



$$A \cdot \left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 4 \end{array} \right] \text{ oraz } A \cdot \left[\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 5 \end{array} \right]$$

Obliczyć wielomian charakterystyczny macierzy A oraz wyznaczyć wszystkie wartości i wektory własne tej macierzy.

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & cl \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1a+2b \\ 1c+2d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2a + 1b \\ 2c + 1d \end{bmatrix}$$

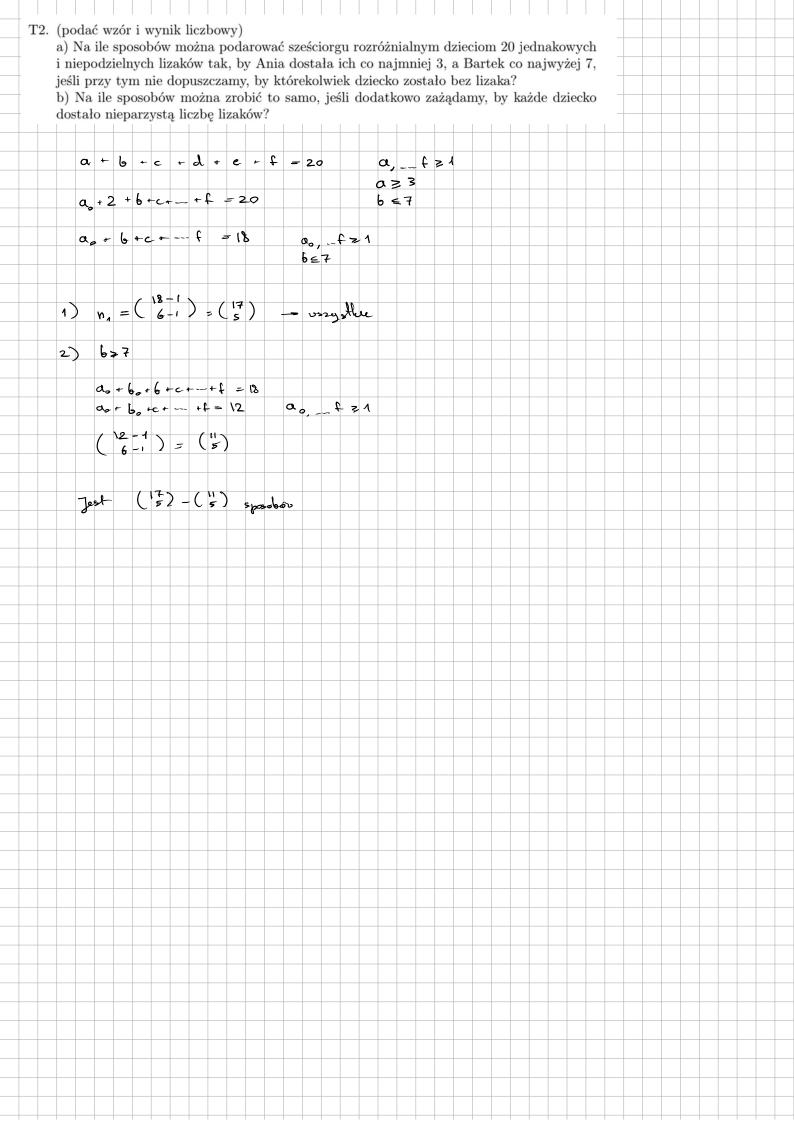
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \chi_{\lambda}(\lambda) = \begin{pmatrix} 1-\lambda \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1-\lambda \end{pmatrix}^2 - 4 - \lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 3 \\ 2 & 1-\lambda & = (\lambda-3)(\lambda+1) \end{array}$$

