

CanSat Software

0.2

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Chapter 1

Directory Hierarchy

1.1 Directories

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Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

current_time_t	The structure stores data about the date, hour, minutes and seconds a reading was made and saved	9
gps_data_t	The structure keeps the parsed GPS position and time information	10
sensor_readings_t	Structure for keeping all data read from the atmospheric sensors	12

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

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Chapter 4

Directory Documentation

4.1 src Directory Reference

Files

- file [atm_sen_module.c](#)
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Atmospheric sensors module interface.
- file [debug_mode.h](#)
Conditional debug logging and error handling macros.
- file [gps_module.c](#)
Implementation of GPS NMEA parsing and UART handling.
- file [gps_module.h](#)
GPS module interface.
- file [hw_config.c](#)
- file [main.c](#)
- file [microsd_module.c](#)
- file [microsd_module.h](#)
Micro SD Card reader interface.
- file [radio_module.c](#)
- file [radio_module.h](#)
High-level telemetry interface for nRF905 radio.
- file [time_manager.c](#)
- file [time_manager.h](#)
Software RTC with GPS synchronization and FatFS integration.

Chapter 5

Class Documentation

5.1 `current_time_t` Struct Reference

The structure stores data about the date, hour, minutes and seconds a reading was made and saved.

```
#include <time_manager.h>
```

Public Attributes

- `uint16_t` [year](#)
- `uint8_t` [month](#)
- `uint8_t` [day](#)
- `uint8_t` [hour](#)
- `uint8_t` [min](#)
- `uint8_t` [sec](#)
- `uint16_t` [photo_count](#)

5.1.1 Detailed Description

The structure stores data about the date, hour, minutes and seconds a reading was made and saved.

It is used in the process of synchronizing timestamps with the GPS-read time data.

5.1.2 Member Data Documentation

5.1.2.1 `day`

```
uint8_t current_time_t::day
```

5.1.2.2 `hour`

```
uint8_t current_time_t::hour
```

5.1.2.3 min

```
uint8_t current_time_t::min
```

5.1.2.4 month

```
uint8_t current_time_t::month
```

5.1.2.5 photo_count

```
uint16_t current_time_t::photo_count
```

5.1.2.6 sec

```
uint8_t current_time_t::sec
```

5.1.2.7 year

```
uint16_t current_time_t::year
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [src/time_manager.h](#)

5.2 gps_data_t Struct Reference

The structure keeps the parsed GPS position and time information.

```
#include <gps_module.h>
```

Public Attributes

- float [latitude](#)
- float [longitude](#)
Latitude in decimal degrees.
- float [altitude](#)
Longitude in decimal degrees.
- uint8_t [satellites](#)
Altitude above mean sea level in meters [m].
- uint8_t [hour](#)
Number of satellites currently in view.
- uint8_t [min](#)
UTC Hour.
- uint8_t [sec](#)
UTC Minute.
- uint16_t [year](#)
UTC Second.
- uint8_t [month](#)
- uint8_t [day](#)
- bool [fix](#)

5.2.1 Detailed Description

The structure keeps the parsed GPS position and time information.

It is updated whenever a valid NMEA sentence (\$GPRMC in this case) is successfully parsed.

5.2.2 Member Data Documentation

5.2.2.1 altitude

```
float gps_data_t::altitude
```

Longitude in decimal degrees.

5.2.2.2 day

```
uint8_t gps_data_t::day
```

5.2.2.3 fix

```
bool gps_data_t::fix
```

5.2.2.4 hour

```
uint8_t gps_data_t::hour
```

Number of satellites currently in view.

5.2.2.5 latitude

```
float gps_data_t::latitude
```

5.2.2.6 longitude

```
float gps_data_t::longitude
```

Latitude in decimal degrees.

5.2.2.7 min

```
uint8_t gps_data_t::min
```

UTC Hour.

5.2.2.8 month

```
uint8_t gps_data_t::month
```

5.2.2.9 satellites

```
uint8_t gps_data_t::satellites
```

Altitude above mean sea level in meters [m].

5.2.2.10 sec

```
uint8_t gps_data_t::sec
```

UTC Minute.

5.2.2.11 year

```
uint16_t gps_data_t::year
```

UTC Second.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [src/gps_module.h](#)

5.3 sensor_readings_t Struct Reference

Structure for keeping all data read from the atmospheric sensors.

