08 - "And" Hypothesis Lean: First Steps

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"And" Hypotheses

- Previously looked at a "logical or" hypothesis.
- Here we'll look at a "logical and" hypothesis.

Task

Given

$$(x=5) \land (y=x+3)$$

• where $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$, show

$$y = 8$$



Conjunction

- The symbol ∧ means "logical and".
- The statement $P \wedge Q$ means both P and Q are true.
- Statements of the form $P \wedge Q$ are called **conjunctions**.

Maths

- A hypothesis $P \wedge Q$ is the same as hypotheses P and Q both being true.
- .. proof proceeds just like earlier examples with two hypotheses.
- Conjunctive hypotheses are not particularly interesting,
 - ... but we do need to know how to handle them.

Maths

Structured proof

$$(x = 5) \land (y = x + 3)$$

$$x = 5$$

$$y = x + 3$$

$$y = x + 3$$

= (5) + 3
= 8

using arithmetic

(3)

Maths

- From the single conjunctive hypothesis $(x = 5) \land (y = x + 3)$ we derive two smaller hypotheses, both of which are true:
 - x = 5
 - v = x + 3
- We start with y = x + 3 from derived fact (3), then use x = 5 from derived fact (2) to finally conclude y = 8.

Code

```
-- 08 - Conjunctive "and" Hypothesis

import Mathlib.Tactic

example {x y : Z} (h : x = 5 \land y = x + 3) : y = 8 := by

obtain \land ha , hb \rangle := h

calc

y = x + 3 := by rw [hb]

_ = (5) + 3 := by rw [ha]

_ = 8 := by norm_num
```

Code

- The hypothesis is a conjunction, uses the symbol ∧ for "logical and".
- The instruction obtain $\langle ha, hb \rangle := h$ splits the conjunctive hypothesis h into ha and hb, and then removes h.
- Notice the comma and angle brackets () used to split a conjunction, unlike the vertical bar | and no brackets used to split a disjunction.
- The rest of the proof uses the familiar calc structure to show y = 8.

Infoview

• Placing the cursor before obtain shows only one hypothesis h.

```
x y : \mathbb{Z}

h : x = 5 \land y = x + 3

\vdash y = 8
```

Infoview

 Placing the cursor on the next line after obtain shows h has been replaced by ha and hb.

```
x y : \mathbb{Z}

ha : x = 5

hb : y = x + 3

\vdash y = 8
```

• Notice the hypothesis h has been removed.

Easy Exercise

• Write a Lean program to show $y \ge 8$, where $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$, given the conjunctive hypothesis

$$(x \ge 5) \land (y = x + 3)$$