

1.

$$a) \quad 3a_{n+1} - 5a_n = 0$$

$$3r - 5 = 0 \quad r_1 = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$RS: a_n = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^n$$

$$RO: C \cdot \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^n$$

$$3 \cdot C \cdot \frac{5^{n+1}}{3^{n+1}} - 5 \cdot C \cdot \frac{5^n}{3^n} = 5 \cdot \frac{5^n}{3^n} C - 5 \cdot \frac{5^n}{3^n} C = 0$$

$$b) \quad a_{n+2} = 6a_{n+1} - 8a_n$$

$$a_{n+2} - 6a_{n+1} + 8a_n = 0$$

$$r^2 - 6r + 8 = 0$$

$$r^2 - 4r - 2r + 8 = r(r-4) - 2(r-4) = (r-2)(r-4)$$

$$a_n = 2^n \quad \vee \quad a_n = 4^n$$

$$RO: a_n = C_1 2^n + C_2 4^n$$

$$L = C_1 \cdot 2^{n+2} + C_2 \cdot 4^{n+2} = 4C_1 2^n + 16C_2 4^n$$

$$R = 6[C_1 2^{n+1} + C_2 4^{n+1}] - 8[C_1 2^n + C_2 4^n]$$

$$= 12C_1 2^n + 24C_2 4^n - 8C_1 2^n - 8C_2 4^n$$

$$= 4C_1 2^n + 16C_2 4^n$$

$$L = R$$

$$c) \quad a_{n+2} = 6a_{n+1} - 5a_n$$

$$a_{n+2} - 6a_{n+1} + 5a_n = 0$$

$$r^2 - 6r + 5 = r^2 - 5r - r + 5 = (r-1)(r-5) = 0$$

$$RS: a_n = 1^n \quad \vee \quad a_n = 5^n$$

$$RO: a_n = C_1 + C_2 5^n$$

$$L = C_1 + 25C_2 \cdot 5^n$$

$$R = 6[C_1 + 5C_2 \cdot 5^n] - 5[C_1 + C_2 \cdot 5^n]$$

$$= C_1 + 25C_2 \cdot 5^n$$

$$L = R$$

$$d) \quad a_{n+2} = 6a_{n+1} - 9a_n$$

$$a_{n+2} - 6a_{n+1} + 9a_n = 0$$

$$r^2 - 6r + 9 = (r-3)^2 = 0$$

$$RS: a_n = 3^n \quad \vee \quad a_n = n3^n$$

$$RO: a_n = C_1 \cdot 3^n + C_2 \cdot n3^n$$

$$C_1 \cdot 3^{n+2} + C_2 \cdot (n+2) \cdot 3^{n+2} - 6[C_1 \cdot 3^{n+1} + C_2 \cdot (n+1) \cdot 3^{n+1}] + 9[C_1 \cdot 3^n + C_2 \cdot n \cdot 3^n]$$

$$9C_1 \cdot 3^n + 9nC_2 \cdot 3^n + 18C_2 \cdot 3^n - 18C_1 \cdot 3^n - 18nC_2 \cdot 3^n - 18C_2 \cdot 3^n + 9C_1 \cdot 3^n + 9nC_2 \cdot 3^n = 0$$

$$e) \quad a_{n+2} = 6a_{n+1} - 10a_n$$

$$a_{n+2} - 6a_{n+1} + 10a_n = 0$$

$$r^2 - 6r + 10 = 0 \quad \Delta = 36 - 40 = -4$$

$$r_1 = \frac{6+2i}{2} = 3+i \quad r_2 = 3-i$$

$$RS: a_n = (3+i)^n \quad \vee \quad a_n = (3-i)^n$$

$$RO: a_n = C_1 (3+i)^n + C_2 (3-i)^n$$

$$f) \quad a_{n+2} = 2a_{n+1} - a_n$$

$$a_{n+2} - 2a_{n+1} + a_n = 0$$

$$r^2 - 2r + 1 = (r-1)^2 = 0$$

$$RS: a_n = 1^n \quad \vee \quad a_n = n \cdot 1^n$$

$$RO: C_1 + C_2 n$$

$$C_1 + C_2(n+2) - 2[C_1 + C_2(n+1)] + C_1 + C_2 n$$

$$= C_1 + nC_2 + 2C_2 - 2C_1 - 2nC_2 - 2C_2 + C_1 + C_2 n = 0$$

2.

