Class 09 Mini Project

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1. Importing Candy Data

```
candy_file <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fivethirtyeight/data/master/candy-power-rank
candy = read.csv(candy_file, row.names=1)
head(candy)</pre>
```

	choco	nlate	fruity	caramel	neanut	valmondv	ກດນແລະ	crispedr	icewafer
100 01	CHOCK	1	114109	daramer	pcanao	yaımonay		cribpear	10000101
100 Grand		1	U	1		U	0		1
3 Musketeers		1	0	0		0	1		0
One dime		0	0	0		0	0		0
One quarter		0	0	0		0	0		0
Air Heads		0	1	0		0	0		0
Almond Joy		1	0	0		1	0		0
	${\tt hard}$	bar	pluribus	sugarpe	ercent	priceper	cent wi	npercent	
100 Grand	0	1	C)	0.732	0	.860	66.97173	
3 Musketeers	0	1	C)	0.604	0	.511	67.60294	
One dime	0	0	C)	0.011	0	.116	32.26109	
One quarter	0	0	C)	0.011	0	.511	46.11650	
Air Heads	0	0	C)	0.906	0	.511	52.34146	
Almond Joy	0	1	C)	0.465	0	.767	50.34755	

Q1. How many different candy types are in this dataset? There are 85 candy types.

```
nrow(candy)
```

[1] 85

Q2. How many fruity candy types are in the dataset? There are 38 fruity candy types in the dataset.

```
sum(candy$fruity == 1)
```

[1] 38

2. What is your favorate candy?

```
candy["Twix", ]$winpercent
```

[1] 81.64291

Q3. What is your favorite candy in the dataset and what is it's winpercent value? Sour Patch Kids, 59.864 %.

```
candy["Sour Patch Kids", ]$winpercent
```

[1] 59.864

Q4. What is the winpercent value for "Kit Kat"? 76.7686 %

```
candy["Kit Kat", ]$winpercent
```

[1] 76.7686

Q5. What is the winpercent value for "Tootsie Roll Snack Bars"? 49.6535~%

```
candy["Tootsie Roll Snack Bars", ]$winpercent
```

[1] 49.6535

```
library("skimr")
skim(candy)
```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	candy
Number of rows	85
Number of columns	12
Column type frequency:	
numeric	12
	_
Group variables	None

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable n_	_missingcom	plete_ra	ntmenean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
chocolate	0	1	0.44	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	
fruity	0	1	0.45	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	
caramel	0	1	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
peanutyalmondy	0	1	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
nougat	0	1	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
crispedricewafer	0	1	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
hard	0	1	0.18	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
bar	0	1	0.25	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
pluribus	0	1	0.52	0.50	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
sugarpercent	0	1	0.48	0.28	0.01	0.22	0.47	0.73	0.99	
pricepercent	0	1	0.47	0.29	0.01	0.26	0.47	0.65	0.98	
winpercent	0	1	50.32	14.71	22.45	39.14	47.83	59.86	84.18	

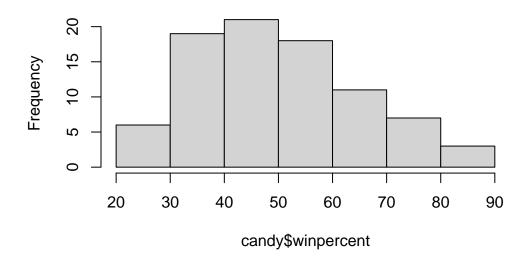
Q6. Is there any variable/column that looks to be on a different scale to the majority of the other columns in the dataset? Most of the variables are binary, but column like winpercent is not binary.

Q7. What do you think a zero and one represent for the candy\$\text{chocolate column}\$? 1 means that candy contains chocholate, and 0 means that the candy does not contain chocholate.

Q8. Plot a histogram of winpercent values

hist(candy\$winpercent)

Histogram of candy\$winpercent



Q9. Is the distribution of winpercent values symmetrical? The distribution is slightly skewed to the left. Q10. Is the center of the distribution above or below 50%?

median(candy\$winpercent)

[1] 47.82975

Since the histogram is left skewed, the center of the distribution is below 50%.

Q11. On average is chocolate candy higher or lower ranked than fruit candy? Chocolate candy is higher ranked than fruit candy.

```
mean(candy$winpercent[candy$chocolate == 1]) > mean(candy$winpercent[candy$fruity == 1])
```

- [1] TRUE
 - Q12. Is this difference statistically significant?