```
#include <atm_sen_module.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double [pressure_pa](#)
- double [altitude_m](#)
Pressure reading in Pascals.
- float [temperature_c](#)
Altitude in meters.
- float [humidity_pct](#)
Temperature in Celsius degrees.
- float [methane_ppm](#)
Humidity percentage.
- float [ammonia_ppm](#)
Methane in particles per million.
- float [oxygen_pct](#)
Ammonia in particles per million.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Structure for keeping all data read from the atmospheric sensors.

5.3.2 Member Data Documentation

5.3.2.1 altitude_m

```
double sensor_readings_t::altitude_m
```

Pressure reading in Pascals.

5.3.2.2 ammonia_ppm

```
float sensor_readings_t::ammonia_ppm
```

Methane in particles per million.

5.3.2.3 humidity_pct

```
float sensor_readings_t::humidity_pct
```

Temperature in Celsius degrees.

5.3.2.4 methane_ppm

```
float sensor_readings_t::methane_ppm
```

Humidity percentage.

5.3.2.5 oxygen_pct

```
float sensor_readings_t::oxygen_pct
```

Ammonia in particles per million.

5.3.2.6 pressure_pa

```
double sensor_readings_t::pressure_pa
```

5.3.2.7 temperature_c

```
float sensor_readings_t::temperature_c
```

Altitude in meters.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [src/atm_sen_module.h](#)

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 src/atm_sen_module.c File Reference

```
#include <math.h>
#include "hardware/i2c.h"
#include "hardware/adc.h"
#include "atm_sen_module.h"
#include "debug_mode.h"
#include "lib/bmp280/bmp280_i2c.h"
#include "lib/bmp280/bmp280_i2c_hal.h"
#include "dfrobot_oxygen.h"
```

Macros

- #define I2C_PORT i2c0
- #define SHTC3_ADDR 0x70
- #define PIN_SDA 12
- #define PIN_SCL 13
- #define O2_ADDR 0x74
- #define PIN_METHANE 26
- #define PIN_AMMONIA 27

Functions

- void `init_all_sensors` ()
Initializes all sensors with their I2C, SPI or UART connection (depending on which is necessary).
- void `read_all` (`sensor_readings_t` *gathered_data)
Begins readings from all the atmospheric sensors.

6.1.1 Macro Definition Documentation

6.1.1.1 I2C_PORT

```
#define I2C_PORT i2c0
```

6.1.1.2 O2_ADDR

```
#define O2_ADDR 0x74
```

6.1.1.3 PIN_AMMONIA

```
#define PIN_AMMONIA 27
```

6.1.1.4 PIN_METHANE

```
#define PIN_METHANE 26
```

6.1.1.5 PIN_SCL

```
#define PIN_SCL 13
```

6.1.1.6 PIN_SDA

```
#define PIN_SDA 12
```

6.1.1.7 SHTC3_ADDR

```
#define SHTC3_ADDR 0x70
```

6.1.2 Function Documentation

6.1.2.1 init_all_sensors()

```
void init_all_sensors (
    void )
```

Initializes all sensors with their I2C, SPI or UART connection (depending on which is necessary).

Within the function, for every sensor that needs initialization a dedicated function is called. This lays the grounds for starting continous readings.

Note

This must be called once at system startup before the main loop.

6.1.2.2 read_all()

```
void read_all (
    sensor_readings_t * gathered_data)
```

Begins readings from all the atmospheric sensors.

Within the function, for every sensor a dedicated `_read` function is called. The data read is then immediately saved in a dedicated structure.

Parameters

out	<code>gathered_data</code>	Pointer to the an object of a ' <code>sensor_readings_t</code> ' structure, to which data read from sensors is immediatly saved to.
-----	----------------------------	---

6.2 src/atm_sen_module.h File Reference

Atmospheric sensors module interface.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pico/stdlib.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Classes

- struct `sensor_readings_t`
Structure for keeping all data read from the atmospheric sensors.

Functions

- void `init_all_sensors` (void)
Initializes all sensors with their I2C, SPI or UART connection (depending on which is necessary).
- void `read_all` (`sensor_readings_t` *gathered_data)
Begins readings from all the atmospheric sensors.

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Atmospheric sensors module interface.

This file handles the configuration of all atmospheric sensors, through I2C, SPI and UART. It provides functions to initialize and conduct readings from all the sensors, saving them to a dedicated '`sensor_readings_t`' structure.

6.2.2 Function Documentation

6.2.2.1 init_all_sensors()

```
void init_all_sensors (
    void ) [extern]
```

Initializes all sensors with their I2C, SPI or UART connection (depending on which is necessary).

