

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**/29****SNC1D - Current Electricity Formative Quiz**
☐ You have successfully demonstrated your knowledge      ☐ You need further review of this material.

Parent's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

**REFERENCE MATERIAL****Equations**

$V = I \times R$

$P = E \div t$

Efficiency =  $\frac{E_{\text{out}}}{E_{\text{in}}} \times 100\%$

$E_{\text{consumed}} = \text{kW} \times \text{hours}$

$R = V \div I$

$E = P \times t$

Efficiency =  $\frac{E_{\text{useful}}}{E_{\text{total}}} \times 100\%$

Cost =  $E_{\text{consumed}} \times \text{rate}$

$I = V \div R$

$t = E \div P$

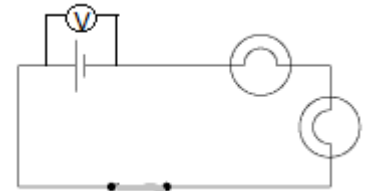
Cost = power x time x rate

**SHORT ANSWERS** – answer the questions as directed.

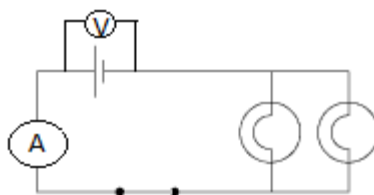
1) Use the diagram to the right to answer the following questions:

(a) Label the following on the diagram: **(1K)**

- ✓ **Energy Source**
- ✓ **Load**

(b) Is this a **parallel** or **series** circuit? **Explain** how you know. **(1C)****Parallel or Series?****I know this because...**(c) If the cell produced **5 V** of energy, what is the **voltage drop** of each bulb? ASSUME THAT THE BULBS ARE IDENTICAL. **Be sure to include units! (1T)****Bulb 1:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Bulb 2:** \_\_\_\_\_(d) What will happen to the **brightness** of the first light bulb when you **add a third (identical) bulb** into the circuit (i.e. will it be brighter, dimmer, the same, or off)? **Explain** your answer. **(2T)**(e) What will happen to the **total current** in the circuit when you **add a third (identical) bulb** into the circuit? **Explain** your answer. **(2T)**

2) Use the diagram to the right to answer the following questions. ASSUME THE BULBS ARE IDENTICAL.



(a) What is the **voltage drop** of each bulb if the battery produces **5 V** of energy? **Be sure to include units! (1T)**

**Bulb 1:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Bulb 2:** \_\_\_\_\_

(b) What is the **current** at each bulb if the total current is **0.5 A**? **Be sure to include units! (1T)**

**Bulb 1:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Bulb 2:** \_\_\_\_\_

(c) What will happen to the **brightness** of the light bulbs when you **add a third (identical) bulb** in **parallel** (i.e. will it be bright, dimmer, the same, or off)? **Explain** your answer. **(2T)**

(d) The total current is **0.5 A**. If you **added a third (identical bulb)** in **parallel**, what would the **current at the third bulb** be? **(1T)**

(e) The voltage from the battery is **5 V**. If you **added a third (identical bulb)** in **parallel**, what would the **voltage at the third bulb** be? **(1T)**

**DIAGRAMS** – draw your answer as directed.

3) Draw a **circuit diagram** of a circuit with the following components: **(6C)**

- ✓ A 3-cell battery (with the + and – terminals labelled).
- ✓ A light bulb and motor in parallel.
- ✓ An open switch ONLY controlling the light bulb.
- ✓ An ammeter only measuring the current of the motor.
- ✓ A voltmeter measuring the total voltage.
- ✓ A fuse on the main path.

**CALCULATIONS** – Show all of your work using the GRASS method. Be sure to record your final answer with the correct units.

4) A radio uses 100 V and has a resistance of  $0.05\ \Omega$ . How much **current** passes through the radio? **(2T)**

5) **How long (in minutes)** will your cell phone last, if you only have 800 J of energy left and your phone requires 1.00 W of power? **(3T)**

6) How much does it **cost** to watch TV for 2 hours a day every year if your TV has a power rating of 1.0 kW and the electrical company charges you at a rate of \$0.05/kWh. Assume a year has 365 days. **(3T)**

7) An electric drill produces 4000 J of **useful energy** and 100 J of **wasted energy**. What is the **efficiency** of this drill? **(2T)**