

$$G(s) = \frac{k(s+a)}{(s+b)(s+r)(s+\varepsilon)} \rightarrow G(s) = \frac{s+a}{(s+b)(s+r)(s+\varepsilon)}$$

ω_0

$$b > 0 \leftarrow s+b > 0$$

← مقادیر منفی نیست ←

$$\Delta(s) = 1 + L(s) = 0 \rightarrow (s+b)(s+r)(s+\varepsilon) + k(s+a) =$$

$$(s^3 + \varepsilon s^2 + r s + b s + 14) + k s^2 + a k \rightarrow s^3 + \varepsilon s^2 + r s + b s + 14 + k s^2 + a k$$

$$(s+b)(s^2 + \lambda s^2 + r s + 14) + k s^2 + a k \rightarrow s^3 + \lambda s^2 + r s + 14 s + b s^2 + \lambda b s^2 + r b s + 14 b + k s^2 + a k$$

$$s^3 \quad 1 \quad r + \lambda b \quad 14b + ak$$

$$s^2 \quad \lambda + b \quad 14 + r b + k$$

$$s^1 \quad A \quad B$$

$$s^0 \quad C \quad D$$

$$s^0 \quad E \quad F$$

$$C = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} A & B \\ \lambda + b & 14 + r b + k \end{vmatrix}}{A}$$

A

$$14b + ak$$

$$0$$

$$0 \neq \lambda + b$$

$$0$$

$$0$$

$$A = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} \lambda + b & 14 + r b + k \\ 1 & r + \lambda b \end{vmatrix}}{\lambda + b}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1 \varepsilon \varepsilon + 4 \varepsilon b + \lambda b^2 - k}{\lambda + b} = \begin{cases} 1 \varepsilon \varepsilon + 4 \varepsilon b + \lambda b^2 \\ -k \end{cases}$$

$$B = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} \lambda + b & 0 \\ 1 & 14b + ak \end{vmatrix}}{\lambda + b}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1 \lambda b + \lambda ak + 14b^2 + abk}{\lambda + b} = \begin{cases} 1 \lambda b + \\ \lambda ak + 14b^2 + abk \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda + b > 0 \rightarrow -\lambda > b \quad A > 0 \rightarrow 1 \varepsilon \varepsilon + 4 \varepsilon b + \lambda b^2 - k > 0 \quad C > 0 \quad E > 0$$

$$G(s) = \frac{k(s+1)}{s^2 + ks + \omega} \rightarrow \frac{k(s+1)}{s(s^2 + ks + \omega)} \rightarrow Z_{1,s} s s - 1 \quad [k > 0]$$

$$\frac{-\varepsilon \pm \sqrt{\varepsilon^2 - 4\omega}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{-\varepsilon \pm \sqrt{\varepsilon^2 - 4\omega}}{2} \rightarrow P_{1,s} = -\varepsilon + j, P_{2,s} = -\varepsilon - j$$

$$P_1 = 0$$

$$n - m = 2 - 1 = 1 \rightarrow [1]$$

نقطه بحرانی $\leftarrow \omega \leftarrow \varepsilon$
 $Z_{1,s} = 1$ در $\varepsilon = 0$

نقطه بحرانی $\leftarrow \omega \leftarrow \varepsilon$

$\leftarrow RL \leftarrow \rightarrow k$

$$\theta_{k,s} = \frac{(k+1)\pi}{n-m} = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{و} \quad \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{-\varepsilon - j - \varepsilon + j}{2} = -\varepsilon \rightarrow s = -\frac{\omega}{\varepsilon}$$

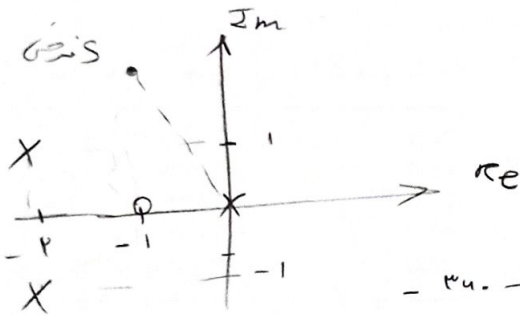
$$\frac{dG(s)}{ds} \rightarrow \frac{s^2 + ks + \omega - (ks^2 + \omega)s}{(s^2 + \varepsilon s + \omega)^2} = 0 \rightarrow [ks^2 + ks^2 + \omega s + \omega s + \varepsilon s + \varepsilon s]$$