Within the function, for every sensor that needs initialization a dedicated function is called. This lays the grounds for starting continous readings.

Note

This must be called once at system startup before the main loop.

6.2.2.2 read_all()

```
void read_all (
    sensor_readings_t * gathered_data) [extern]
```

Begins readings from all the atmospheric sensors.

Within the function, for every sensor a dedicated `_read` function is called. The data read is then immediately saved in a dedicated structure.

Parameters

out	<i>gathered_data</i>	Pointer to the an object of a ' sensor_readings_t ' structure, to which data read from sensors is immediatly saved to.
-----	----------------------	--

6.3 atm_sen_module.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001
00008
00009 #ifndef ATM_SEN_MODULE_H
00010 #define ATM_SEN_MODULE_H
00011
00012 #include <stdio.h>
00013 #include <pico/stdlib.h>
00014 #include <stdint.h>
00015
00016 // DATA STRUCTURES
00017
00020
00021 typedef struct
00022 {
00023     double pressure_pa;
00024     double altitude_m;
00025     float temperature_c;
00026     float humidity_pct;
00027     float methane_ppm;
00028     float ammonia_ppm;
00029     float oxygen_pct;
00030 } sensor_readings_t;
00031
00032 // FUNCTIONS
00033
00040
00041 extern void init_all_sensors(void);
00042
00049 extern void read_all(sensor_readings_t *gathered_data);
00050
00051 #endif // ATM_SEN_MODULE_H
```


6.4 src/debug_mode.h File Reference

Conditional debug logging and error handling macros.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

Macros

- `#define` [DEBUG_MODE](#)
- `#define` [LOG\(...\)](#)

6.4.1 Detailed Description

Conditional debug logging and error handling macros.

Provides the [LOG](#) macro which directs output to the standard I/O (USB/UART) only when [DEBUG_MODE](#) is defined. This allows for logging during development that can be completely compiled out for the final flight release.

6.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation

6.4.2.1 DEBUG_MODE

```
#define DEBUG_MODE
```

6.4.2.2 LOG

```
#define LOG(  
    ...)
```

Value:

```
printf(__VA_ARGS__)
```

6.5 debug_mode.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001
00008
00009 #ifndef DEBUG_MODE_H
00010 #define DEBUG_MODE_H
00011
00012 #include <stdio.h>
00013
00014 #define DEBUG_MODE
00015
00016 #ifdef DEBUG_MODE
00017     #define LOG(...) printf(__VA_ARGS__)
00018 #else
00019     #define LOG(...) ((void)0)
00020 #endif
00021
00022 #endif // DEBUG_MODE_H
```

6.6 src/gps_module.c File Reference

Implementation of GPS NMEA parsing and UART handling.

```
#include <string.h>
#include "gps_module.h"
#include "time_manager.h"
#include "debug_mode.h"
#include "minmea.h"
#include "hardware/uart.h"
```

Macros

- `#define NMEA_BUFFER_LEN 85`

Functions

- void `gps_init` (void)
Initializes the GPS UART connection and GPIO pins.
- bool `gps_update` (void)
Polls the UART for newly aquired GPS data and sends it to be parsed.
- void `gps_get_data` (`gps_data_t` *data)
Retrieves the latest parsed GPS data.

6.6.1 Detailed Description

Implementation of GPS NMEA parsing and UART handling.

See also

[gps_module.h](#) for the public API and data structures.

6.6.2 Macro Definition Documentation

6.6.2.1 NMEA_BUFFER_LEN

```
#define NMEA_BUFFER_LEN 85
```

6.6.3 Function Documentation

6.6.3.1 gps_get_data()

```
void gps_get_data (
    gps_data_t * data)
```

Retrieves the latest parsed GPS data.

Copies the most recent valid GPS data into the provided 'gps_data_t' structure.

Parameters

out	data	Pointer to a 'gps_data_t' structure where the data will be copied.
-----	------	--

6.6.3.2 gps_init()

```
void gps_init (
    void )
```

Initializes the GPS UART connection and GPIO pins.

Sets up the specified GPS_UART_ID with the baud rate defined in GPS_BAUD_RATE and configures the TX/RX pins.

Note

This must be called once at system startup before the main loop.

6.6.3.3 gps_update()

```
bool gps_update (
    void )
```

Polls the UART for newly acquired GPS data and sends it to be parsed.

