

IN4MATX 133: User Interface Software

Lecture:

Device Resources & Sensors

Local Storage

```
ionic cordova plugin add cordova-sqlite-storage
```

```
npm install --save @ionic/storage
```

- Don't forget to add it to your module and inject it!

```
storage.set('name', 'Max');
```

```
// Or to get a key/value pair  
storage.get('age').then((val) => {  
  console.log('Your age is', val);  
});
```

<https://ionicframework.com/docs/building/storage#ionic-storage>

Before We Get Started

- Update on local storage

```
import { Plugins } from '@capacitor/core';  
const { Storage } = Plugins;
```

```
Storage.get({key: 'keyName'}).then((data) => {  
  console.log(data.value);  
});
```

```
Storage.set({key: 'keyName', value: 'value'}).then(() => {  
  console.log("set value");  
});
```

<https://capacitorjs.com/docs/apis/storage>

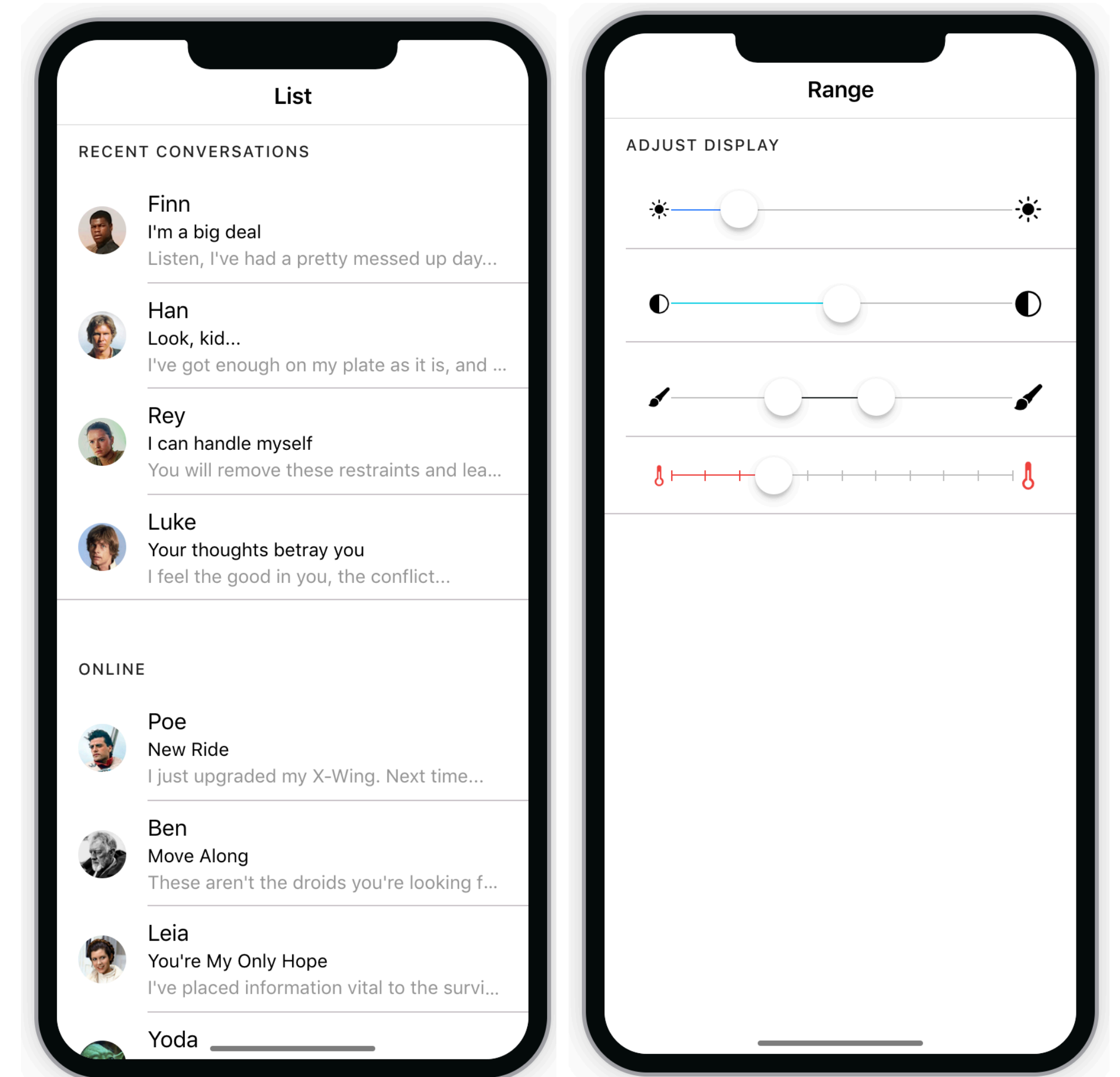
Today's goals

By the end of today, you should be able to...