Welch Two Sample t-test

```
data: candy$winpercent[candy$chocolate == 1] and candy$winpercent[candy$fruity == 1]
t = 6.2582, df = 68.882, p-value = 2.871e-08
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
11.44563 22.15795
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
60.92153 44.11974
```

3. Overall Candy Rankings

Q13. What are the five least liked candy types in this set?

head(candy[order(candy\$winpercent),], n=5)

		ahaaala+a	fi+		~ ~ T	n	d	~ ~ · · · · · · ·	
		chocolate	Truity	Carai	пет	peanutyan	попау	nougat	
Nik L Nip		0	1		0		0	0	
Boston Baked	Beans	0	0		0		1	0	
Chiclets		0	1		0		0	0	
Super Bubble		0	1		0		0	0	
Jawbusters		0	1		0		0	0	
		crispedrio	cewafer	${\tt hard}$	bar	pluribus	suga	rpercent	pricepercent
Nik L Nip			0	0	0	1		0.197	0.976
Boston Baked	Beans		0	0	0	1		0.313	0.511
Chiclets			0	0	0	1		0.046	0.325
Super Bubble			0	0	0	0		0.162	0.116
Jawbusters			0	1	0	1		0.093	0.511
		winpercent	5						
Nik L Nip		22.44534	1						
Boston Baked	Beans	23.41782	2						
Chiclets		24.52499	9						
Super Bubble		27.30386	3						
Jawbusters		28.12744	1						

Q14. What are the top 5 all time favorite candy types out of this set?

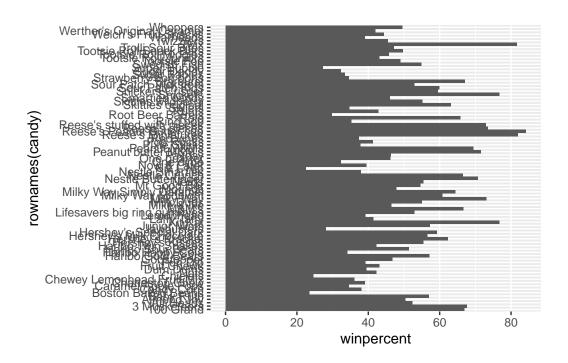
```
head(candy[order(candy$winpercent, decreasing = TRUE), ], n=5)
```

```
chocolate fruity caramel peanutyalmondy nougat
Reese's Peanut Butter cup
                                    1
                                           0
Reese's Miniatures
                                    1
                                           0
                                                    0
                                                                    1
                                                                           0
Twix
                                    1
                                           0
                                                    1
                                                                    0
                                                                           0
Kit Kat
                                    1
                                           0
                                                    0
                                                                    0
                                                                           0
Snickers
                                           0
                                                    1
                                                                           1
                           crispedricewafer hard bar pluribus sugarpercent
Reese's Peanut Butter cup
                                                     0
                                                                        0.720
Reese's Miniatures
                                           0
                                                0
                                                     0
                                                              0
                                                                        0.034
Twix
                                           1
                                                0
                                                     1
                                                              0
                                                                        0.546
Kit Kat
                                           1
                                                 0
                                                     1
                                                              0
                                                                        0.313
Snickers
                                           0
                                                 0
                                                     1
                                                              0
                                                                        0.546
                           pricepercent winpercent
Reese's Peanut Butter cup
                                   0.651
                                           84.18029
Reese's Miniatures
                                   0.279
                                           81.86626
Twix
                                   0.906
                                           81.64291
Kit Kat
                                   0.511
                                           76.76860
Snickers
                                   0.651
                                           76.67378
```

Q15. Make a first barplot of candy ranking based on winpercent values.

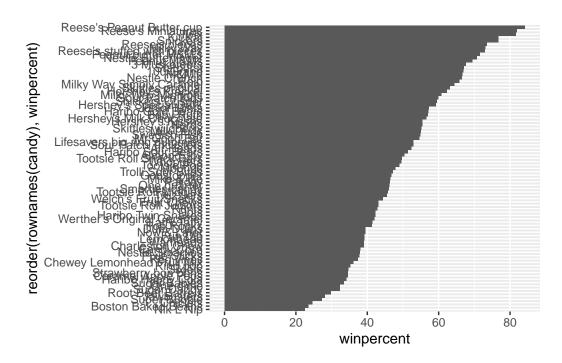
```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(candy) +
  aes(winpercent, rownames(candy)) +
  geom_col()
```



Q16. This is quite ugly, use the reorder() function to get the bars sorted by winpercent?

