

*Commenced Publication in 1973*

Founding and Former Series Editors:

Gerhard Goos, Juris Hartmanis, and Jan van Leeuwen

## Editorial Board

David Hutchison

*Lancaster University, UK*

Takeo Kanade

*Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA, USA*

Josef Kittler

*University of Surrey, Guildford, UK*

Jon M. Kleinberg

*Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, USA*

Friedemann Mattern

*ETH Zurich, Switzerland*

John C. Mitchell

*Stanford University, CA, USA*

Moni Naor

*Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel*

Oscar Nierstrasz

*University of Bern, Switzerland*

C. Pandu Rangan

*Indian Institute of Technology, Madras, India*

Bernhard Steffen

*University of Dortmund, Germany*

Madhu Sudan

*Massachusetts Institute of Technology, MA, USA*

Demetri Terzopoulos

*New York University, NY, USA*

Doug Tygar

*University of California, Berkeley, CA, USA*

Moshe Y. Vardi

*Rice University, Houston, TX, USA*

Gerhard Weikum

*Max-Planck Institute of Computer Science, Saarbruecken, Germany*

Ralf Steinmetz   Klaus Wehrle (Eds.)

# Peer-to-Peer Systems and Applications



Springer

## Volume Editors

Ralf Steinmetz  
TU Darmstadt  
KOM - Multimedia Communications Lab  
Merckstr. 25, 64283 Darmstadt, Germany  
E-mail: Ralf.Steinmetz@kom.tu-darmstadt.de

Klaus Wehrle  
Universität Tübingen  
Protocol-Engineering and Distributed Systems Group  
Morgenstelle 10 c, 72076 Tübingen, Germany  
E-mail: Klaus.Wehrle@uni-tuebingen.de

Library of Congress Control Number: 2005932758

CR Subject Classification (1998): C.2, H.3, H.4, C.2.4, D.4, F.2.2, E.1, D.2

ISSN	0302-9743
ISBN-10	3-540-29192-X Springer Berlin Heidelberg New York
ISBN-13	978-3-540-29192-3 Springer Berlin Heidelberg New York

This work is subject to copyright. All rights are reserved, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically the rights of translation, reprinting, re-use of illustrations, recitation, broadcasting, reproduction on microfilms or in any other way, and storage in data banks. Duplication of this publication or parts thereof is permitted only under the provisions of the German Copyright Law of September 9, 1965, in its current version, and permission for use must always be obtained from Springer. Violations are liable to prosecution under the German Copyright Law.

Springer is a part of Springer Science+Business Media  
springeronline.com

© Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg 2005  
Printed in Germany

Typesetting: Camera-ready by author, data conversion by Boller Mediendesign  
Printed on acid-free paper      SPIN: 11530657      06/3142      5 4 3 2 1 0

THIS BOOK IS DEDICATED TO OUR CHILDREN:

JAN, ALEXANDER,  
FELIX, LENA, SAMUEL & JULIUS

# Foreword

Ion Stoica (University of California at Berkeley)

Starting with Napster and Gnutella, Peer-to-Peer systems became an integrated part of the Internet fabric attracting millions of users. According to recent measurements of several large ISPs, Peer-to-Peer traffic exceeds Web traffic, once the dominant traffic on the Internet. While the most popular Peer-to-Peer applications continue to remain file sharing and content distribution, new applications such as Internet telephony are starting to emerge.

Not surprisingly, the popularity of Peer-to-Peer systems has fueled academic research. In a very short time, Peer-to-Peer has evolved into an exciting research field which brings together researchers from systems, networking, and theory. During the past five years, Peer-to-Peer work has appeared in the proceedings of virtually all top system and networking conferences.

However, while the huge popularity of the Peer-to-Peer systems and the explosion of Peer-to-Peer research have created a large body of knowledge, there is little structure to this body. Surveys on Peer-to-Peer systems and books providing comprehensive coverage on the Peer-to-Peer technologies are few and far apart. The fact that Peer-to-Peer is still a rapidly evolving field makes the relative lack of such materials even more critical.

This book fills this void by including a collection of representative articles, which gives an up-to-date and comprehensive snapshot of the Peer-to-Peer field. One of the main challenges that faces any book covering such a vast and relatively new territory is how to structure the material. This book resolves this conundrum by dividing the material into roughly three parts.

The first part of the book covers the basics of Peer-to-Peer designs, unstructured and structured systems, and presents a variety of applications including e-mail, multicast, Grid computing, and Web services. The book then goes beyond describing traditional systems, by discussing general aspects of the Peer-to-Peer systems, namely the self-organization nature of the Peer-to-Peer systems, and the all-important topic of evaluating these systems. In addition, the book illustrates the broad applicability of Peer-to-Peer by discussing the impact of the Peer-to-Peer technologies in two computer-science areas, namely searching and information retrieval, and mobile computing. No Peer-to-Peer book would be complete without discussing the business model, accounting, and security. This book touches on these topics in the last part.

