International Institute of Information Technology, Bangalore

Software Production Engineering Mini Project

Outgoing Management Portal

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1. ABSTRACT

Most institutes in our country become home to a large number of scholars every year. These widespread universities often have several entry and exit points which become the gates of influx to a variety of crowd including hostelers, day-scholars, faculty, staff and visitors. In such scenario, it becomes utterly important to have a record about the passage of people within the college premises. Outgoing Management Portal is a robust webapp which aims to bring the college authorities, students and their guardians under the same roof about the whereabouts of their ward. The portal is primarily developed using DevOps toolchain to store the incoming and outgoing activities of the students and provide timely notification to its respective users.

2. INTRODUCTION

About the web application

'Outgoing Management Portal' is a webapp which majorly capitalizes on bringing the college authorities, students and their guardians together to some extent of information. The webapp provides a common ground for students to apply for a leave or an outpass while it lays out an effective interface for the college/hostel incharge to look through the leave requests and permit accordingly. The web app also serves as a platform for the college security staff to record the incoming/outgoing of the students as well as visitors through it. The application has been programmed to implement an automatically triggered e-mail notifier too.

Scope of the project and features:

- The project efficiently solves the problem statement of managing and storing student outdoor visits along with time details.
- Allows a student to apply for leave and get real time updates on it. As soon as the student files for a leave from his account, a request card is generated at the warden's dashboard for approval. The response is autimatically sent via e-mail to the student in real-time.
- Automates a warning e-mail notification whenever a student exceeds the local out pass time limits.
- The portal successfully replaces all kinds of manual entry by the security staff at any gate by providing a common platform to register leaves, record local outings and maintain visitor entries.

Why DevOps?

DevOps is the combination of cultural philosophies, practices, and tools that increases an organization's ability to deliver applications and services at high velocity: evolving and improving products at a faster pace than organizations using traditional software development and infrastructure management processes.

This speed enables organizations to better serve their customers and compete more effectively in the market. Under a DevOps model, development and operations teams are no longer "siloed."

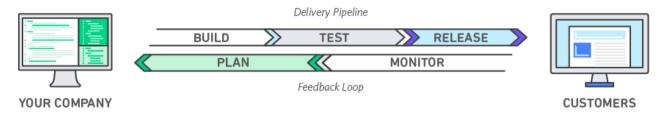


Fig 1: Basic devops model

We used DevOps toolchain in our model due to its various advantages as elaborated ahead.

Speed - Move at high velocity so you can innovate for customers faster, adapt to changing markets better, and grow more efficient at driving business results.

Rapid Delivery - Increase the frequency and pace of releases so you can innovate and improve your product faster. The quicker you can release new features and fix bugs, the faster you can respond to your customers' needs and build competitive advantage.

Reliability - Ensure the quality of application updates and infrastructure changes so you can reliably deliver at a more rapid pace while maintaining a positive experience for end users.

Scale - Operate and manage your infrastructure and development processes at scale. For example, infrastructure as code helps you manage your development, testing, and production environments in a repeatable and more efficient manner.

Improved Collaboration - Build more effective teams under a DevOps cultural model, which emphasizes values such as ownership and accountability. Developers and operations teams collaborate closely, share many responsibilities, and combine their workflows. This reduces inefficiencies and saves time.

3. Workflow Diagram

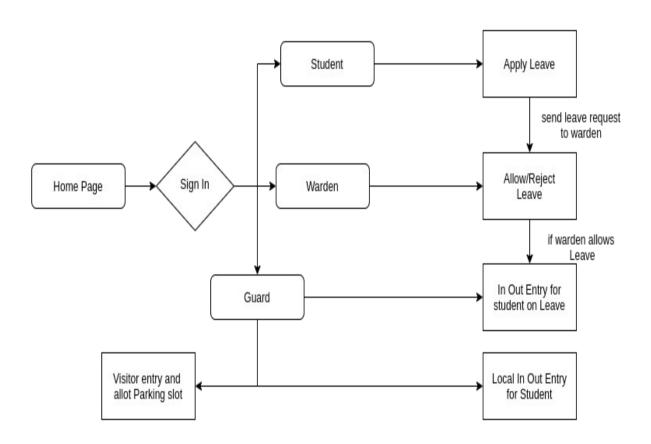


Fig 2: Workflow diagram of Portal

4.SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

System Architecture:

Ubuntu version – 16:04 LTS CPU configuration – 4 cores RAM – 4GB HDD –120GB kernel version –4.15.0-96-generic

Project Architecture:

Frontend Framework – HTML/CSS, Bootstrap

Backend Framework – Nodejs

Database – MySql

Server – Docker Container

Github Repo – https://github.com/m0hitbansal/Outgoing-Managment-Portal.git

DockerHub Repo – https://hub.docker.com/repository/docker/m0hitbansal/outgoing-

DevOps Toolchain:

SCM - Git

webapp

Build – npm

Continuous Integration – Jenkins

Containerization Tool – Docker

Continuous Delivery – Rundeck

Continuous Testing – Chai, Mocha

Monitoring & Logging – ELK Stack (Winston , Elasticsearch, Kibana)

5.Software development Life Cycle

5.1 Source Code Management

GitHub is used for SCM. It is a free and open source distributed version control system designed to handle everything from small to very large projects with speed and efficiency.

GIT has various benefits as VCS(Version Control System) listed as follows:

- 1) Revert the code files back to their previous state.
- 2) Recall and revert the entire project back to its previous state.
- 3) Compare code changes over specific durations of time.
- 4) Find who last modified a piece of code that might be causing an issue or a problem. Who introduced a particular issue and when.