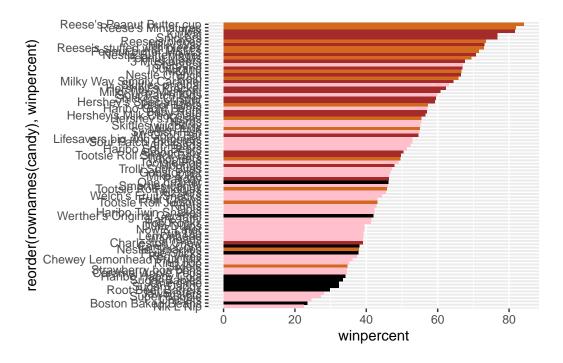
```
ggplot(candy) +
  aes(winpercent, reorder(rownames(candy), winpercent)) +
  geom_col()
```



Add some useful color:

```
my_cols=rep("black", nrow(candy))
my_cols[as.logical(candy$chocolate)] = "chocolate"
my_cols[as.logical(candy$bar)] = "brown"
my_cols[as.logical(candy$fruity)] = "pink"

ggplot(candy) +
   aes(winpercent, reorder(rownames(candy),winpercent)) +
   geom_col(fill=my_cols)
```



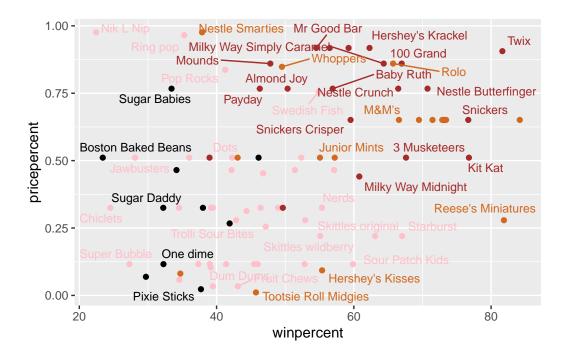
- Q17. What is the worst ranked chocolate candy? Nik L Nip
- Q18. What is the best ranked fruity candy? Reeses Peanut Butter cup

4. Taking a look at pricepercent

```
library(ggrepel)

# How about a plot of price vs win
ggplot(candy) +
   aes(winpercent, pricepercent, label=rownames(candy)) +
   geom_point(col=my_cols) +
   geom_text_repel(col=my_cols, size=3.3, max.overlaps = 10)
```

Warning: ggrepel: 40 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider increasing max.overlaps



Q19. Which candy type is the highest ranked in terms of winpercent for the least money - i.e. offers the most bang for your buck?

```
candy[order(candy$winpercent,decreasing = TRUE, candy$pricepercent), ][1, ]
```

Q20. What are the top 5 most expensive candy types in the dataset and of these which is the least popular?

```
# Top 5 most expensive candies:

ord <- order(candy$pricepercent, decreasing = TRUE)
top_5 <- head(candy[ord,c(11,12)], n=5)

top_5[order(top_5$winpercent), ][1,]</pre>
```

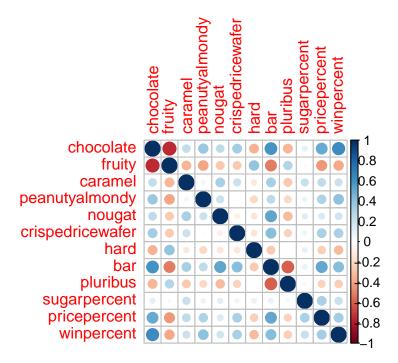
```
pricepercent winpercent Nik L Nip 0.976 22.44534
```

5. Exploring the correlation structure

```
library(corrplot)
```

corrplot 0.95 loaded

```
cij <- cor(candy)
corrplot(cij)</pre>
```



Q22. Examining this plot what two variables are anti-correlated (i.e. have minus values)? Fruity and chocolate, since they have a negative correlation value.

Q23. Similarly, what two variables are most positively correlated? Chocolate and bar are most positively correlated.

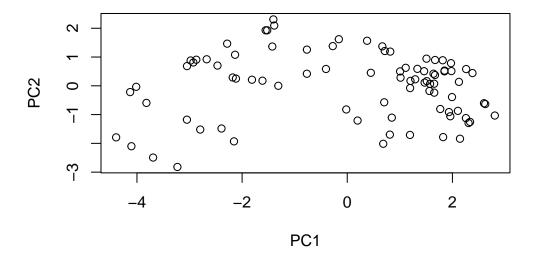
6. Principal Compoenent Analysis

```
pca <- prcomp(candy, scale = TRUE)
summary(pca)</pre>
```

