# MA615 Group6 Midterm Project PDF

Violet Chen, Jacob Chen, James He

Nov 3, 2020

### Introduction

Our group were interested in investigating the effects of pesticides that used on strawberry. In order the first step was to gather enough background knowledge. From the Agricultural Marketing Resource Cent Secondly, we searched about the effects of bees on strawberry production and came to the results that be At last, we did some background research on pesticides and found out the fungicides and insecticides are Based on the information we had, we proposed a question: What's the change of bee-harmed pesticides usage.

We planed to first wrangle the data to get what we want: we would discard "D"s and NAs in the columns to

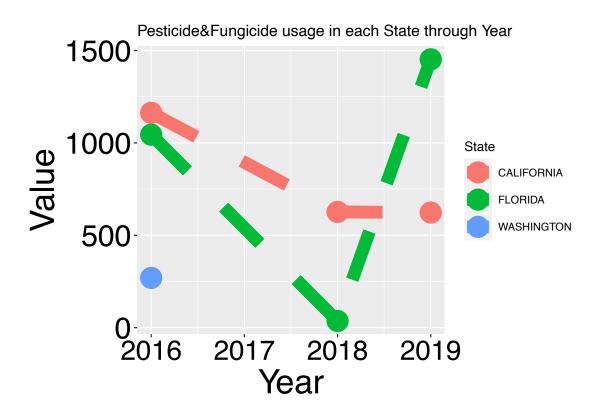
## Data Wrangle

| ## |   | Program                         | Year   | Period   | Week  | c.Ending  | Geo  | .Level |      | State    | State.ANS                     | SI Ag | .District |
|----|---|---------------------------------|--------|----------|-------|-----------|------|--------|------|----------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| ## | 1 | CENSUS                          | 2019   | YEAR     |       | NA        |      | STATE  | CAI  | LIFORNIA |                               | 6     | NA        |
| ## | 2 | CENSUS                          | 2019   | YEAR     |       | NA        |      | STATE  | CAI  | LIFORNIA |                               | 6     | NA        |
| ## | 3 | CENSUS                          | 2019   | YEAR     |       | NA        |      | STATE  | CAI  | LIFORNIA |                               | 6     | NA        |
| ## | 4 | CENSUS                          | 2019   | YEAR     |       | NA        |      | STATE  | CAI  | LIFORNIA |                               | 6     | NA        |
| ## | 5 | CENSUS                          | 2019   | YEAR     |       | NA        |      | STATE  | CAI  | LIFORNIA |                               | 6     | NA        |
| ## | 6 | CENSUS                          | 2019   | YEAR     |       | NA        |      | STATE  | CAI  | LIFORNIA |                               | 6     | NA        |
| ## |   | Ag.Distr                        | cict.( | Code Cou | inty  | County.   | ANSI | Zip.Co | ode  | Region   | ${\tt watershed}_{	extsf{L}}$ | code  | Watershed |
| ## | 1 |                                 |        | NA       | NA    |           | NA   |        | NA   | NA       |                               | 0     | NA        |
| ## | _ |                                 |        | NA       | NA    |           | NA   |        | NA   | NA       |                               | 0     | NA        |
| ## | 3 |                                 |        | NA       | NA    |           | NA   |        | NA   | NA       |                               | 0     | NA        |
| ## | 4 |                                 |        | NA       | NA    |           | NA   |        | NA   | NA       |                               | 0     | NA        |
| ## | 5 |                                 |        | NA       | NA    |           | NA   |        | NA   | NA       |                               | 0     | NA        |
| ## | 6 |                                 |        | NA       | NA    |           | NA   |        | NA   | NA       |                               | 0     | NA        |
| ## |   | Commodity                       |        |          |       |           |      |        |      |          |                               |       | ta.Item   |
|    |   | STRAWBER                        |        |          |       |           |      |        |      |          | OPERATIONS                    |       |           |
|    |   | STRAWBER                        |        |          |       |           |      |        |      |          | SALES, ME                     |       | •         |
|    |   | STRAWBER                        |        |          |       |           |      |        |      |          | ALES, MEAS                    |       |           |
|    |   | STRAWBER                        |        |          |       | -         |      |        |      |          | OPERATIONS                    |       |           |
|    |   | STRAWBER                        |        |          |       | -         |      | -      |      |          | SALES, ME                     |       |           |
|    | 6 | STRAWBER                        |        |          | ERRIE | ES, ORGAN | NIC, |        |      |          | ALES, MEAS                    |       |           |
| ## |   | Domain Domain.Category Value CV |        |          |       |           |      |        |      |          |                               |       |           |
| ## | 1 | ORGANIC                         | STATU  | JS ORGAN | VIC S | STATUS:   | (NOP | USDA ( | CER1 | TIFIED)  | 17                            | 74    | 8         |

