

Submitted By: Muhammad Arham Adeel

Ex3 - Filtering and Sorting Data - Fictional Army

Introduction:

This exercise was inspired by this [page](#)

Step 1. Import the necessary libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
```

Step 2. This is the data given as a dictionary

```
In [2]: # Create an example dataframe about a fictional army
raw_data = {'regiment': ['Nighthawks', 'Nighthawks', 'Nighthawks', 'Nighthawks', 'Dragoons',
                        'Dragoons', 'Dragoons', 'Dragoons', 'Dragoons', 'Dragoons'],
            'company': ['1st', '1st', '2nd', '2nd', '1st', '1st', '2nd', '2nd', '1st', '1st'],
            'deaths': [523, 52, 25, 616, 43, 234, 523, 62, 62, 73],
            'battles': [5, 42, 2, 2, 4, 7, 8, 3, 4, 7],
            'size': [1045, 957, 1099, 1400, 1592, 1006, 987, 849, 973, 1005],
            'veterans': [1, 5, 62, 26, 73, 37, 949, 48, 48, 435],
            'readiness': [1, 2, 3, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 2, 1],
            'armored': [1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1],
            'deserters': [4, 24, 31, 2, 3, 4, 24, 31, 2, 3],
            'origin': ['Arizona', 'California', 'Texas', 'Florida', 'Maine', 'Iowa', 'New York', 'Ohio', 'Pennsylvania', 'Virginia']}
```

Step 3. Create a dataframe and assign it to a variable called army.

Don't forget to include the columns names in the order presented in the dictionary ('regiment', 'company', 'deaths'...) so that the column index order is consistent with the solutions. If omitted, pandas will order the columns alphabetically.

```
In [11]: army = pd.DataFrame(raw_data)
army
```

Out[11]:

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters	origi
0	Nighthawks	1st	523	5	1045	1	1	1	4	Arizon
1	Nighthawks	1st	52	42	957	5	2	0	24	Californi
2	Nighthawks	2nd	25	2	1099	62	3	1	31	Texa
3	Nighthawks	2nd	616	2	1400	26	3	1	2	Florid
4	Dragoons	1st	43	4	1592	73	2	0	3	Main
5	Dragoons	1st	234	7	1006	37	1	1	4	low
6	Dragoons	2nd	523	8	987	949	2	0	24	Alask
7	Dragoons	2nd	62	3	849	48	3	1	31	Washingto
8	Scouts	1st	62	4	973	48	2	0	2	Orego
9	Scouts	1st	73	7	1005	435	1	0	3	Wyomin
10	Scouts	2nd	37	8	1099	63	2	1	2	Louisana
11	Scouts	2nd	35	9	1523	345	3	1	3	Georgi

Step 4. Set the 'origin' column as the index of the dataframe

In [12]: `army.set_index("origin",inplace = True)`In [13]: `army`

Out[13]:

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters
origin									
Arizona	Nighthawks	1st	523	5	1045	1	1	1	4
California	Nighthawks	1st	52	42	957	5	2	0	24
Texas	Nighthawks	2nd	25	2	1099	62	3	1	31
Florida	Nighthawks	2nd	616	2	1400	26	3	1	2
Maine	Dragoons	1st	43	4	1592	73	2	0	3
Iowa	Dragoons	1st	234	7	1006	37	1	1	4
Alaska	Dragoons	2nd	523	8	987	949	2	0	24
Washington	Dragoons	2nd	62	3	849	48	3	1	31
Oregon	Scouts	1st	62	4	973	48	2	0	2
Wyoming	Scouts	1st	73	7	1005	435	1	0	3
Louisiana	Scouts	2nd	37	8	1099	63	2	1	2
Georgia	Scouts	2nd	35	9	1523	345	3	1	3

Step 5. Print only the column veterans

```
In [14]: army[["veterans"]]
```

```
Out[14]:
```

veterans	
origin	
Arizona	1
California	5
Texas	62
Florida	26
Maine	73
Iowa	37
Alaska	949
Washington	48
Oregon	48
Wyoming	435
Louisiana	63
Georgia	345

Step 6. Print the columns 'veterans' and 'deaths'

