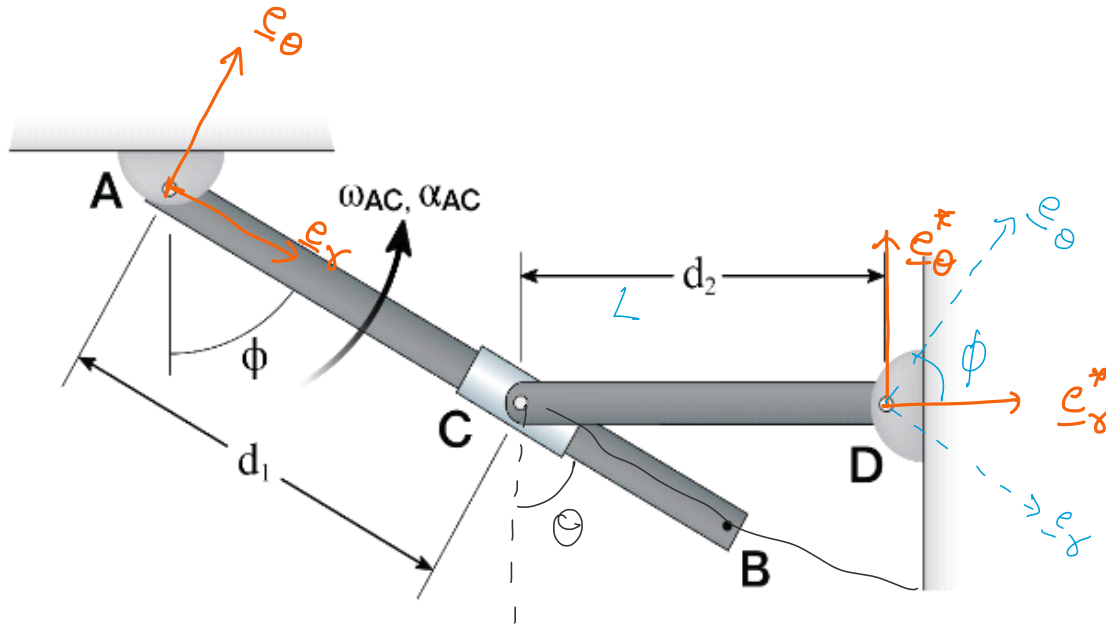


October 4th, 7th, 2024

Q. A collar which is pinned to rod CD slides along rod AB . At the instant shown, when $\phi = 60^\circ$, the angular velocity of rod AB is 2 rads/s in the direction shown. Find the rate at which C travels along rod AB , and the angular velocity of rod CD . Assume $d_1 = 0.3$ m and $d_2 = 0.2$ m.



$$\begin{aligned} \underline{r}_C &= d_1 \underline{e}_r \Rightarrow \dot{\underline{r}}_C = \dot{d}_1 \underline{e}_r + d_1 \dot{\underline{e}}_r \\ &= \dot{d}_1 \underline{e}_r + d_1 \dot{\theta} \underline{e}_\theta \\ &= \dot{d}_1 \underline{e}_r + d_1 \omega_{AC} \underline{e}_\theta \quad \text{--- (1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\underline{e}}_r &= \dot{\theta} \underline{e}_\theta \\ \dot{\underline{e}}_\theta &= -\dot{\theta} \underline{e}_r \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{r}_C = -d_2 \underline{e}_r^*$$

$$\underline{e}_\theta^* = -\cos\phi \underline{e}_r + \sin\phi \underline{e}_\theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\underline{r}}_C &= -d_2 \dot{\underline{e}}_r^* = d_2 \omega_{CD} \underline{e}_\theta^* \quad (\text{Assuming } \omega_{CD} \rightarrow \text{CCW}) \\ &= d_2 \omega_{CD} (-\cos\phi \underline{e}_r + \sin\phi \underline{e}_\theta) \quad \text{--- (2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{(1) = (2)} :$$