- Deploy an Ionic project to test an app on a mobile device
- Access device resources using a Capacitor Plugin
- Describe some of the sensors on modern smartphones
- Describe some ways in which sensors can be used

Ionic components

- Ionic provides Angular-style components for a lot of interface elements common in mobile interfaces
- Lists, buttons, sliders, tabs, modal dialogs, search bars, much more



Ionic + Capacitor

- Capacitor Provides libraries for connecting to device resources in the form of **plugins**
- Possible to use Capacitor alongside ionic native wrapping Cordova plugins
- hundreds of plugins
 - official or community
 - some with known issues

<https://ionicframework.com/docs/native/>



Capacitor Setup

- Adding capacitor to an existing Ionic project:
 - > *cd [project folder]*
 - > *ionic integrations enable capacitor*
- Capacitor builds native “projects” based on web build (folder www)
 - > *ionic build*
- After Ionic builds, use Capacitor to create native projects
 - > *ionic capacitor add [android or ios]*
- After each significant code change, need to update native projects:
 - > *ionic capacitor copy [android or ios]*

Ionic and Capacitor Deployment

- The sync command will both copy and update plugins and dependencies for both Android and iOS. Also, “cap” can be used instead of “capacitor”:

> ionic cap sync

- Commands to open native projects using native IDEs

> ionic cap open [android or ios]

- Live reload keeps native IDE in sync with ionic project and updates deployed emulators:

> ionic cap run [android or ios] -l --external

Platform

- Ionic has an injectible service for detecting what platform(s) the app is running on
- Platforms are not mutually exclusive
 - Mobile, iOS, Android
 - iPad, tablet

<https://ionicframework.com/docs/angular/platform>

Capacitor Plugins

- Some (few) are maintained officially
- Others are maintained by the community
- As a result, quality varies immensely
- Features may not work as expected
- Still...depending on plugin, likely better than using Ionic Native or Cordova, which also tend to lag in updates and compliance with newer mobile platform versions

Three Official Capacitor Plugins

- Camera
- Local Notification
- Sharing

There are others, but we will just cover these three.

Taking a Picture

- To use webcam, install PWA lib:
> npm install @ionic/pwa-elements
- Import PWA lib in main.ts

```
import { defineCustomElements } from '@ionic/pwa-elements/loader';  
  
// Call the element loader after the platform has been bootstrapped  
defineCustomElements(window)
```

<https://ionicframework.com/docs/angular/your-first-app/2-taking-photos>

<https://capacitorjs.com/docs/web/pwa-elements>

Taking a Picture

- Import plugins from Capacitor

```
import {  
  Plugins,  
  CameraResultType,  
  CameraPhoto,  
  CameraSource,  
} from '@capacitor/core';  
  
const { Camera } = Plugins;
```

Taking a Picture

```
import { Plugins, CameraResultType } from '@capacitor/core';

const { Camera } = Plugins;

async takePicture() {
  const image = await Camera.getPhoto({
    quality: 90,
    allowEditing: true,
    resultType: CameraResultType.Uri
  });
  // image.webPath will contain a path that can be set as an image src.
  // You can access the original file using image.path, which can be
  // passed to the Filesystem API to read the raw data of the image,
  // if desired (or pass resultType: CameraResultType.Base64 to getPhoto)
  var imageUrl = image.webPath;
  // Can be set to the src of an image now
  imageElement.src = imageUrl;
}
```

<https://capacitorjs.com/docs/apis/camera>

Local Notification

- Goal: send a notification to the phone
- Could be used to remind someone to journal their sleepiness, for example