$$a) \quad 3a_{n+1} - 5a_n = 5^n - 3^n + 2^{n+1} - 4$$

$$3r - 5 = 0$$

$$\text{RSRJ: } a_n = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^n$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = C_1 \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^n$$

RSRN:

$$a_n = A \cdot 5^n - B \cdot 3^n + C \cdot 2^n + D$$

$$3a_{n+1} - 5a_n = 15A \cdot 5^n - 5B \cdot 3^n + 6C \cdot 2^n + 3D$$

$$\quad \quad \quad 5^n \quad \quad -3^n \quad \quad +2 \cdot 2^n - 4$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{15} \cdot 5^n - \frac{1}{5} \cdot 3^n + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2^n - \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\text{RORN: } a_n = \frac{1}{15} \cdot 5^n - \frac{1}{5} \cdot 3^n + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2^n - \frac{4}{3} + C_1 \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^n$$

$$b) \quad a_{n+1} - a_n = n+1$$

RSRJ:

$$r-1=0$$

$$a_n = 1^n$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = C$$

RSRN:

$$a_n = An^2 + Bn + C$$

$$a_{n+1} - a_n = A(n+1)^2 + B(n+1) + C - An^2 - Bn - C$$

$$= \cancel{An^2} + 2An + A + \cancel{Bn} + B + \cancel{C} - \cancel{An^2} - \cancel{Bn} - \cancel{C}$$

$$n+1 = 2An + (A+B)$$

$$\begin{cases} 1 = 2A & A = \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 = A+B & B = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2}n^2 + \frac{1}{2}n = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$$

$$\text{RORJ: } \frac{1}{2}n(n+1) + C$$

$$c) \quad a_{n+1} - a_n = (n+1)^2$$

$$r-1=0$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = C$$

RSRN:

$$(n+1)^2 = 1^n \cdot (n^2 + 2n + 1) \quad \text{1-tytuły przewidywalne wielomianu charakterystycznego}$$

$$a_n = n^4 \cdot (An^2 + Bn + C)$$

$$a_{n+1} - a_n = A(n+1)^3 + B(n+1)^2 + C(n+1) - An^3 - Bn^2 - Cn$$

$$= \cancel{An^3} + 3An^2 + 3An + A + \cancel{Bn^2} + 2Bn + B + \cancel{Cn} + C - \cancel{An^3} - \cancel{Bn^2} - \cancel{Cn}$$

$$n^2 + 2n + 1 = 3An^2 + (3A + 2B)n + (A + B + C)$$

$$\begin{cases} 1 = 3A \\ 2 = 3A + 2B \\ 1 = A + B + C \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} A = \frac{1}{3} \\ B = \frac{1}{2} \\ C = \frac{1}{6} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{RORN: } a_n = \frac{1}{3}n^3 + \frac{1}{2}n^2 + \frac{1}{6}n + C$$

$$d) a_{n+2} - 6a_{n+1} + 8a_n = 3^n + 1$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = C_1 2^n + C_2 4^n$$

RSRN:

$$a_n = A \cdot 3^n + B$$

$$a_{n+2} - 6a_{n+1} + 8a_n = 3^{n+2} + 1 = 9A \cdot 3^n + 9B - 6(3A \cdot 3^n + 6B) + 8(A \cdot 3^n + B) = -A \cdot 3^n + 3B$$

$$A = -1 \quad B = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{RORN: } -3^n + \frac{1}{3} + C_1 \cdot 2^n + C_2 \cdot 4^n$$

$$e) a_{n+2} - 2a_{n+1} + a_n = 1$$

$$r^2 - 2r + 1 = (r-1)^2 = 0$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = C_1 + C_2 n$$

RSRN:

