

# CMP-5015Y Coursework 1 - C Programming

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## StockItem.h

```

1  /*****
   Description : Implements an abstract data type consisting of an instance of a
3      item struct. Contains all the details to do with an item along
        with a set of interface functions.
5      *****/

7  #ifndef STOCKITEM_H
   #define STOCKITEM_H

9

11 typedef struct ItemStruct
12 {
13     char comType[12];
14     char code[12];
15     int stock;
16     int price;
17     char additional[10];
18 }
   StockItem;

19

21 /*****
   Procedure   : item_new
23 Parameters   : char comType[] - Type of item
                  char code[] - Code of item
25               int stock - Stock for the item
                  int price - Price of the item
27               char additional - Any additional information for the item
   Returns      : StockItem* - pointer to newly created item
29 Description   : Allocate memory for a new Item and initialise it. Generates an
                  error message and the program terminates if insufficient memory
31                  is available.
                  *****/
33 StockItem *item_new(char comType[],char code[], int stock, int price, char
   additional[]);

35 /*****
   Procedure   : item_free
37 Parameters   : StockItem *item - pointer to an item
   Returns      : none
39 Description   : Frees the memory taken by an item.
                  *****/
41 void item_free(StockItem *item);

43 /*****
   Procedure   : item_print
45 Parameters   : StockItem *item - pointer to a StockItem
   Returns      : none
47 Description   : Prints out all of an items details.
                  *****/
49 void item_print(StockItem *item);

51 /*****
   Procedure   : item_getComType
53 Parameters   : StockItem *item - pointer to a StockItem.
   Returns      : item->comType - the comtype of an item.
55 Description   : Accessor function returning the comtype for a StockItem struct.
                  *****/
57 static inline char *item_getComType(StockItem *item)
   {
59     return item->comType;
   }

```

```

61  /*****
63  Procedure      : item_getCode
Parameters      : StockItem *item - pointer to a StockItem.
65  Returns       : item->code - the code of an item.
Description     : Accessor function returning the code for a StockItem struct.
67  *****/
static inline char *item_getCode(StockItem *item)
69  {
    return item->code;
71  }

73  /*****
Procedure      : item_getStock
75  Parameters    : StockItem *item - pointer to a StockItem.
Returns       : item->stock - the stock of an item.
77  Description   : Accessor function returning the stock for a StockItem struct.
*****/
79  static inline int item_getStock(StockItem *item)
{
81  return item->stock;
}

83  /*****
85  Procedure      : item_getPrice
Parameters      : StockItem *item - pointer to a StockItem.
87  Returns       : item->price - the price of an item.
Description     : Accessor function returning the price for a StockItem struct.
89  *****/
static inline int item_getPrice(StockItem *item)
91  {
    return item->price;
93  }

95  /*****
Procedure      : item_getAdditional
97  Parameters    : StockItem *item - pointer to a StockItem.
Returns       : item->additional - the additional information for an item.
99  Description   : Accessor function returning the additional information for a
StockItem struct.
*****/
101 static inline char *item_getAdditional(StockItem *item)
{
103  return item->additional;
}

105 #endif /* STOCKITEM_H */

```

## StockItem.c

```

1  /*****
   Description : Implements an abstract data type consisting of an instance of a
3      item struct. Contains all the details to do with an item along
      with a set of interface functions.
5  *****/
   #include <stdio.h>
7   #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <string.h>
9   #include "StockItem.h"

11
   // creates new stock item instance by allocating memory
13  StockItem *item_new(char comType[], char code[], int stock, int price, char
      additional[])
   {
15      StockItem *item = (StockItem*)malloc(sizeof(StockItem));

17      if (item == NULL)
      {
19          fprintf(stderr, "Error: Unable to allocate "
              "memory in item_new()\n");

21          exit(EXIT_FAILURE);

23      }

25      strcpy(item->comType, comType);
      strcpy(item->code, code);
27      item->stock = stock;
      item->price = price;
29      strcpy(item->additional, additional);

31      return item;
   }

33
   // frees up allocated memory for given item
35  void item_free(StockItem *item)
   {
37      free(item);
   }

39
   // prints a given item
41  void item_print(StockItem *item)
   {
43      printf("%s,%s,%d,%d,%s", item->comType, item->code,
          item->stock, item->price, item->additional);

45  }

```

## Inventory.h

```

1  /*****
   Description : Implements an abstract data type representing a
3      collection of StockItem structs. Includes
           interface functions as well as functions to be
5      used by the main.
   *****/
6  #include "StockItem.h"
7  #ifndef INVENTORY_H
8  #define INVENTORY_H
9
10
11 typedef struct NodeStruct
12 {
13     StockItem *item;
14     struct NodeStruct *next;
15 }
16 Node;
17
18 typedef struct InventoryListStruct
19 {
20     Node *first;
21     Node *last;
22 }
23 InventoryList;
24
25 /*****
   Procedure   : inventoryList_new
26 Parameters   : none
   Returns     : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to newly created Inventory
           List
27 Description : Allocate memory for a new linked list of Stock Items and
           initialise it.
   *****/
28 InventoryList *inventoryList_new();
29
30 /*****
31 Procedure   : inventoryList_add
32 Parameters   : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to Inventory List which
           the item will be added to
           StockItem *item - pointer to a StockItem to be added to the list
33 Returns     : none
34 Description : Inserts an item to the end of the list.
   *****/
35 void inventoryList_add(InventoryList *inventoryList, StockItem *item);
36
37 /*****
38 Procedure   : inventoryList_insert
39 Parameters   : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to Inventory List which
           the item will be added to
           StockItem *item - pointer to the StockItem to be added to the list
40 Returns     : none
41 Description : Inserts an item to the start of the list.
   *****/
42 void inventoryList_insert(InventoryList *inventoryList, StockItem *item);
43
44 /*****
45 Procedure   : inventoryList_length
46 Parameters   : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to a Inventory List
47 Returns     : int - number of items in inventory list.
48 Description : Determines the number of items stored in the inventory list.
   *****/
49 int inventoryList_length(InventoryList *inventoryList);
50