This function should be called frequently (e.g., in the main loop). It reads available characters from the UART buffer and calls a function to process NMEA sentences.

Returns

true if a valid packet was fully parsed and data was updated.
false if no new complete packet is available yet.

6.7 src/gps_module.h File Reference

GPS module interface.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "pico/stdlib.h"
```

Classes

- struct `gps_data_t`
The structure keeps the parsed GPS position and time information.

Macros

- #define `GPS_BAUD_RATE` 9600
UART Baud rate for the GPS module (Standard is usually 9600).
- #define `GPS_UART_ID` uart0
The hardware UART instance to use (uart0 or uart1).
- #define `GPS_TX_PIN` 8
GPIO pin for UART transmission (Pico TX).
- #define `GPS_RX_PIN` 9
GPIO pin for UART reception (Pico RX).

Functions

- void `gps_init` (void)
Initializes the GPS UART connection and GPIO pins.
- bool `gps_update` (void)
Polls the UART for newly acquired GPS data and sends it to be parsed.
- void `gps_get_data` (`gps_data_t` *data)
Retrieves the latest parsed GPS data.

6.7.1 Detailed Description

GPS module interface.

This file handles the UART configuration for Pico for the GPS module, defines the data structure for holding parsed GPS coordinates/time, and provides functions to initialize and update the system.

See also

<https://github.com/kosma/minmea> for the NMEA parsing library documentation.

6.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

6.7.2.1 GPS_BAUD_RATE

```
#define GPS_BAUD_RATE 9600
```

UART Baud rate for the GPS module (Standard is usually 9600).

6.7.2.2 GPS_RX_PIN

```
#define GPS_RX_PIN 9
```

GPIO pin for UART reception (Pico RX).

6.7.2.3 GPS_TX_PIN

```
#define GPS_TX_PIN 8
```

GPIO pin for UART transmission (Pico TX).

6.7.2.4 GPS_UART_ID

```
#define GPS_UART_ID uart0
```

The hardware UART instance to use (uart0 or uart1).

6.7.3 Function Documentation

6.7.3.1 gps_get_data()

```
void gps_get_data (
    gps_data_t * data) [extern]
```

Retrieves the latest parsed GPS data.

Copies the most recent valid GPS data into the provided 'gps_data_t' structure.

Parameters

out	data	Pointer to a 'gps_data_t' structure where the data will be copied.
-----	------	--

6.7.3.2 gps_init()

```
void gps_init (
    void ) [extern]
```

Initializes the GPS UART connection and GPIO pins.

Sets up the specified GPS_UART_ID with the baud rate defined in GPS_BAUD_RATE and configures the TX/RX pins.

Note

This must be called once at system startup before the main loop.

6.7.3.3 gps_update()

```
bool gps_update (
    void ) [extern]
```

Polls the UART for newly aquired GPS data and sends it to be parsed.

This function should be called frequently (e.g., in the main loop). It reads available characters from the UART buffer and calls a function to process NMEA sentences.

Returns

true if a valid packet was fully parsed and data was updated.
false if no new complete packet is available yet.

6.8 gps_module.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001
00008
00009 #ifndef GPS_MODULE_H
00010 #define GPS_MODULE_H
00011
00012 #include <stdint.h>
00013 #include <stdbool.h>
00014 #include <stdio.h>
00015 #include "pico/stdlib.h"
00016
00017 // CONFIGURATION MACROS
00018
00020 #define GPS_BAUD_RATE 9600
00021
00023 #define GPS_UART_ID uart0
00024
00026 #define GPS_TX_PIN 8
00027
00029 #define GPS_RX_PIN 9
00030
00031 // DATA STRUCTURES
00032
00036 typedef struct
00037 {
00038     float latitude;
00039     float longitude;
00040     float altitude;
00041     uint8_t satellites;
00042     uint8_t hour;
00043     uint8_t min;
00044     uint8_t sec;
00045     uint16_t year;
00046     uint8_t month;
00047     uint8_t day;
00048     bool fix;
00049 } gps_data_t;
00050
00051 // FUNCTIONS
00052
00058
00059 extern void gps_init(void);
00060
00068 extern bool gps_update(void);
00069
00074 extern void gps_get_data(gps_data_t *data);
00075
00076 #endif // GPS_MODULE_H

```

6.9 src/hw_config.c File Reference

```

#include "ff.h"
#include "diskio.h"
#include "sd_card.h"
#include "hardware/spi.h"
#include <strings.h>

