# REPORT



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# 문제 1.

## main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "functions.h"
int main(void)
double n;
Listheader mlist;
init(&mlist);
insertnode(&mlist, 6.7, 7);
insertnode(&mlist, 3.2, 3);
insertnode(&mlist, -1, 2);
insertnode(&mlist, 1, 1);
insertnode(&mlist, -4, 0);
for (n = 0.1; n < 1.1;)
printf("n의값 %.1f", n);
printf("계산값 %.3f\n\n", cacl(&mlist, n));
n += 0.1;
return 0;
```

#### functions.h

```
doble cax̄](Listheader *plist, double n);
void init(Listheader *plist);
void insertnode(Listheader *plist, double cf, int ind);
void polyprint(Listheader *plist);
```

```
typedef struct ListNode
{
  double cf:
  int ind;
  struct ListNode* link;
}ListNode
```

```
typedef struct Listheader
int length;
ListNode* head;
ListNode* tail;
}Listheader
void init(Listheader* plist)
plist->length = 0;
plist->head = plist->tail = NULL
}
void insertnode(Listheader* plist, double cf, int ind)
ListNode* node = (ListNode*)malloc(sizeof(ListNode));
node->cf = cf
node->ind = ind
node->link = NULL
if (plist == NULL) return
if (plist->head == NULL)
plist->head = node;
plist->tail = node;
}
else
plist->tail->link = node;
plist->tail = node;
plist->length++;
void polyprint(Listheader* plist)
ListNode* p = plist->head;
printf("F(x) = ");
for (; p = NULL p = p->link) {
printf(" %0.2fX^%d + ", p->cf, p->ind);
printf("\n\n");
```

```
double cacl(Listheader* plist, double n)
{
   ListNode* p = plist->head:
   double sum = 0;
   for (; p != NULL p = p->link)
   {
      sum += (p->cf)*(pow(n, p->ind));
   }
   return sum;
}
```

#### MakeFile

```
all: main

main: main.o functions.o

gcc -o main main -o functions,o

main.o: main.c functions.h

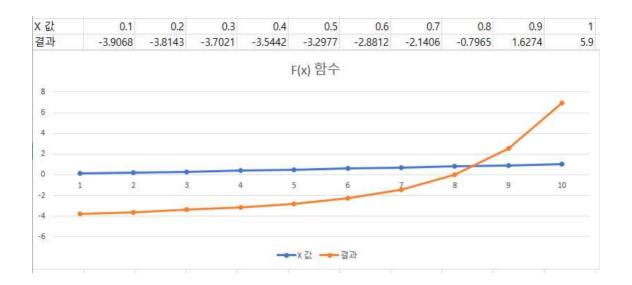
gcc -c main.c

functions.o: functions.c functions..h

gcc -c functions.c
```

# 문제 1. 결과창

## 문제 1. 그래프



#### main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "functions.h"
int main(void)
queue q;
init(&q);
int t = 0;
int select = 0;
printf(" 1 = 삽입 2 = 삭제 3 = 현재큐출력 = 프로그램종료");
while (1)
printf(" 수행할작업을선택");
scanf_s("%d", &select);
if (select == 1)
printf("수입력 ");
scanf_s("%d", &t);
enqueue(&q, t);
else if (select == 2)
printf("Deleted Data : ");
printf("%d \n", dequeue(&q));
else if (select == 3)
qprint(&q);
else if (select == 4)
break
}
printf("\n");
return 0;
```

```
#include "functions.h"
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
#define QL 20
typedef int data
typedef struct cqueue
int front;
int rear;
data quearr[QL];
}cqueue
typedef cqueue queue
void init(queue* pq)
pq \rightarrow front = 0;
pq \rightarrow rear = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < QL i++)
pq \rightarrow quearr[i] = -1;
}
int empty(queue* pq)
if (pq->rear == pq->front)
return TRUE
else
return FALSE
int next(int n)
if (n == QL - 1)
return 0;
else
return n + 1;
void enqueue(queue* pq, data data)
```

```
if (next(pq->rear) == pq->front)
printf("꽉차있다");
exit(-1);
pq->rear = next(pq->rear);
pq->quearr[pq->rear] = data
}
data dequeue(queue* pq)
if (empty(pq))
printf("비어있네\n");
exit(-1);
}
pg->front = next(pg->front);
return pq->quearr[pq->front];
data qpeek(queue* pq)
if (empty(pq))
printf("비어있네\n");
exit(-1);
return pq->quearr[(next(pq->front))];
}
void qprint(queue* pq)
printf("사용된적이없는값은1 입니다 \n");
for (int i = 0; i < QL i++)
printf("%d ", pq->quearr[i]);
printf("\n");
```

