# 08 - "And" Hypothesis Lean: First Steps

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## "And" Hypotheses

- Previously looked at a "logical or" hypothesis.
- Here we'll look at a "logical and" hypothesis.

## Task

Given

$$(x=5) \land (y=x+3)$$

• where  $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$ , show

$$y = 8$$



## Conjunction

- The symbol ∧ means "logical and".
- The statement  $P \wedge Q$  means both P and Q are true.
- Statements of the form  $P \wedge Q$  are called **conjunctions**.

### Maths

- A hypothesis  $P \wedge Q$  is the same as hypotheses P and Q both being true.
- .. proof proceeds just like earlier examples with two hypotheses.
- Conjunctive hypotheses are not particularly interesting,
  - ... but we do need to know how to handle them.

## Maths

Structured proof

$$(x=5) \wedge (y=x+3)$$

$$x = 5$$

$$y = x + 3$$

$$y = x + 3$$
  
= (5) + 3  
= 8

## Maths

- From the single conjunctive hypothesis  $(x = 5) \land (y = x + 3)$  we derive two smaller hypotheses, both of which are true:
  - *x* = 5
  - y = x + 3
- We start with y = x + 3 from derived fact (3), then use x = 5 from derived fact (2) to finally conclude y = 8.

#### Code

```
-- 08 - Conjunctive "and" Hypothesis

import Mathlib.Tactic

example {x y : Z} (h : x = 5 \land y = x + 3) : y = 8 := by

obtain \land ha , hb \rangle := h

calc

y = x + 3 := by rw [hb]

_ = (5) + 3 := by rw [ha]

_ = 8 := by norm_num
```

### Code

- The hypothesis is a conjunction, uses the symbol ∧ for "logical and".
- The instruction obtain \( \) ha, hb \( \) := h splits the conjunctive hypothesis h into ha and hb, and then removes h.
- Notice the comma and angle brackets () used to split a conjunction, unlike the vertical bar | and no brackets used to split a disjunction.
- The rest of the proof uses the familiar calc structure to show y = 8.

#### Infoview

• Placing the cursor before obtain shows only one hypothesis h.

$$x y : \mathbb{Z}$$
  
 $h : x = 5 \land y = x + 3$   
 $\vdash y = 8$ 

#### Infoview

 Placing the cursor on the next line after obtain shows h has been replaced by ha and hb.

```
x y : \mathbb{Z}
ha : x = 5
hb : y = x + 3
\vdash y = 8
```

Notice the hypothesis h has been removed.

## Easy Exercise

• Write a Lean program to show  $y \ge 8$ , where  $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$ , given the conjunctive hypothesis

$$(x \ge 5) \land (y = x + 3)$$