```

```

61  *****
63  Procedure      : inventoryList_clear
Parameters      : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to a Inventory List
65  Returns       : none
Description     : Clears the inventory list.
67  *****
void inventoryList_clear(InventoryList *inventoryList);

69  *****
71  Procedure      : inventoryList_print
Parameters      : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to a Inventory List
73  Returns       : none
Description     : Prints all items in the list.
75  *****
void inventoryList_print(InventoryList *inventoryList);

77  *****
79  Procedure      : removeWhitespace
Parameters      : char *readin - a pointer to a string which will have its white
81                  spaces removed
Returns        : char - number of items in inventory list.
83  Description   : Determines the number of items stored in the inventory list.
*****
85  char *removeWhitespace(char *readin);

87  *****
89  Procedure      : inventoryList_addFromFile
Parameters      : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to a Inventory List
                  char file[] - stores the file to be opened and read from
91  Returns       : none
Description     : Reads in items to be put into a inventory list
93  *****
void inventoryList_addFromFile(InventoryList *inventoryList, char file[]);

95  *****
97  Procedure      : inventoryList_sortPrice
Parameters      : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to a Inventory List
99  Returns       : none
Description     : Sorts the inventory list by price in ascending order
101 *****
void inventoryList_sortPrice(InventoryList *inventoryList);

103 *****
105 Procedure      : inventoryList_reduceQuantity
Parameters      : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to a Inventory List
107                  char searchCode[] - the code from the sale that has been read
                  int quantity - the quantity from the sale that has been read
109 Returns       : int - 0 for sale failed and 1 for sale was successful
Description     : Reduces the stock quantity for each item based on a sale
111                  that has been read
*****
113 int inventoryList_reduceQuantity(InventoryList *inventoryList, char searchCode[],
    int quantity);

115 *****
117 Procedure      : inventoryList_searchAdditional
Parameters      : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to a Inventory List
                  char searchAdditional - the additional information that is
119                  being searched
Returns        : int - the total stock for the items with the additional
121                  information that was searched
Description   : Gets the total stock of all items with the additional information

```

```
123         search term provided
        *****/
125 int inventoryList_searchAdditional(InventoryList *inventoryList, char
    searchAdditional []);

127 /******
    Procedure : inventoryList_getResistance
129 Parameters : InventoryList *inventoryList - pointer to a Inventory List
    Returns   : int - the total resistance
131 Description : Determines the total resistance of all the resistors
                left in stock
133 *****/
int inventoryList_getResistance(InventoryList *inventoryList);
135
#endif /* INVENTORY_H */
```

## Inventory.c

```

1  *****
2  Description : Implements an abstract data type representing a
3  collection of StockItem structs. Includes
4  interface functions as well as functions to be
5  used by the main.
6  *****
7  #include <stdio.h>
8  #include <stdlib.h>
9  #include <string.h>
10 #include <ctype.h>
11 #include "Inventory.h"
12 #include "StockItem.h"
13 #include "Date.h"
14
15 // create new inventory list by allocating memory
16 InventoryList *inventoryList_new()
17 {
18     // allocate memory
19     InventoryList *inventoryList = (InventoryList*)malloc(sizeof(InventoryList));
20     // check allocation was successful
21     if (inventoryList == NULL)
22     {
23         fprintf(stderr, "Unable to allocate memory in inventoryList_new()\n");
24
25         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
26     }
27     // set first and last node to null
28     inventoryList->first = NULL;
29     inventoryList->last = NULL;
30     // return new list
31     return inventoryList;
32 }
33
34 // add a stock item to the end of the list
35 void inventoryList_add(InventoryList *inventoryList, StockItem *item)
36 {
37     // allocate memory to new node
38     Node* node = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
39     // check allocation was successful
40     if (node == NULL)
41     {
42         fprintf(stderr, "Unable to allocate memory in inventoryList_add()
43             \n");
44         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
45     }
46     // store item with node
47     node->item = item;
48     // set next node to null
49     node->next = NULL;
50     // check if last node of list is null
51     if (inventoryList->last == NULL)
52     {
53         // if null, then store node in first/last node of list
54         inventoryList->first = inventoryList->last = node;
55     }
56     else
57     {
58         // store node in last node of list
59         inventoryList->last = inventoryList->last->next = node;
60     }
61 }

```



```

62 // insert a stock item at start of list
void inventoryList_insert(InventoryList *inventoryList, StockItem *item)
64 {
    // allocate memory to new node
66     Node* node = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
    // check allocation was successful
68     if (node == NULL)
    {
70         fprintf(stderr, "Unable to allocate memory in
            inventoryList_insert()\n");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
72     }
    // store item in new node
74     node->item = item;
    // set next node to first node of list
76     node->next = inventoryList->first;

    // if first node of list is NULL
    if (inventoryList->first == NULL)
    {
80         // store new node in first/last node of list
82         inventoryList->first = inventoryList->last = node;
    }
    else
    {
84         // store new node at start of list
86         inventoryList->first = node;
88     }
    }

90 // get length of list
92 int inventoryList_length(InventoryList *inventoryList)
    {
94         int length = 0;
        // loop over all nodes and count
96         for (Node* node = inventoryList->first; node != NULL; node = node->next)
98         {
            // increment length
100             length++;
        }
102         return length;
    }

104 // clear list from memory
106 void inventoryList_clear(InventoryList *inventoryList)
    {
108         // loop until first node of list is empty
        while (inventoryList->first != NULL)
110         {
            // store first node
112             Node* node = inventoryList->first;
            // store first node of list as next node
114             inventoryList->first = node->next;
            // clear memory for node
116             free(node);
        }
        // set last node to null
118         inventoryList->last = NULL;
120     }

122 // print all stock items from list