#### functions.h

```
void qprint(queue *pq);
Data qpeek(queue * pq);
Data dequeue(queue * pq);
void enqueue(queue * pq, data data);
int next(int n);
int empty(queue * pq);
void init(queue *pq);
```

#### Makefile

```
all: main

main: main.o functions.o

gcc -o main main -o functions,o

main.o: main.c functions.h

gcc -c main.c

functions.o: functions.c functions..h

gcc -c functions.c
```

# 문제 2. 결과

# 문제 3.

## main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
int main(void)
matrix_header M;
init(&M);
int **Matrix=NULL
int i, j;
int count=0;
int Mrow, Mcol;
srand((unsigned)time(NULL));
printf("크기");
scanf_s("%d %d", &Mrow, &Mcol);
Matrix = (int **)malloc(sizeof(int*)*Mrow);
for (i = 0; i < Mrow; i++)
Matrix[i] = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*Mcol);
for (i = 0; i < Mrow; i++)
for (j = 0; j < Mcol; j++)
if (count < (3 * i*j) / 10)</pre>
Matrix[i][j] = rand() % 101;
count++;
else
Matrix[i][j] = 0;
printf("\nMatrix\n\n");
for (i = 0; i < Mrow; i++)</pre>
printf("——);
```

```
for (j = 0; j < Mcol; j++)
printf("%2d", Matrix[i][j]);
printf("——);
printf("\n");
for (i = 0; i < Mrow; i++)
for (j = 0; j < Mcol; j++)
if (Matrix[i][j] != 0)
insertmatrix(&M, i, j, Matrix[i][j]);
printf("\n희소행렬로바꾼결과");
printf("||rowcolvalue||\n");
printf("||%d%d%d", Mrow, Mcol, count);
print_matrix(&M);
printf("sum =%d", cacl(&M));
for (i = 0; i < Mrow; i++)
free(Matrix[i]);
free(Matrix);
return 0;
```

```
#include "functions.h"

typedef struct matrix_node
{
  int row:
  int col;
  int value;
  struct matrix_node* link;
}matrix_node

typedef struct matrix_header
{
  matrix_node* head;
}
```

```
matrix_node* tail;
}matrix_header
void init(matrix_header* m)
m->head = m->tail = NULL
void insertmatrix(matrix_header* m, int row, int col, int value)
matrix_node* node = (matrix_node*)malloc(sizeof(matrix_node));
node->row = row
node->col = col
node->value = value
node->link = NULL
if (m == NULL)
return
if (m->head == m->tail)
m->head = node;
m->tail = node;
else
m->tail->link = node;
m->tail = node;
}
void print_matrix(matrix_header* m)
matrix_node *m1=m->head;
for (; m1 != NULL m1 = m1->link)
printf("|| %d
               %d %d||\n", m1->row, m1->col, m1->value);
printf("\n\n");
int cacl(matrix_header* m)
int sum = 0;
matrix_node* m1 = m->head;
```

```
for (; m1 != NULL m1 = m1->link)
{
    sum = sum + (m1->value);
}
    return sum;
}

    return sum;
}
```

## functions.h

```
void init(matrix_header *m);
void insertmatrix(matrix_header *m, int row, int col, int value);
void print_matrix(matrix_header *m);
int sum(matrix *m);
```

#### Makefile

