M: Yeah, it's clear now.

E: Yeah, and you know, I heard a lot of really great phrases in this dialogue that I'd like to at now in "fluency builder".

Voice: Fluency builder.

M: Great, so, today on fluency builder we have three words for you. Let's start by looking at the first one – off the charts.

E: Off the charts.

M: Off the charts.

E: Off the charts.

M: So, this word is very similar to through the roof.

E: Exactly, it also means really high.

M: Right, so, let's listen to some examples of how we can use off the charts in a different situation.

Voice: Example one.

A: Oil prices have gone up and our costs are off the charts.

Voice: Example two.

B: Excellent job Susan! Your sales are off the charts this year.

Voice: Example three.

C: Our losses are off the charts! That's it! No bonuses for anyone!

E: So, Marco, do you think I can change off the charts for through the roof in these examples?

M: Yeah, you can. Definitely, you can use off the charts or through the roof, both of them

mean the same thing.

E: Okay, so, two ways of saying really, really, really high.

M: Really high. But they' re very commonly used in a business setting.

E: Yeah, that' s true. Okay, so, this next word is a phrase that you can use if you want to tell somebody that you' ll check something or you' ll investigate something.

M: Right, and we heard it in our dialogue, so, let' s listen to the clip. Phrase 1: I' ll look into it. I' ll look into it.

E: So, look into that that means I' ll check something.

M: Yeah, I' ll see what' s happening.

E: Yeah, does that mean you' re gonna take action?

M: No, it doesn' t.

E: Okay, so, I think we' ve got another word that does mean you' re going to take action.

Phrase 2: I' ll take care of it. I' ll take care of it.

M: So, this word means that you' re going to do something about it.

E: I' ll take care of it. I will take responsibility.

M: Exactly, so, I will do something about it.

E: Yeah.

M: I will investigate and I' ll do it.

E: Yeah, ex... again, two great phrases – I' ll look into it; I' ll take care of it.

M: Okay, so, now let' s listen to the dialogue a third time. It' s gonna be at its normal speed, but now you have all the tools you need to understand it a lot better.

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E: Well, Marco, I guess one of the benefits of being an executive in a company, especially a large company, is you get a lot of amazing benefits.

M: Yes, when you are a manager or a CEO of one of these big companies, you get a lot of great things like... I don' t know, a private jet, maybe...

E: Wow, that' s... that' s nice, hey?

M: Hehe. Or, um, they... um, the company often pays for your house...

E: Yeah.

M: Or for your car, they' ll give you a company car.

E: Uhu.

M: Um, they' ll pay for your kids or your children' s, uh, tuition for high school.

E: So, there' re school fees.

M: Yeah, yeah.

E: Okay.

M: And also I' ve heard about entertainment bonuses.

E: Yeah, so, you can go out to a restaurant, get the receipt and claim the expenses at work.

M: Hah, those are some great benefits, right?

E: So, Marco, I' m curious to know what our listeners' expenses are.

M: Yes, we definitely want to know what crazy expenses you have, for example...

E: Well, let' s see, my spending on coke zero has gone through the roof since we started this podcast.

M: Hehe. Yes, you spend a lot of money on coke zeros every week, right?

E: Uh, yeah, I probably have, uh... I don' t know, ten a week.

M: Well, for examples, I spend, uh, a lot on DVDs each week. I usually buy two or three movies.

E: That is off the charts.

M: Hehe. That is off the charts for DVD spending.

E: Okay.

M: So, we want to know what you spend your money on, be sure to l... go into our community website and tell us what you spend money on.

E: That' s right, you can find us at englishpod.com and Marco and I are always there to respond your questions and comments.

M: Great, so, we' ll see you there and until then it' s...

E: Good bye!

M: Bye!