```

```

void inventoryList_print(InventoryList *inventoryList)
124 {
    // loop through every node until null
126     for(Node *node = inventoryList->first; node != NULL; node = node->next)
    {
128         // print item
        item_print(node->item);
130     }
}

132
/*****
134     Adapted whitespace remover from:
    * https://stackoverflow.com/questions/13084236/function-to-remove-spaces-from-string-char-array-in-c
136     *****/
char *removeWhitespace(char *readin)
138 {
    // make copies of string
140     char *out = readin;
    char *input = readin;
142     // loop through string till end
    for(; *readin != '\0'; ++readin){
144         // if current char is not whitespace
        if(*readin != ' ')
146             // store char in input
            *input++ = *readin;
148     }
    *input = '\0';
150     return out;
}

152
// add stock items to inventory list
154 void inventoryList_addFromFile(InventoryList *inventoryList, char file[])
{
156     // open file
    FILE *readin = fopen(file, "r");
158     // check file opened correctly
    if (readin == NULL) {
160         printf("Unable to open %s.\n", file);
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
162     }

    // create new stock item
164     StockItem *item;
    // to store each line
    char line[255];
166     // loop through file line by line
    while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), readin) != NULL)
168     {
170         // store each part of line by a comma and remove whitespace
        char* tempComType = removeWhitespace(strtok(line, ","));
172         char* tempCode = removeWhitespace(strtok(NULL, ","));
        char* tempStock = removeWhitespace(strtok(NULL, ","));
174         char* tempPrice = removeWhitespace(strtok(NULL, ","));
        char* tempAdditional = strtok(NULL, ",");
176         // check that the line had a additional information
        if (tempAdditional == NULL) {
178             // if not provided then fill with null
            tempAdditional = "NULL\n";
180         } else {
            // otherwise remove whitespace for additional information
            removeWhitespace(tempAdditional);
182         }
184         // convert stock and price to ints

```

```

186         int stockInt = atoi(tempStock);
187         int priceInt = atoi(tempPrice);
188         // create a new item using split up line of text
189         item = item_new(tempComType, tempCode, stockInt, priceInt,
190             tempAdditional);
191         // add the item to the end of the list
192         inventoryList_add(inventoryList, item);
193     }
194 }
195
196 // sort the linked list based on the price of items in ascending order
197 void inventoryList_sortPrice(InventoryList *inventoryList)
198 {
199     // check list contains at least two items before sorting
200     if (inventoryList->first != inventoryList->last){
201         int isSorted;
202         // loop until sorted
203         while(!isSorted){
204             isSorted = 1;
205             // loop through every node
206             for (Node *node=inventoryList->first; node->next!=NULL;
207                 node=node->next){
208                 // check to see if first node is greater than
209                 // next and if so swap
210                 if (node->item->price > node->next->item->price)
211                 {
212                     StockItem *temp = node->item;
213                     node->item = node->next->item;
214                     node->next->item = temp;
215                     isSorted = 0;
216                 }
217             }
218         }
219     }
220 }
221
222 // reduce the quantity of an item based on a transaction/sale being carried out
223 int inventoryList_reduceQuantity(InventoryList *inventoryList, char searchCode[],
224     int quantity)
225 {
226     // to store current items code
227     char *code;
228     // to store current items stock and new stock number
229     int currentStock, newStock;
230     // loop through every node/item of list
231     for(Node *node = inventoryList->first; node != NULL; node = node->next){
232         // store code of current item
233         code = item_getCode(node->item);
234         // check to see if current item code and sale code are the same
235         if((strcmp(searchCode, code)) == 0){
236             // get current stock of item
237             currentStock = item_getStock(node->item);
238             // calculate new stock
239             newStock = currentStock - quantity;
240             // if stock become less than 1
241             if(newStock < 0){
242                 // transaction/sale has failed, do not change any values of item
243                 return 0;
244             } else {
245                 // store newStock in current items stock
246                 node->item->stock = newStock;
247                 // transaction successful

```

```

244         return 1;
245     }
246 }
247 }
248 }

250 // search items based on there additional information and return a stock count
251 int inventoryList_searchAdditional(InventoryList *inventoryList, char
252 searchAdditional[])
253 {
254     // will store current items additional information
255     char *additional;
256     // will store total stock
257     int totalStock;
258     // loop through all items
259     for(Node *node = inventoryList->first; node != NULL; node = node->next){
260         // get additional information of current item
261         additional = item_getAdditional(node->item);
262         // check to see if current additional and search additional are the same
263         if((strcmp(searchAdditional, additional)) == 0){
264             // total up the stock if they are
265             totalStock = totalStock + item_getStock(node->item);
266         }
267     }
268     // return total stock
269     return totalStock;
270 }

271 // get total resistance of all items in stock
272 int inventoryList_getResistance(InventoryList *inventoryList)
273 {
274     char *additional;
275     char *comType;
276     int stock;
277     for(Node *node = inventoryList->first; node != NULL; node=node->next){
278         comType = item_getComType(node->item);
279         stock = item_getStock(node->item);
280         if((strcmp(comType, "resistor") == 0) && stock > 0){
281             additional = item_getAdditional(node->item);
282             printf("%s", additional);

283
284             char *resistanceNum;
285             char letter;
286             for (int i = 0; i < strlen(additional); i++){
287                 if(isdigit(additional[i])){
288                     int len = strlen(resistanceNum);
289                     resistanceNum[len] = additional[i];
290                     resistanceNum[len+1] = '\0';
291                 } else {
292                     letter = additional[i];
293                 }
294                 printf("%s, %c", resistanceNum, letter);
295             }
296         }
297     }
298 }

```

## Sales.h

```

1  /*****
2  Description : Implements an abstract data type representing a
3                collection of Sale structs. Includes
4                interface functions as well as functions to be
5                used by the main.
6  *****/
7  #include "SalesStruct.h"
8  #include "Inventory.h"
9  #ifndef SALES_H
10 #define SALES_H
11
12 typedef struct NodeStruct2
13 {
14     Sale *sale;
15     struct NodeStruct2 *next;
16 }
17 Node2;
18
19 typedef struct SalesListStruct
20 {
21     Node2 *first;
22     Node2 *last;
23 }
24 SalesList;
25
26 /*****
27 Procedure    : salesList_new
28 Parameters   : none
29 Returns      : SalesList *salesList - pointer to newly created Sales List
30 Description  : Allocate memory for a new linked list of Sales and
31                initialise it.
32 *****/
33 SalesList *salesList_new();
34
35 /*****
36 Procedure    : salesList_add
37 Parameters   : SalesList *salesList - pointer to Sales List where the sale
38                will be added
39                Sale *sale - pointer to a Sale to be added to the list
40 Returns      : none
41 Description  : Adds a sale to the end of the list.
42 *****/
43 void salesList_add(SalesList *salesList, Sale *sale);
44
45 /*****
46 Procedure    : salesList_insert
47 Parameters   : SalesList *salesList - pointer to Sales List where the sale
48                will be inserted
49                Sale *sale - pointer to the Sale to be added to the list
50 Returns      : none
51 Description  : Inserts a sale to the start of the list.
52 *****/
53 void salesList_insert(SalesList *salesList, Sale *sale);
54
55 /*****
56 Procedure    : salesList_length
57 Parameters   : SalesList *salesList - pointer to a Sales List
58 Returns      : int - number of items in sales list
59 Description  : Determines the number of sales stored in the sales list.
60 *****/
61 int salesList_length(SalesList *salesList);