With this book, Steinmetz and Wehrle have made a successful attempt to present the vast amount of knowledge in the Peer-to-Peer field, which was accumulated over the last few years, in a coherent and structured fashion. The book includes articles on most recent developments in the field. This makes the book equally useful for readers who want to get an up-to-date perspective on the field, as well as for researchers who want to enter the field. The combination of the traditional Peer-to-Peer designs and applications and the discussion of their self-organizing properties and their impact on other areas of computer science make this book a worthy addition to the Peer-to-Peer field.

Berkeley, July 20th, 2005

Ion Stoica

# Table of Contents

<b>1. Introduction</b> .....	1
1.1 Why We Wrote This Book.....	1
1.2 Structure and Contents .....	3
1.3 Teaching Materials and Book Website.....	5
1.4 Acknowledgements .....	5

---

## Part I. Peer-to-Peer: Notion, Areas, History and Future

---

<b>2. What Is This “Peer-to-Peer” About?</b> .....	9
2.1 Definitions.....	10
2.1.1 Shift of Paradigm in Internet Communication .....	12
2.2 Research Challenges in Peer-to-Peer Systems & Applications .	12
2.2.1 Unstructured Peer-to-Peer Systems .....	15
2.2.2 Structured Peer-to-Peer Systems .....	15
2.3 Conclusion .....	16
<b>3. Past and Future</b> .....	17
3.1 Status Quo: Networks (Over)Filled with Peer-to-Peer Traffic .	17
3.2 How It All Began: From Arpanet to Peer-to-Peer .....	18
3.3 The Napster-Story .....	19
3.4 Gnutella and Its Relatives: Fully Decentralized Architectures .	20
3.5 Driving Forces Behind Peer-to-Peer .....	22
<b>4. Application Areas</b> .....	25
4.1 Information.....	25
4.2 Files .....	27
4.3 Bandwidth .....	29
4.4 Storage Space .....	30
4.5 Processor Cycles .....	31

---

**Part II. Unstructured Peer-to-Peer Systems**


---

<b>5. First and Second Generation of Peer-to-Peer Systems . . . .</b>	<b>35</b>
5.1 General Characteristics of Early Peer-to-Peer Systems . . . . .	35
5.2 Centralized Peer-to-Peer Networks . . . . .	37
5.2.1 Basic Characteristics . . . . .	37
5.2.2 Signaling Characteristics . . . . .	38
5.2.3 Discussion . . . . .	41
5.3 Pure Peer-to-Peer-Networks . . . . .	42
5.3.1 Basic Characteristics . . . . .	42
5.3.2 Signaling Characteristics . . . . .	44
5.3.3 Discussion . . . . .	46
5.4 Hybrid Peer-to-Peer Networks . . . . .	49
5.4.1 Basic Characteristics . . . . .	49
5.4.2 Signaling Characteristics . . . . .	52
5.4.3 Discussion . . . . .	54
<b>6. Random Graphs, Small-Worlds and Scale-Free Networks .</b>	<b>57</b>
6.1 Introduction . . . . .	57
6.2 Definitions . . . . .	59
6.3 The Riddle – Analysis of Real Networks . . . . .	60
6.4 Families and Models . . . . .	61
6.4.1 Random Graphs . . . . .	61
6.4.2 Small-Worlds – The Riddle’s First Solution . . . . .	64
6.4.3 Scale-Free Networks: How the Rich Get Richer . . . . .	67
6.5 Applications to Peer-to-Peer Systems . . . . .	70
6.5.1 Navigating in Small-Worlds . . . . .	70
6.5.2 Small-World Overlay Networks in P2P Systems . . . . .	72
6.5.3 Scale-Free Overlay Networks in P2P Systems . . . . .	75
6.6 Summary . . . . .	76

---

**Part III. Structured Peer-to-Peer Systems**


---

<b>7. Distributed Hash Tables . . . . .</b>	<b>79</b>
7.1 Distributed Management and Retrieval of Data . . . . .	80
7.1.1 Comparison of Strategies for Data Retrieval . . . . .	81
7.1.2 Central Server . . . . .	81
7.1.3 Flooding Search . . . . .	82
7.1.4 Distributed Indexing – Distributed Hash Tables . . . . .	84
7.1.5 Comparison of Lookup Concepts . . . . .	85
7.2 Fundamentals of Distributed Hash Tables . . . . .	86
7.2.1 Distributed Management of Data . . . . .	86
7.2.2 Addressing in Distributed Hash Tables . . . . .	86