<https://capacitorjs.com/docs/apis/local-notifications>

Local Notification

- Import Plugin in a service or component

```
import { Plugins } from '@capacitor/core';  
const { LocalNotifications } = Plugins;
```

- Prompt user to authorize notifications:

```
async ngOnInit() {  
    await LocalNotifications.requestPermission();  
}
```


Local Notification

```
import { Plugins } from '@capacitor/core';
const { LocalNotifications } = Plugins;
const notifs = await LocalNotifications.schedule({
  notifications: [
    {
      title: "Title",
      body: "Body",
      id: 1,
      schedule: { at: new Date(Date.now() + 1000 * 5) },
      sound: null,
      attachments: null,
      actionTypeId: "",
      extra: null
    }
  ]
});
console.log('scheduled notifications', notifs)
```

Can schedule
for the future



<https://capacitorjs.com/docs/apis/local-notifications>

Sharing

- Goal: export data from your app to a social app on the device
- Could be used to share photos to Facebook
- Could be used to share text in a text message
- Uses Web Share API

<https://capacitorjs.com/docs/apis/share>

<https://web.dev/web-share/>

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<https://web.dev/web-share/>

Sharing

- Support is “nuanced”
- Use feature detection rather than assume a particular method is supported
- Check out the compatibility list here:
 - https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Navigator/share#browser_compatibility

<https://capacitorjs.com/docs/apis/share>

<https://web.dev/web-share/>

Sharing

- Import Plugin

```
import { Plugins } from '@capacitor/core';  
const { Share } = Plugins;
```

- Call Share.share() method with content to be shared:

```
let shareRet = await Share.share({  
  title: 'See cool stuff',  
  text: 'Really awesome thing you need to see right meow',  
  url: 'http://ionicframework.com/',  
  dialogTitle: 'Share with buddies'  
})
```

<https://capacitorjs.com/docs/apis/share>

<https://web.dev/web-share/>

Demo

Plugin Issues

- There are many issues with Capacitor plugins (see link below)
- Only a limited set of functionalities are enabled
- Plugins may be unreliable

<https://github.com/ionic-team/capacitor/issues>

Premier Plugins

- The company behind Ionic maintains a set of plugins
 - Ionic's team is behind Capacitor
- They are presumably more reliable, but this comes at a cost

<https://capacitorjs.com/enterprise>

Comparing to React Native's Plugins

React Native Libraries

- React Native includes a few libraries for accessing device resources
- Examples:
 - CameraRoll
 - AsyncStorage (device storage)
 - Geolocation (GPS)
- The rest are installed through plugins which look similar to Ionic's

React Native Plugins

- Used and installed in roughly the same way: install and link
 - `npm install react-native-sensors`
 - `react-native link react-native-sensors`
 - `npm install react-native-notification`
 - (notifications require manual linking in Xcode or Android build)

<https://github.com/react-native-sensors/react-native-sensors>

<https://github.com/wix/react-native-notifications>

Question

When might developing a hybrid app be preferable to a native app?

- ☐ (A) When you need to access a lot of native device resources
- ☐ (B) When you don't need any native device resources
- ☐ (C) When you can use well-maintained libraries to access native resources
- ☐ (D) When you need high performance
- ☐ (E) I don't know, this lecture has scared me away from making hybrid apps

Thoughts on native resources

- The state of native support is okay, but improving year to year
- You could fork (copy) a broken or incomplete plugin and patch it yourself
- Is this better or worse than having to write the plugin yourself?
- This is the clear downside to building hybrid apps rather than native
 - Device libraries can't be used directly
 - Either need to rely on community libraries or fill in the missing pieces

Thoughts on native resources

- Hybrid apps and PWAs are already popular for development
- I wouldn't be surprised if it becomes easier to access native resources in the future

Strengths of hybrid apps

- Can share a codebase between web and mobile
- Can save time and effort (sometimes)
- Easily design for various form factors
- Access to some device capabilities