Advantages of using git:

- When multiple people collaborate on a project, it's hard to keep track revisions who changed what, when, and where those files are stored. GitHub takes care of this problem by keeping track of all the changes that have been pushed to the repository.
- Git branching model lets you have multiple local branches which are independent of each other. Having this also enables you to have friction-less context switching.

URL of the GIT repository:

GitHub: https://github.com/m0hitbansal/Outgoing-Managment-Portal.git

Steps used to add code to my git repository:

- i) git init ./
- ii) git remote add origin https://github.com/m0hitbansal/Outgoing-Managment-Portal.git
- iii) git push -f origin
 branch name>

To create a new Project, we can do a git clone:

\$ git clone https://github.com/m0hitbansal/Outgoing-Managment-Portal.git

To push the code on to repository follow following commands:

- i) git add.
- ii) git commit -m "Commit message name"
- iii) git push origin
 sranch name>

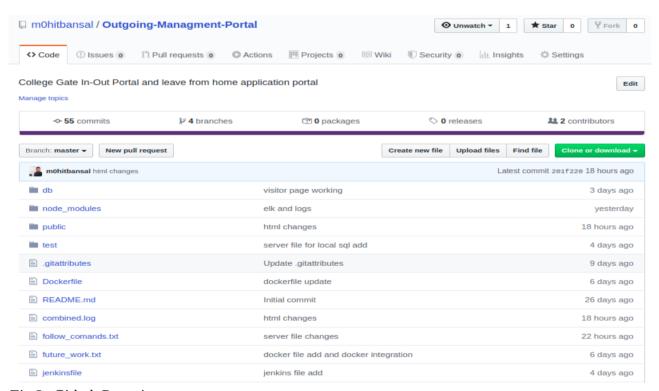


Fig 3: Github Repository

5.2 Build

NPM with Node.js

NPM is the default dependency management tool for node applications and is often used as a simple build tool as well. It works with all the node modules and with a single command, can fetch all the dependencies

\$ npm install

and then build the project using

\$ npm build

Again, it is extremely flexible and can easily be setup with 'package.json' file. It can be easily configured to work with express.

```
package.json
           "name": "outgoing-management-portal",
            "version": "1.0.0",
            "description": ""
            "main": "server.js",
            "directories": {
               "test": "test"
           },
"dependencies": {
   "body-parser": "^1.19.0",
   "chai": "^4.2.0",
   "chai-http": "^4.3.0",
   "cors": "^2.8.5",
   "cors": "^4.17.1"
               "express": "^4.17.1",
"express-session": "^1.17.1",
               "mocha": "^7.1.2",
"multer": "^1.4.2"
               "mysql": "^2.18.1"
              "node-cron": "^2.0.3",
"nodemailer": "^6.4.6",
"nodemon": "^2.0.4",
"request": "^2.88.2",
"winston": "^3.2.1",
               "winston-elasticsearch": "^0.8.8"
           },
"devDependencies": {},
           "scripts": {
    "test": "mocha",
    "start": "node server2.js"
            "repository": {
               "type": "git",
"url": "git+https://github.com/m0hitbansal/Outgoing-Managment-Portal.git"
           },
"author": "",
"license": "ISC",
34
```

Fig 4: package.json file

5.3 Testing

Mocha

Mocha is a feature-rich JavaScript test framework running on Node.js and in the browser, making asynchronous testing simple and fun. Mocha tests run serially, allowing for flexible and accurate reporting, while mapping uncaught exceptions to the correct test cases. The main advantage with Mocha is that it can seamlessly integrate with your node application, and supports various assertion libraries.

```
mohit@mohit-300E4Z-300E5Z-300E7Z:~/Music/(
◆
     my.test.js
                                                            1$ mocha --exitNode server is running...
                                                            Browser to http://127.0.0.1: 5555
     let chai = require('chai');
    'let chaiHttp = require('chai-http');
    let expect=chai.expect;
                                                               /Get student details
    let server = require('../server');
                                                            You are now connected...
    let assert=require('chai').assert;
                                                            data for given roll number picked up
    chai.use(chaiHttp);
                                                              successful checkout
                                                            MT2019048
    describe('/Get student details', function() {
                                                            2020-05-23 16:04:02
        it('Main page content', function(done){
                                                            into local check out for student
           chai.request(server)
            .post('/userdetails')
           .send({roll:'MT2019048'})
                                                              successful checkin
            .end(function(err, res){
               expect(res).to.have.status(200);
                                                            into local check in for student
               expect(res.body[0].name).to.equal('mohit bansal');
               done();
                                                              3 passing (451ms)
```

Fig 5: Test file

Fig 6: Test file execution

To run this test file we use command \$mocha -exit

Chai

Chai is a BDD / TDD assertion library for node and the browser that can be delightfully paired with any javascript testing framework.

Why chai?

Actually Mocha provide the environment for making our test, But we need to test our API and our API using http calls like GET, PUT, DELETE, POST etc. So we need a assertion library to fix this challenge. Chai helps us to determine the output of this test case.

5.4 Docker Artifact

Docker is officially defined as "A set of platform as a service products that uses OS-level virtualization to deliver software in packages called containers." A Docker container image is a lightweight, standalone, executable package of software that includes everything needed to run an application: code, runtime, system tools, system libraries and settings.

A Dockerfile is a text file written in an easy-to-understand syntax that includes the instructions to build a Docker *image*.