7.2.3	Routing .....	88
7.2.4	Data Storage .....	89
7.3	DHT Mechanisms .....	89
7.3.1	Overview .....	90
7.3.2	Node Arrival .....	90
7.3.3	Node Failure .....	90
7.3.4	Node Departure .....	91
7.4	DHT Interfaces .....	91
7.4.1	Routing Interface .....	92
7.4.2	Storage Interface .....	92
7.4.3	Client Interface .....	92
7.5	Conclusions .....	93
<b>8.</b>	<b>Selected DHT Algorithms .....</b>	<b>95</b>
8.1	Chord .....	95
8.1.1	Identifier Space .....	95
8.1.2	Routing .....	96
8.1.3	Self-Organization .....	97
8.2	Pastry .....	99
8.2.1	Identifier Space .....	100
8.2.2	Routing Information .....	100
8.2.3	Routing Procedure .....	102
8.2.4	Self-Organization .....	102
8.2.5	Routing Performance .....	105
8.3	Content Addressable Network <i>CAN</i> .....	106
8.3.1	Identifier Space .....	107
8.3.2	Routing Information .....	108
8.3.3	Routing Procedure .....	109
8.3.4	Self-Organization .....	109
8.3.5	Routing Performance .....	111
8.4	Symphony .....	112
8.5	Viceroy .....	113
8.6	Kademlia .....	114
8.7	Summary .....	116
<b>9.</b>	<b>Reliability and Load Balancing in Distributed Hash Tables .....</b>	<b>119</b>
9.1	Storage Load Balancing of Data in Distributed Hash Tables ..	119
9.1.1	Definitions .....	121
9.1.2	A Statistical Analysis .....	121
9.1.3	Algorithms for Load Balancing in DHTs .....	124
9.1.4	Comparison of Load-Balancing Approaches .....	129

9.2	Reliability of Data in Distributed Hash Tables .....	131
9.2.1	Redundancy .....	132
9.2.2	Replication .....	132
9.3	Summary .....	135
<b>10.</b>	<b>P-Grid: Dynamics of Self-Organizing Processes in Structured Peer-to-Peer Systems .....</b>	<b>137</b>
10.1	The Concept of Self-Organization .....	137
10.2	Example of Self-Organization in Unstructured P2P Systems ..	138
10.3	Self-Organization in Structured Peer-to-Peer Systems .....	140
10.3.1	The Structure of P-Grid Overlay Networks .....	141
10.3.2	Dynamics of P-Grid Overlay Networks .....	143
10.3.3	Bootstrapping a P-Grid Overlay Network .....	144
10.3.4	Routing Table Maintenance .....	146
10.3.5	Analysis of the Maintenance Mechanism .....	150
10.4	Summary .....	151
<hr/>		
<b>Part IV. Peer-to-Peer-Based Applications</b>		
<hr/>		
<b>11.</b>	<b>Application-Layer Multicast .....</b>	<b>157</b>
11.1	Why Multicast on Application Layer .....	157
11.2	Design Aspects and Taxonomy .....	158
11.3	Unstructured Overlays .....	159
11.3.1	Centralized Systems .....	159
11.3.2	Fully Distributed Systems .....	161
11.4	Structured Overlays .....	163
11.4.1	Flooding-Based Replication .....	164
11.4.2	Tree-Based Replication .....	165
11.4.3	Performance/Cost Evaluation .....	168
11.5	Hot Topics .....	169
11.6	Summary .....	170
<b>12.</b>	<b>ePOST .....</b>	<b>171</b>
12.1	Scoped Overlays .....	172
12.1.1	Design .....	173
12.1.2	Ring Structure .....	173
12.1.3	Gateway Nodes .....	175
12.1.4	Routing .....	175
12.1.5	Global Lookup .....	176
12.2	POST Design .....	176
12.2.1	Data Types .....	177
12.2.2	User Accounts .....	178
12.2.3	Single-Copy Store .....	179
12.2.4	Event Notification .....	179

12.2.5 Metadata .....	180
12.2.6 Garbage Collection .....	181
12.2.7 POST Security .....	182
12.3 ePOST Design .....	184
12.3.1 Email Storage .....	184
12.3.2 Email Delivery .....	184
12.3.3 Email Folders .....	185
12.3.4 Incremental Deployment .....	186
12.3.5 Management .....	186
12.4 Correlated Failures .....	187
12.4.1 Failure Models .....	188
12.4.2 Glacier .....	189
12.4.3 Maintenance in Glacier .....	190
12.4.4 Recovery After Failures .....	191
12.4.5 Object Aggregation .....	191
12.5 Preliminary Experience .....	192
<b>13. Distributed Computing – GRID Computing .....</b>	<b>193</b>
13.1 Introduction .....	193
13.2 The GRID Architecture .....	194
13.3 The Globus Project .....	196
13.4 Defining the GRID: The Global GRID Forum Initiative .....	198
13.4.1 The Open GRID Services Architecture (OGSA) .....	198
13.4.2 GRID Services: Building Blocks for the GRID .....	200
13.4.3 Stateful Web Services: OGSF & WS-Resource FW .....	201
13.5 GRID and Peer-to-Peer Computing .....	202
13.5.1 Comparing GRID and Peer-to-Peer .....	203
13.5.2 GRID and Peer-to-Peer: Converging Concepts? .....	204
13.6 Summary .....	205
<b>14. Web Services and Peer-to-Peer .....</b>	<b>207</b>
14.1 Introduction .....	207
14.2 Architecture and Important Standards .....	209
14.2.1 XML and XML Schema .....	211
14.2.2 WSDL .....	212
14.2.3 SOAP .....	216
14.2.4 HTTP .....	217
14.2.5 UDDI .....	217
14.2.6 WS-* .....	217
14.3 Service Orchestration .....	219
14.4 Comparison of Peer-to-Peer and Web Services .....	219
14.4.1 What Can Peer-to-Peer Learn from Web Services? .....	220
14.4.2 What Can Web Services Learn from Peer-to-Peer? .....	221
14.4.3 Side-Effects when Joining Web Services and P2P .....	222
14.5 Resulting Architectures .....	223