```
all: main

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main.o: main.c functions.h

gcc -c main.c

functions.o: functions.c functions..h

gcc -c functions.c
```

# 문제 3. 결과

sum of value = 971

계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . . .

## 문제 4.

## main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "functions.h"
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
        char exp1[] = "a+b+c+d+e+f";
        char \exp 2[] = a*b+c/d+e-f+g;
        char exp3[] = "a/b+(c*d)-e";
        char exp4[] = "a-(b+c)*d*e";
        char exp5[] = a*b*c/d+e+f*g;
        printf("입력한 Infix \n\n");
        puts(exp1);
        puts(exp2);
        puts(exp3);
        puts(exp4);
        puts(exp5);
        printf("\nProfix 출력 \n\n");
        Change(exp1);
        printf("\n");
        Change(exp2);
        printf("\n");
        Change(exp3);
        printf("\n");
        Change(exp4);
        printf("\n");
        Change(exp5);
        printf("\n");
        return 0;
```

```
#include "functions.h"
struct Stack
```

```
int top;
        unsigned Capa;
        int* array;
};
struct Stack* MakeStack(unsigned Capa)
        struct Stack* stack = (struct Stack*) malloc(sizeof(struct Stack));
        if (!stack)
                return NULL;
        stack \rightarrow top = -1;
        stack->Capa = Capa;
        stack->array = (int*)malloc(stack->Capa * sizeof(int));
        if (!stack->array)
                return NULL;
        return stack;
int isEmpty(struct Stack* stack)
        return stack->top == -1;
char peek(struct Stack* stack)
        return stack->array[stack->top];
char pop(struct Stack* stack)
        if (!isEmpty(stack))
                return stack->array[stack->top--];
        return '$';
void push(struct Stack* stack, char op)
        stack->array[++stack->top] = op;
```

```
int isOperand(char ch)
        return (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z') || (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z');
int Prio(char ch)
        switch (ch)
        case '+':
        case '-':
                return 1;
        case '*':
        case '/':
               return 2;
        case '^':
              return 3;
        return -1;
int Change(char* exp)
        int i, k;
        struct Stack* stack = MakeStack(strlen(exp));
        if (!stack)
                return -1;
        for (i = 0, k = -1; exp[i]; ++i)
                if (isOperand(exp[i]))
                         exp[++k] = exp[i];
                else if (exp[i] == '(')
                         push(stack, exp[i]);
                else if (exp[i] == ')')
                {
                         while (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) != '(')
```

```
exp[++k] = pop(stack);
                 if (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) != '(')
                          return -1;
                 else
                          pop(stack);
        }
        else
                 while (!isEmpty(stack) && Prio(exp[i]) <= Prio(peek(stack)))</pre>
                          exp[++k] = pop(stack);
                 push(stack, exp[i]);
        }
}
while (!isEmpty(stack))
        exp[++k] = pop(stack);
exp[++k] = '\0';
printf("%s", exp);
```

#### functions.h

```
struct Stack* MakeStack(unsigned Capa);
int Change(char* exp);
int Prio(char ch);
int isOperand(char ch);
void push(struct Stack* stack, char op);
char pop(struct Stack* stack);
char peek(struct Stack* stack);
int isEmpty(struct Stack* stack);
struct Stack* MakeStack(unsigned Capa);
```

#### Makefile

```
all: main

main: main.o functions.o

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main.o: main.c functions.h

gcc -c main.c

functions.o: functions.c functions..h

gcc -c functions.c
```

# 문제 4. 결과

## C:₩WINDOWS₩system32₩cmd.exe

입력한 Infix

a+b+c+d+e+f a\*b+c/d+e-f+g a/b+(c\*d)-e a-(b+c)\*d\*e a\*b\*c/d+e+f\*g

Profix 출력

ab+c+d+e+f+ ab\*cd/+e+f-g+ ab/cd\*+eabc+d\*e\*ab\*c\*d/e+fg\*+ 계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . . . \_