

Lesson 11

Table of Contents

- [1. Section 1](#)
 - [1.1. A. Dialogues.](#)
 - [1.2. B. Restaurant English.](#)
 - [2. Section 2](#)
 - [2.1. A. Telephone Conversation.](#)
 - [2.2. B. Discussion. Remembering with regret 感到遗憾 ; 惋惜 ; 懊悔.](#)
 - [2.3. C. Monologue.](#)
 - [2.4. D. Music or Money?](#)
 - [3. Section 3](#)
-

1. Section 1

1.1. A. Dialogues.

Dialogue 1:

- What are you going to do after this lesson?
 - I’ m probably going to have a cup of tea. What about you?
 - Oh, I’ m going to the post office.
 - I see.
-

Dialogue 2:

- Can you come and see me at nine o’ clock?
 - I’ m afraid not. You see, I’ m meeting Mr. Green at nine.
-

Dialogue 3:

- I hear you are playing at a concert 音乐会 ; 演奏会 tomorrow. How do you feel about it?
 - Oh, I’ m really worried about it.
 - I’ m not surprised. So would I be.
-

Dialogue 4:

- What are your plans for tomorrow, Brenda?
 - Well, first, I’ m going to do the **washing up** 刷饭后的杯盘等;洗脸和手.
 - Poor you 可怜的你; 真可怜! While you’ re doing the washing up, I’ ll be having breakfast in bed.
 - It’ s alright for some people.
-

Dialogue 5:

- I’ d like to withdraw 提 , 取 (银行账户中的款) fifty pounds from my deposit 存款;将 (钱) 存入银行 ; 存储 account 定期存款账户.
- Certainly. Would you please sign this form?
- Oh, yes. There you are.

—How would you like the money 你想要什么面值的钱？
—In fives, please.
—Fine. Here you are.
—Thanks. Goodbye.

Example 1. 案例
How would you like the money?

你想要什么面值的钱？
It would be asking what bills you would like. For instance if you asked for 20 dollars: would you like two "ten dollar" bills, four "five dollar " bills, or twenty "one dollar" bills?

Dialogue 6:
—How are you, Brenda?
—Fine, **apart from** 除了...外（都）；要不是 the backache.
—Oh, dear （惊奇、不安、烦恼、担忧等时说）啊，哎呀，糟糕，天哪, I’ m sorry to hear that.
—Yes. My back’ s killing me.
—Oh, I hope you’ ll soon feel better.
—Thanks.

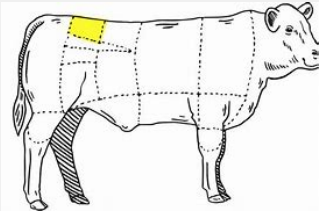
1.2. B. Restaurant English.

Dialogue 1:

Man: Waitress （餐馆等的）女服务员，女侍者! This meat is like old leather! It’ s enough to break every tooth in your head.
Waitress: Perhaps you’ d like to change your order, sir. The sirloin 牛里脊肉；牛上腰肉 is very tender 嫩的；柔软的.

Example 2. 案例
sirloin

牛里脊肉；牛上腰肉
⇒ sir-,改写自 sur-,在上，loin,腰部，腰肉。



Dialogue 2:

Woman: John, look **what that waiter’ s gone and done** 竟然, 居然(做出某事)! Spilt(v.)(尤指液体)（使）洒出，泼出，溢出 soup **all over** 到处，遍及；浑身 my new dress!
Waiter: I’ m terribly 非常；很 sorry, madam. Perhaps if I could sponge(v.)用湿布（或海绵）擦；揩拭;海绵块 it with a little warm water...
Man: Leave it alone, man. You’ ll only make it worse.
Woman: I want to speak to the Manager!
Waiter: Very good, madam.

have gone and done something

spoken used when you are surprised or annoyed by what someone has done.
have been and done sth = have gone and done sth : 表示"惊异, 气愤, 烦恼, 抗议"等语气, 中文相当于"竟然, 居然(做出某事)"的意思.
- And who has gone and told him about it? 谁竟然把这件事告诉了他?
- She went and won first prize! (惊异)

terribly

非常; 很
- I' m terribly sorry —did I hurt you? 非常抱歉, 我伤着您了吗?

Manager: I do apologize for this unfortunate accident, madam. If you would like to have the dress cleaned and send the bill 账单 to us, we will be happy to **take care of** 为某物付款 (尤在请客时) it.
Woman: Oh no, it doesn' t matter. Forget it. It probably won' t stain (v.) (被) 玷污; 留下污渍; 给...染色 (或着色) very much.

Dialogue 3:

Man: Waiter, **this just won' t do**. This wine' s 酒 got a most peculiar 怪异的; 奇怪的; 不寻常的 flavor.
Waiter: Yes, sir. I' ll **take it back** 拿回去. Perhaps you would like to choose another wine instead, sir?