```

```

62  /*******
63  Procedure      : salesList_clear
64  Parameters    : SalesList *salesList - pointer to a Sales List
65  Returns      : none
66  Description   : Clears the sales list.
67  *****/
68  void salesList_clear(SalesList *salesList);
69
70  /*******
71  Procedure      : salesList_print
72  Parameters    : SalesList *salesList - pointer to a Sales List
73  Returns      : none
74  Description   : Prints all sales in the list.
75  *****/
76  void salesList_print(SalesList *salesList);
77
78  /*******
79  Procedure      : salesList_addFromFile
80  Parameters    : SalesList *inventoryList - pointer to a Sales List
81                  char file[] - stores the file to be opened and read from
82  Returns      : none
83  Description   : Reads in sales to be put into a sales list
84                  * It also attempts the transaction and outputs a message if it fails
85  *****/
86  void salesList_addFromFile(SalesList *salesList, InventoryList *inventoryList,
87                          char file[], SalesList *failList);
88
89  void salesList_printToFile(SalesList *salesList, char file[]);
90
91  #endif /* SALES_H */

```

## Sales.c

```

1  *****
2  Description : Implements an abstract data type representing a
3  collection of Sale structs. Includes
4  interface functions as well as functions to be
5  used by the main.
6  *****
7  #include <stdio.h>
8  #include <stdlib.h>
9  #include <string.h>
10 #include "Sales.h"
11 #include "Date.h"
12
13 // creates new sales list by allocating memory
14 SalesList *salesList_new()
15 {
16     // allocate memory
17     SalesList *salesList = (SalesList*)malloc(sizeof(SalesList));
18     // check allocation was successful
19     if (salesList == NULL)
20     {
21         fprintf(stderr, "Unable to allocate memory in salesList_new()\n");
22         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
23     }
24     // set first and last node to null
25     salesList->first = NULL;
26     salesList->last = NULL;
27     // return new list
28     return salesList;
29 }
30
31 // add a stock item to the end of the list
32 void salesList_add(SalesList *salesList, Sale *sale)
33 {
34     // allocate memory to the new node
35     Node2* node = (Node2*)malloc(sizeof(Node2));
36     // check allocation was successful
37     if (node == NULL)
38     {
39         fprintf(stderr, "Unable to allocate memory in salesList_add()\n");
40         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
41     }
42     // store sale with node
43     node->sale = sale;
44     // set next node to null
45     node->next = NULL;
46     // check if last node of list is null
47     if (salesList->last == NULL)
48     {
49         // if null, then store node in first/last node of list
50         salesList->first = salesList->last = node;
51     } else {
52         // store node in last node of list
53         salesList->last = salesList->last->next = node;
54     }
55 }
56
57 // insert a sale at start of list
58 void salesList_insert(SalesList *salesList, Sale *sale)
59 {
60     // allocate memory to new node
61     Node2* node = (Node2*)malloc(sizeof(Node2));

```

```

62     // check allocation was successful
63     if (node == NULL)
64     {
65         fprintf(stderr, "Error: Unable to allocate memory in salesList_add()\n");
66         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
67     }
68     // store sale in new node
69     node->sale = sale;
70     // set next node to first node of list
71     node->next = salesList->first;
72     // if first node of list is null
73     if(salesList->first == NULL)
74     {
75         // store new node in first/last node of list
76         salesList->first = salesList->last = node;
77     } else {
78         // store new node at start of list
79         salesList->first = node;
80     }
81 }
82
83 // get length of list
84 int SalesList_length(SalesList *salesList)
85 {
86     int length = 0;
87     // loop over all nodes and count
88     for (Node2* node = salesList->first; node != NULL; node = node->next)
89     {
90         // increment length
91         length++;
92     }
93     return length;
94 }
95
96 // clear list from memory
97 void salesList_clear(SalesList *salesList)
98 {
99     // loop until first node of list is empty
100    while (salesList->first != NULL)
101    {
102        // store first node
103        Node2* node = salesList->first;
104        // store first node of list as next node
105        salesList->first = node->next;
106        // clear memory for node
107        free(node);
108    }
109    // set last node to null
110    salesList->last = NULL;
111 }
112
113 // print all sale items from list
114 void salesList_print(SalesList *salesList)
115 {
116     // loop through every node until null
117     for(Node2 *node = salesList->first; node != NULL; node = node->next){
118         // print sale
119         sale_print(node->sale);
120     }
121 }
122
123 // add sale to sales list
124 void salesList_addFromFile(SalesList *salesList, InventoryList *inventoryList,

```



```

char file[], SalesList *faillist)
{
126     // open file
    FILE *readin = fopen(file, "r");
128     // check file opened
    if( readin == NULL) {
130         printf("Unable to open %s.\n", file);
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
132     }
    // create new sale
134     Sale *complete;
    Sale *fail;
136     // store each line
    char line[255];
138     // loop through file line by line
    while(fgets(line, sizeof(line), readin) != NULL){
140         // store each part of line seperated by comma and remove whitespace
        char* tempDate = removeWhitespace(strtok(line, ","));
142         char* tempCode = removeWhitespace(strtok(NULL, ","));
        char* tempQuantity = removeWhitespace(strtok(NULL, ","));
144         // covert quantity into an int
        int quantity = atoi(tempQuantity);
146         // seperate date string by / and convert to int
        int tempDay = atoi(strtok(tempDate, "/"));
148         int tempMonth = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
        int tempYear = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
150         // create new date
        Date *newDate;
152         // make instance of date with temp ints
        newDate = date_new(tempDay, tempMonth, tempYear);
154         int saleComplete;
        // reduce quantity of item based on sale
156         saleComplete = inventoryList_reduceQuantity(inventoryList, tempCode,
            quantity);
        // if sale failed then output message
158         if (saleComplete == 0){
            fail = sale_new(newDate, tempCode, quantity);
            salesList_add(faillist, fail);
160         } else {
            // if sale was successful then make new sale instance
            complete = sale_new(newDate, tempCode, quantity);
164             // add sale to list
            salesList_add(salesList, complete);
166         }
    }
168 }

170 void salesList_printToFile(SalesList *salesList, char file[])
{
172     FILE *f = fopen(file, "w");
    if (f == NULL)
174     {
        printf("Error opening file!\n");
176         exit(1);
    }
178
    for(Node2 *node = salesList->first; node != NULL; node = node->next){
180         int day = node->sale->date->day;
        int month = node->sale->date->month;
182         int year = node->sale->date->year;
        char *code = node->sale->code;
184         int quantity = node->sale->quantity;