We used Docker for setting up Mysql, Frontend and Backend (NodeJS) of our application.

```
FROM node:latest

WORKDIR /Outgoing

ADD . /Outgoing

EXPOSE 5555

ENTRYPOINT ["node", "server2.js"]

FROM mysql:5.7

ADD wsl.sql ./

ENV MYSQL ROOT PASSWORD root

ENV MYSQL DATABASE Outgoing

COPY ./wsl.sql /docker-entrypoint-initdb.d/

EXPOSE 3306
```

Fig 7: Docker file for webapp

Fig 8: Docker file for mysql database

Create an account on docker hub and create a repository and the image's name will be <dockerhub-username>/<repository-name>for example, m0hitbansal/outgoing-webapp The following commands are used to create a docker image using dockerfile. (keep the Dockerfile in the same directory)

```
$ su
$ docker build -t m0hitbansal/outgoing-webapp .
$ docker build -t m0hitbansal/outgoing-sql .
$ docker login
```

- \$ docker push m0hitbansal/outgoing-sql
- \$ docker push m0hitbansal/outgoing-webapp
- \$ docker run -it --name websql -d m0hitbansal/outgoing-sql
- \$ docker run --link websql:db -e DATABASE_HOST=db --name webapp -p 5555:5555 m0hitbansal/outgoing-webapp

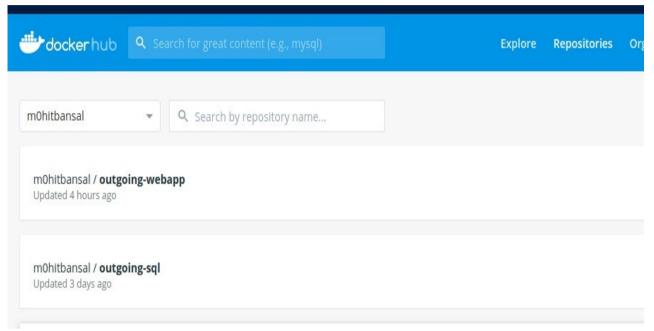


Fig 9: Dockerhub-Repository



Fig 10: Image on dockerhub Repository

5.5 Continous Integration

Continuous Integration (CI) is a development practice where developers integrate code into a shared repository frequently, preferably several times a day. Each integration can then be verified by an automated build and automated tests. One of the key benefits of integrating regularly is that you can detect errors quickly and locate them more easily.

JENKINS

Jenkins is an open source CI tool written in Java, platform independent and easy to use. The user interface is simple, intuitive and visually appealing. It has a very low learning curve. It is extremely flexible and hundreds of open source plugins are available with more coming out every week. These plugins cover everything from version control systems, build tools, code quality metrics, build notifiers, integration with external systems, UI customizations, and much more.

Advantages of using Jenkins

- Jenkins is being managed by the community which is very open. Every month, they hold public meetings and take inputs from the public for the development of Jenkins project.
- As technology grows, so does Jenkins. So far Jenkins has around 320 plugins published in its plugins database.
- Jenkins also supports cloud-based architecture so that you can deploy Jenkins in cloud-based platforms.

Environment setup - Jenkins

Now we setup Jenkins and other plugins of it.

Make sure to add Jenkins to docker group, so that Jenkins can use docker for build procedure.

\$ sudo usermod –aG docker Jenkins, you can verify it with

\$ sudo grep jenkins/etc/gshadow

Rundeck Configuration in Jenkins

Go to Manage Jenkins \rightarrow configure system

Under Rundeck enter the following comfiguration:

Name: Rundeck Outgoing Url: http://localhost:4440

Login: admin
Password: admin

Name	Rundeck Outgoing		
URL	http://localhost:4440/		•
Login	admin		•
Password	Concealed	Change Password	0
Auth Token			•
API Version			•
	Your Rundeck instance is alive, and your credentials are valid !	Test Connection	
		Delete Rundeck	

Fig 11: Rundeck configuration in jenkins

Docker Configuration

Go to Jenkins \rightarrow credentials \rightarrow System \rightarrow Global Credentials

Under Global Credentials:

Username: m0hitbansal

Password: ******

ID: docker-hub-credentials

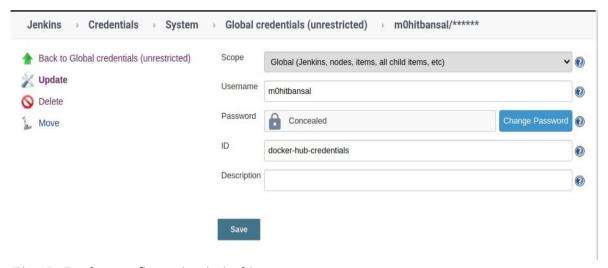


Fig 12: Docker configuration in jenkins

Github webhook Configuration in Jenkins

Go to Manage Jenkins → configure system

Under Github Server:

Name: webhook

API Url: http://api.github.com

Hub Servers	****		
	GitHub Se	erver	(2)
	Name	webhook	0
	API URL	https://api.github.com	0
	Credentials	GitHub (https://api.github.com) auto generated token credentials for n 💌 🕞 Add	•
		Credentials verified for user m0hitbansal, rate limit: 4998 Test connection	
		✓ Manage hooks	
		Advanced	
		De	lete

Fig 13: Github webhook Configuration in Jenkins

Setting up Jenkins Pipeline

Click on new item

Enter project Name: Outgoing-management-pipeline

Select pipeline project

Click Ok

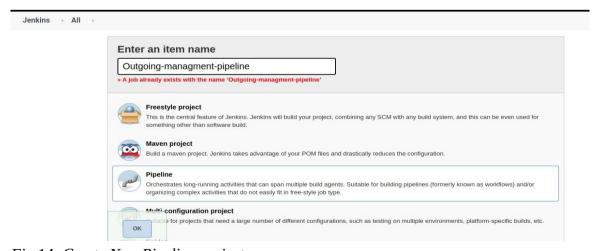


Fig 14: Create New Pipeline project

In project configuration we check github project to pull latest code from github as shown in the figure below.