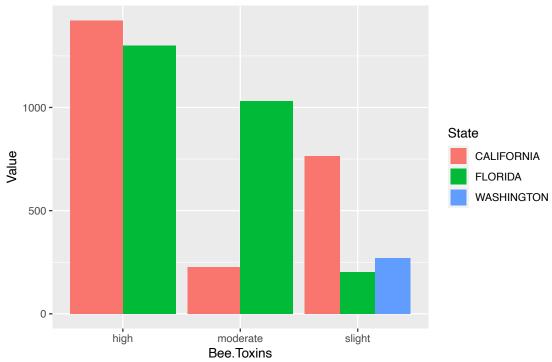
```
## 2 ORGANIC STATUS ORGANIC STATUS: (NOP USDA CERTIFIED) 300,277,717
                                                                         33.1
                                                                         30.4
## 3 ORGANIC STATUS ORGANIC STATUS: (NOP USDA CERTIFIED)
                                                             1,384,016
## 4 ORGANIC STATUS ORGANIC STATUS: (NOP USDA CERTIFIED)
                                                                            8
## 5 ORGANIC STATUS ORGANIC STATUS: (NOP USDA CERTIFIED) 275,716,713
                                                                         35.5
## 6 ORGANIC STATUS ORGANIC STATUS: (NOP USDA CERTIFIED)
                                                             1,177,214
                                                                         33.7
##
                        Pesticide Carcinogen Hormone. Disruptor Neurotoxins
## 1
## 2 Tetrahydrophthalimide (THPI)
## 3
## 4
                   Pyraclostrobin
## 5
## 6
                            Captan
                                        known
##
     Developmental.or.Reproductive.Toxins Bee.Toxins
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4
                                               slight
## 5
## 6
## [1] "C"
```

### EDA

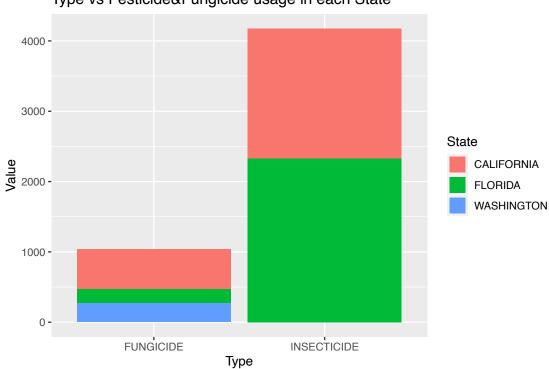
Using the individual-level



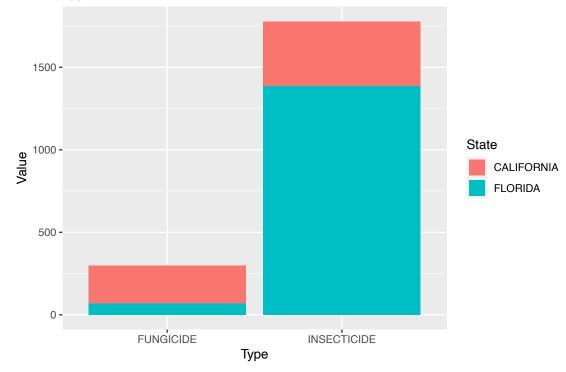




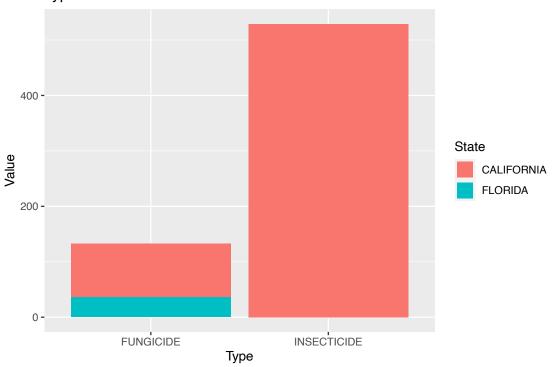
# Type vs Pesticide&Fungicide usage in each State