```

```
186         fprintf(f, "%d/%d/%d,%s,%d\n", day, month, year, code, quantity);  
    }  
188 }
```

## StockProgram.c

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include "StockItem.h"
   #include "Inventory.h"
5  #include "Sales.h"
   #include "SalesStruct.h"
7
   int main(int argc, char** argv) {
9     // make new inventory list
       InventoryList *inventoryList = inventoryList_new();
11    // add inventory from file to list
       inventoryList_addFromFile(inventoryList, "inventory.txt");
13
       // make new sales list
15     SalesList *salesList = salesList_new();
       SalesList *failSalesList = salesList_new();
17     /* add sales from file to list
       and run all transactions */
19     salesList_addFromFile(salesList, inventoryList, "sales.txt", failSalesList);

21     printf("Completed sales found in completedSales.txt.\n");
       printf("Failed sales found in failSales.txt.\n\n");
23
       //print all failed transactions to a seperate file
25     salesList_printToFile(failSalesList, "failSales.txt");
       // print all successful transactions to a seperate file
27     salesList_printToFile(salesList, "completedSales.txt");

29     // task 1 - sort in order of increasing price
       printf("List of inventory, sorted in order of increasing price:\n");
31     inventoryList_sortPrice(inventoryList);
       inventoryList_print(inventoryList);
33
       // task 3 - find how many NPN transistors are left in stock
35     char *checkAdditional = "NPN";
       int stockCheck = inventoryList_searchAdditional(inventoryList,
           checkAdditional);
37     printf("\nThere are %d NPN transistors left in stock.\n", stockCheck);

39     // task 4 - get total resistance of all remaining resistors
       //int resistance = inventoryList_getResistance(inventoryList);
41     //printf("\nThe total resistance of resistors in stock is: %d", resistance);
       return (EXIT_SUCCESS);
43 }
```

## Date.c

```

1  *****
2  Description : Implements an abstract data type consisting of an instance of a
3  date struct. Contains all of the information relating to a
4  particular date and a set of interface functions.
5  *****
6  #include <stdio.h>
7  #include <stdlib.h>
8  #include <string.h>
9  #include "Date.h"
10
11  // creates new date instance by allocating memory
12  Date *date_new(int day, int month, int year)
13  {
14      Date *date =(Date*)malloc(sizeof(Date));
15
16      if (date == NULL)
17      {
18          fprintf(stderr, "Error: Unable to allocate "
19                  "memory in date_new()\n");
20          exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
21      }
22
23      date->day = day;
24      date->month = month;
25      date->year = year;
26
27      return date;
28  }
29
30  // frees up allocated memory for given date
31  void date_free(Date *date)
32  {
33      free(date);
34  }
35
36  // prints a given date in dd/mm/yyyy format
37  void date_print(Date *date)
38  {
39      printf("%d/%d/%d", date->day, date->month, date->year);
40  }

```

## Date.h

```

1  #ifndef DATE_H
2  #define DATE_H

4  typedef struct DateStruct
5  {
6      int day;
7      int month;
8      int year;
9  }
10 Date;

12 *****
13 Procedure      : date_new
14 Parameters    : int day - day of date struct
15                 int month - month of date struct
16                 int year - year of date struct.
17 Returns       : Date* - pointer to newly created Date
18 Description   : Allocate memory for a new Date and initialise it. Generates an
19                 error message and the program terminates if insufficient memory
20                 is available.
21 *****
22 Date *date_new(int day, int month, int year);

24 *****
25 Procedure      : date_free
26 Parameters    : Date *date - pointer to a date
27 Returns       : none
28 Description   : Frees the memory taken by a date.
29 *****
30 void date_free(Date *date);

32 *****
33 Procedure      : date_print
34 Parameters    : Date *date - pointer to a date
35 Returns       : none
36 Description   : Prints out all of a date in dd/mm/yyyy format
37 *****
38 void date_print(Date *date);

40 *****
41 Procedure      : date_getDay
42 Parameters    : Date *date - pointer to a Date.
43 Returns       : date->day - the day of the date.
44 Description   : Accessor function returning the day for a Date struct.
45 *****
46 static inline int date_getDay(Date *date)
47 {
48     return date->day;
49 }

50 *****
51 Procedure      : date_getMonth
52 Parameters    : Date *date - pointer to a Date.
53 Returns       : date->month - the month of the date.
54 Description   : Accessor function returning the month for a Date struct.
55 *****
56 static inline int date_getMonth(Date *date)
57 {
58     return date->month;
59 }
60

```

```
62  *****
    Procedure      : date_getYear
64  Parameters    : Date *day - pointer to a Date.
    Returns       : date->year - the year of the date.
66  Description   : Accessor function returning the year for a Date struct.
    *****
68  static inline int date_getYear(Date *date)
    {
70      return date->year;
    }
72
    #endif /* DATE_H */
```

## SalesStruct.c

```

#include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
4  #include "SalesStruct.h"
#include "Date.h"

6  // creates a new sale instance by allocating memory
8  Sale *sale_new(Date *date, char code[], int quantity)
{
10     Sale *sale= (Sale*)malloc(sizeof(Sale));
    if(sale == NULL)
12     {
        fprintf(stderr, "Error: Unable to allocate "
14             "memory in sale_new()\n");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
16     }

18     sale->date = date;
    strcpy(sale->code, code);
20     sale->quantity = quantity;

22     return sale;
}

24 // frees up allocated memory for given sale
26 void sale_free(Sale *sale)
{
28     free(sale);
}

30 // prints a given sale in a list format
32 void sale_print(Sale *sale){
    date_print(sale_getDate(sale));
34     printf(",%s,%d\n", sale_getCode(sale), sale_getQuantity(sale));
}

```

## SalesStruct.h