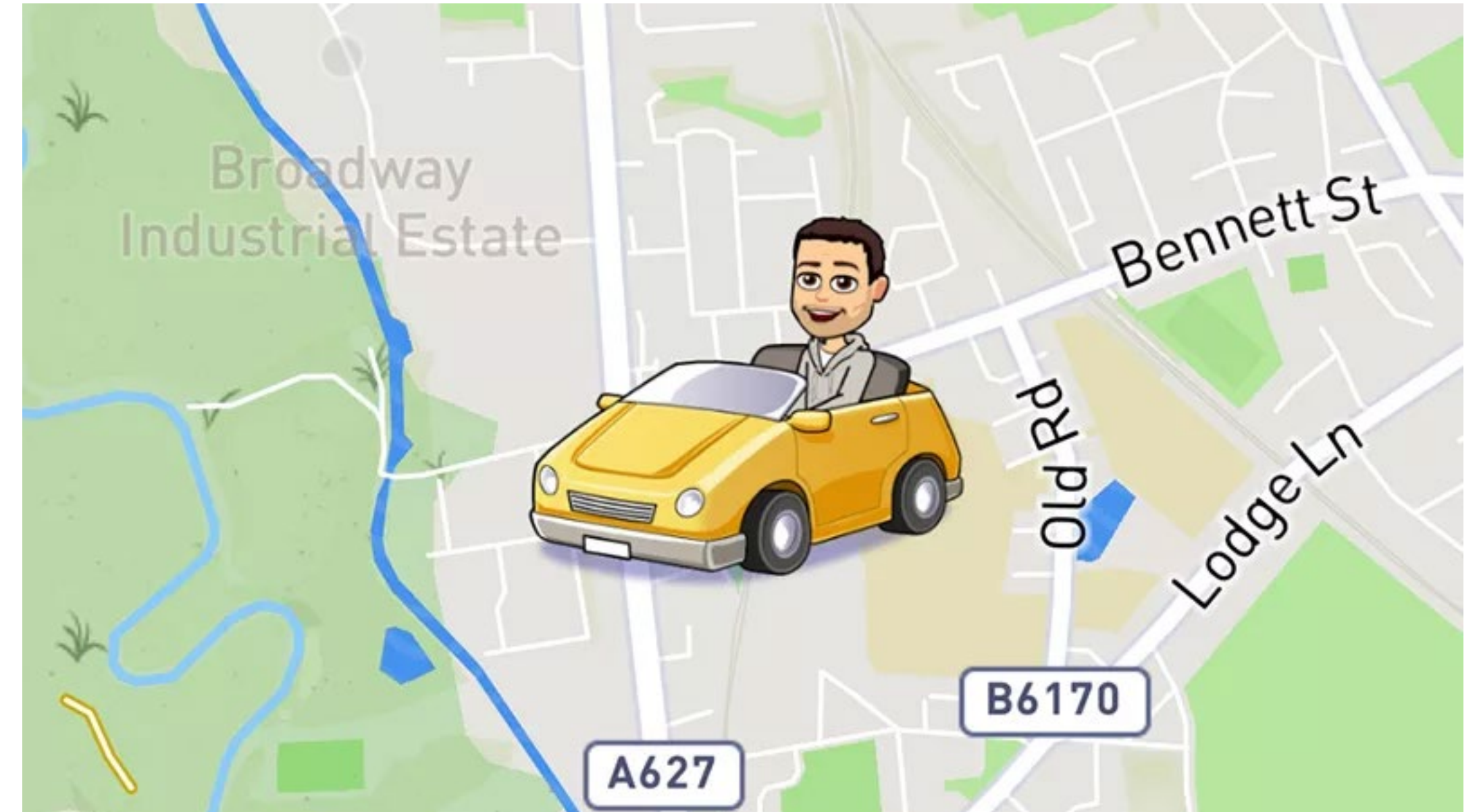
Weaknesses of hybrid apps

- Performance issues
- Inconsistency with platform
- Limited access to device capabilities