```
In [15]: army[["veterans", "deaths"]]
```

```
Out[15]:
```

veterans deaths		
origin		
Arizona	1	523
California	5	52
Texas	62	25
Florida	26	616
Maine	73	43
Iowa	37	234
Alaska	949	523
Washington	48	62
Oregon	48	62
Wyoming	435	73
Louisiana	63	37
Georgia	345	35

Step 7. Print the name of all the columns.

In [16]: `army.columns`

Out[16]: Index(['regiment', 'company', 'deaths', 'battles', 'size', 'veterans',
'readiness', 'armored', 'deserters'],
dtype='object')

Step 8. Select the 'deaths', 'size' and 'deserters' columns from Maine and Alaska

In [21]: `maine_alaska = army.groupby("origin")["deaths", "size", "deserters"].sum()
maine_alaska`

C:\Users\eAgle\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_1888\347496838.py:1: FutureWarning: Indexing with multiple keys (implicitly converted to a tuple of keys) will be deprecated, use a list instead.

`maine_alaska = army.groupby("origin")["deaths", "size", "deserters"].sum()`

Out[21]:

	deaths	size	deserters
origin			

origin			
Alaska	523	987	24
Arizona	523	1045	4
California	52	957	24
Florida	616	1400	2
Georgia	35	1523	3
Iowa	234	1006	4
Louisiana	37	1099	2
Maine	43	1592	3
Oregon	62	973	2
Texas	25	1099	31
Washington	62	849	31
Wyoming	73	1005	3

In [22]: `## Select only Alaska and maine
maine_alaska.loc[["Alaska", "Maine"],:]`

Out[22]:

	deaths	size	deserters
origin			

origin			
Alaska	523	987	24
Maine	43	1592	3

Step 9. Select the rows 3 to 7 and the columns 3 to 6

In [23]: `army.iloc[3:8,3:7]`

Out[23]:

	battles	size	veterans	readiness
origin				
Florida	2	1400	26	3
Maine	4	1592	73	2
Iowa	7	1006	37	1
Alaska	8	987	949	2
Washington	3	849	48	3

Step 10. Select every row after the fourth row and all columns

In [24]: `army.iloc[4 : , :]`

Out[24]:

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters
origin									
Maine	Dragoons	1st	43	4	1592	73	2	0	3
Iowa	Dragoons	1st	234	7	1006	37	1	1	4
Alaska	Dragoons	2nd	523	8	987	949	2	0	24
Washington	Dragoons	2nd	62	3	849	48	3	1	31
Oregon	Scouts	1st	62	4	973	48	2	0	2
Wyoming	Scouts	1st	73	7	1005	435	1	0	3
Louisiana	Scouts	2nd	37	8	1099	63	2	1	2
Georgia	Scouts	2nd	35	9	1523	345	3	1	3

Step 11. Select every row up to the 4th row and all columns

In [25]: `army.iloc[: 5 , :]`

Out[25]:

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters
origin									
Arizona	Nighthawks	1st	523	5	1045	1	1	1	4
California	Nighthawks	1st	52	42	957	5	2	0	24
Texas	Nighthawks	2nd	25	2	1099	62	3	1	31
Florida	Nighthawks	2nd	616	2	1400	26	3	1	2
Maine	Dragoons	1st	43	4	1592	73	2	0	3

Step 12. Select the 3rd column up to the 7th column

In [28]: `army.iloc[: , 3 : 8]`

Out[28]:

	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored
origin					
Arizona	5	1045	1	1	1
California	42	957	5	2	0
Texas	2	1099	62	3	1
Florida	2	1400	26	3	1
Maine	4	1592	73	2	0
Iowa	7	1006	37	1	1
Alaska	8	987	949	2	0
Washington	3	849	48	3	1
Oregon	4	973	48	2	0
Wyoming	7	1005	435	1	0
Louisiana	8	1099	63	2	1
Georgia	9	1523	345	3	1

Step 13. Select rows where df.deaths is greater than 50

In [26]: `army[army["deaths"] > 50]`

Out[26]:

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters
origin									
Arizona	Nighthawks	1st	523	5	1045	1	1	1	4
California	Nighthawks	1st	52	42	957	5	2	0	24
Florida	Nighthawks	2nd	616	2	1400	26	3	1	2
Iowa	Dragoons	1st	234	7	1006	37	1	1	4
Alaska	Dragoons	2nd	523	8	987	949	2	0	24
Washington	Dragoons	2nd	62	3	849	48	3	1	31
Oregon	Scouts	1st	62	4	973	48	2	0	2
Wyoming	Scouts	1st	73	7	1005	435	1	0	3

Step 14. Select rows where df.deaths is greater than 500 or less than 50

```
In [31]: army[(army["deaths"] > 500) | (army["deaths"] < 50)]
```

```
Out[31]:
```

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters
origin									
Arizona	Nighthawks	1st	523	5	1045	1	1	1	4
Texas	Nighthawks	2nd	25	2	1099	62	3	1	31
Florida	Nighthawks	2nd	616	2	1400	26	3	1	2
Maine	Dragoons	1st	43	4	1592	73	2	0	3
Alaska	Dragoons	2nd	523	8	987	949	2	0	24
Louisiana	Scouts	2nd	37	8	1099	63	2	1	2
Georgia	Scouts	2nd	35	9	1523	345	3	1	3

Step 15. Select all the regiments not named "Dragoons"

```
In [32]: army[army["regiment"] != "Dragoons"]
```

```
Out[32]:
```

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters
origin									
Arizona	Nighthawks	1st	523	5	1045	1	1	1	4
California	Nighthawks	1st	52	42	957	5	2	0	24
Texas	Nighthawks	2nd	25	2	1099	62	3	1	31
Florida	Nighthawks	2nd	616	2	1400	26	3	1	2
Oregon	Scouts	1st	62	4	973	48	2	0	2
Wyoming	Scouts	1st	73	7	1005	435	1	0	3
Louisiana	Scouts	2nd	37	8	1099	63	2	1	2
Georgia	Scouts	2nd	35	9	1523	345	3	1	3

Step 16. Select the rows called Texas and Arizona

```
In [33]: army.loc[["Texas", "Arizona"], :]
```

```
Out[33]:
```

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters
origin									
Texas	Nighthawks	2nd	25	2	1099	62	3	1	31
Arizona	Nighthawks	1st	523	5	1045	1	1	1	4

Step 17. Select the third cell in the row named Arizona

In [34]: `army.loc["Arizona"]`

```
Out[34]: regiment      Nighthawks
company      1st
deaths      523
battles      5
size      1045
veterans      1
readiness      1
armored      1
deserters      4
Name: Arizona, dtype: object
```

Step 18. Select the third cell down in the column named deaths

In [38]: `army.iloc[-3, :]`

```
Out[38]: regiment      Scouts
company      1st
deaths      73
battles      7
size      1005
veterans      435
readiness      1
armored      0
deserters      3
Name: Wyoming, dtype: object
```

In [39]: `army.iloc[-3:, :]`

```
Out[39]:
```

	regiment	company	deaths	battles	size	veterans	readiness	armored	deserters
origin									
Wyoming	Scouts	1st	73	7	1005	435	1	0	3
Louisiana	Scouts	2nd	37	8	1099	63	2	1	2
Georgia	Scouts	2nd	35	9	1523	345	3	1	3