---

**Part V. Self-Organization**


---

<b>15. Characterization of Self-Organization</b>	227
15.1 Introduction	227
15.2 Basic Definitions	228
15.2.1 System	228
15.2.2 Complexity	229
15.2.3 Feedback	230
15.2.4 Emergence	230
15.2.5 Complex System	231
15.2.6 Criticality	232
15.2.7 Hierarchy & Heterarchy	233
15.2.8 Stigmergy	235
15.2.9 Perturbation	235
15.3 Characteristics of Self-Organization	235
15.3.1 Self-Determined Boundaries	235
15.3.2 Operational Closure & Energetic Openness	236
15.3.3 Independence of Identity and Structure	236
15.3.4 Maintenance	237
15.3.5 Feedback & Heterarchy	237
15.3.6 Feedback	237
15.3.7 Criticality	238
15.3.8 Emergence	238
15.3.9 Self-Determined Reaction to Perturbations	239
15.3.10 Reduction of Complexity	239
15.4 Applications in Computer Science	239
15.4.1 Small-World and Scale-Free Networks	240
15.4.2 Swarming	242
15.4.3 Cellular Automata	244
15.5 Conclusions	245
<b>16. Self-Organization in Peer-to-Peer Systems</b>	247
16.1 Introduction	247
16.2 Evaluation of Peer-to-Peer Systems	248
16.2.1 Criteria	248
16.2.2 Unstructured Peer-to-Peer Networks	250
16.2.3 Structured Peer-to-Peer Systems	255
16.2.4 Summary of Peer-to-Peer Evaluations	259
16.3 Towards More Self-Organization in Overlays	260
16.3.1 Active Virtual Peers	260
16.3.2 Objectives & Requirements for Control of Overlays	261
16.3.3 An Implementation of the AVP Concept	262
16.3.4 Related Work	265
16.4 Conclusions	265

---

**Part VI. Search and Retrieval**


---

<b>17. Peer-to-Peer Search and Scalability</b> .....	269
17.1 Peer-to-Peer Search and Lookup in Overlay Networks .....	269
17.1.1 Problem Statement and Chapter Overview .....	270
17.1.2 Search and Lookup – Functional Options .....	270
17.1.3 Design Space .....	272
17.1.4 Overlay Topology Requirements .....	274
17.1.5 Overlay Topology Parameters .....	275
17.2 Scalability in Peer-to-Peer Systems .....	276
17.2.1 Definition of Peer-to-Peer Scalability .....	277
17.2.2 Efficiency and Scale .....	278
17.2.3 Scalability Metric and Notation .....	280
17.3 A Scheme for Lookup and Search Overlay Scalability.....	281
17.3.1 Overhead for Lookup and Search .....	282
17.3.2 Dimensions of Lookup & Search Overhead .....	283
17.3.3 The Assessment Scheme .....	284
17.4 Scalable Search with SHARK .....	285
17.5 Summary and Conclusions .....	288
 <b>18. Algorithmic Aspects of Overlay Networks</b> .....	289
18.1 Background and Motivation .....	289
18.2 Model Definition .....	293
18.3 Gathering Information Along a Path .....	295
18.3.1 Basic Algorithms .....	295
18.3.2 collect-rec .....	297
18.4 weighted collect-rec Algorithm .....	300
18.4.1 Algorithm Description .....	302
18.4.2 Detailed Algorithm Description .....	302
18.4.3 Analysis of weighted collect-rec Algorithm .....	305
18.5 Gathering Information from a Tree .....	307
18.5.1 Detailed Algorithm Description .....	309
18.5.2 Analysis of weighted collect on trees Algorithm .....	311
18.6 Gathering Information from General Graphs .....	315
18.7 Global Functions .....	315
18.8 Performance Evaluation .....	316
18.8.1 weighted collect-rec Algorithm Performance .....	316
18.8.2 Performance of weighted collect on trees Algorithm....	319
 <b>19. Schema-Based Peer-to-Peer Systems</b> .....	323
19.1 Introduction .....	323
19.2 Design Dimensions of Schema-Based Peer-to-Peer Systems ...	325
19.2.1 Data Model and Query Language.....	325