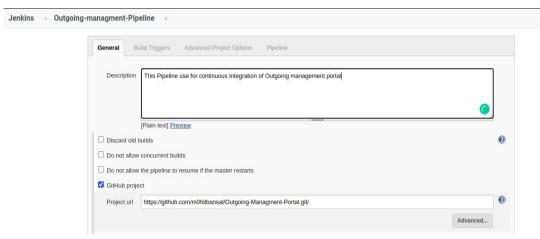


Fig 15: Add Github project

In Build Triggers Check github hook trigger GITScm Polling

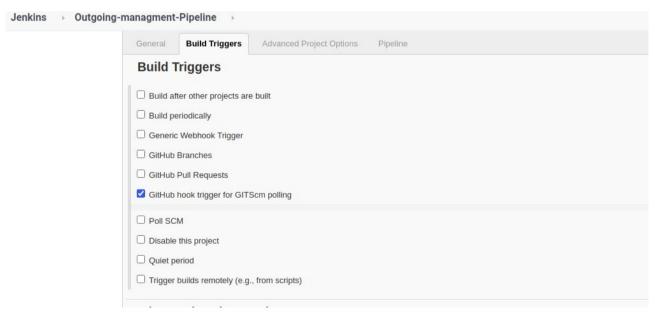


Fig 16: Set Build trigger

In Pipeline stage we write pipeline script as shown in the figure.

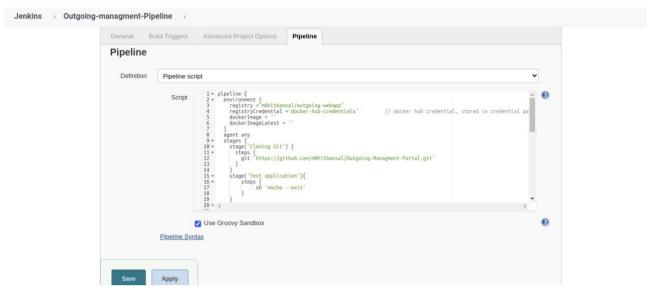


Fig 17: Add Pipeline script

```
pipeline {
                                                                                         stage('Deploy Image') {
      environment {
                                                                                          steps{
       registry ="m0hitbansal/outgoing-webapp"
                                                                                            script {
                                                                                              docker.withRegistry( '', registryCredential ) {
                                                                               38
       registryCredential ='docker-hub-credentials'
                                                          // docker hub crede
                                                                                                 dockerImageLatest.push()
        dockerImage = ''
       dockerImageLatest = ''
                                                                                            }
      }
      agent any
                                                                               36
                                                                                         stage('Remove Unused docker image') {
       stage('Cloning Git') {
                                                                                            sh "docker rmi $registry:latest"
                                                                               39
                                                                                          }
           git 'https://github.com/m@hitbansal/Outgoing-Managment-Portal.git'
                                                                               40
         }
                                                                                         stage('Execute Rundeck job') {
       }
                                                                                            steps {
       stage('Test application'){
                                                                               43
                                                                                              script {
           steps {
                                                                               44
                                                                                                 step([$class: "RundeckNotifier",
                sh 'mocha --exit'
                                                                                                       includeRundeckLogs: true,
                                                                                                       jobId: "8eb64841-d14e-4c86-9a7e-a3ea08dfd0cd",
                                                                                                       rundeckInstance: "Rundeck Outgoing",
                                                                               47
                                                                                                       shouldFailTheBuild: true,
       stage('Building image') {
20
                                                                                                       shouldWaitForRundeckJob: true,
         steps{
                                                                                                       tailLog: true])
             dockerImageLatest = docker.build registry + ":latest"
           }
26
```