**Modern phones include a lot of
sensors**

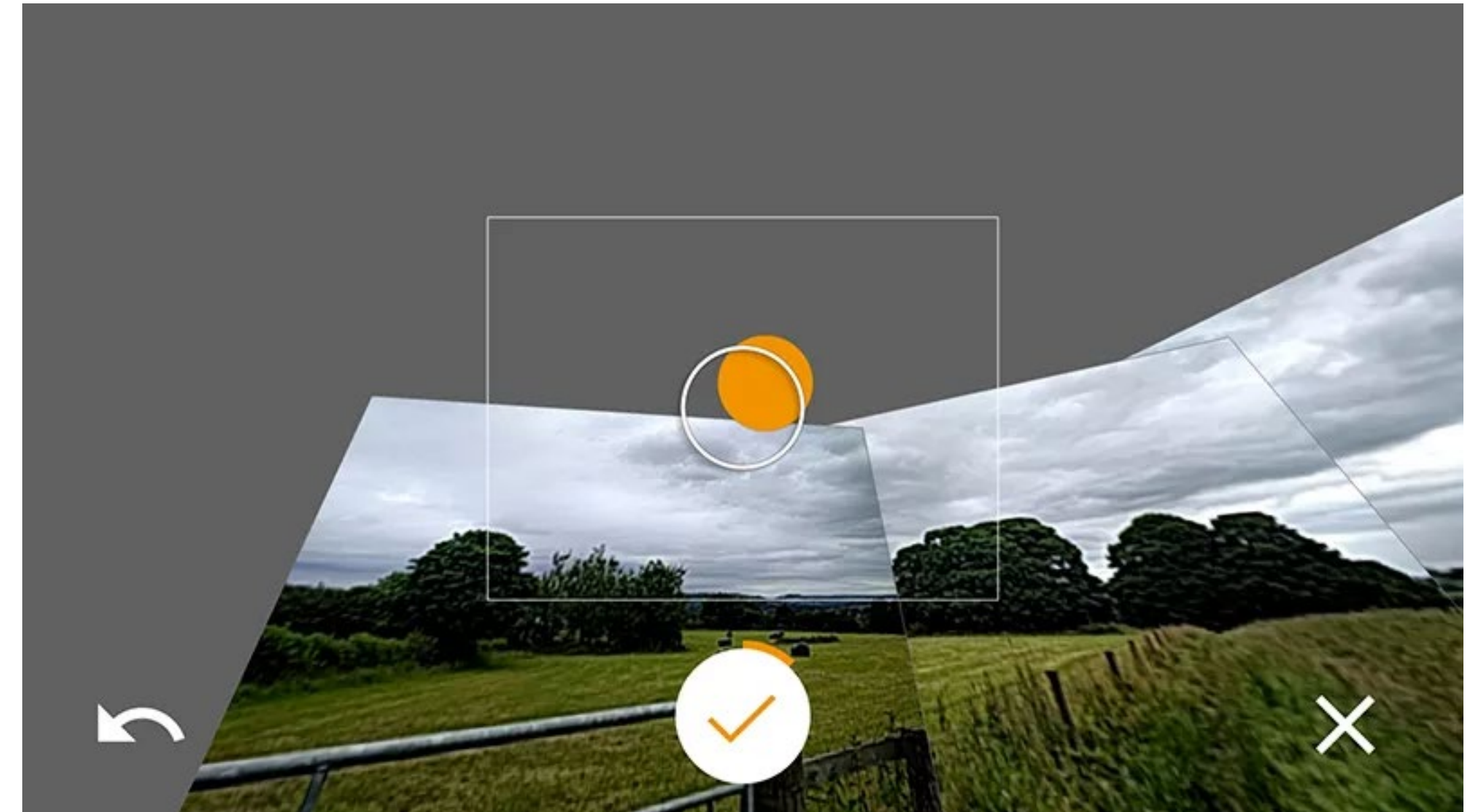
Sensors

- Accelerometers
 - Axis-based motion sensing
 - Measures acceleration in a particular direction