```

Functions

- `size_t sd_get_num ()`
- `sd_card_t * sd_get_by_num (size_t num)`
- `size_t spi_get_num ()`
- `spi_t * spi_get_by_num (size_t num)`

6.9.1 Function Documentation

6.9.1.1 sd_get_by_num()

```
sd_card_t * sd_get_by_num (
    size_t num)
```

6.9.1.2 sd_get_num()

```
size_t sd_get_num ()
```

6.9.1.3 spi_get_by_num()

```
spi_t * spi_get_by_num (
    size_t num)
```

6.9.1.4 spi_get_num()

```
size_t spi_get_num ()
```

6.10 src/main.c File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "pico/stdlib.h"
#include "debug_mode.h"
#include "atm_sen_module.h"
#include "microsd_module.h"
#include "time_manager.h"
#include "gps_module.h"
#include "radio_module.h"
```

Functions

- int [main](#) (void)

6.10.1 Function Documentation

6.10.1.1 main()

```
int main (
    void )
```

6.11 src/microsd_module.c File Reference

```
#include "microsd_module.h"
#include "debug_mode.h"
#include "hardware/spi.h"
#include "ff.h"
#include "sd_card.h"
#include <stdio.h>
```

Functions

- `sd_card_t * sd_get_by_num (size_t num)`
- `bool sd_init ()`
Initializes the Micro SD reader SPI connection and checks for successful mounting of the card.
- `void save_system_data (sensor_readings_t *data, current_time_t *time)`
Saves all data collected from sensors onto the microSD card in a 'data_log.txt' file.
- `void save_gps_log (gps_data_t *gps)`
Saves all GPS data onto the microSD card in a 'gps_log.csv' file.

6.11.1 Function Documentation

6.11.1.1 save_gps_log()

```
void save_gps_log (
    gps_data_t * gps)
```

Saves all GPS data onto the microSD card in a 'gps_log.csv' file.

It uses the functions available in the beforementioned library to save formatted strings with values read from the GPS kept in a 'gps_data_t' structure onto the microSD.

Parameters

in	<code>gps_data_t</code>	Pointer to a structure keeping data read from GPS and properly parsed.
----	-------------------------	--

6.11.1.2 save_system_data()

```
void save_system_data (
    sensor_readings_t * data,
    current_time_t * time)
```

Saves all data collected from sensors onto the microSD card in a 'data_log.txt' file.

It uses the functions available in the beforementioned library to save formatted strings with values read from sensors kept in a 'sensor_readings_t' file onto the microSD.

Parameters

in	<i>data</i>	Pointer to a sensor_readings_t data struct which stores the data to be saved on the microSD card.
in	<i>time</i>	Pointer to a time-keeping structure that plays a role in time management for the timestamps in the 'data_log.txt' file.

6.11.1.3 sd_get_by_num()

```
sd_card_t * sd_get_by_num (
    size_t num) [extern]
```

6.11.1.4 sd_init()

```
bool sd_init ()
```

Initializes the Micro SD reader SPI connection and checks for successful mounting of the card.

Returns

true if the reader is correctly initialized and the microSD card is mounted.
false if the reader setup or the microSD card mount fails.

6.12 src/microsd_module.h File Reference

Micro SD Card reader interface.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "pico/stdlib.h"
#include "atm_sen_module.h"
#include "time_manager.h"
#include "gps_module.h"
```

Functions

- bool [sd_init](#) ()
Initializes the Micro SD reader SPI connection and checks for successful mounting of the card.
- void [save_system_data](#) ([sensor_readings_t](#) *data, [current_time_t](#) *time)
Saves all data collected from sensors onto the microSD card in a 'data_log.txt' file.
- void [save_gps_log](#) ([gps_data_t](#) *gps)
Saves all GPS data onto the microSD card in a 'gps_log.csv' file.

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Micro SD Card reader interface.

This file handles the SD card reader SPI configuration for Pico using the no-OS-FatFS-SD-SPI-RPi-Pico library, implements a function for saving data collected from other sensors, and saving GPS coordinates processed by the GPS module.

See also

<https://github.com/carlk3/no-OS-FatFS-SD-SPI-RPi-Pico/tree/master> for the SD driver documentation.

6.12.2 Function Documentation

6.12.2.1 save_gps_log()

```
void save_gps_log (
    gps_data_t * gps) [extern]
```

Saves all GPS data onto the microSD card in a 'gps_log.csv' file.