Fig 18: Pipeline script-1

Fig 19: Pipeline script-2

Explanation of the pipeline script

- 1) We initially declare the environment variable which contains dockerhub credentials and dockerhub repository name.
- 2) In the first stage we add the github project url to clone the project.
- 3) In the second stage we build project and run the test file using mocha.
- 4) In the third stage the docker image is build. The name of the image can be generic or declared in environment variables.
- 5) In the fourth stage the image is deployed on DockerHub. Here, we use the *registryCredential* we configured in the previous slide and then push the image to the repository <dockerHub Username>/<repository name>.
- 6) In the fifth stage we remove the same unused image from the docker.
- 7) Jenkins can handle the builds for the continuous integration cycle of development and triggering of Rundeck is required to control distributed orchestration across the deployment. In the sixth stage we called rundeck job using job-id as shown in the pipeline script.
- 8) After writing the script click on save and apply button.
- 9) Click on build now.

```
[12:37:09] [NORMAL] Error: No such image: m0hitbansal/outgo
nt-Pipeline #20
                                                                                                    [NORMAL] Using default tag: latest
                                                                                        [12:37:09]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                        [12:37:13]
                                                                                                               latest: Pulling from m0hitbansal/outgoi
          > git fetch --tags --progress -- https://github.com/m0hitbansal/Outgoing-Me
> git rev-parse refs/remotes/origin/master^{commit} # timeout=10
                                                                                                               Digest: sha256:3032612e13b51d9b0f88c573
                                                                                        [12:37:13] [NORMAL]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                        [12:37:13]
                                                                                                               Status: Downloaded newer image for m0hi
           > git rev-parse refs/remotes/origin/origin/master^{commit} # timeout=10
                                                                                        [12:37:13]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               docker.io/m0hitbansal/outgoing-sql:late
          Checking out Revision d3af1ff2be352493c60f24a5ac23b0401d3c5037 (refs/remote:
                                                                                        [12:37:14]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               Using default tag: latest
           > git config core.sparsecheckout # timeout=10
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               latest: Pulling from m0hitbansal/outgoi
                                                                                        [12:37:17]
           > git checkout -f d3af1ff2be352493c60f24a5ac23b0401d3c5037 # timeout=10
                                                                                                               1c6172af85ee: Already exists
                                                                                        [12:37:17]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
           > git branch -a -v --no-abbrev # timeout=10
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               b194b0e3c928: Already exists
                                                                                        [12:37:17]
           > git branch -D master # timeout=10
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                        [12:37:17]
                                                                                                               1f5ec00f35d5: Already exists
         > git checkout - b master d3af1ff2be352493c60f24a5ac23b0401d3c5037 # timeout
Commit message: "Merge pull request #14 from m0hitbansal/archit"
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                        [12:37:17]
                                                                                                               93b1353672b6: Already exists
                                                                                        [12:37:181 [NORMAL]
           > git rev-list --no-walk 16dfee49ale0b49668ald921383a4bb550d6c0cf # timeout
                                                                                                               3d7f38db3cca: Already exists
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                        [12:37:18]
                                                                                                               21e102f9fe89: Already exists
          [Pipeline] // stage
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               e63dac87cb8e: Already exists
          [Pipeline] stage
[Pipeline] { (Test application)
                                                                                        [12:37:18]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               2e15f38664d9: Already exists
                                                                                        [12:37:18]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               7639f95d3d43: Already exists
          [Pipeline] sh
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               ba53c21961fb: Pulling fs layer
                                                                                        [12:37:18]
          + mocha --exit
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               8aeb23a843f1: Pulling fs layer
                                                                                        [12:37:18]
          Node server is running.
                                                                                        [12:37:20]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               ba53c21961fb: Verifying Checksum
          Browser to http://127.0.0.1: 5555
                                                                                        [12:37:20] [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               ba53c21961fb: Download complete
                                                                                        12:37:211
                                                                                                     [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               ba53c21961fb: Pull complete
                                                                                        [12:37:42] [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               8aeb23a843fl: Verifying Checksum
            /Get student details
                                                                                                    [NORMAL] 8aeb23a843f1: Download complete
                                                                                        [12:37:42]
          You are now connected...
                                                                                        [12:37:47]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               8aeb23a843f1: Pull complete
          data for given roll number picked up
                                                                                        [12:37:47] [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               Digest: sha256:c6bf4f4ac9dd4be879729578
              / Main page content (268ms)
                                                                                        [12:37:47]
                                                                                                    [NORMAL]
                                                                                                               Status: Downloaded newer image for m0hi
                                                                                       [12:37:47] [NORMAL] docker.io/m0hitbansal/outgoing-webapp:l
END RUNDECK TAILED LOG OUTPUT
            successful checkout
          MT2819848
          2020-05-23 12:28:47
                                                                                       Rundeck execution #110 finished in 40 seconds, with status
          into local check out for student
                                                                                        [Pipeline]
              √ Main page content (116ms)
                                                                                        [Pipeline] // script
                                                                                        [Pipeline]
           successful checkin
                                                                                        [Pipeline]
                                                                                                    // stage
                                                                                        [Pipeline] ]
          into local check in for student
                                                                                        [Pipeline] // withEnv
                                                                                        [Pipeline]
                                                                                        [Pipeline] // node
                                                                                        Pipelinel End of Pipeline
           3 passing (466ms)
                                                                                        Finished: SUCCESS
```

Fig 21: Console Output-1

Fig 20: Console Output-2

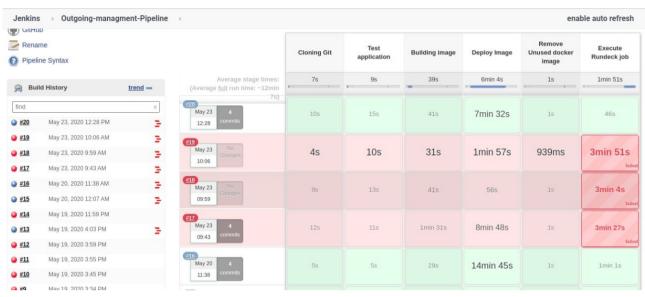


Fig 22: Pipeline Stage View

5.6 Continous Deployment

Continuous deployment is a strategy for software releases wherein any code commit that passes the automated testing phase is automatically released into the production environment, making changes that are visible to the software's users. Continuous deployment eliminates the human safeguards against unproven code in live software.

Rundeck

Rundeck is an open source automation service with a web console, command line tools and a WebAPI. It lets you easily run automation tasks across a set of nodes.RunDeck is cross-platform open source software that helps you automate adhoc and routine procedures in data center or cloud environments. RunDeck allows you to run tasks on any number of nodes from a web-based or command-line interface. RunDeck also includes other features that make it easy to scale up your scripting efforts including: access control, workflow building, scheduling, logging, and integration with external sources for node and option data.

Environment setup for Rundeck

To run docker on Rundeck, we need to add Rundeck to the root group.

\$ usermod -aG docker rundeck

Restart Rundeck i.e.

\$ systemctl restart rundeckd

This way, we can see how rundeck belongs to the same group and now we can run *root* commands in rundeck without using *sudo*.

Creating new Project and job in Rundeck:

1) go to url and create a project a new project name it Outgoing-management-system and save it.