Example 3. 案例
this just won' t do
等于 This is not acceptable /This will have to change (be changed).

2. Section 2

2.1. A. Telephone Conversation.

—Hello.
—Hello. Who' s that?
—It' s me.
—Who' s me?
—Why, me, of course.
—Yes, I know. It' s you. But who are you?
—I' ve told you who I am. I am ME.
—I know you are you, but I still don' t know who you are. Anyway, I don' t want to talk to you whoever you are. I really wanted Mrs. Jones.
—Who do you want?
—Mrs. Jones!
—Mrs. Jones? Who' s Mrs. Jones?
—Why, Mrs. Jones lives where you are, doesn' t she?
—There is no Mrs. Jones here. What number do you want?
—I want Bournemouth, 650283.
—This is Bournemouth, 650823.
—Oh, dear, I am sorry. I must have dialed the wrong number.
—It' s quite alright.
—I' ll try dialing again. Sorry to have troubled you.

—**It's quite alright** 好吧,可接受 (的), 没关系. Goodbye.

—Goodbye.

2.2. B. Discussion. Remembering with regret 感到遗憾 ; 惋惜 ; 懊悔.

Two old men are talking about the days gone by. Listen.

—The beer's just like water. They don't make it as strong as they used to.

—No. Things aren't what they used to be, are they?

—The pubs aren't any good nowadays.

—No. But they used to be good when we were young.

—The trouble is that the young people don't work hard.

—No, but they used to work hard when we were young.

2.3. C. Monologue.

Ten years ago, I loved watching television and listening to pop records. I hated classical music. But I liked playing tennis.

Five years ago I still liked playing tennis, but I loved classical music. Now I prefer classical music. I like playing squash 壁球. But I hate television.

Example 4. 案例

squash

a game for two players, played in a court surrounded by four walls, using rackets and a small rubber ball (软式) 墙网球 ; 壁球



2.4. D. Music or Money?

Mr. Davies is talking to his son Martin.

Mr. Davies: (quietly) Why aren't you doing your homework?

Martin: I'll do it later, Dad. I must get these chords 弦 right first. Our group's playing in a concert on Saturday.

Mr. Davies: (laughs) Oh, is it? You'll be **making records** 录唱片 next, will you?

Martin: We hope so. The man from 'Dream Discs' 圆盘 ; 圆片 is coming to the concert. So I'd better play well.

Mr. Davies: You'd better **get on with** (尤指中断后) 继续做某事 your homework! You can practise all day Saturday.

Martin: Oh, Dad. You don't understand at all. This concert could change my life.

Mr. Davies: It certainly could! You've got exams next month. Important ones. If you don't get a good certificate, you won't get a decent job.

Martin: (rudely) I don't need a certificate 文凭 ; 结业证书 ; 合格证书 to play the guitar. And I don't want a boring old job in a bank either.

Mr. Davies: (angrily) Oh, don't you? Whose boring old job paid for this house? And for that

guitar?
Martin: (sighs 叹气 ; 叹息) Yours, I know. But I' d rather be happy than rich.

Example 5. 案例

GET ON WITH SB | GET ON (TOGETHER)

(与某人) 和睦相处 , 关系良好

GET ON WITH STH

(尤指中断后) 继续做某事 / (谈及或问及工作情况) 进展 , 进步

- I' m not getting on very fast with this job. 我这份工作进展不太快。

3. Section 3

Dictation.

Dictation 1:

Letter Dictation. Write your address, your phone number and the date.
The letter is to Winnipeg Advanced Education College. Winnipeg, W-I-double N-I-P-E-G,
Advanced Education College, Hillside Drive, Winnipeg.
Dear Sir or Madam. Please send me details of your courses in Computer Programming.
New line. Thanking you **in advance** 预先感谢您. Yours faithfully, and then sign(v.)签 (名) ; 署
(名) ; 签字 ; 签署 your name.

Dictation 2:

Write your address, your phone number and the date. To Sea View Hotel. Sea View, S-E-A V-I-
E-W Hotel, Harbor 海港 Road, Cork, Ireland.
Dear Sir or Madam. I would like to book(v.) (向旅馆、饭店、戏院等) 预约 , 预订 a double room
双人房间 with bath for two weeks **from** the first **to** the fourteenth of August **inclusive** 包括提到
的所有的天数 (或月、数目等) 在内.
New line. I look forward to receiving your confirmation 证实 ; 确认书 ; 证明书. Yours faithfully
and then sign your name.

Example 6. 案例

from... to... inclusive

(BrE) including all the days, months, numbers, etc. mentioned 包括提到的所有的天数 (或月、数目等) 在内

- We are offering free holidays for children aged two to eleven inclusive. 我们提供的度假活动 , 两岁至十一岁的儿童免费。

- The castle is open daily from May to October inclusive. 这个古堡从五月起每天开放 , 直至十月底。