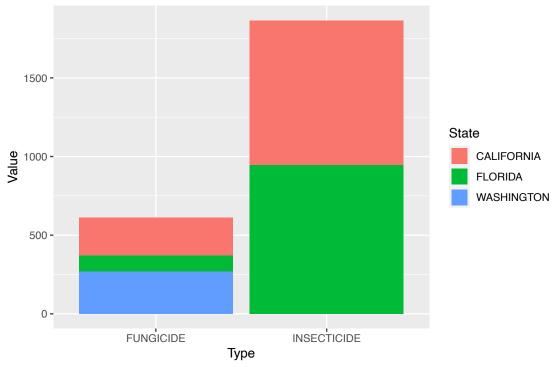
Type vs Value of each State in 2019



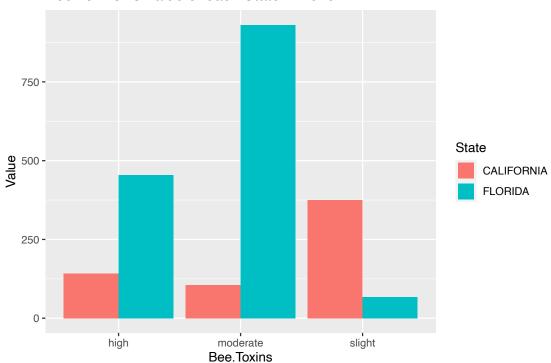
Type vs Value of each State in 2018

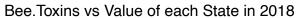


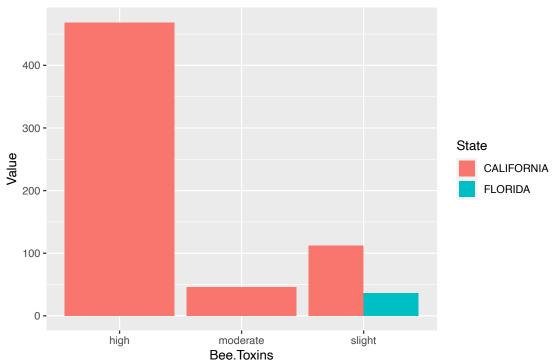
Type vs Value of each State in 2016



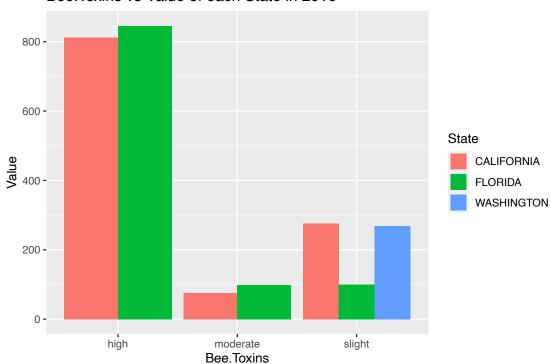
## Bee. Toxins vs Value of each State in 2019