It uses the functions available in the beforementioned library to save formatted strings with values read from the GPS kept in a 'gps_data_t' structure onto the microSD.

Parameters

in	gps_data_t	Pointer to a structure keeping data read from GPS and properly parsed.
----	----------------------------	--

6.12.2.2 save_system_data()

```
void save_system_data (
    sensor_readings_t * data,
    current_time_t * time) [extern]
```

Saves all data collected from sensors onto the microSD card in a 'data_log.txt' file.

It uses the functions available in the beforementioned library to save formatted strings with values read from sensors kept in a 'sensor_readings_t' file onto the microSD.

Parameters

in	<i>data</i>	Pointer to a 'sensor_readings_t' data struct which stores the data to to be saved on the microSD card.
in	<i>time</i>	Pointer to a time-keeping structure that plays a role in time management for the timestamps in the 'data_log.txt' file.

6.12.2.3 sd_init()

```
bool sd_init () [extern]
```

Initializes the Micro SD reader SPI connection and checks for successful mounting of the card.

Returns

- true if the reader is correctly initialized and the microSD card is mounted.
- false if the reader setup or the microSD card mount fails.

6.13 microsd_module.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001
00008
00009 #ifndef MICROSD_MODULE_H
00010 #define MICROSD_MODULE_H
00011
00012 #include <stdbool.h>
00013 #include <stdio.h>
00014 #include <stdint.h>
00015 #include "pico/stdlib.h"
00016 #include "atm_sen_module.h"
00017 #include "time_manager.h"
00018 #include "gps_module.h"
00019
00020 // FUNCTIONS
00021
00026
00027 extern bool sd_init();
00028
00037 extern void save_system_data(sensor_readings_t *data, current_time_t *time);
00038
00044 extern void save_gps_log(gps_data_t *gps);
00045
00046 #endif // MICROSD_MODULE_H
```

6.14 src/radio_module.c File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include "debug_mode.h"
#include "radio_module.h"
#include "lib/nrf905/nrf905.h"
```

Functions

- void [radio_module_init](#) (void)
Initializes the radio hardware and driver.
- void [radio_module_send_telemetry](#) (float temp, float press, float alt)
Formats sensor data and broadcasts it via radio.

6.14.1 Function Documentation

6.14.1.1 `radio_module_init()`

```
void radio_module_init (
    void )
```

Initializes the radio hardware and driver.

This function calls the underlying driver initialization routine. It sets up the SPI interface, configures GPIO pins for radio control (TX_EN, TRX_CE, PWR), and writes the default configuration registers (Frequency, Power, CRC).

Note

Must be called once at system startup before attempting any transmissions.

6.14.1.2 `radio_module_send_telemetry()`

```
void radio_module_send_telemetry (
    float temp,
    float press,
    float alt)
```

Formats sensor data and broadcasts it via radio.

This function takes individual sensor readings, formats them into a standard ASCII telemetry string (e.g., "T:24.5 P:1001 A:150"), and broadcasts the packet via the nRF905 radio.

Parameters

<i>temp</i>	Temperature (Celsius)
<i>press</i>	Pressure (Pascals)
<i>alt</i>	Altitude (Meters)

6.15 `src/radio_module.h` File Reference

High-level telemetry interface for nRF905 radio.

```
#include "pico/stdlib.h"
```

Functions

- void [radio_module_init](#) (void)
Initializes the radio hardware and driver.
- void [radio_module_send_telemetry](#) (float temp, float press, float alt)
Formats sensor data and broadcasts it via radio.

6.15.1 Detailed Description

High-level telemetry interface for nRF905 radio.

Abstracts low-level SPI drivers to provide a simple API for sending sensor data. Handles the formatting of float values into ASCII telemetry strings (e.g., "T:25.0 P:1013") and manages packet transmission.

6.15.2 Function Documentation

6.15.2.1 radio_module_init()

```
void radio_module_init (
    void ) [extern]
```

Initializes the radio hardware and driver.

This function calls the underlying driver initialization routine. It sets up the SPI interface, configures GPIO pins for radio control (TX_EN, TRX_CE, PWR), and writes the default configuration registers (Frequency, Power, CRC).

Note

Must be called once at system startup before attempting any transmissions.

6.15.2.2 radio_module_send_telemetry()

```
void radio_module_send_telemetry (
    float temp,
    float press,
    float alt) [extern]
```

Formats sensor data and broadcasts it via radio.