1 jest 2-brdnym pierwiastkiem

$$a_n = A \cdot n^2$$

$$a_{n+2} - 2a_{n+1} + a_n = A(n+2)^2 - 2A(n+1)^2 + A n^2 = A n^2 + 4A n + 4A - 2A n^2 - 4A n - 2A + A n^2 = 1 = 2A \quad A = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{RORN: } \frac{1}{2} n^2 + C_1 + C_2 n$$

$$f) a_{n+2} = 6a_{n+1} - 5a_n + 1$$

$$a_{n+2} - 6a_{n+1} + 5a_n = 1$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = C_1 + C_2 5^n$$

RSRN:

$$a_n = A \cdot n^1$$

$$a_{n+2} - 6a_{n+1} + 5a_n = A(n+2) - 6A(n+1) + 5A n = A n + 2A - 6A n - 6A + 5A n = 1 = -4A \quad A = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\text{RORN: } a_n = -\frac{1}{4} n + C_1 + C_2 \cdot 5^n$$

$$g) a_{n+2} = a_{n+1} + a_n + 2^n$$

$$a_{n+2} - a_{n+1} - a_n = 2^n$$

$$r^2 - r - 1 = 0 \quad \Delta = 5$$

$$r_1 = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \quad r_2 = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = C_1 \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n + C_2 \left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n$$

RSRN:

$$a_n = A \cdot 2^n$$

$$a_{n+2} - a_{n+1} - a_n = 4A \cdot 2^n - 2A \cdot 2^n - A \cdot 2^n = A \cdot 2^n = 2^n = A \cdot 2^n$$

$$2^n = A \cdot 2^n$$

$$A = 1$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = 2^n + C_1 \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n + C_2 \left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n$$

$$h) a_{n+2} - 2a_{n+1} + a_n = n$$

$$(r-1)^2 = 0$$

$$\text{RORJ: } a_n = C_1 + C_2 n$$

RSRN

$$a_n = (An+B) \cdot n^2 = A n^3 + B n^2$$

$$a_{n+2} - 2a_{n+1} + a_n = A(n+2)^3 + B(n+2)^2 - 2A(n+1)^3 - 2B(n+1)^2 + A n^3 + B n^2$$

$$= A n^3 + 6A n^2 + 12A n + 8A + B n^2 + 4B n + 4B$$

$$- 2A n^3 - 6A n^2 - 6A n - 2A - 2B n^2 - 4B n - 2B + A n^3 + B n^2$$

$$n = 6A n + (6A + 2B)$$

$$\begin{cases} 1 = 6A & A = \frac{1}{6} \\ 0 = 6A + 2B & B = -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{RORN: } \frac{1}{6} n^3 - \frac{1}{2} n^2 + C_1 + C_2 n$$

3.

$$a) \begin{cases} a_1 = 0 \\ a_2 = 0 \\ a_{n+2} - 2a_{n+1} + a_n = n \text{ dla } n \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{6}n^3 - \frac{1}{2}n^2 + C_1 + C_2n \quad (\text{zad. 2h})$$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2} + C_1 + C_2 = 0 \quad \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\ 1 & 2 & \frac{2}{3} \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{v_2 - v_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-v_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \end{array} \right] \quad \begin{bmatrix} C_1 \\ C_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_2 = \frac{8}{6} - 2 + C_1 + 2C_2 = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{6}n^3 - \frac{1}{2}n^2 + \frac{1}{3}n$$

b)

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 0 \\ a_1 = 1 \\ a_{n+2} = 2(a_{n+1} - a_n) \text{ dla } n \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$a_{n+2} - 2a_{n+1} + 2a_n = 0$$

$$r^2 - 2r + 2 = 0 \quad \Delta = -4$$

$$r_1 = \frac{2-2i}{2} = 1-i \quad r_2 = 1+i$$

$$a_n = C_1(1-i)^n + C_2(1+i)^n$$

$$a_0 = C_1 + C_2 = 0$$

$$a_1 = C_1(1-i) + C_2(1+i) = 1$$

$$C_2 = -C_1$$

$$C_1(1-i) - C_1(1+i) = 1$$

$$C_1(1-i-1-i) = 1$$

$$-2iC_1 = 1$$

$$C_1 = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{i} = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{i}{i^2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2}i(1-i)^n - \frac{1}{2}i(1+i)^n$$