$$\underline{e_x}: \quad \dot{d}_1 = -d_2 \omega_{CD} \cos \phi$$

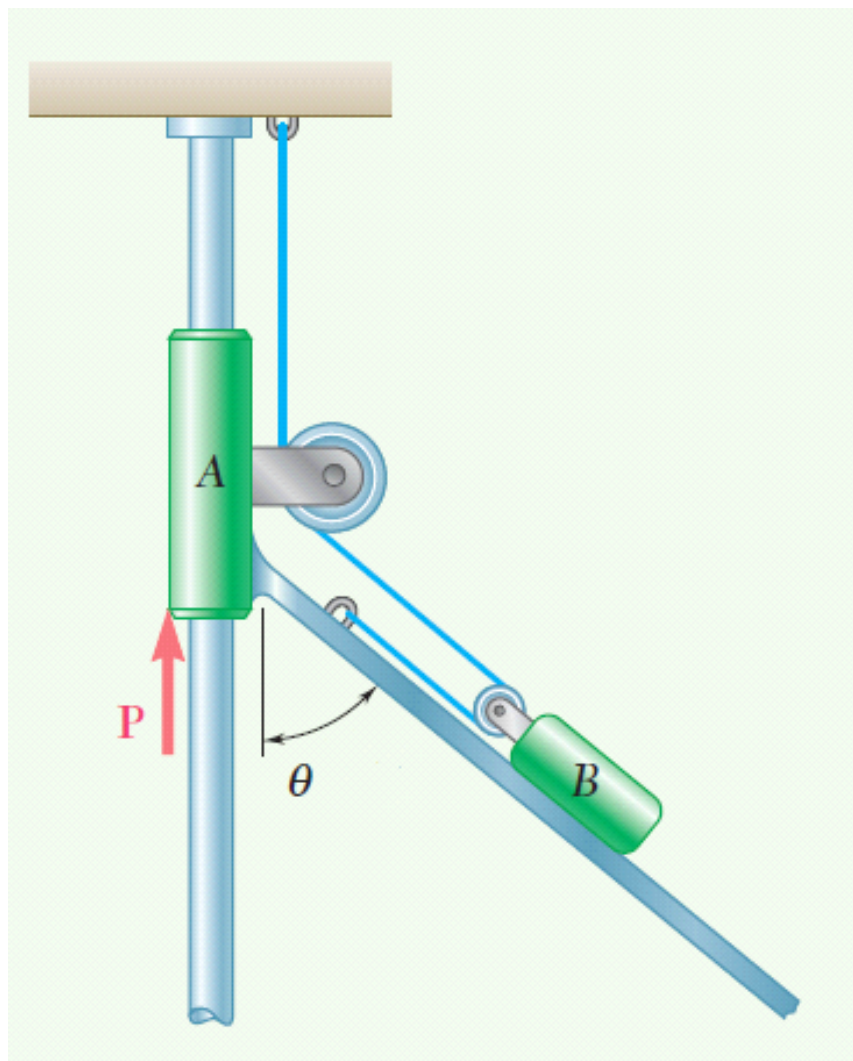
$$\underline{e_\theta}: \quad d_1 \omega_{AC} = d_2 \omega_{CD} \sin \phi$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \omega_{CD} = \frac{d_1 \omega_{AC}}{d_2 \sin \phi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \quad \dot{d}_1 &= -d_2 \omega_{CD} \cos \phi = \frac{-d_2 d_1 \omega_{AC} \cos \phi}{d_2 \sin \phi} \\ &= - \frac{\omega_{AC} \cos \phi}{\sin \phi} \end{aligned}$$

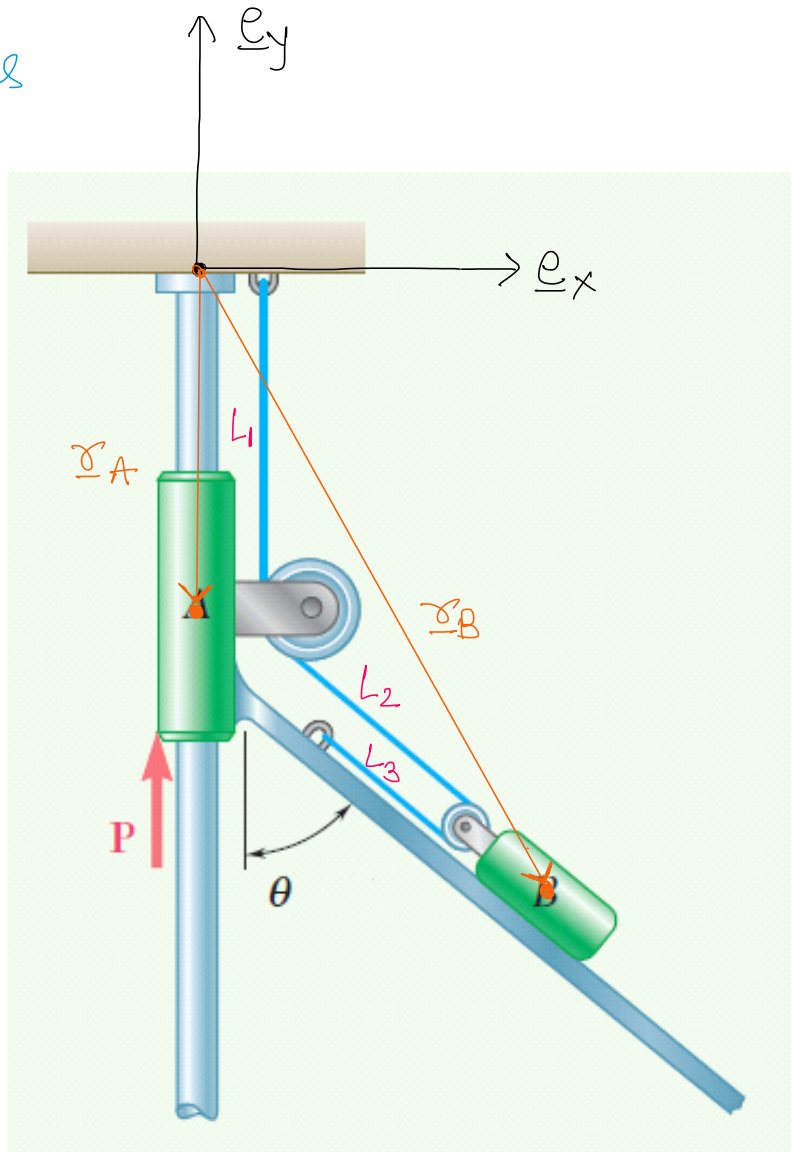
Question:

Collar A has a ramp that is welded to it and a force P applied as shown. Collar A and the ramp weigh W_A , and block B weighs W_B . Neglecting friction, determine the tension in the cable.



Solution

- Kinematics



$$\underline{r}_A = -L_1 \underline{e}_y$$

$$\begin{aligned}\underline{r}_B &= -L_1 \underline{e}_y + L_2 \sin \theta \underline{e}_x - L_2 \cos \theta \underline{e}_y \\ &= L_2 \sin \theta \underline{e}_x - (L_1 + L_2 \cos \theta) \underline{e}_y\end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{v}_A = -\dot{L}_1 \underline{e}_y$$

$$\underline{v}_B = \dot{L}_2 \sin \theta \underline{e}_x - (\dot{L}_1 + \dot{L}_2 \cos \theta) \underline{e}_y$$

$$\underline{a}_A = -\ddot{L}_1 \underline{e}_y$$

$$\underline{a}_B = \ddot{L}_2 \sin\theta \underline{e}_x - (\ddot{L}_1 + \dot{L}_2^2 \cos\theta) \underline{e}_y$$

constraint Relation:

$$(i) \quad L_1 + L_2 + L_3 = \text{constant}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{L}_1 + \dot{L}_2 + \dot{L}_3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{L}_1 + \ddot{L}_2 + \ddot{L}_3 = 0$$

$$(ii) \quad \dot{L}_2 = \dot{L}_3 \Rightarrow \ddot{L}_2 = \ddot{L}_3$$

Using (i) & (ii):

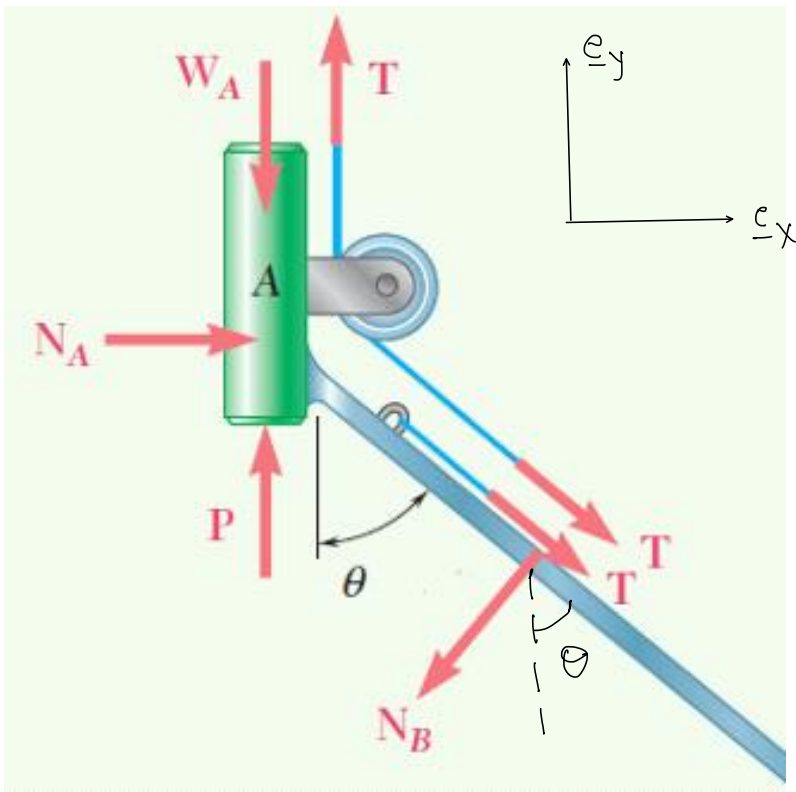
$$\ddot{L}_1 = -2\ddot{L}_2$$

$$\underline{a}_B = -\frac{1}{2} \ddot{L}_1 \sin\theta \underline{e}_x - \left(\ddot{L}_1 - \frac{1}{2} \dot{L}_1^2 \cos\theta \right) \underline{e}_y$$

$$\underline{a}_A = -\ddot{L}_1 \underline{e}_y$$

• FBD and $\Sigma \underline{F} = m \underline{a}$

Collar A:



$$\Sigma \underline{F} = m \underline{a}$$

$$N_A e_x + 2T \sin \theta e_x - N_B \cos \theta e_x - 2T \cos \theta e_y = m_A (-\ddot{L} e_y) \\ - N_B \sin \theta e_y - W_A e_y + T e_y + P e_y$$

↪

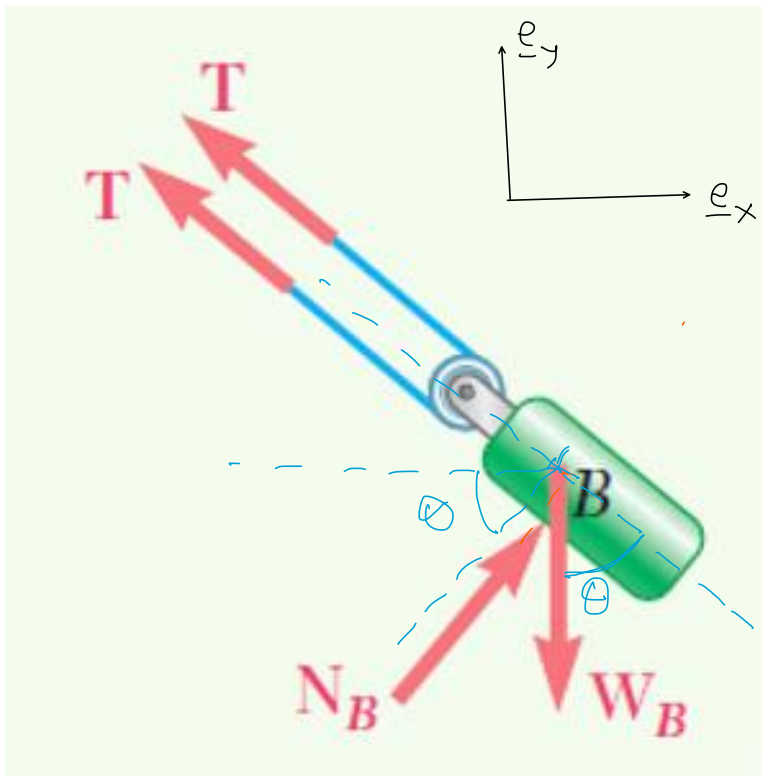
(1,2)

↪ Two equations

→ e_x

→ e_y

Block B :



$$\sum \underline{F}_B = m \underline{a}_B$$

$$2T \cos \theta \underline{e}_y - 2T \sin \theta \underline{e}_x - W_B \underline{e}_y + N_B \cos \theta \underline{e}_x + N_B \sin \theta \underline{e}_y$$

$$= m \left[-\frac{1}{2} \ddot{L} \sin \theta \underline{e}_x - \left(\ddot{L} - \frac{1}{2} \ddot{L} \cos \theta \right) \underline{e}_y \right]$$

→ (3,4) Two eq^s.
→ \underline{e}_x
→ \underline{e}_y

Unknowns : T, N_A, N_B, \ddot{L} } solve for T.
Equations : Four