CS454 A03 System Manual

# **Developers:**

Ji Ho Park (20518866): jh49park@uwaterloo.ca

Myungsun Jung (20511678): m22jung@uwaterloo.ca

# **System Implementation Details**

Marshalling/Unmarshalling of data:

In order for the rpc\_client, binder, and rpc\_server to make any network calls, they have to use sending functions that are defined in the message\_lib.cpp. In these functions, by taking arguments like name, argTypes, args, etc, it initially calculates the size of the message by calling appropriate getMessageSize() function. Based on the result, a character array is defined to copy all the argument data into the array. The message length calculated and the message type is also copied into the character array and then get sent through socket.

Structure of binder database

The local database of the binder is implemented using a vector. The element type in the vector is a custom structure called server\_struct. The structure contains basic server information like hostname and port number. In addition, it has another vector of function skeletons that the server provides. With this implementation, location request from clients and register request from servers can be effectively handled.

Handling of function overloading

In the local database of the server, there is a vector of custom class that basically saves supporting function’s name, argType, and corresponding function skeleton. As a rpcRegister() is called, the system first checks if there is any duplicated (i.e. overloading) instance in the database. If there is, then the system updates a function skeleton of the matching database instance. In the case of overloading, rpcServer does not make a network call to the binder because the binder does not need to know anything about the function skeleton.

Managing round-robin scheduling

When a location request comes in, an iterator loops through the local database in a round-robin queue manner until it finds a server that supports the requested function skeleton. Instead of creating a new queue by copying list of servers from the database, the system uses a single pointer and the pointer iterates through the existing list

Termination Procedure

In order to terminate the system, a client executes rpcTerminate() function. It sends the request to the binder, and the binder will inform the servers by passing the request to the registered list of servers. In each server, the server verify that the termination request comes from the binder’s IP/address for the sake of simplicity. After the authentication, servers terminate and the binder terminates after all servers have terminated.

Error Codes

Unimplemented Features:

Bonus feature has not been implemented. Other than that, all the required functionalities have been implemented.