19.2.2	Data Placement .....	326
19.2.3	Topology and Routing .....	327
19.3	Case Study: A Peer-to-Peer Network for the Semantic Web ..	329
19.3.1	Semantic Web Data Model and Query Language .....	329
19.3.2	Schema-Based Routing Indices .....	331
19.4	Advanced Topics .....	333
19.4.1	Schema Mapping .....	333
19.4.2	Distributed Query Plans .....	334
19.4.3	Top- $k$ Query Processing .....	334
19.5	Conclusion .....	336
<b>20.</b>	<b>Supporting Information Retrieval in Peer-to-Peer Systems .....</b>	<b>337</b>
20.1	Content Searching in Peer-to-Peer Applications .....	337
20.1.1	Exchanging Media Files by Meta-Data Searches .....	338
20.1.2	Problems in Peer-to-Peer Information Retrieval .....	338
20.1.3	Related Work in Distributed Information Retrieval ...	341
20.2	Indexstructures for Query Routing .....	343
20.2.1	Distributed Hash Tables for Information Retrieval ....	344
20.2.2	Routing Indexes for Information Retrieval .....	345
20.2.3	Locality-Based Routing Indexes .....	347
20.3	Supporting Effective Information Retrieval .....	348
20.3.1	Providing Collection-Wide Information .....	348
20.3.2	Estimating the Document Overlap .....	349
20.3.3	Prestructuring Collections with Taxonomies .....	350
20.4	Summary and Conclusion .....	351
<b>21.</b>	<b>Hybrid Peer-to-Peer Systems .....</b>	<b>353</b>
21.1	Introduction .....	353
21.2	Overlay Network Design Dimensions .....	354
21.3	Hybrid Architectures .....	356
21.3.1	JXTA .....	357
21.3.2	Brocade .....	358
21.3.3	SHARK .....	360
21.3.4	Omicron .....	360
21.4	Hybrid Routing .....	363
21.4.1	OceanStore .....	363
21.4.2	Hybrid PIER .....	364
21.5	Comparison with Non-hybrid Systems .....	364
21.6	Summary and Conclusion .....	365

---

**Part VII. Peer-to-Peer Traffic and Performance Evaluation**


---

<b>22. ISP Platforms Under a Heavy Peer-to-Peer Workload . . . .</b>	<b>369</b>
22.1 Introduction . . . . .	369
22.2 Peer-to-Peer Traffic Characteristics . . . . .	370
22.2.1 Traffic Mix on IP Platforms . . . . .	370
22.2.2 Daily Traffic Profile . . . . .	370
22.2.3 Traffic Growth and Prognosis . . . . .	373
22.2.4 Asymmetrical Versus Symmetrical Access Lines . . . . .	373
22.3 Cross Layer Aspects . . . . .	374
22.3.1 Routing on Application and IP Layer . . . . .	374
22.3.2 Network and Transport Layer Analysis . . . . .	375
22.3.3 Application Layer Pattern . . . . .	375
22.3.4 Distribution of Sources for eDonkey File-Sharing . . . . .	376
22.3.5 Caches for Peer-to-Peer Data . . . . .	378
22.4 Implications for QoS in Multi-service IP Networks . . . . .	379
22.5 Conclusion . . . . .	380
 <b>23. Traffic Characteristics and Performance Evaluation of Peer-to-Peer Systems . . . . .</b>	 <b>383</b>
23.1 Introduction . . . . .	383
23.2 A Concept for Peer-to-Peer Performance . . . . .	384
23.3 Traffic Characteristics of Peer-to-Peer-Systems . . . . .	386
23.3.1 Gnutella . . . . .	386
23.3.2 eDonkey . . . . .	387
23.4 Evaluation of a Peer-to-Peer Resource Mediation Mechanism . . . . .	391
23.5 Evaluation of a Peer-to-Peer Resource Access Mechanism . . . . .	394
23.6 Conclusion . . . . .	396

---

**Part VIII. Peer-to-Peer in Mobile and Ubiquitous Environments**


---

<b>24. Peer-to-Peer in Mobile Environments . . . . .</b>	<b>401</b>
24.1 Why Is P2P Interesting for Mobile Users and Services . . . . .	401
24.1.1 Scenario 1: Taxi Locator . . . . .	402
24.1.2 Scenario 2: University Campus . . . . .	403
24.2 Introduction to Mobile Communication Systems . . . . .	403
24.3 Challenges for Peer-to-Peer Techniques in Mobile Networks . . . . .	405
24.3.1 Peer-to-Peer Systems in Mobile Ad-Hoc Networks . . . . .	406
24.4 Solutions for Peer-to-Peer in Mobile and Wireless Networks . . . . .	407
24.4.1 Solutions with Unstructured Peer-to-Peer Networks . . . . .	408
24.4.2 Solutions Based on Structured Peer-to-Peer Networks . . . . .	412
24.5 Summary . . . . .	416

<b>25. Spontaneous Collaboration in Mobile Peer-to-Peer Networks</b>	419
25.1 Introduction and Motivation	419
25.1.1 Mobile Peer-to-Peer Networks and MANETS	420
25.1.2 One-Hop Peer-to-Peer Design Space	422
25.1.3 Chapter Overview	423
25.2 Application Domains and Examples	423
25.2.1 Shark	423
25.2.2 MobiTip	424
25.2.3 SpotMe	424
25.2.4 Socialight	425
25.2.5 AdPASS	425
25.3 Building Blocks for Mobile Peer-to-Peer Networks	426
25.4 The iClouds Project	429
25.4.1 Multi-hop Information Dissemination	429
25.4.2 Data Structures and Communication Semantics	430
25.4.3 Architecture	432
25.5 Conclusion	433
<b>26. Epidemic Data Dissemination for Mobile Peer-to-Peer Lookup Services</b>	435
26.1 Motivation and Background	435
26.2 Passive Distributed Indexing	436
26.2.1 Overview	436
26.2.2 Basic Concept	437
26.2.3 Selective Forwarding for Extending Radio Coverage	439
26.3 Consistency Issues	440
26.3.1 Dealing with Weak Connectivity and Node Failures	440
26.3.2 Dealing with Data Modification at the Origin Node	441
26.4 Performance Studies	443
26.4.1 Simulation Environment	443
26.4.2 Sensitivity to System Characteristics	447
26.4.3 Sensitivity to Application Characteristics	450
26.4.4 Impact of Consistency Mechanisms	452
26.5 Summary	454
<b>27. Peer-to-Peer and Ubiquitous Computing</b>	457
27.1 Introduction to Ubiquitous Computing	457
27.2 Characteristics of Ubiquitous Computing Applications	458
27.2.1 Information	459
27.2.2 Network	459
27.2.3 Collaboration	460
27.2.4 Sharing Resources	460
27.2.5 Context Information	460
27.3 Communications in Ubiquitous Computing Architectures	461