$$-ks^2 - ks^2 - ks - \omega = 0 \rightarrow ks^2 + ks^2 + \varepsilon s + \omega s = 0$$

$$s_1 = -1, \text{ و } \sqrt{1}$$

$$s_2 = -1.42 + 1.149j$$

$$s_3 = -1.42 - 1.149j$$



$$[k > 0]$$

$$\theta_{P_1} = 0 - (\theta_{P_1} + (\tan^{-1} \frac{1}{\varepsilon}) + (\tan^{-1} \frac{1}{\varepsilon}))$$

$$= 0 - (\pi + \pi + \theta_{P_1}) = \pi$$

$$- \pi - \theta_{P_1} = 180^\circ \rightarrow \theta_{P_1} = -180^\circ \Rightarrow 180^\circ = \theta_{P_1}$$

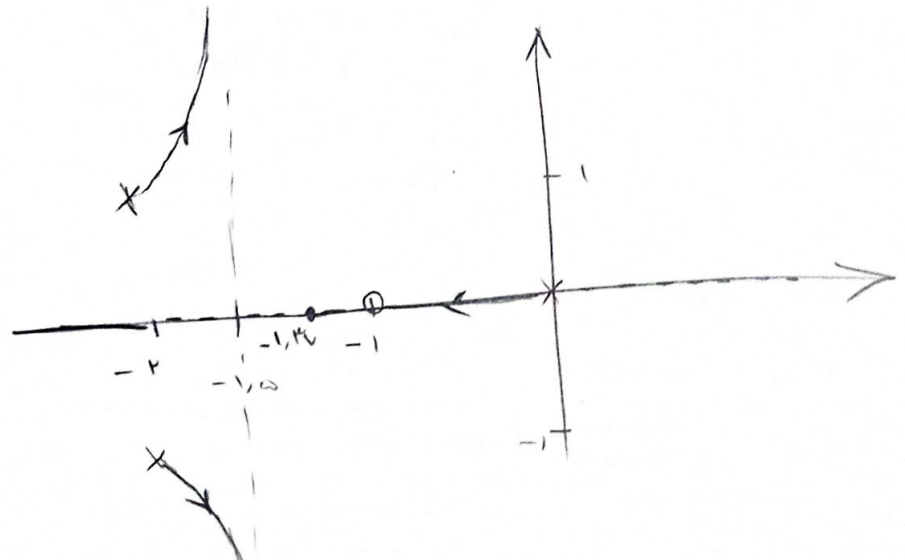
$$\theta_{P_2} = 180^\circ - \tan^{-1}(1) - (180^\circ - \tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{\varepsilon}) + \theta_{P_2} + 90^\circ) \Rightarrow \theta_{P_2} = 180^\circ$$

$$\theta_{P_3} = 180^\circ - \tan^{-1}(1) - (\tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{\varepsilon}) + 90^\circ + \theta_{P_3}) = \pi$$

$$\theta_{P_3} = -180^\circ$$

$$180^\circ - (\pi + \pi + \theta_{P_3}) = 180^\circ \rightarrow -\pi - \pi - \theta_{P_3} = 180^\circ \Rightarrow \theta_{P_3} = -180^\circ$$

$$\theta_{Z_1} = \theta_{Z_1} - (0 + 90^\circ + \tan^{-1}(1) + \tan^{-1}(1)) = 180^\circ \rightarrow \theta_{Z_1} = 0^\circ$$



$\Delta(s) = 1 + \frac{N(s)}{D(s)} = 0 \quad D(s) + N(s) = 0 \quad G(s) = \frac{N(s)}{D(s)} \quad \boxed{k > 0}$

$\rightarrow N(s) = s + 10 \quad D(s) = s(s+2)(s+4)(s^2 + 1s + 1)$

$G(s) = \frac{s + 10}{s(s+2)(s+4)(s^2 + 1s + 1)}$

$Z_1 = -10 \quad P_1 = 0 \quad P_2 = -2 \quad P_3 = -4 \quad P_4 = -1 + j \quad P_5 = -1 - j$

