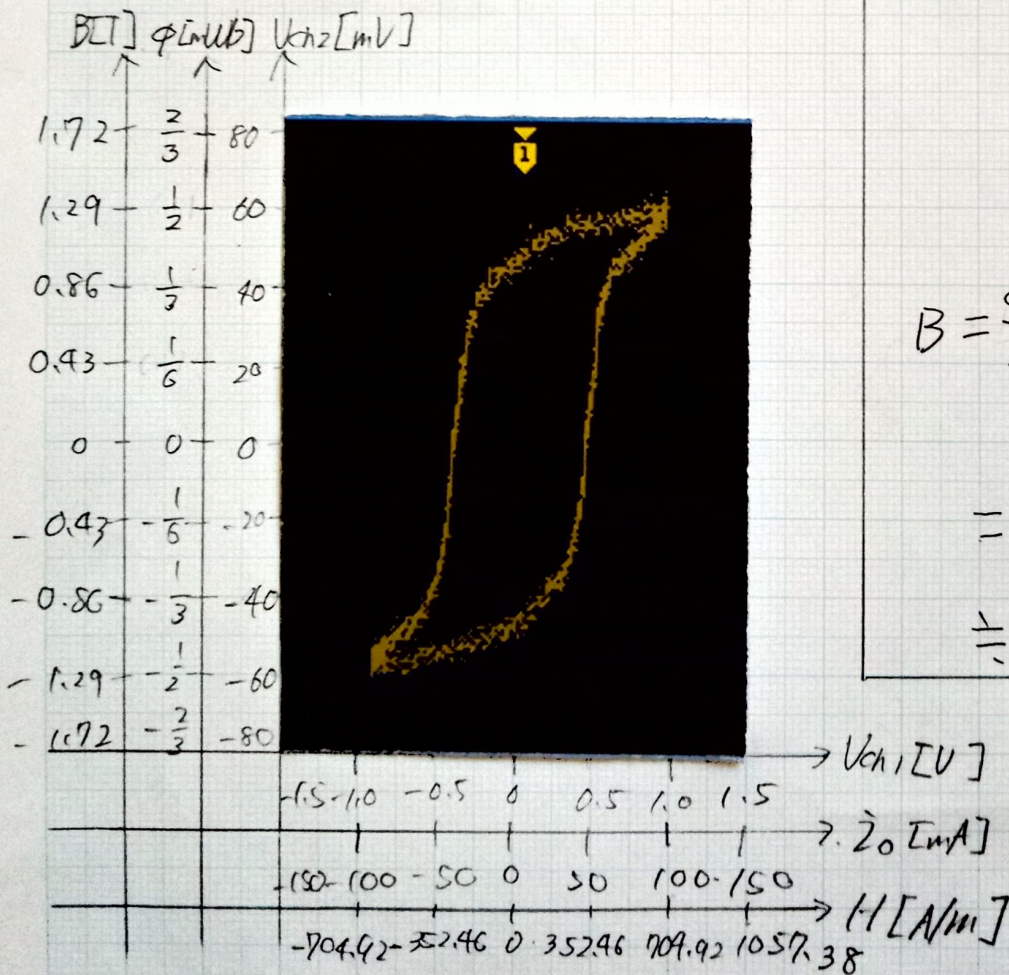


(a) 入力電圧 80[V] 時



(b) 入力電圧 100[V] 時

導出過程

$$V_{ch1} = 0.5 [V/div]$$

$$V_{ch2} = 20 [mA/div]$$

$$Z_0 = \frac{V_{ch1}}{R_h}$$

$$= \frac{0.5 [V/div]}{10 [\Omega]}$$

$$= 50 [mA/div]$$

$$\phi = \frac{N_1 Z_0}{L}$$

$$= \frac{860 [Turn] \cdot 50 [mA/div] \times 10^{-3} [A/mA]}{0.122 [m]}$$

$$\approx 352.459 [A/m]$$

$$\phi = \frac{V_{ch2}}{\frac{N_2}{KC}}$$

$$= \frac{20 [mA/div]}{\frac{120 [Turn]}{2 [M\Omega] \cdot 0.5 [\mu F]}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} [mWb]$$

$$B = \frac{\phi}{A}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{20 [mA/div]}{120 [Turn]} \times 10^{-3} [T/m]}{2 [M\Omega] \cdot 0.5 [\mu F]}$$

$$= \frac{3.84 \times 10^{-4} [m^2]}{3.84 \times 10^{-4} [m^2]}$$

$$\approx 0.43 [T]$$