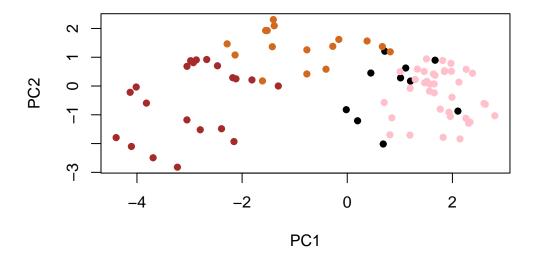
Importance of components:

```
PC1
                                 PC2
                                        PC3
                                                PC4
                                                       PC5
                                                               PC6
                                                                       PC7
Standard deviation
                       2.0788 1.1378 1.1092 1.07533 0.9518 0.81923 0.81530
Proportion of Variance 0.3601 0.1079 0.1025 0.09636 0.0755 0.05593 0.05539
Cumulative Proportion 0.3601 0.4680 0.5705 0.66688 0.7424 0.79830 0.85369
                           PC8
                                   PC9
                                          PC10
                                                  PC11
                                                          PC12
Standard deviation
                       0.74530 0.67824 0.62349 0.43974 0.39760
Proportion of Variance 0.04629 0.03833 0.03239 0.01611 0.01317
Cumulative Proportion 0.89998 0.93832 0.97071 0.98683 1.00000
```

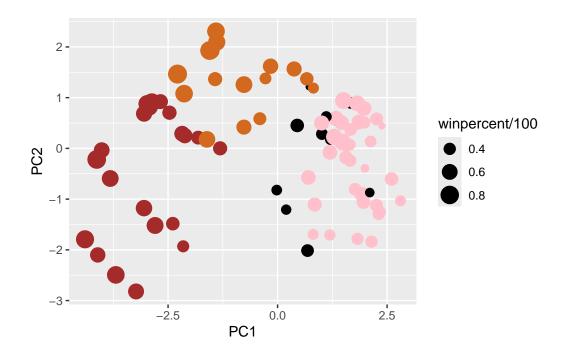
plot(pca\$x[,1:2])



plot(pca\$x[,1:2], col=my_cols, pch=16)

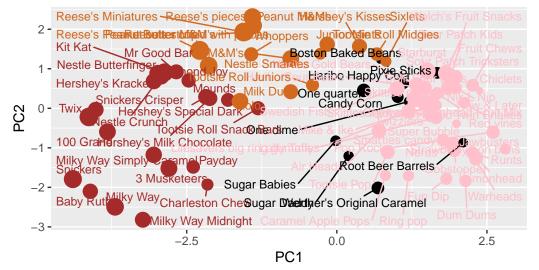


Make a new data-frame with our PCA results and candy data
my_data <- cbind(candy, pca\$x[,1:3])</pre>



Halloween Candy PCA Space

Colored by type: chocolate bar (dark brown), chocolate other (light brown),



Data from 538

library(plotly)

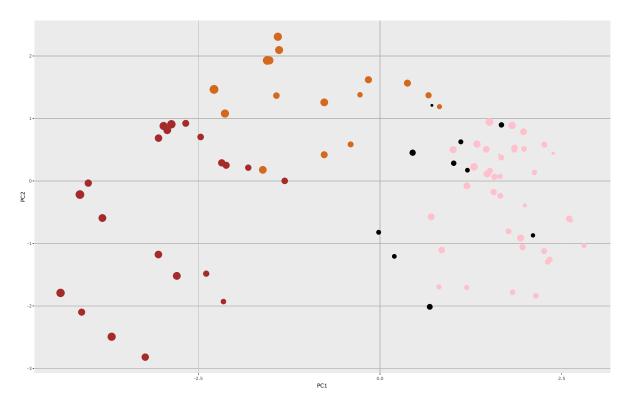
```
Attaching package: 'plotly'

The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
    last_plot

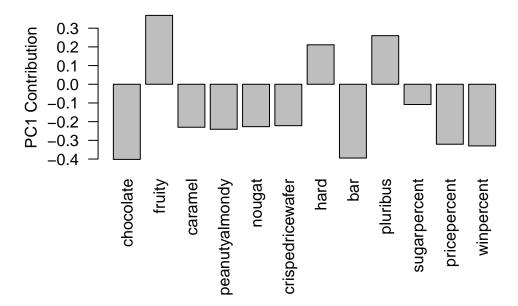
The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
    filter

The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':
    layout

ggplotly(p)
```



```
par(mar=c(8,4,2,2))
barplot(pca$rotation[,1], las=2, ylab="PC1 Contribution")
```



Q24. What original variables are picked up strongly by PC1 in the positive direction? Do these make sense to you? Fruity candies are picked up strongly by PC1 in the positive direction. This data makes sense to me and it is also consistent with the previous data plot, where chocolate and bar have positive correlation and fruity and chocolate have negative correlation.