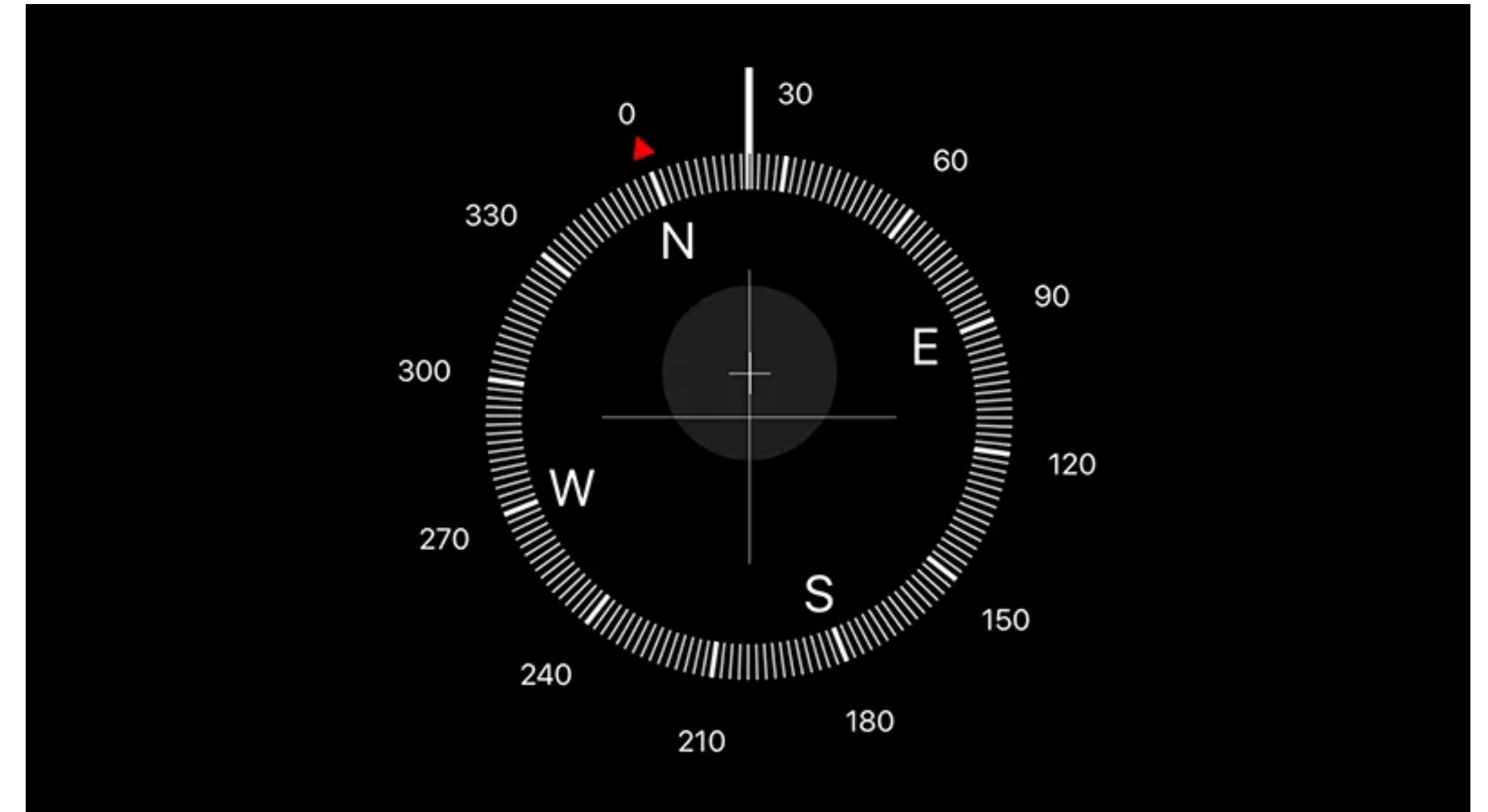
Sensors

- Gyroscope
 - Measures device orientation
 - Can measure device rotation, where accelerometer cannot