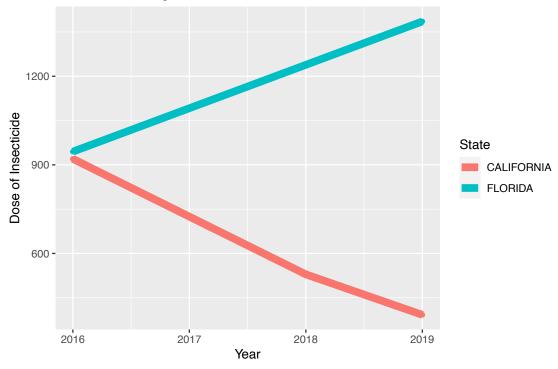


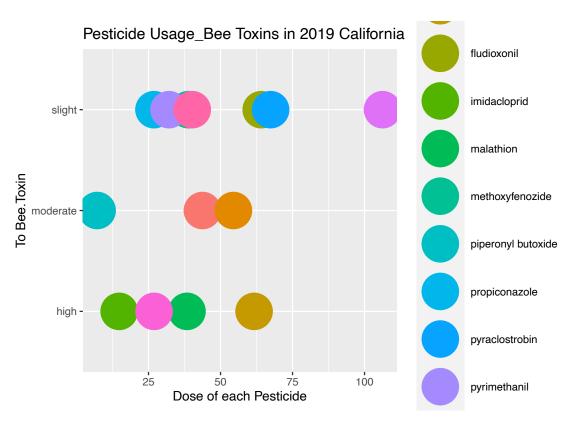


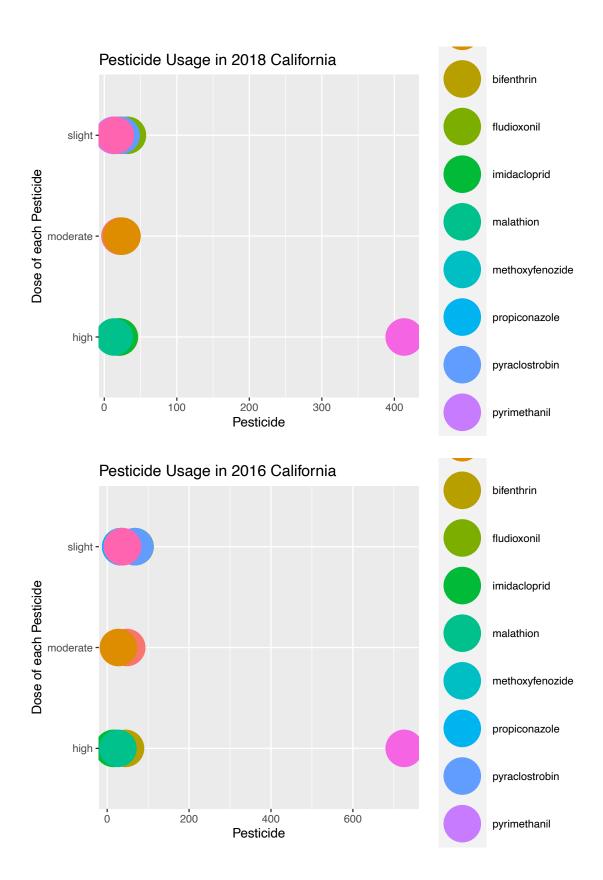
## Bee. Toxins vs Value of each State in 2016

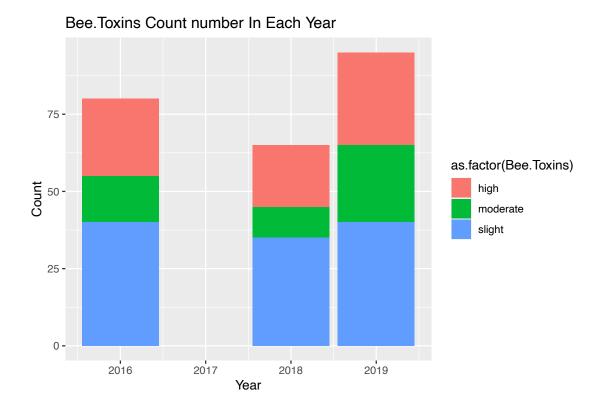


## Insecticide Usage in California & Florida









## Map

## Results

After EDA analysis and map analysis, we came to several conclusions:

- The pesticides usage decreased in 2018 in all the states, and then bounced back in 2019.
- The types of pesticides used also decreased in 2018 in all states, and then bounced back in 2019; more bee-toxins pesticides were used in 2019 in both states.
- Florida's usage of pesticides surpassed the usage in California in 2019.

#### Discussion

Before our group discussed about the results, we first clarified the harmful effects of pesticides on bees. If governments did not choose to control the use of pesticides, 41% of the insects will distinct in the next few decades. The most harmful pesticides is the neonics which have far-reaching effects on bees, birds, and other animals. The pesticides, if leak into the underground water and soil, will have build-up effects on environment that may permanently damage corp production.

After the initial research, we tried to find out why Florida surpassed California in the usage of pesti Though US banned the usage for pesticides in 2019, America is still behind the world on pesticides regulation. However, a total ban of pesticides may trigger opposing effects from pesticides companies. Governments

- Limit the time window for the usage of pesticides, especially during flower blossom.
- Apply Integrated Pest Management plan that use cultural, mechanical, and biological pest controls together to reduce the usage of pesticides to minimum.
- Leave a buffer area between pesticides treated areas and where wildlife may be present. Take care when planting treated seeds to prevent dust with pesticides that could affect bees.
  - In conclusion, we found that different states have different regulations on pesticides use and this will affect the usage in each states. However, US is generally behind the pesticides regulation of the world. Also, impose modest ways to control pesticides is better than a total ban of pesticides. At last, we hope that government and farmers can use less bee-harmful pesticides to protect natural pollinators.