27.4 Ubiquitous Computing Middleware .....	461
27.4.1 Support for Heterogeneous Devices .....	462
27.4.2 Resource Constraints .....	462
27.4.3 Mobility Support .....	462
27.4.4 Networking Support .....	463
27.4.5 Performance Issues .....	463
27.5 Peer-to-Peer and Ubiquitous Computing .....	465
27.6 Research Challenges in Ubiquitous Peer-to-Peer Computing ..	466
27.6.1 Heterogeneous Devices .....	467
27.6.2 Efficient Algorithms .....	467
27.6.3 Security and Privacy .....	467
27.6.4 Scalable Architectures .....	468
27.6.5 Next Generation Peer-to-Peer Middleware .....	468
27.7 Summary .....	468

---

## Part IX. Business Applications and Markets

---

<b>28. Business Applications and Revenue Models .....</b>	<b>473</b>
28.1 Introduction .....	473
28.2 Definitions .....	474
28.2.1 Peer-to-Peer Applications and Service Styles .....	474
28.2.2 A Referential View of Peer-to-Peer Interaction Styles ..	475
28.2.3 Business Models and Revenue Models .....	476
28.3 Revenue Models for P2P Business Application/Service Styles ..	477
28.3.1 Instant Messaging .....	477
28.3.2 Digital Content Sharing .....	480
28.3.3 Grid Computing .....	484
28.3.4 Collaboration .....	486
28.4 Discussion .....	487
<b>29. Peer-to-Peer Market Management .....</b>	<b>491</b>
29.1 Requirements .....	491
29.1.1 Main Problems .....	492
29.1.2 Functional Requirements .....	493
29.1.3 Non-functional Requirements .....	493
29.2 Architecture .....	495
29.2.1 Market Model .....	495
29.2.2 Service Usage Model .....	497
29.2.3 Peer Model .....	497
29.2.4 Key Elements and Mechanisms .....	499
29.3 Case Studies .....	500
29.3.1 Peer-to-Peer Middleware .....	501
29.3.2 PeerMart: Peer-to-Peer Auctions .....	503
29.4 Conclusion and Outlook .....	507

<b>30. A Peer-to-Peer Framework for Electronic Markets</b>	509
30.1 Markets as Peer-to-Peer Systems	509
30.1.1 Service and Distribution Basics	510
30.1.2 SESAM Project Structure	512
30.2 A Service-Oriented Peer-to-Peer Architecture	513
30.2.1 Service Orientation	514
30.2.2 ServiceNets	515
30.2.3 Peer Architecture	517
30.3 Security, Robustness, and Privacy Challenges	519
30.3.1 Attack Classification/Threat Analysis	519
30.3.2 Peer-to-Peer-Related Challenges	520
30.3.3 Selected Issues	522
30.4 Summary	524

---

## Part X. Advanced Issues

---

<b>31. Security-Related Issues in Peer-to-Peer Networks</b>	529
31.1 Introduction	529
31.2 Security Concerns on the Application Layer	529
31.2.1 File Sharing Applications	530
31.2.2 Data Backup Service	530
31.2.3 File Storage Service	531
31.3 Security Concerns on the Networking Layer	532
31.3.1 Invalid Lookup	532
31.3.2 Invalid Routing Update	533
31.3.3 Partition	533
31.3.4 Sybil Attack	534
31.3.5 Consideration of Implications of Topology	535
31.4 Security Concepts for Selected Systems	535
31.4.1 Groove	536
31.4.2 SixFour (6/4) Peer-to-Peer	540
31.4.3 Freenet	541
31.4.4 Further Peer-to-Peer Anonymizing Solutions	543
31.5 Conclusion	545
<b>32. Accounting in Peer-to-Peer-Systems</b>	547
32.1 The Purpose of Accounting	547
32.2 Why Is Not Accounting in Peer-to-Peer Straight Forward?	548
32.3 A Classification of P2P Accounting Schemes	549
32.3.1 Information Collection	549
32.3.2 Information Storage	551
32.4 Proposed Accounting Schemes	553
32.4.1 Plain Numbers-Based Systems	553
32.4.2 Receipt-Based Systems	555