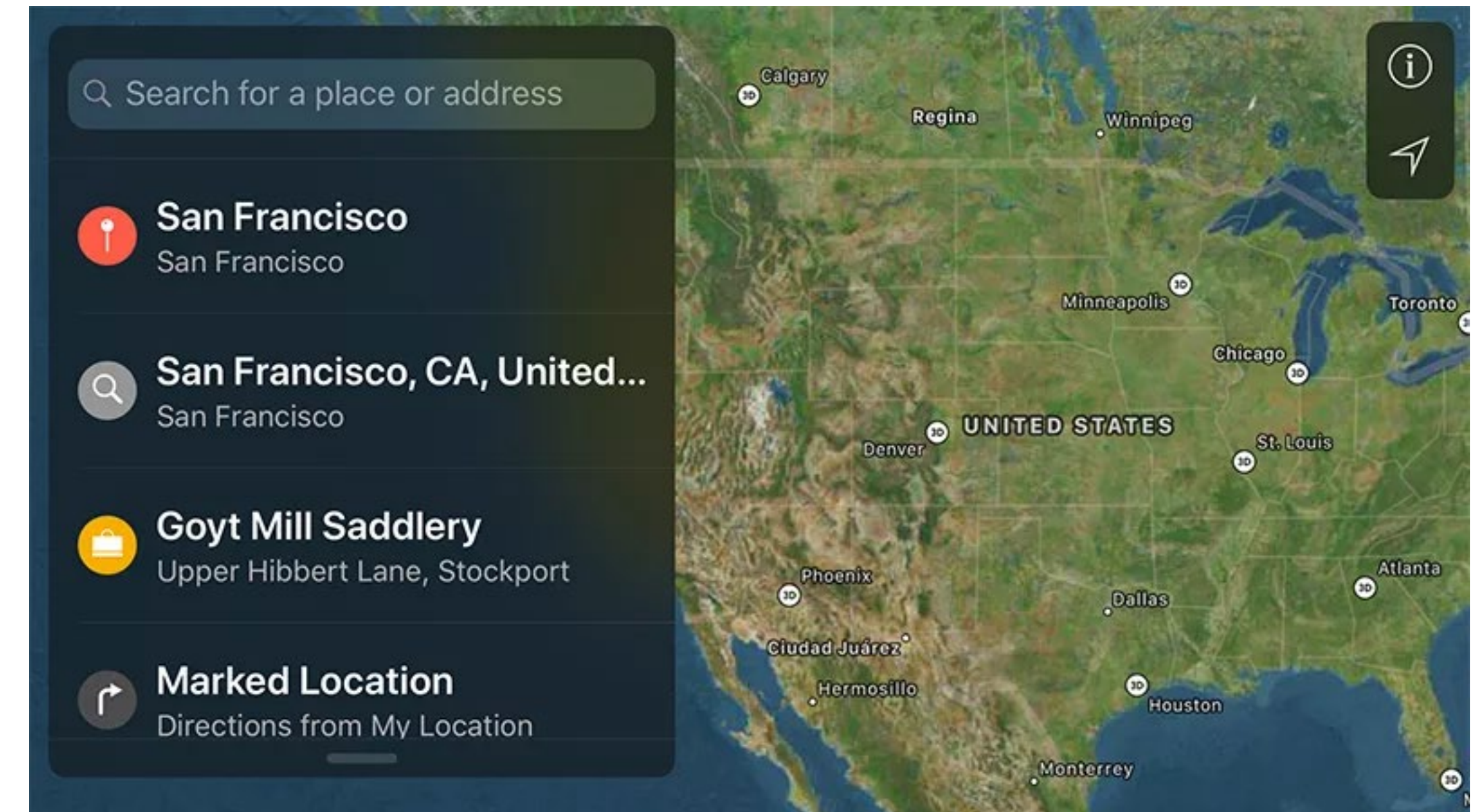
Sensors

- Magnetometer
 - Identifies cardinal direction
 - Can be used together with Gyroscope to create a compass



Sensors

- Global Positioning System (GPS)
 - Identify where on the planet you are
- Navigation in Apple Maps, Google Maps, etc. combines all four sensors



Sensors

- Proximity sensor: how close/far an object is
 - Switches off your screen when it's in your pocket/backpack/purse
- Ambient light: measures how bright a room is
 - Changes screen brightness to accommodate
- Near field communication (NFC): allows nearby objects to communicate
 - Powers Apple Pay, etc.