```

1  /*****
   Description : Implements an abstract data type consisting of an instance of a
3      Sales struct. Contains all of the information relating to a
      particular sale and a set of interface functions.
5  *****/
   #ifndef SALESSTRUCT_H
7   #define SALESSTRUCT_H
   #include "Date.h"
9
   typedef struct SalesStruct
11  {
       Date* date;
13     char code[12];
       int quantity;
15  }
   Sale;
17
   /*****
19  Procedure      : sale_new
   Parameters     : Date date - the date of the sale as a Date struct
21     char code[] - item code
       int quantity - the quantity of the item
23  Returns        : Sale* - pointer to newly created Sale
   Description    : Allocate memory for a new Sale and initialise it. Generates an
25     error message and the program terminates if insufficient memory
       is available.
27  *****/
   Sale *sale_new(Date *date, char code[], int quantity);
29
   /*****
31  Procedure      : sale_free
   Parameters     : Sale *sale - pointer to a Sale
33  Returns        : none
   Description    : Frees the memory taken by a sale.
35  *****/
   void sale_free(Sale *sale);
37
   /*****
39  Procedure      : sale_print
   Parameters     : Sale *sale - pointer to a Sale
41  Returns        : none
   Description    : Prints out all details to do with a sale
43  *****/
   void sale_print(Sale *sale);
45
   /*****
47  Procedure      : sale_getDate
   Parameters     : Sale *sale - pointer to a Sale
49  Returns        : sale->date - the date of the sale as a Date struct
   Description    : Accessor function returning the date of a sale.
51  *****/
   static inline Date *sale_getDate(Sale *sale)
53  {
       return sale->date;
55  }

57  /*****
   Procedure      : sale_getCode
59  Parameters     : Sale *sale - pointer to a Sale
   Returns        : sale->code - the code for the sale
   Description    : Accessor function returning the code of the sale.
61

```



```
        *****/
63 static inline char *sale_getCode(Sale *sale){
    return sale->code;
65 }

67 /**
    Procedure      : sale_getQuantity
69 Parameters      : Sale *sale - pointer to a Sale
    Returns        : sale->quantity - the quantity of a sale
71 Description     : Accessor function returning the quantity of a sale.
        *****/
73 static inline int sale_getQuantity(Sale *sale){
    return sale->quantity;
75 }

77 #endif /* SALESSTRUCT_H */
```

## Application

### Compiler Invocation

```
gcc.exe -Wall -o electronics.exe -std=c11 -lm StockItem.c Inventory.c Sales.c
      StockProgram.c Date.c SalesStruct.c
```

### Compiler Messages

```
Inventory.c: In function 'inventoryList_reduceQuantity':
Inventory.c:248:1: warning: control reaches end of non-void function [-Wreturn-type]
}
~

Inventory.c: In function 'inventoryList_getResistance':
Inventory.c:298:1: warning: control reaches end of non-void function [-Wreturn-type]
}
~

Inventory.c:288:31: warning: 'resistanceNum' may be used uninitialized in this function [-Wmaybe-uninitialized]
      int len = strlen(resistanceNum);
                      ~
```

### Application Invocation

```
electronics.exe
```

### Messages to STDOUT

```
Completed sales found in completedSales.txt.
Failed sales found in failSales.txt.
```