$s^2 + 1s + 1 \rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm j}{2}$

$n - m = 5 - 1 = 4 \quad \theta_1 = 180^\circ \quad \theta_2 = 180^\circ \quad \theta_3 = 180^\circ \quad \theta_4 = -180^\circ$

$\theta_k = (k+1)\pi$

$\sigma = \frac{-2-4-1+j-1-j+10}{5} = -\frac{5}{5}$

$\frac{dG(s)}{ds} = \frac{-1[1s^5 + 1s^4 + 14s^3 + 11s^2 + 4s + 10]}{s^5(s^2 + 1s^2 + 2s^2 + 1s + 4s + 10)} = 0$

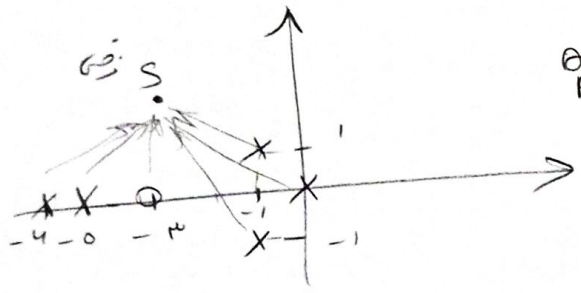
$s_1 = -2.124 \quad s_2 = -1.124 + 1.124j \quad s_3 = -1.124 - 1.124j \quad s_4 = -0.149 + 1.124j$

$s_5 = -0.149 - 1.124j$

$\theta_{z1} = \sum_{i=1}^n \theta_{P_i} = \pi \rightarrow 180^\circ - (180^\circ + 180^\circ + 180^\circ + 180^\circ) = -720^\circ$

$\theta_{P_4} + (180^\circ) = \pi \rightarrow \theta_{P_4} = -180^\circ$
 $\theta_{P_5} = +180^\circ$

$\Delta(s) = s^5 + 1s^4 + 2s^3 + 1s^2 + (4+10)s + 10$



$A = \left[\frac{10 \cdot 4 \cdot 2}{1} - \frac{10 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{1} - \frac{10 \cdot 1 \cdot 1}{1} \right] / \frac{40 \cdot 4}{-0.149}$

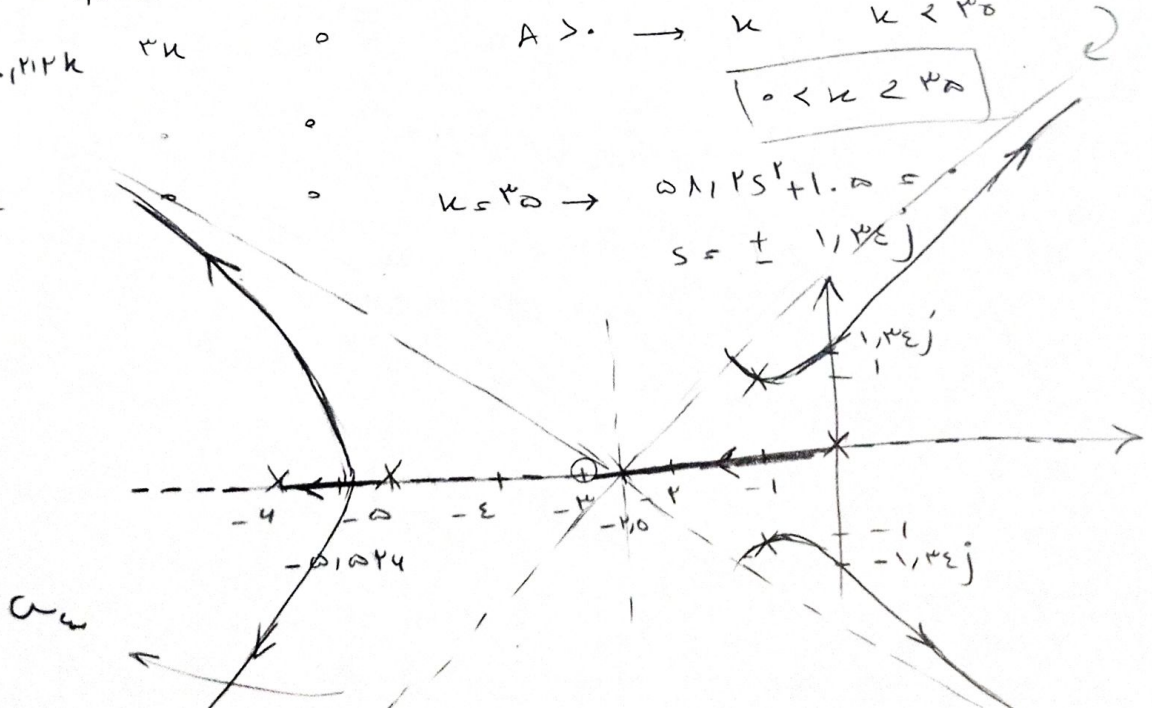
$k > 0 \rightarrow k > 0$
 $40/4 - 0.149k > 0 \rightarrow k < 40.9$

