Enhanced version of Ethereum blockchain Consensus based on

majority voting & time based mechanisms

Permissions at node level is governed by smart contracts

It is a Self amending cryptographic ledger

It also allows consensus on how the protocol & nodes are evolved with time

Based on seed protocol; allows stakeholders on network to approve any changes to the protocol

> **Decentralised & Distributed Storage**

> > Based on distributed hash tables

Files are dissected into pieces; Sharding

Maidsafe is a similar system as storj with new concepts such as churning & opportunistic caching

6. Quorum

5. Tezos

4. Storj

Chapter 10

Alternative Blockchains

Based on Scalable BFT Consensus Protocol

Pact is the the Turing incomplete language used in it

Key rotation for Security

> Symmetric on chain encryption

Private Blockchain using incremental hashing

Currency exchange & RTGS System

Native Currency is XRP

Composed of user and validator nodes

Consensus by seeking verification & acceptance from validating servers in an iterative manner till adequate no of votes are achieved

Drive Chains

Where control on unlocking the locked bitcoins in main chain is given to miners who can vote to when to unlock them

3. Rootstock

1. Kadena

2. Ripple

It is smart contract platform based on concept such as

Two Way Pegging

A way by which value can be transferred b/w two blockchains

Side chains

Runs parallel to main blockchain and allows transfer of value between them