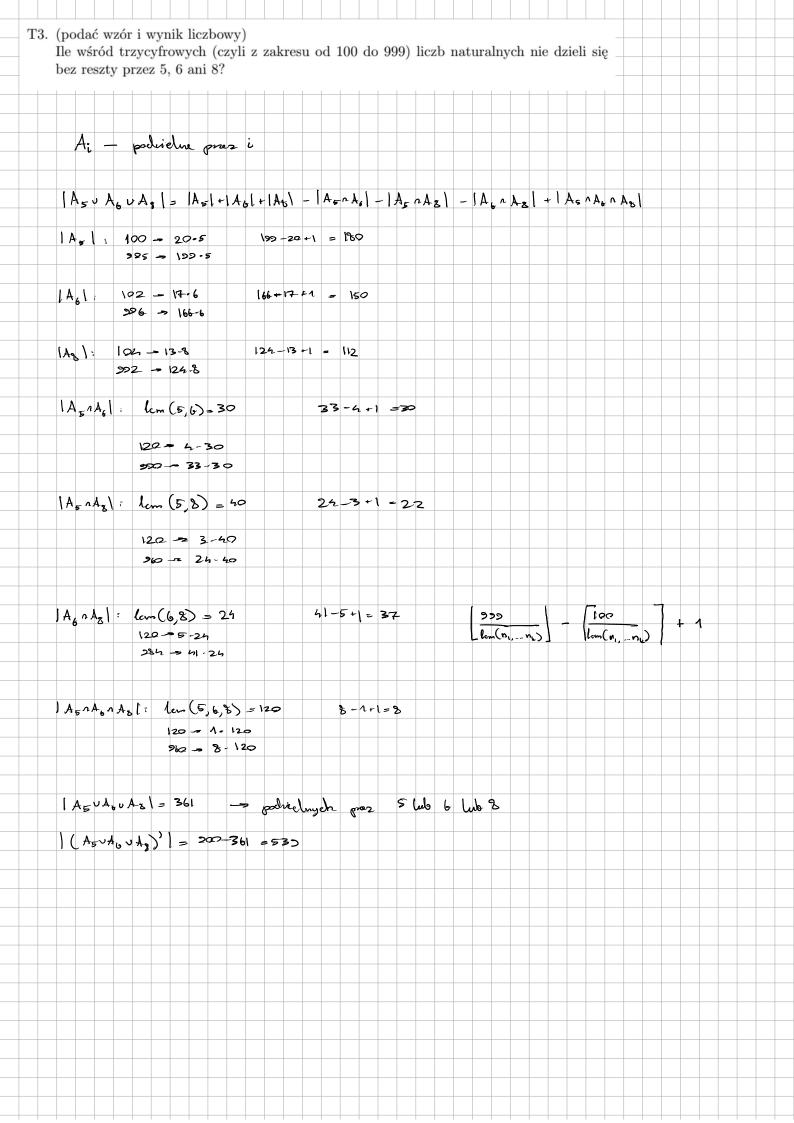
$$\lambda_1 = 3$$
 $\lambda_2 = -1$

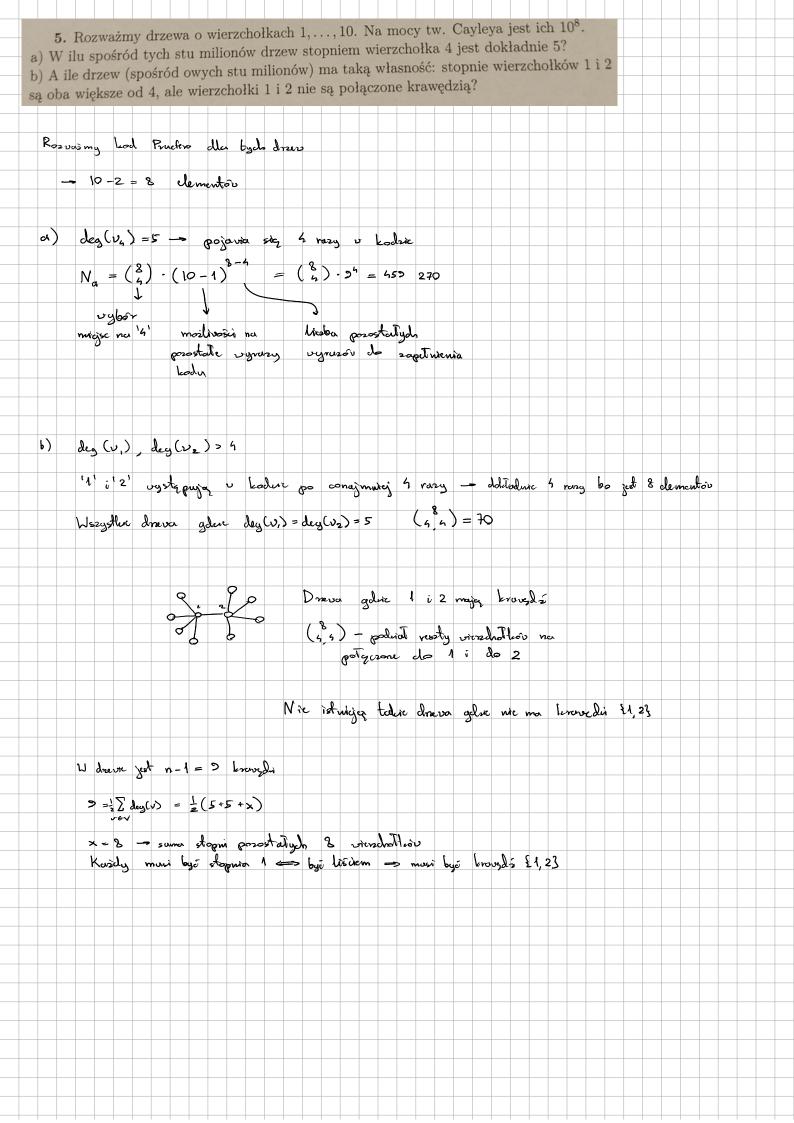
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 - $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ x = y $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