$A > 0 \rightarrow k < 40.9$

$\boxed{0 < k < 40.9}$

$k = 40.9 \rightarrow \omega \approx 1.124 \text{ rad/s}$
 $s = \pm 1.124j$

| | | | |
|-------|---------------|--------|------|
| s^5 | 1 | 20 | 40.9 |
| s^4 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| s^3 | EV/V | 0.149k | 0 |
| s^2 | 40/4 - 0.149k | 10 | 0 |
| s^1 | A | 0 | 0 |
| s^0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |



$$\frac{s(s+2)(s+4)(s^2+2s+2)}{-(s+3)} = k$$

(-)

$$s \rightarrow \infty \rightarrow \left\{ \cancel{\omega_n} \pm \omega_n \sqrt{s-1} \right\} \rightarrow \left\{ \pm \omega_n \right\} \rightarrow \text{نرم صفتی بنابر دانسته}$$

$$\omega_n j = 1, 3\pi \rightarrow \text{پول } j = 1, 3\pi \rightarrow -0.1213j \text{ Hz}$$

$$\omega_n j = -1, 3\pi \rightarrow \text{پول } j = -1, 3\pi \rightarrow +0.1213j \text{ Hz}$$

$$k_1 = \frac{(1, 3\pi) \times (4, 3\pi) \times (1, 3\pi) \times (4, 3\pi \omega 4)}{-(3, 3\pi)} = -12.189$$

$$k_2 = \frac{(-1, 3\pi) \times (3, 44) \times (3, 44) \times (1, 11 \omega 4)}{-(1, 44)} = 10.138$$

$$G(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2(s+2)(s+2)}$$

$$ess = \frac{1}{ku}$$

$$k_u = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s^2 L(s)$$

$$L(s) = k G(s) \rightarrow k_u = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{s^2 (s+1) k}{s^2 (s+2)(s+2)} = \frac{k}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{k} \Rightarrow k=1$$

$$\Delta(s) = 1 + L(s) \rightarrow s^2(s+2)(s+2) + k(s+1) = 0$$

$$s^4 + 4s^3 + 4s^2 + k s + k = 0$$

$$s^4 \quad 1 \quad 4 \quad 4 \quad k$$

$$s^3 \quad 4 \quad k \quad 0$$

$$s^2 \quad 4 - \frac{k}{4} \quad k \quad 0$$

$$s^1 \quad A \quad 0 \quad 0$$

$$s^0 \quad k \quad 0 \quad 0$$

$$\frac{\begin{vmatrix} 1 - \frac{k}{4} & k \\ 4 & k \end{vmatrix}}{1 - \frac{k}{4}} = \frac{1 \cdot k - \frac{k^2}{4} - 4k}{1 - \frac{k}{4}} = A$$

$$\frac{\begin{vmatrix} A & 0 \\ 1 - \frac{k}{4} & k \end{vmatrix}}{A} = \frac{Ak}{A} = k$$

$$\rightarrow k > 0 \quad 1 - \frac{k}{4} > 0 \quad k < 4$$

$$4k - \frac{k^2}{4} > 0 \quad 4k - k^2 > 0$$

$$k(4-k) > 0 \quad 0 < k < 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 < k < 4$$

$$\rightarrow k=1$$

افعال بنده
نایب اراد

$$G(s) = \frac{-1^2}{s(s+1)}$$

$$\{ = 0.8 \quad k_v = 1 \rightarrow k_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s L(s)$$

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$$\lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{k(T_d s + 1)}{T_p s + 1} \times \frac{-1^2}{s(s+1)} \times s \right] = \frac{k \times -1^2}{1} = \frac{-k}{1} = -1 \rightarrow k = 1$$