32.4.3	Token-Based Systems .....	555
32.4.4	Proof of Work-Based Systems .....	556
32.5	Token-Based Accounting Scheme .....	556
32.5.1	Prerequisites .....	556
32.5.2	Overview .....	556
32.5.3	Token Structure .....	557
32.5.4	Token Aggregation .....	558
32.5.5	Check for Double Spending .....	559
32.5.6	Transactions .....	560
32.5.7	Trust & Security Considerations .....	561
32.5.8	Performance Analysis .....	564
32.5.9	Summary & Conclusions .....	566
<b>33.</b>	<b>The PlanetLab Platform .....</b>	<b>567</b>
33.1	Introduction and History .....	567
33.2	Architectural Principles .....	569
33.2.1	Application-Centric Interfaces .....	570
33.2.2	Distributed Virtualization .....	571
33.2.3	Unbundled Management .....	573
33.3	PlanetLab Methodology .....	574
33.3.1	Using PlanetLab .....	574
33.3.2	Reproducibility .....	575
33.3.3	Representivity .....	576
33.3.4	Quantitative Results .....	577
33.3.5	Qualitative Experience .....	578
33.4	Effects on the Internet .....	578
33.4.1	Many-to-Many Connections .....	579
33.4.2	Many Alternative Routes .....	579
33.4.3	Overlays and Traffic Correlation .....	580
33.5	Long-Term Goals .....	580
	<b>Bibliography .....</b>	<b>583</b>
	<b>Index .....</b>	<b>623</b>

# List of Authors

List of authors in order of appearance:

Ion Stoica  
645 Soda Hall  
Computer Science Division  
University of California, Berkeley  
Berkeley, CA 94720-1776  
USA

Ralf Steinmetz  
TU Darmstadt  
KOM – Multimedia Communications  
Merckstraße 25  
64283 Darmstadt  
Germany

Rüdiger Schollmeier  
TU München  
Institute of Communication Networks  
Arcisstraße 21  
80290 München  
Germany

Kai Fischbach  
Universität zu Köln  
Seminar für Wirtschaftsinformatik,  
insb. Informationsmanagement  
Pohligstr. 1  
50969 Köln  
Germany

Vasilios Darlagiannis  
TU Darmstadt  
KOM – Multimedia Communications  
Merckstraße 25  
64283 Darmstadt  
Germany

Klaus Wehrle  
Universität Tübingen  
Protocol-Engineering &  
Distributed Systems Group  
Morgenstelle 10c  
72076 Tübingen  
Germany

Jörg Eberspächer  
TU München  
Institute of Communication Networks  
Arcisstraße 21  
80290 München  
Germany

Detlef Schoder  
Universität zu Köln  
Seminar für Wirtschaftsinformatik,  
insb. Informationsmanagement  
Pohligstr. 1  
50969 Köln  
Germany

Christian Schmitt  
Universität zu Köln  
Seminar für Wirtschaftsinformatik,  
insb. Informationsmanagement  
Pohligstr. 1  
50969 Köln  
Germany

Katharina Anna Lehmann  
Universität Tübingen  
Arbeitsbereich für Paralleles Rechnen  
WSI – Am Sand 13  
72076 Tübingen  
Germany

## XXIV List of Authors

Michael Kaufmann  
Universität Tübingen  
Arbeitsbereich für Paralleles Rechnen  
WSI – Am Sand 13  
72076 Tübingen  
Germany

Stefan Götz  
Universität Tübingen  
Protocol-Engineering &  
Distributed Systems Group  
Morgenstelle 10c  
72076 Tübingen  
Germany

Karl Aberer  
School of Computer and  
Communication Sciences  
Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale  
de Lausanne (EPFL)  
1015 Lausanne  
Switzerland

Manfred Hauswirth  
School of Computer and  
Communication Sciences  
Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale  
de Lausanne (EPFL)  
1015 Lausanne  
Switzerland

Kostas Katrinis  
ETH Zürich, TIK  
Gloriastrasse 35  
8092 Zürich  
Switzerland

Andreas Haeberlen  
Rice University & MPI-SWS  
Distributed Systems Group  
3007 Duncan Hall, 6100 Main St.  
Houston TX 77005  
USA

Peter Druschel  
Rice University & MPI-SWS  
Distributed Systems Group  
3007 Duncan Hall, 6100 Main St.  
Houston TX 77005  
USA

Simon Rieche  
Universität Tübingen  
Protocol-Engineering &  
Distributed Systems Group  
Morgenstelle 10c  
72076 Tübingen  
Germany

Heiko Niedermayer  
Universität Tübingen  
Computer Networks & Internet  
Morgenstelle 10c  
72076 Tübingen  
Germany

Anwitaman Datta  
School of Computer and  
Communication Sciences  
Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale  
de Lausanne (EPFL)  
1015 Lausanne  
Switzerland

Martin May  
ETH Zürich, TIK  
Gloriastrasse 35  
8092 Zürich  
Switzerland

Alan Mislove  
Rice University & MPI-SWS  
Distributed Systems Group  
3007 Duncan Hall, 6100 Main St.  
Houston TX 77005  
USA

Ansley Post  
Rice University & MPI-SWS  
Distributed Systems Group  
3007 Duncan Hall, 6100 Main St.  
Houston TX 77005  
USA

