

**Find an equation for the tangent to the curve at the given point.**

1)  $f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} - x + 7$ ,  $(4, 7)$

A)  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 9$

B)  $y = 7$

C)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 7$

D)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 9$

1) \_\_\_\_\_

**Calculate the derivative of the function. Then find the value of the derivative as specified.**

2)  $f(x) = \frac{8}{x+2}$ ;  $f'(0)$

A)  $f'(x) = -8(x+2)^2$ ;  $f'(0) = -32$

B)  $f'(x) = 8$ ;  $f'(0) = 8$

C)  $f'(x) = -\frac{8}{(x+2)^2}$ ;  $f'(0) = -2$

D)  $f'(x) = \frac{8}{(x+2)^2}$ ;  $f'(0) = 2$

2) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the derivative.**

3)  $y = \frac{1}{7x^2} + \frac{1}{7x}$

A)  $-\frac{2}{7x} - \frac{1}{7x^2}$

B)  $\frac{2}{7x^3} + \frac{1}{7x^2}$

C)  $-\frac{1}{7x^3} + \frac{1}{7x^2}$

D)  $-\frac{2}{7x^3} - \frac{1}{7x^2}$

3) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find  $y'$ .**

4)  $y = (x^2 - 2x + 2)(2x^3 - x^2 + 5)$

A)  $2x^4 - 20x^3 + 18x^2 + 6x - 10$

B)  $10x^4 - 16x^3 + 18x^2 + 6x - 10$

C)  $10x^4 - 20x^3 + 18x^2 + 6x - 10$

D)  $2x^4 - 16x^3 + 18x^2 + 6x - 10$

4) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the derivative.**

5)  $s = \frac{8e^t}{2e^t + 1}$

A)  $\frac{8e^t}{(2e^t + 1)}$

B)  $\frac{8e^t}{(2e^t + 1)^3}$

C)  $\frac{8e^t}{(2e^t + 1)^2}$

D)  $\frac{e^t}{(2e^t + 1)^2}$

5) \_\_\_\_\_

**Provide an appropriate response.**

6) Find all points  $(x, y)$  on the graph of  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x$  with tangent lines parallel to the line  $y = 5x + 3$ .

A)  $(2, 8)$

B)  $(0, 0), (2, 2)$

C)  $(2, 2)$

D)  $(4, 2)$

6) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the derivative.**

7)  $y = (\csc x + \cot x)(\csc x - \cot x)$

A)  $y' = 1$

B)  $y' = -\csc^2 x$

C)  $y' = -\csc x \cot x$

D)  $y' = 0$

7) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the indicated derivative.**

8) Find  $y''$  if  $y = 7x \sin x$ .

A)  $y'' = -14 \cos x + 7x \sin x$

B)  $y'' = -7x \sin x$

C)  $y'' = 7 \cos x - 14x \sin x$

D)  $y'' = 14 \cos x - 7x \sin x$

8) \_\_\_\_\_

**Solve the problem.**

9) Find all points on the curve  $y = \sin x$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ , where the tangent line is parallel to the line

9) \_\_\_\_\_

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x.$$

A)  $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{1}{2}\right), \left(\frac{11\pi}{6}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$   
 C)  $\left(\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right), \left(\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$

B)  $\left(\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right), \left(\frac{5\pi}{3}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$   
 D)  $\left(\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right), \left(\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

10) Find the tangent to  $y = \cot x$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

10) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y = 2x - \frac{\pi}{2} + 1$

B)  $y = -2x + \frac{\pi}{2} + 1$

C)  $y = 2x + 1$

D)  $y = -2x + \frac{\pi}{2}$

**Find the derivative of the function.**

11)  $y = x^5 \cos x - 6x \sin x - 6 \cos x$

11) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $x^5 \sin x - 5x^4 \cos x + 6x \cos x$

B)  $-5x^4 \sin x - 6 \cos x + 6 \sin x$

C)  $-x^5 \sin x + 5x^4 \cos x - 6x \cos x$

D)  $-x^5 \sin x + 5x^4 \cos x - 6x \cos x - 12 \sin x$

12)  $r = (\sec \theta + \tan \theta)^{-5}$

12) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $-5(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)^{-6}(\tan^2 \theta + \sec \theta \tan \theta)$

B)  $\frac{-5 \sec \theta}{(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)^5}$

