Solution

**Fix SNMP timeout**: ensuring that he device running the snmp manager can reach the device being monitored via snmp. Verify the network configuration, including IP addresses, subnets, gateways, and firewall settings. Make sure that SNMP is properly configured on both the SNMP manager and the SNMP agent device

**Download-IN traffic on IF TMS-58-2158**: Identify the source of the traffic: Determine which devices or applications are generating the high "Download-IN" traffic on interface TMS-58-2158. Use network monitoring tools or traffic analysis tools to identify the top talkers or applications consuming the bandwidth

**Upload-OUT traffic on IF RTR\_1**: Identify the source of the traffic: Determine which devices or applications are generating the high "Upload-OUT" traffic on interface RTR\_1. Use network monitoring tools or traffic analysis tools to identify the top talkers or applications generating the traffic.

**Available Memory on TMS\_57**: Identify memory-consuming processes: Use system monitoring tools or commands specific to the operating system running on TMS\_57 to identify processes or applications that are consuming a significant amount of memory. This will help you pinpoint the source of the memory usage

**Wildfly service is down on TMS\_58\_WF3** : Check the service status: Verify the current status of the Wildfly service on TMS\_58\_WF3. This can be done by checking the service status command or using service management tools specific to the operating system running on TMS\_58\_WF3

**DISK SIZE LESS THAN 10 % IN E:** Check disk usage: Verify the current disk usage on drive E to determine how much space is being utilized. This can be done by right-clicking on the drive and selecting "Properties" or by using a disk usage analysis tool

**High memory utilization:** Restart or terminate memory-intensive processes: If you identify specific processes or applications consuming excessive memory, consider restarting or terminating them. This can help free up memory resources and alleviate the high memory utilization