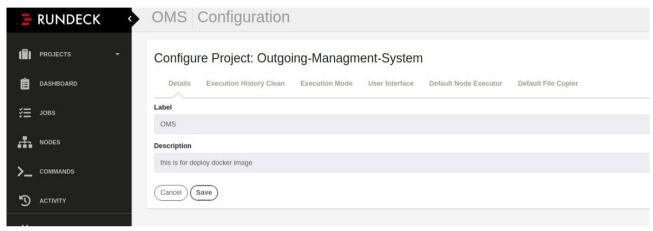
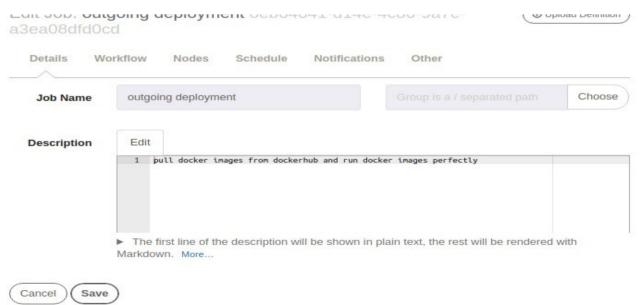


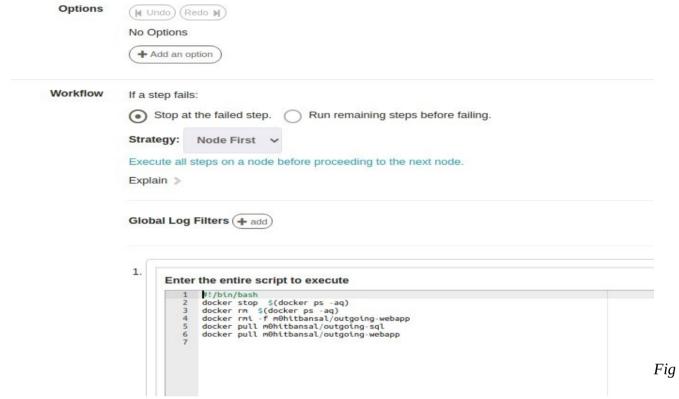
Fig 23: Create New Rundeck Project

2) Click on add new node source, select file and then select resource.xml as the format of the file. Add file path as *var*/lib/rundeck/outgoing.xml and check generate, include servernode and writable. Click on save button.



24: Create New Job

- 3) Create a new job, enter job name and description.
- 4) Go to workflow and add the script to execute on the registered node.



25: Job defination

4) Under Nodes select execute locally because all these commands will be execute on local system. We can specify the specific nodes on which we want commands to execute using dispatch to nodes in node option. Make note of UUID for future reference and save.

5.7 Continous Monitoring

Elastic Search

Elastic search is a indexing querying over apache's lucene engine.

\$ cd elasticsearch

\$./bin/elasticsearch

you can check if elasticsearch is up and running at http://localhost:9200 open another terminal and proceed for kibana.

Kibana helps visualizing data using after querying using elastic search.

Kibana

\$ cd kibana

\$./bin/kibana

You can access kibana GUI at http://localhost:5601

Logstash helps normazling data from various data soruces such as apache, log events, sql and other data sources.

Also, logstash enhances data us varius filters such as geoip, grok, matcher and many more. Open another terminal and proceed for logstash.

Winston

Winston is designed to be a simple and universal logging library with support for multiple transports. A transport is essentially a storage device for your logs.

Advantages of Winston

- 1) Distributed platforms are fantastic for solving a lot of troubles, such as scaling, high availability, even maintainability of a big code base. But for all the great benefits they provide, they also come with some added baggage you need to take into account when working on one.
- 2) A scalable logging strategy is exactly what the name implies: you're able to log as much as you need. Just like you can (and should) scale your processing power or your bandwidth when your platform is experiencing a spike on traffic, your logging capabilities should have a similar elasticity.

```
const winston = require('winston');
const Elasticsearch = require('winston-elasticsearch');
var esTransportOpts = {
  level: 'info'
};
const logger = winston.createLogger({
  level: 'info',
  format: winston.format.combine(
              winston.format.timestamp({
       format: 'YYYY-MM-DD HH:mm:ss'
    }),
              winston.format.json()
    ),
  transports: [
       w winston.transports.File({ filename: 'combined.log' }),
     iew Elasticsearch(esTransportOpts)
});
function logstore(caller, method, text){
    id = id +1;
    logger.info({"index":{"index":"Outgoing", "_id":id}, "level":'info', 'message':""});
logger.info({"type":'api-call', "call_name":caller, "method":method, "text_entry":text});
module.exports = app; // for testing
```