This function takes individual sensor readings, formats them into a standard ASCII telemetry string (e.g., "T:24.5 P:1001 A:150"), and broadcasts the packet via the nRF905 radio.

Parameters

<i>temp</i>	Temperature (Celsius)
<i>press</i>	Pressure (Pascals)
<i>alt</i>	Altitude (Meters)

6.16 radio_module.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001
00002
00003 #ifndef RADIO_MODULE_H
00004 #define RADIO_MODULE_H
00005
00006 #include "pico/stdlib.h"
00007
00008 extern void radio_module_init(void);
00009
00010 extern void radio_module_send_telemetry(float temp, float press, float alt);
00011
00012 #endif
```

6.17 src/time_manager.c File Reference

```
#include "time_manager.h"
#include "pico/stdlib.h"
#include "ff.h"
#include "microsd_module.h"
#include <stdio.h>
```

Macros

- `#define` [TIMEZONE_OFFSET](#) 1

Functions

- void [time_manager_init](#) (void)
Initializes the Software Real-Time Clock (RTC).
- bool [time_manager_update](#) (void)
Ticks the internal clock forward.
- [current_time_t](#) * [time_manager_get](#) (void)
Retrieves the current system time in a human-readable format.
- void [time_manager_sync](#) (uint16_t year, uint8_t month, uint8_t day, uint8_t hour, uint8_t min, uint8_t sec)
Synchronizes the internal clock with an external source (e.g., GPS). Overwrites the internal time counter with new values provided by the GPS.
- DWORD [get_fattime](#) (void)

6.17.1 Macro Definition Documentation

6.17.1.1 TIMEZONE_OFFSET

```
#define TIMEZONE_OFFSET 1
```

6.17.2 Function Documentation

6.17.2.1 get_fattime()

```
DWORD get_fattime (
    void )
```

6.17.2.2 time_manager_get()

```
current\_time\_t * time_manager_get (
    void )
```

Retrieves the current system time in a human-readable format.

Converts the internal epoch timestamp (`raw_seconds`) into a [current_time_t](#) structure containing year, month, day, hour, minute, and second. If the time is exactly 00:00:00 (Midnight), this function automatically resets the `photo_count` field to 0.

Returns

- `current_time_t`* Pointer to the structure holding the current time.

6.17.2.3 time_manager_init()

```
void time_manager_init (
    void )
```

Initializes the Software Real-Time Clock (RTC).

Sets the internal system time to a default start date (January 1, 2026). It captures the current processor boot time (`to_ms_since_boot`) to establish a baseline for the 1-second tick counter.

Note

- This must be called once at system startup before the main loop.

6.17.2.4 time_manager_sync()

```
void time_manager_sync (
    uint16_t year,
    uint8_t month,
    uint8_t day,
    uint8_t hour,
    uint8_t min,
    uint8_t sec)
```

Synchronizes the internal clock with an external source (e.g., GPS). Overwrites the internal time counter with new values provided by the GPS.

- Automatically applies the defined [TIMEZONE_OFFSET](#) to the provided UTC hour.
- Uses `mktime()` to safe-handle hour overflows. For example, if the GPS says 23:00 UTC and your offset is +2, the date automatically moves on to the next day.
- Resets the millisecond counter (`last_second_ms`) to zero, ensuring the next software "tick" happens exactly 1 second after this sync occurs.

-

Parameters

in	<i>year</i>	Full year (e.g., 2026).
in	<i>month</i>	Month number (1-12).
in	<i>day</i>	Day of the month (1-31).
in	<i>hour</i>	UTC Hour (0-23).
in	<i>min</i>	Minute (0-59).
in	<i>sec</i>	Second (0-59).

6.17.2.5 time_manager_update()

```
bool time_manager_update (
    void )
```

Ticks the internal clock forward.

This function checks the system's millisecond timer. If 1000ms have passed since the last tick, it increments the internal `raw_seconds` counter and updates the reference timer. This function is non-blocking and is designed to be called frequently inside the main `while(1)` loop.

Returns

- `true` If a full second has passed during this call (useful for triggering 1Hz events like LED blinks).
- `false` If less than 1 second has passed since the last update.

6.18 src/time_manager.h File Reference

Software RTC with GPS synchronization and FatFS integration.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
```

Classes

- struct `current_time_t`
The structure stores data about the date, hour, minutes and seconds a reading was made and saved.