```
List of inventory, sorted in order of increasing price:
```

```
resistor,RES_1R0,0,1,1R0
resistor,RES_10R,4,1,10R
resistor,RES_100R,0,1,100R
resistor,RES_1K0,0,1,1K0
resistor,RES_10K,0,1,10K
resistor,RES_100K,177,1,100K
resistor,RES_1M0,2,1,1M0
resistor,RES_10M,0,1,10M
resistor,RES_1R1,471,1,1R1
resistor,RES_11R,0,1,11R
resistor,RES_110R,191,1,110R
resistor,RES_1K1,0,1,1K1
resistor,RES_11K,0,1,11K
resistor,RES_110K,371,1,110K
resistor,RES_1M1,493,1,1M1
resistor,RES_11M,62,1,11M
resistor,RES_1R2,507,1,1R2
resistor,RES_12R,512,1,12R
resistor,RES_120R,392,1,120R
resistor,RES_1K2,0,1,1K2
resistor,RES_12K,1,1,12K
resistor,RES_120K,98,1,120K
resistor,RES_1M2,480,1,1M2
resistor,RES_12M,0,1,12M
resistor,RES_1R3,0,1,1R3
resistor,RES_13R,0,1,13R
resistor,RES_130R,0,1,130R
resistor,RES_1K3,306,1,1K3
resistor,RES_13K,217,1,13K
resistor,RES_130K,419,1,130K
resistor,RES_1M3,76,1,1M3
resistor,RES_13M,126,1,13M
```

resistor,RES\_1R5,343,1,1R5  
resistor,RES\_15R,1,1,15R  
resistor,RES\_150R,438,1,150R  
resistor,RES\_1K5,440,1,1K5  
resistor,RES\_15K,234,1,15K  
resistor,RES\_150K,0,1,150K  
resistor,RES\_1M5,0,1,1M5  
resistor,RES\_15M,380,1,15M  
resistor,RES\_1R6,203,1,1R6  
resistor,RES\_16R,348,1,16R  
resistor,RES\_160R,0,1,160R  
resistor,RES\_1K6,0,1,1K6  
resistor,RES\_16K,127,1,16K  
resistor,RES\_160K,215,1,160K  
resistor,RES\_1M6,0,1,1M6  
resistor,RES\_16M,265,1,16M  
resistor,RES\_1R8,0,1,1R8  
resistor,RES\_18R,404,1,18R  
resistor,RES\_180R,43,1,180R  
resistor,RES\_1K8,206,1,1K8  
resistor,RES\_18K,90,1,18K  
resistor,RES\_180K,227,1,180K  
resistor,RES\_1M8,0,1,1M8  
resistor,RES\_18M,391,1,18M  
resistor,RES\_2R0,325,1,2R0  
resistor,RES\_20R,286,1,20R  
resistor,RES\_200R,36,1,200R  
resistor,RES\_2K0,194,1,2K0  
resistor,RES\_20K,0,1,20K  
resistor,RES\_200K,0,1,200K  
resistor,RES\_2M0,0,1,2M0  
resistor,RES\_20M,334,1,20M  
resistor,RES\_2R2,0,1,2R2  
resistor,RES\_22R,0,1,22R  
resistor,RES\_220R,0,1,220R  
resistor,RES\_2K2,458,1,2K2  
resistor,RES\_22K,0,1,22K  
resistor,RES\_220K,229,1,220K  
resistor,RES\_2M2,50,1,2M2  
resistor,RES\_22M,322,1,22M  
resistor,RES\_2R4,295,1,2R4  
resistor,RES\_24R,220,1,24R  
resistor,RES\_240R,0,1,240R  
resistor,RES\_2K4,0,1,2K4  
resistor,RES\_24K,0,1,24K  
resistor,RES\_240K,0,1,240K  
resistor,RES\_2M4,0,1,2M4  
resistor,RES\_24M,1,1,24M  
resistor,RES\_2R7,89,1,2R7  
resistor,RES\_27R,189,1,27R  
resistor,RES\_270R,0,1,270R  
resistor,RES\_2K7,498,1,2K7  
resistor,RES\_27K,254,1,27K  
resistor,RES\_270K,313,1,270K  
resistor,RES\_2M7,519,1,2M7  
resistor,RES\_27M,0,1,27M  
resistor,RES\_3R0,401,1,3R0  
resistor,RES\_30R,0,1,30R  
resistor,RES\_300R,465,1,300R  
resistor,RES\_3K0,1,1,3K0  
resistor,RES\_30K,101,1,30K  
resistor,RES\_300K,0,1,300K  
resistor,RES\_3M0,46,1,3M0

resistor,RES\_30M,215,1,30M  
resistor,RES\_3R3,0,1,3R3  
resistor,RES\_33R,0,1,33R  
resistor,RES\_330R,462,1,330R  
resistor,RES\_3K3,16,1,3K3  
resistor,RES\_33K,314,1,33K  
resistor,RES\_330K,0,1,330K  
resistor,RES\_3M3,160,1,3M3  
resistor,RES\_33M,253,1,33M  
resistor,RES\_3R6,227,1,3R6  
resistor,RES\_36R,413,1,36R  
resistor,RES\_360R,430,1,360R  
resistor,RES\_3K6,0,1,3K6  
resistor,RES\_36K,131,1,36K  
resistor,RES\_360K,0,1,360K  
resistor,RES\_3M6,0,1,3M6  
resistor,RES\_36M,300,1,36M  
resistor,RES\_3R9,437,1,3R9  
resistor,RES\_39R,0,1,39R  
resistor,RES\_390R,0,1,390R  
resistor,RES\_3K9,391,1,3K9  
resistor,RES\_39K,299,1,39K  
resistor,RES\_390K,170,1,390K  
resistor,RES\_3M9,0,1,3M9  
resistor,RES\_39M,0,1,39M  
resistor,RES\_4R3,438,1,4R3  
resistor,RES\_43R,0,1,43R  
resistor,RES\_430R,0,1,430R  
resistor,RES\_4K3,196,1,4K3  
resistor,RES\_43K,0,1,43K  
resistor,RES\_430K,327,1,430K  
resistor,RES\_4M3,209,1,4M3  
resistor,RES\_43M,38,1,43M  
resistor,RES\_4R7,0,1,4R7  
resistor,RES\_47R,0,1,47R  
resistor,RES\_470R,0,1,470R  
resistor,RES\_4K7,0,1,4K7  
resistor,RES\_47K,368,1,47K  
resistor,RES\_470K,181,1,470K  
resistor,RES\_4M7,437,1,4M7  
resistor,RES\_47M,1,1,47M  
resistor,RES\_5R1,0,1,5R1  
resistor,RES\_51R,0,1,51R  
resistor,RES\_510R,0,1,510R  
resistor,RES\_5K1,0,1,5K1  
resistor,RES\_51K,0,1,51K  
resistor,RES\_510K,0,1,510K  
resistor,RES\_5M1,274,1,5M1  
resistor,RES\_51M,0,1,51M  
resistor,RES\_5R6,495,1,5R6  
resistor,RES\_56R,461,1,56R  
resistor,RES\_560R,0,1,560R  
resistor,RES\_5K6,296,1,5K6  
resistor,RES\_56K,0,1,56K  
resistor,RES\_560K,142,1,560K  
resistor,RES\_5M6,1,1,5M6  
resistor,RES\_56M,399,1,56M  
resistor,RES\_6R2,39,1,6R2  
resistor,RES\_62R,0,1,62R  
resistor,RES\_620R,0,1,620R  
resistor,RES\_6K2,0,1,6K2  
resistor,RES\_62K,410,1,62K  
resistor,RES\_620K,178,1,620K

resistor,RES\_6M2,263,1,6M2  
resistor,RES\_62M,214,1,62M  
resistor,RES\_6R8,1,1,6R8  