Sensors

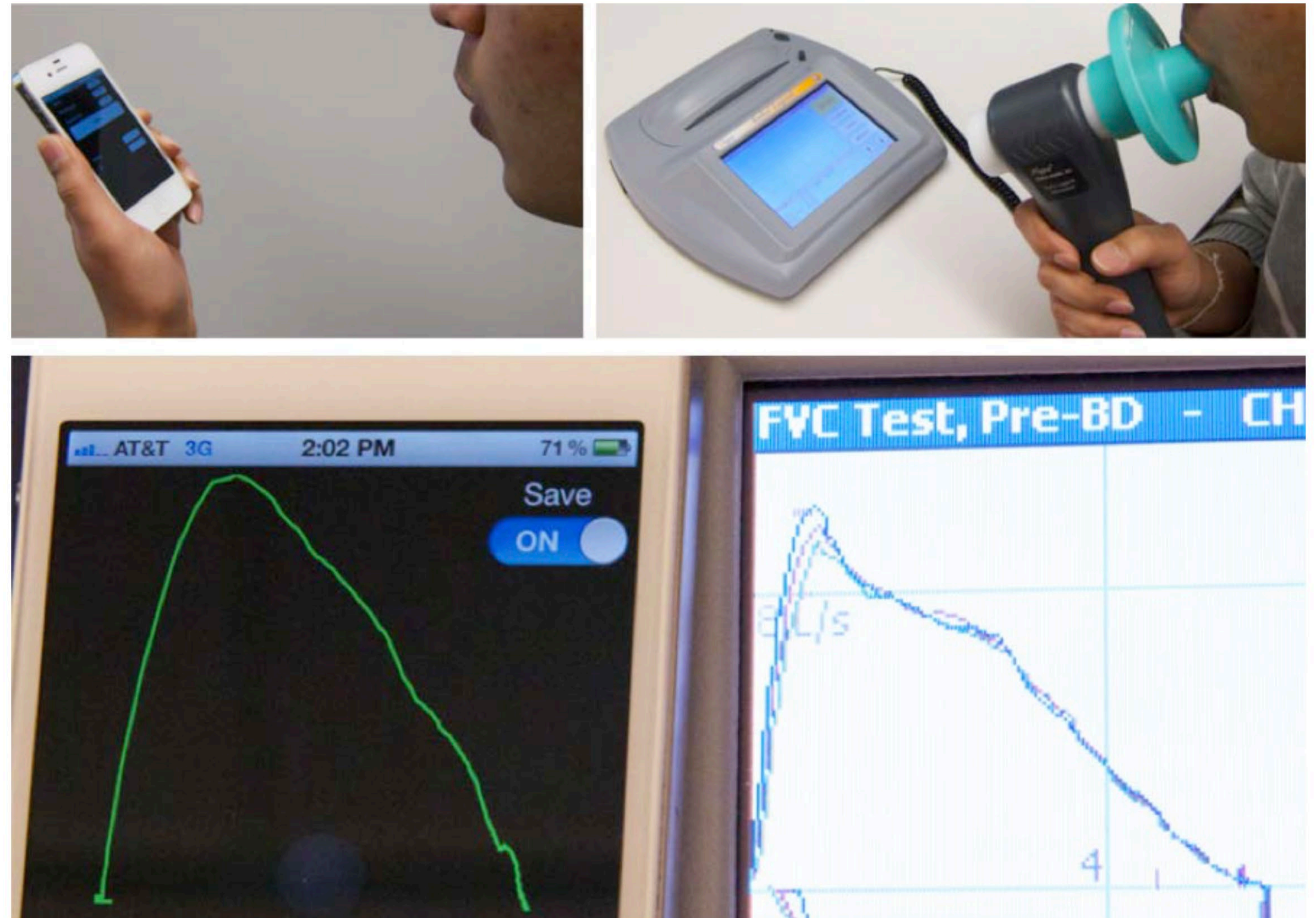
- Sensors can also be re-appropriated
 - Microphone: measure noise, such as for sleep quality
 - Camera: barcode or QR scanner
 - Accelerometer: pedometer
 - Touchscreen: pressure

Appropriating Sensors in Research

Appropriating Sensors in Research

SpiroSmart

- Lung function (asthma/blockage) via a microphone



<https://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=2370261>

Eric C. Larson, Mayank Goel, Gaetano Boriello, Sonya Heltshe, Margaret Rosenfeld, Shwetak N. Patel.

SpiroSmart: Using a Microphone to Measure Lung Function on a Mobile Phone. UbiComp 2012

Appropriating Sensors in Research

BiliCam

- Jaundice in newborns via camera and a calibration card



<https://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=2632076>

Lilian de Greef, Mayank Goel, Min Joon Seo, Eric C. Larson, James W. Stout, James A. Taylor, Shwetak N. Patel.

BiliCam: Using Mobile Phones to Monitor Newborn Jaundice. UbiComp 2014

Appropriating Sensors in Research

Why?

- Medical devices are expensive and inaccessible
- Phones are widely available
 - ~40% of the world owns a smartphone today
 - Can enable these tests in lower-resource countries or counties
 - Can enable at-home tests and continuous monitoring
- Regulation is a separate and important issue

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