Functions

- void `time_manager_init` (void)
Initializes the Software Real-Time Clock (RTC).
- bool `time_manager_update` (void)
Ticks the internal clock forward.
- `current_time_t` * `time_manager_get` (void)
Retrieves the current system time in a human-readable format.
- void `time_manager_sync` (uint16_t year, uint8_t month, uint8_t day, uint8_t hour, uint8_t min, uint8_t sec)
Synchronizes the internal clock with an external source (e.g., GPS). Overwrites the internal time counter with new values provided by the GPS.

6.18.1 Detailed Description

Software RTC with GPS synchronization and FatFS integration.

Maintains system time using system ticks (`to_ms_since_boot`), independent of hardware RTC. It features:

- a sync with GPS: corrects drift and sets time/date via NMEA data.
- a FatFS backend: provides timestamps for SD card files.
- timezones: applies static offsets defined by `TIMEZONE_OFFSET`.
- Usage: Calling `time_manager_init()` at startup, `time_manager_update()` periodically in the loop, and `time_manager_sync()` when valid GPS data exists.

Note

- Replaces the default `rtc.c` to remove hardware dependencies that were troublesome.

6.18.2 Function Documentation

6.18.2.1 time_manager_get()

```
current_time_t * time_manager_get (
    void )    [extern]
```

Retrieves the current system time in a human-readable format.

Converts the internal epoch timestamp (`raw_seconds`) into a `current_time_t` structure containing year, month, day, hour, minute, and second. If the time is exactly 00:00:00 (Midnight), this function automatically resets the `photo_count` field to 0.

Returns

- `current_time_t*` Pointer to the structure holding the current time.

6.18.2.2 time_manager_init()

```
void time_manager_init (
    void )    [extern]
```

Initializes the Software Real-Time Clock (RTC).

Sets the internal system time to a default start date (January 1, 2026). It captures the current processor boot time (`to_ms_since_boot`) to establish a baseline for the 1-second tick counter.

Note

- This must be called once at system startup before the main loop.

6.18.2.3 time_manager_sync()

```
void time_manager_sync (
    uint16_t year,
    uint8_t month,
    uint8_t day,
    uint8_t hour,
    uint8_t min,
    uint8_t sec)    [extern]
```

Synchronizes the internal clock with an external source (e.g., GPS). Overwrites the internal time counter with new values provided by the GPS.

- Automatically applies the defined `TIMEZONE_OFFSET` to the provided UTC hour.
- Uses `mktime()` to safe-handle hour overflows. For example, if the GPS says 23:00 UTC and your offset is +2, the date automatically moves on to the next day.
- Resets the millisecond counter (`last_second_ms`) to zero, ensuring the next software "tick" happens exactly 1 second after this sync occurs.

• Parameters

in	<i>year</i>	Full year (e.g., 2026).
in	<i>month</i>	Month number (1-12).
in	<i>day</i>	Day of the month (1-31).
in	<i>hour</i>	UTC Hour (0-23).
in	<i>min</i>	Minute (0-59).
in	<i>sec</i>	Second (0-59).

6.18.2.4 time_manager_update()

```
bool time_manager_update (
    void ) [extern]
```

Ticks the internal clock forward.

This function checks the system's millisecond timer. If 1000ms have passed since the last tick, it increments the internal `raw_seconds` counter and updates the reference timer. This function is non-blocking and is designed to be called frequently inside the main `while(1)` loop.

Returns

- `true` If a full second has passed during this call (useful for triggering 1Hz events like LED blinks).
- `false` If less than 1 second has passed since the last update.

6.19 time_manager.h

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001
00013
00014 #ifndef TIME_MANAGER_H
00015 #define TIME_MANAGER_H
00016
00017 #include <stdint.h>
00018 #include <stdbool.h>
00019 #include <time.h>
00020
00021 // DATA STRUCTURES
00022
00027 typedef struct
00028 {
00029     uint16_t year;
00030     uint8_t month;
00031     uint8_t day;
00032     uint8_t hour;
00033     uint8_t min;
00034     uint8_t sec;
00035     uint16_t photo_count;
00036 } current_time_t;
00037
00038 // FUNCTIONS
00039
00046 extern void time_manager_init(void);
00047
00057 extern bool time_manager_update(void);
00058
00066 extern current_time_t* time_manager_get(void);
00067
00083 extern void time_manager_sync(uint16_t year, uint8_t month, uint8_t day, uint8_t hour, uint8_t min,
00084                               uint8_t sec);
00085 #endif
```