Andreas Mauthe  
Lancaster University  
Computing Department  
Lancaster, LA1 4YR  
UK

Oliver Heckmann  
TU Darmstadt  
KOM – Multimedia Communications  
Merckstraße 25  
64283 Darmstadt  
Germany

Paul Müller  
TU Kaiserslautern  
AG ICSY  
Gottlieb-Daimler-Straße  
67663 Kaiserslautern  
Germany

Christian Koppen  
Universität Passau  
Computer Networks & Computer  
Communications Group  
Innstraße 33  
94032 Passau  
Germany

Jan Mischke  
McKinsey Company & Inc.  
Switzerland

Wolfgang Nejdl  
Universität Hannover, KBS  
Appelstraße 4  
30167 Hannover  
Germany

Wolf-Tilo Balke  
L3S Research Center  
Expo Plaza 1  
30539 Hannover  
Germany

Kurt Tutschku  
Universität Würzburg  
Institut für Informatik, Lehrstuhl III  
Am Hubland  
97074 Würzburg  
Germany

Wolfgang Kellerer  
DoCoMo Communications  
Laboratories Europe GmbH  
Landsberger Straße 312  
80687 München  
Germany

Markus Hillenbrand  
TU Kaiserslautern  
AG ICSY  
Gottlieb-Daimler-Straße  
67663 Kaiserslautern  
Germany

Hermann de Meer  
Universität Passau  
Computer Networks & Computer  
Communications Group  
Innstraße 33  
94032 Passau  
Germany

Burkhard Stiller  
Universität Zürich, IFI  
Communication Systems Group  
Winterthurerstraße 190  
8057 Zürich  
Switzerland

Danny Raz  
Technion IIT  
Department of Computer Science  
Haifa 32000  
Israel

Wolf Siberski  
Universität Hannover, KBS  
Appelstraße 4  
30167 Hannover  
Germany

Gerhard Hasslinger  
T-Systems Technologiezentrum  
Deutsche-Telekom-Allee 7  
64307 Darmstadt  
Germany

Phuoc Tran-Gia  
Universität Würzburg  
Institut für Informatik, Lehrstuhl III  
Am Hubland  
97074 Würzburg  
Germany

Andreas Heinemann  
TU Darmstadt  
FG Telekooperation  
Hochschulstraße 10  
64289 Darmstadt  
Germany

XXVI List of Authors

Max Mühlhäuser  
TU Darmstadt  
FG Telekooperation  
Hochschulstraße 10  
64289 Darmstadt  
Germany

Christoph Lindemann  
Universität Dortmund  
Rechnersysteme und  
Leistungsbewertung  
August-Schmidt-Straße 12  
44227 Dortmund  
Germany

Thomas Hummel  
Accenture European  
Technology Park  
449, Route des Crêtes  
06902 Sophia Antipolis  
France

Jan Gerke  
ETH Zürich, TIK  
Gloriastrasse 35  
8092 Zürich  
Switzerland

Michael Conrad  
Universität Karlsruhe  
Institute of Telematics  
Zirkel 2  
76128 Karlsruhe  
Germany

Hannes Hartenstein  
Universität Karlsruhe  
Institute of Telematics  
Zirkel 2  
76128 Karlsruhe  
Germany

Martina Zitterbart  
Universität Karlsruhe  
Institute of Telematics  
Zirkel 2  
76128 Karlsruhe  
Germany

Oliver P. Waldhorst  
Universität Dortmund  
Rechnersysteme und  
Leistungsbewertung  
August-Schmidt-Straße 12  
44227 Dortmund  
Germany

Jussi Kangasharju  
TU Darmstadt  
FG Telekooperation  
Hochschulstraße 10  
64289 Darmstadt  
Germany

Steffen Muhle  
Universität zu Köln  
Seminar für Wirtschaftsinformatik,  
insb. Informationsmanagement  
Pohligstr. 1  
50969 Köln  
Germany

David Hausheer  
ETH Zürich, TIK  
Gloriastrasse 35  
8092 Zürich  
Switzerland

Jochen Dinger  
Universität Karlsruhe  
Institute of Telematics  
Zirkel 2  
76128 Karlsruhe  
Germany

Marcus Schöller  
Universität Karlsruhe  
Institute of Telematics  
Zirkel 2  
76128 Karlsruhe  
Germany

Daniel Rolli  
Universität Karlsruhe  
Lehrstuhl für  
Informationsbetriebswirtschaftslehre  
Englerstr. 14  
76128 Karlsruhe  
Germany

Ralf Ackermann  
TU Darmstadt  
KOM – Multimedia Communications  
Merckstraße 25  
64283 Darmstadt  
Germany

Nicolas C. Liebau  
TU Darmstadt  
KOM – Multimedia Communications  
Merckstraße 25  
64283 Darmstadt  
Germany

Luka Divic-Krnic  
TU Darmstadt  
KOM – Multimedia Communications  
Merckstraße 25  
64283 Darmstadt  
Germany

Timothy Roscoe  
Intel Research Berkeley  
2150 Shattuck Avenue  
Berkeley, CA 94704  
USA