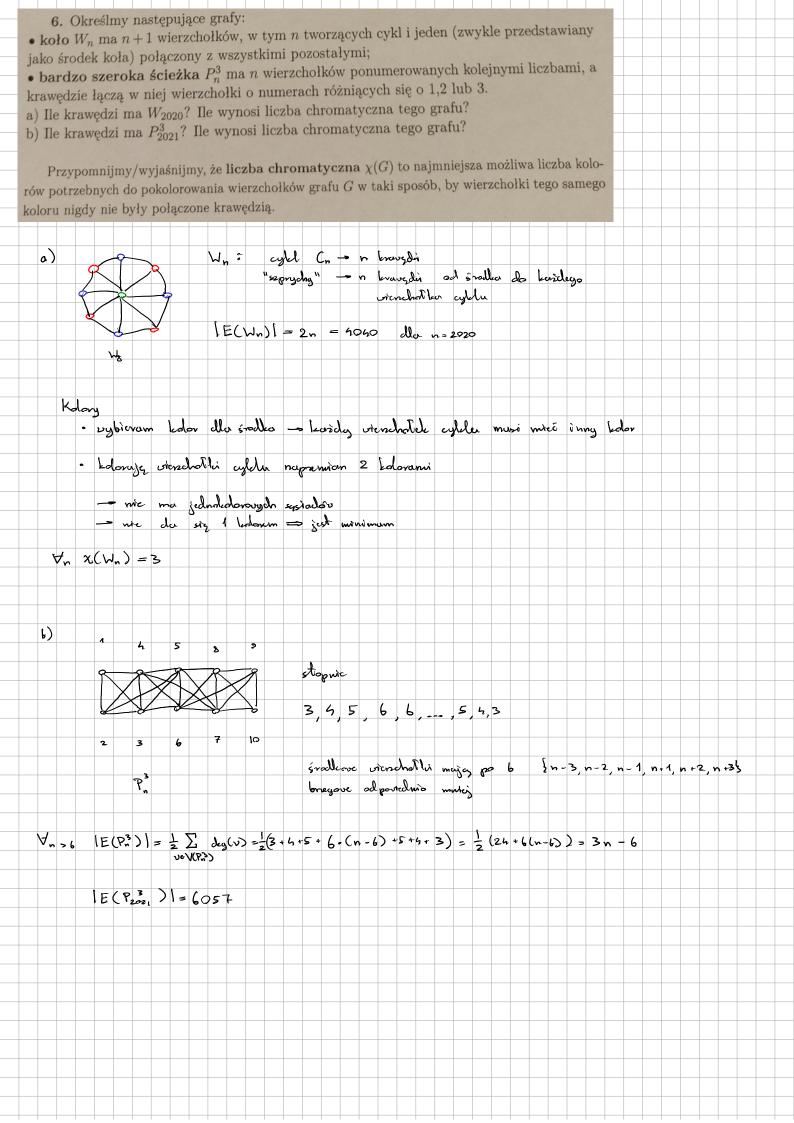
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} -= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \times = 9 \qquad \forall_{3} = spon(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix})$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} -= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \times = -9 \qquad \forall_{-1} = spon(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix})$$









4. Rozwiązać (czyli podać ogólny wzór na
$$\boldsymbol{a}_n)$$

$$\begin{cases} a_0 = 2 \\ a_1 = 1 \\ a_{n+2} = 5a_{n+1} - 6a_n + 2^n - 4 \text{ dla } n \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

i obliczyć a₂₀₂₂.

1)
$$a_{n+2} - 5a_{n+1} + 6a_n = 0$$

$$r^2 - 5r + 6 = r^2 - 2r - 3r + 6 = (r - 2)(r - 3)$$

2)
$$a_{n+2} - 5a_{n+1} + 6a_n = 2^n - 4$$

$$2^{n} - 4 = -2 \cdot 4 \cdot 2^{n} + 2 \cdot B$$

$$A = -\frac{1}{2}$$
 $B = -2$

$$RSRN: a_{n} = -\frac{1}{2}n^{2}n - 2$$

4)
$$a_0 = 2 = C_1 + C_2 - 2$$

$$a_1 = 1 = 2C_1 + 3C_2 - 1 - 2$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 + C_2 = 4 & C_2 = -4 \\ 2C_1 + 3C_2 = 4 & C_4 = 8 \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = 8 - 2^n - 4 \cdot 3^n - \frac{1}{2}n \cdot 2^n - 2$$

5)
$$a_{2020} = 8 - 2^{2020} - 4 \cdot 3^{2020} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2020 - 2^{2020} - 2$$

$$= -1002 \cdot 2^{2020} - 4 \cdot 3^{2020} - 2$$