resistor,RES\_68R,0,1,68R  
resistor,RES\_680R,124,1,680R  
resistor,RES\_6K8,0,1,6K8  
resistor,RES\_68K,37,1,68K  
resistor,RES\_680K,59,1,680K  
resistor,RES\_6M8,97,1,6M8  
resistor,RES\_68M,0,1,68M  
resistor,RES\_7R5,143,1,7R5  
resistor,RES\_75R,0,1,75R  
resistor,RES\_750R,0,1,750R  
resistor,RES\_7K5,410,1,7K5  
resistor,RES\_75K,0,1,75K  
resistor,RES\_750K,0,1,750K  
resistor,RES\_7M5,81,1,7M5  
resistor,RES\_75M,0,1,75M  
resistor,RES\_8R2,0,1,8R2  
resistor,RES\_82R,0,1,82R  
resistor,RES\_820R,97,1,820R  
resistor,RES\_8K2,75,1,8K2  
resistor,RES\_82K,0,1,82K  
resistor,RES\_820K,183,1,820K  
resistor,RES\_8M2,0,1,8M2  
resistor,RES\_82M,523,1,82M  
resistor,RES\_9R1,0,1,9R1  
resistor,RES\_91R,493,1,91R  
resistor,RES\_910R,470,1,910R  
resistor,RES\_9K1,283,1,9K1  
resistor,RES\_91K,0,1,91K  
resistor,RES\_910K,1,1,910K  
resistor,RES\_9M1,293,1,9M1  
resistor,RES\_91M,459,1,91M  
capacitor,CAP\_10pF,106,12,10pF  
capacitor,CAP\_100pF,31,24,100pF  
capacitor,CAP\_1000pf,312,36,1000pf  
capacitor,CAP\_10nF,53,48,10nF  
capacitor,CAP\_100nF,0,60,100nF  
capacitor,CAP\_1000nF,81,72,1000nF  
capacitor,CAP\_10uF,367,84,10uF  
capacitor,CAP\_100uF,74,96,100uF  
capacitor,CAP\_11pF,0,11,11pF  
capacitor,CAP\_110pF,91,23,110pF  
capacitor,CAP\_1100pf,370,35,1100pf  
capacitor,CAP\_11nF,31,47,11nF  
capacitor,CAP\_110nF,194,59,110nF  
capacitor,CAP\_1100nF,0,71,1100nF  
capacitor,CAP\_11uF,65,83,11uF  
capacitor,CAP\_110uF,66,95,110uF  
capacitor,CAP\_12pF,340,10,12pF  
capacitor,CAP\_120pF,0,22,120pF  
capacitor,CAP\_1200pf,0,34,1200pf  
capacitor,CAP\_12nF,0,46,12nF  
capacitor,CAP\_120nF,356,58,120nF  
capacitor,CAP\_1200nF,228,70,1200nF  
capacitor,CAP\_12uF,465,82,12uF  
capacitor,CAP\_120uF,218,94,120uF  
capacitor,CAP\_13pF,0,9,13pF  
capacitor,CAP\_130pF,4,21,130pF  
capacitor,CAP\_1300pf,0,33,1300pf  
capacitor,CAP\_13nF,0,45,13nF  
capacitor,CAP\_130nF,0,57,130nF

capacitor,CAP\_1300nF,91,69,1300nF  
capacitor,CAP\_13uF,0,81,13uF  
capacitor,CAP\_130uF,2,93,130uF  
capacitor,CAP\_15pF,3,8,15pF  
capacitor,CAP\_150pF,0,20,150pF  
capacitor,CAP\_1500pf,0,32,1500pf  
capacitor,CAP\_15nF,177,44,15nF  
capacitor,CAP\_150nF,142,56,150nF  
capacitor,CAP\_1500nF,287,68,1500nF  
capacitor,CAP\_15uF,276,80,15uF  
capacitor,CAP\_150uF,0,92,150uF  
capacitor,CAP\_16pF,103,7,16pF  
capacitor,CAP\_160pF,268,19,160pF  
capacitor,CAP\_1600pf,0,31,1600pf  
capacitor,CAP\_16nF,0,43,16nF  
capacitor,CAP\_160nF,0,55,160nF  
capacitor,CAP\_1600nF,15,67,1600nF  
capacitor,CAP\_16uF,44,79,16uF  
capacitor,CAP\_160uF,0,91,160uF  
capacitor,CAP\_18pF,0,6,18pF  
capacitor,CAP\_180pF,0,18,180pF  
capacitor,CAP\_1800pf,0,30,1800pf  
capacitor,CAP\_18nF,209,42,18nF  
capacitor,CAP\_180nF,539,54,180nF  
capacitor,CAP\_1800nF,0,66,1800nF  
capacitor,CAP\_18uF,258,78,18uF  
capacitor,CAP\_180uF,343,90,180uF  
capacitor,CAP\_20pF,0,5,20pF  
capacitor,CAP\_200pF,42,17,200pF  
capacitor,CAP\_2000pf,0,29,2000pf  
capacitor,CAP\_20nF,211,41,20nF  
capacitor,CAP\_200nF,0,53,200nF  
capacitor,CAP\_2000nF,0,65,2000nF  
capacitor,CAP\_20uF,0,77,20uF  
capacitor,CAP\_200uF,200,89,200uF  
capacitor,CAP\_22pF,0,4,22pF  
capacitor,CAP\_220pF,422,16,220pF  
capacitor,CAP\_2200pf,469,28,2200pf  
capacitor,CAP\_22nF,0,40,22nF  
capacitor,CAP\_220nF,452,52,220nF  
capacitor,CAP\_2200nF,0,64,2200nF  
capacitor,CAP\_22uF,406,76,22uF  
capacitor,CAP\_220uF,0,88,220uF  
capacitor,CAP\_24pF,323,3,24pF  
capacitor,CAP\_240pF,584,15,240pF  
capacitor,CAP\_2400pf,0,27,2400pf  
capacitor,CAP\_24nF,177,39,24nF  
capacitor,CAP\_240nF,0,51,240nF  
capacitor,CAP\_2400nF,235,63,2400nF  
capacitor,CAP\_24uF,6,75,24uF  
capacitor,CAP\_240uF,0,87,240uF  
capacitor,CAP\_27pF,325,2,27pF  
capacitor,CAP\_270pF,0,14,270pF  
capacitor,CAP\_2700pf,0,26,2700pf  
capacitor,CAP\_27nF,262,38,27nF  
capacitor,CAP\_270nF,170,50,270nF  
capacitor,CAP\_2700nF,149,62,2700nF  
capacitor,CAP\_27uF,0,74,27uF  
capacitor,CAP\_270uF,352,86,270uF  
capacitor,CAP\_30pF,417,1,30pF  
capacitor,CAP\_300pF,189,13,300pF  
capacitor,CAP\_3000pf,0,25,3000pf  
capacitor,CAP\_30nF,223,37,30nF

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capacitor,CAP_300nF,0,49,300nF
capacitor,CAP_3000nF,0,61,3000nF
capacitor,CAP_30uF,0,73,30uF
capacitor,CAP_300uF,104,85,300uF
diode,BY126,0,12,NULL
diode,BY127,0,12,NULL
diode,1N4001,0,4,NULL
diode,1N4004,0,6,NULL
diode,1N4148,0,5,NULL
transistor,AC125,0,35,PNP
transistor,AC126,0,37,PNP
transistor,BC107,0,10,NPN
transistor,BC108,0,12,NPN
transistor,TIS88A,0,50,FET
transistor,OC44,0,50,PNP
transistor,2N2369A,0,18,NPN
IC,NE555,0,17,"Timer"
IC,LF356,0,45,"JFETop-amp"
IC,Z80A,0,800,"CPU"
IC,TL741,0,12,"op-amp"
```

There are 0 NPN transistors left in stock.

## Messages to STDERR

None.