C)  $-5(\sec \theta \tan \theta + \sec^2 \theta)^{-6}$

D)  $-5(\sec \theta + \tan \theta)^{-6}$

**Find  $dy/dt$ .**

13)  $y = (e^{\cos(t/9)})^4$

13) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $\frac{4}{9} \cos\left(\frac{t}{9}\right) e^4 \cos(t/9)$

B)  $-\frac{4}{9}(e^{\sin(t/9)})^3$

C)  $\frac{4}{9} \sin\left(\frac{t}{9}\right) e^3 \cos(t/9)$

D)  $-\frac{4}{9} \sin\left(\frac{t}{9}\right) e^4 \cos(t/9)$

**Provide an appropriate response.**

14) Find  $y'$  for  $y = y(x)$  defined implicitly by  $5y^2 - 8x^4 + 3 = 0$ , and evaluate  $y'$  at  $(x, y) = (1, 1)$ .

14) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $y' = \frac{11x^2}{5y^2}; y'|_{(1, 1)} = \frac{11}{5}$

B)  $y' = \frac{16x^2}{5y^2}; y'|_{(1, 1)} = \frac{16}{5}$

C)  $y' = \frac{16x^3}{5y}; y'|_{(1, 1)} = \frac{16}{5}$

D)  $y' = \frac{11x^3}{5y}; y'|_{(1, 1)} = \frac{11}{5}$

**Use implicit differentiation to find  $dy/dx$ .**

15)  $y\sqrt{x+1} = 4$

15) \_\_\_\_\_

A)  $\frac{y}{2(x+1)}$

B)  $-\frac{2y}{x+1}$

C)  $-\frac{y}{2(x+1)}$

D)  $\frac{2y}{x+1}$

Find the derivative of y with respect to x, t, or  $\theta$ , as appropriate.

16)  $y = \ln(\ln 7x)$

A)  $\frac{1}{\ln 7x}$

B)  $\frac{1}{x}$

C)  $\frac{1}{7x}$

D)  $\frac{1}{x \ln 7x}$

16) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the derivative of y with respect to x.

17)  $y = \cos^{-1}(9x^2 + 4)$

A)  $\frac{9}{\sqrt{1 + (9x^2 + 4)^2}}$

B)  $\frac{-18x}{\sqrt{1 - (9x^2 + 4)^2}}$

C)  $\frac{18x}{\sqrt{1 - (9x^2 + 4)^2}}$

D)  $\frac{18x}{1 + (9x^2 + 4)^2}$

17) \_\_\_\_\_

18)  $y = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x^4}\right)$

A)  $\frac{-4}{x\sqrt{1 - x^8}}$

B)  $\frac{-4}{1 + x^8}$

C)  $\frac{-4}{x\sqrt{x^8 - 1}}$

D)  $\frac{-4x^4}{\sqrt{1 - x^8}}$

18) \_\_\_\_\_

19)  $y = \sin^{-1}(e^{3t})$

A)  $\frac{e^{3t}}{\sqrt{1 - e^{6t}}}$

B)  $\frac{-3e^{3t}}{\sqrt{1 - e^{6t}}}$

C)  $\frac{3e^{3t}}{\sqrt{1 - e^{9t}}}$

D)  $\frac{3e^{3t}}{\sqrt{1 - e^{6t}}}$

19) \_\_\_\_\_

Find the derivative of the function.

20)  $y = \log_5(3x^2 - 2x)^{5/2}$

A)  $\frac{5}{\ln 5(3x^2 - 2x)}$

B)  $\frac{5(3x - 1)}{\ln 5(3x^2 - 2x)}$

C)  $\frac{\ln 5(3x - 1)}{(3x^2 - 2x)}$

D)  $\frac{10(3x - 1)}{\ln 5(3x^2 - 2x)}$

20) \_\_\_\_\_

21)  $y = 3 \ln \sin^2 4x$

A)  $24 \cot 4x$

B)  $\frac{6}{\ln \sin 4x}$

C)  $8 \tan 4x$

D)  $\frac{24}{\sin 4x}$

21) \_\_\_\_\_

Use logarithmic differentiation to find the derivative of y with respect to the independent variable.

22)  $y = x^6 \sin x$

A)  $6x^6 \sin x \left( \cos x \ln x + \frac{\sin x}{x} \right)$

B)  $6 \sin x \ln x$

C)  $x \sin x \left( \cos x \ln x + \frac{\sin x}{x} \right)$

D)  $6 \cos x \ln x + \frac{\sin x}{x}$

22) \_\_\_\_\_