Fig 26: Winston logs generate code



Fig 27: Kibana -1 Logs Dashboard

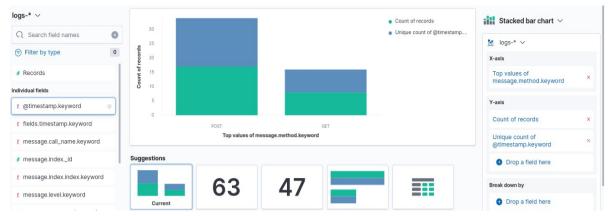


Fig 28: Kibana-2 GET/POST Count logs

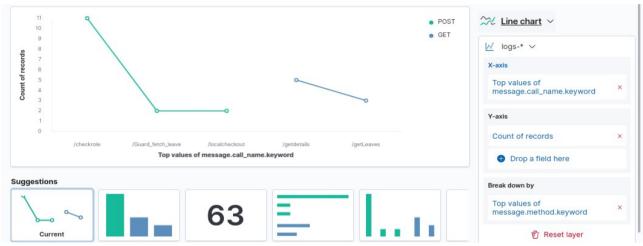


Fig 29: Kibana-3 Get/Post With timestamp



Fig 30: Kibana-4 Index id with time stamp

5.8 Webhooks

- The next problem in the pipeline was that each time, we manually needed to build the pipeline in Jenkins. We can automate this using webhooks which is a feature provided by GitHub.
- Thus, webhooks is a feature, where after each new commit/change in the repository, it calls the Jenkins for a built.
- Jenkins runs on localhost. To make it available, we need a tunneling application to make local ports publically available and we use **ngrok** for that purpose. Install it using
 - \$ sudo snap install ngrok
- Run ngrok on the same port on which your Jenkins is running i.e.
- \$ngrok http 8080

```
ngrok by @inconshreveable
                                                                  (Ctrl+C to quit)
Session Status
                              online
                              Mohit Bansal (Plan: Free)
Account
Version
Region
                              United States (us)
Web Interface
                              http://127.0.0.1:4040
                              http://ffe5aa71.ngrok.io -> http://localhost:8080
orwarding
Forwarding
                              https://ffe5aa71.ngrok.io -> http://localhost:8080
Connections
                              ttl
                                       opn
                                               rt1
                                                        rt5
                                                                p50
                                                                         p90
                                               0.00
                                                        0.00
                                                                0.00
                                                                         0.00
```

Fig 31: Ngrok start

m0hitbansal / Outgoi	-Managment-Portal O Unwatch ▼ 1 ★ star 0 Y Fork	0
<> Code ⊕ Issues o	Pull requests 0 Actions Projects 0 BWiki Security 0 Linsights Settings	
Options	Webhooks / Manage webhook	
Manage access	We'll send a POST request to the URL below with details of any subscribed events. You can also specify which	
Branches	data format you'd like to receive (JSON, x-www-form-urlencoded, etc). More information can be found in our developer documentation.	
Webhooks	Payload URL *	
Notifications	http://ffe5aa71.ngrok.io/github-webhook	
Integrations		

Fig 32: Github webhook setup

6.Experimental Setup

Installation

Install Nodejs and its libraries.

\$ npm install nodejs

* Following Packages are also required: express, express-session, mysql, body-parser, formidable, cors, nodemon, multer, chai, mocha, chai-http, node-cron, nodemailer, winston, winstonelasticsearch, nodemon

Git:

Install git and configure it using username and password.

\$ sudo apt-get install git

\$ git config --global user.name "m0hitbansal"

\$ git config --global user.email "mohit.bansal@iiitb.org"

Install Docker:

Find resources at https://docs.docker.com/engine/install/ubuntu/

Docker Hub: Create a new account and create a new repository of the required name. It can be pushed/pulled using

\$ docker pull/push <DockerHub Username>/<DockerHub Repository Name>

Install Jenkins:

Jenkins can be installed from the official documentation. In manage-jenkins, find the plugins below, download and install them. Plugins — maven, pipeline, rundeck, Nodejs, GitHub Pull Request Builder, Build Pipeline, Dashboard & Email extension.

\$ java -jar jenkins.war

Install Rundeck:

Install Rundeck using the official documentation. The default port for web-interface is 4440 and default username and password is admin.

\$ dpkg -i rundeck_2.10.8-1-GA_all.deb

Install ELK Stack:

ELK Stack can be downloaded from https://www.elastic.co/downloads/

7.Result and Discussion

int b	OUTGOING MANAGEMENT PORTAL		
	LOGIN		
	Email		
	Password		
	Remember me	Forgot?	
	LOGIN		
	Copyright @ 2020 IIIT-Banga	nainre	

Fig 33: Login Page

Dashboard		
Request for Leave	Request Le	
Share Location	Kindly fill the leave reques	st form Name:
	MT2019026	archit semwal
	Hostel:	Room Number:
	Bhaskara	470
	Ticket Number:	Mode of Travel:
	Ticket Number:	Mode of Travel:
	Destination:	Guardian's contact:
	Destination:	Guardian's Contact :
	Departure date from college	e: dd/mm/yyyy
	Reason for leave :	
		Send

Fig 34: Student Leave Form Page

Leave Request Column Cards

Click on Accept/Reject...

	mohit bansal	
Roll Number :	Hostel :	
MT2019048	Bhaskara	
Room Number :	Ticket Number :	
628	111	
Mode of Travel :	Destination :	
bus	pali	
Guardian conatct :		
9414989746		
Departure Date : 23/05/2020		
Reason for Leave :		
hello		
	Allow	
	Reject	

