Matematika pro fyziky 1: The X-Files 👽



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1 ???

$$egin{align} m{p},m{q} \in \mathbb{R}^2 & H = \left\|m{p}
ight\|^2 + \left\|m{q}
ight\|^2 \ \\ \dot{q}_j = rac{\partial H}{\partial p_j} & \dot{p}_j = -rac{\partial H}{\partial q_j} + (-1)^j \zeta \left(rac{\partial H}{\partial p_1} - rac{\partial H}{\partial p_2}
ight) \ \end{aligned}$$

2

2.1

$$\boldsymbol{v} = \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{q} \\ \boldsymbol{p} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} q_1 \\ q_2 \\ p_1 \\ p_2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \dot{\boldsymbol{v}} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_1} \\ -\frac{\partial H}{\partial q_1} - \zeta \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_1} - \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_2} \\ -\frac{\partial H}{\partial q_2} + \zeta \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_1} - \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_2} \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = 2 \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & -\zeta & \zeta \\ 0 & -1 & \zeta & -\zeta \end{pmatrix}}_{M} \boldsymbol{v}$$

$$\dot{\boldsymbol{v}} = M\boldsymbol{v} \implies \boldsymbol{v} = \exp(tM)\boldsymbol{v_0}, \quad \boldsymbol{v_0} \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$\exp(tM) = ?$ 2.2

$$tM = P^{-1} J P$$

$$2t \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & -\zeta & \zeta \\ 0 & -1 & \zeta & -\zeta \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} i & -i & \frac{1}{\zeta + \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} & \frac{1}{\zeta - \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} \\ i & -i & -\frac{1}{\zeta + \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} & \frac{1}{-\zeta + \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}}_{P^{-1}}$$

$$\frac{\begin{pmatrix} -2it & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2it & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2t \left(\zeta + \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}\right) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2t \left(-\zeta + \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}\right) \end{pmatrix}}_{J}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} -i & -i & 1 & 1 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} & -\frac{\zeta}{\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} - 1 & \frac{\zeta}{\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} + 1 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} & \frac{\zeta}{\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} - 1 & -\frac{\zeta}{\sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}} + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\exp(tM) = \exp(P^{-1}JP) = P^{-1}\exp(J)P$$

$$\exp(tM) = P^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-2it} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{2it} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{-2t\left(\zeta + \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}\right)} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{-2t\left(\zeta - \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}\right)} \end{pmatrix} P$$

$$\exp(tM) = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{c_1 + \frac{1}{c_2 + \frac{1}{c_3 + + \frac{1}{c_3 + \frac{1}{c$$

$$\exp(tM)|_{\zeta=0} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(2t) & 0 & \sin(2t) & 0\\ 0 & \cos(2t) & 0 & \sin(2t)\\ -\sin(2t) & 0 & \cos(2t) & 0\\ 0 & -\sin(2t) & 0 & \cos(2t) \end{pmatrix}$$

$2.3 \qquad \det \exp(tM) = ?$

$$\det \exp(tM) = \exp \operatorname{Tr}(tM) = \exp \left(t \operatorname{Tr}(M) \right) = \exp \left(2t \left(-2\zeta \right) \right) = \exp(-4t\zeta)$$

$$\zeta = 0 \quad \Longrightarrow \quad \det \exp(tM) = 1 \quad \Longrightarrow \quad \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \iiint_{\Omega(t)} \mathrm{d}q_1 \; \mathrm{d}q_2 \; \mathrm{d}p_1 \; \mathrm{d}p_2 = 0$$

2.4 $p(t)|_{\zeta=0}, q(t)|_{\zeta=0} = ?$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{q}|_{\zeta=0} \\ \boldsymbol{p}|_{\zeta=0} \end{pmatrix} = \exp(tM) \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{q_0} \\ \boldsymbol{p_0} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} q_1(t) \\ q_2(t) \\ p_1(t) \\ p_2(t) \end{pmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \cos(2t) & 0 & \sin(2t) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(2t) & 0 & \sin(2t) \\ -\sin(2t) & 0 & \cos(2t) & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin(2t) & 0 & \cos(2t) \end{vmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} q_{10} \\ q_{20} \\ p_{10} \\ p_{20} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$q_1(t)|_{\zeta=0} = p_{10}\sin(2t) + q_{10}\cos(2t)$$

$$q_2(t)|_{\zeta=0} = p_{20}\sin(2t) + q_{20}\cos(2t)$$

$$p_1(t)|_{\zeta=0} = p_{10}\cos(2t) - q_{10}\sin(2t)$$

$$p_2(t)|_{\zeta=0} = p_{20}\cos(2t) - q_{20}\sin(2t)$$

$2.5 \quad \textit{MichalGrňo} = ?$