Fig 35: Warden's Approval Page

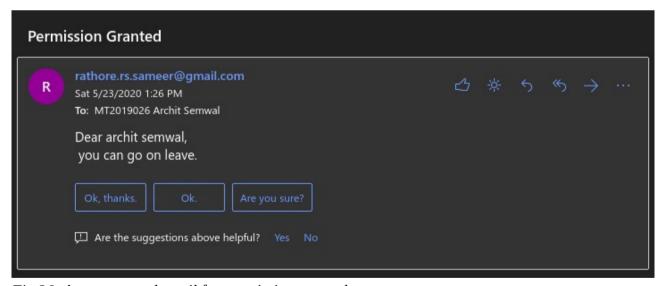


Fig 36: Autogenerated email for permission granted



OUTGOING MANAGEMENT PORTAL

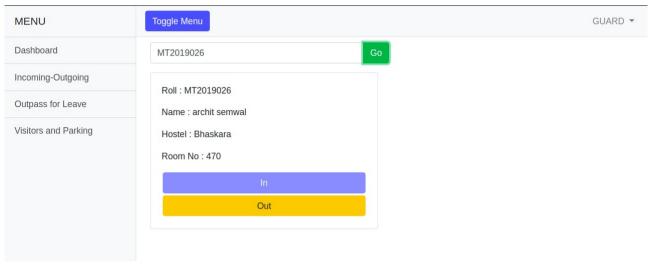


Fig 37: Local Outpass

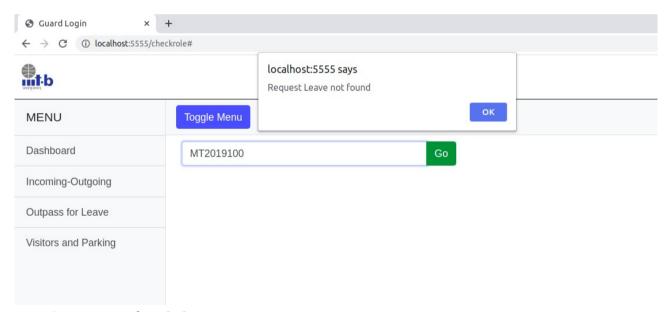


Fig 38: Leave not found alert

int-b		OUT	GOING MANAGEMENT POR	TAL	
MENU	Toggle Mer				GUARD ▼
Dashboard	Enter Re	Leave Outpass		×	
Incoming-Outgoing		MT2019026	archit semwal		
Outpass for Leave		Bhaskara	470		
Visitors and Parking		INDIGO-QR45Zn2X	flight		
		Dehradun	Approved By Warden		
		23/05/2020		_	
	В		Departure	Return	

Fig 39: Outstation outpass Page

Your V	Your Ward is leaving for home				
R	rathore.rs.sameer@gmail.com Sat 5/23/2020 1:27 PM To: MT2019026 Archit Semwal Dear Parent, Your ward archit semwal, has left for home. Please be informed.				
R	Thank you for letting us know. Thanks for the heads up. Thank you for informing me. Thank you for informing me.				

Fig 40: Guardian's Notification

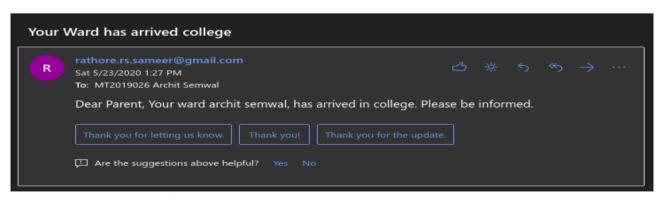


Fig 41: Guardian's Notification

Dashboard	Visitor Exit
Incoming-Outgoing	Enter ID like visitor_xx Exit
Outpass for Leave	
Visitors and Parking	Visitor Details Kindly fill the visitor form Name: Mohito Bansal Email Id.: Mohit.Bansal@iiitb.org
	Meeting with Prof. G. N. Prasanna
	Vehicle Entry :
	Enter

Fig 42: Visitor entry without vehicle

Outpass for Leave	
Visitors and Parking	Visitor Details
	Kindly fill the visitor form
	Name :
	Mohito Bansal
	Email Id. :
	Mohit.Bansal@iiitb.org
	Meeting with Prof. G. N. Prasanna
	Vehicle Entry : ☑
	Vehicle Number :
	DEL08A5534
	Parking Slot :
	1
	Enter

Fig 43: Visitor entry with vehicle

```
From: rathore.rs.sameer@gmail.com <rathore.rs.sameer@gmail.com>
Sent: Saturday, May 23, 2020 1:36:20 PM
To: MT2019065 Mohit Bansal < Mohit.Bansal@iiitb.org>
Subject: Your visiting entry details
hello Mohito Bansal,
Your visiting id :visitor_1
Your parking no :1
```

Fig 44: Allot unique id and parking slot to Visitor

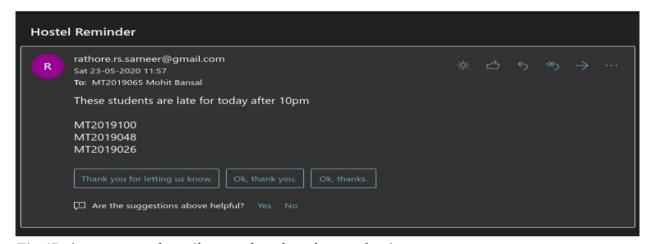


Fig 45: Autogenerated email to warden about late student's

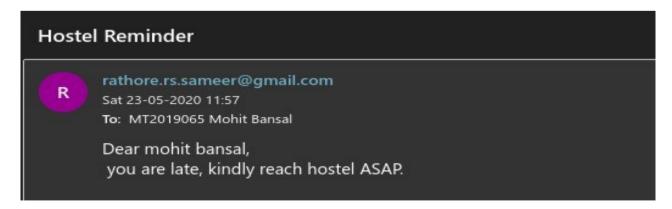


Fig 46: Student's late reminder email

8.Future Work

- **1.** Warden can find list of students on leave for a specific date. warden when login can see students on leave on that day he logged in.
- **2.** Student can see past records of his leave.
- **3.** Student can share his locational co-ordinates when he is late on the web-portal.
- **4.** We can append student id card scanner with the portal.

9.Conclusion

Deployment time: Avg 7.2 min.

We were successfully able to achieve the required results, and were able to integrate all the tools. However one issue is the time taken to deploy the app. The npm command to fetch the dependencies takes a lot of time due to the high number of dependencies being used.

Overall, it was great experience to learn and implement the DevOps tools as it will give us a headstart in the corporate world where these tools are used on a daily basis. DevOps tools are making the task quite easier manual interaction is getting reduced. Once all the things are set up, these tools will run automatically and building, integration, deployment, monitoring, testing will take place in a continuous manner.

10.Refrences

- [1] https://github.com/Alakazam03
- [2] https://dev.to/deleteman123/logging-at-scale-done-right-3m0e
- [3] https://semaphoreci.com/community/tutorials/getting-started-with-node-js-and-mocha
- [4]https://medium.com/@sece.cosmin/docker-logs-with-elastic-stack-elk-filebeat-50e2b20a27c6