

# STATISTICAL LEARNING & DATA MINING

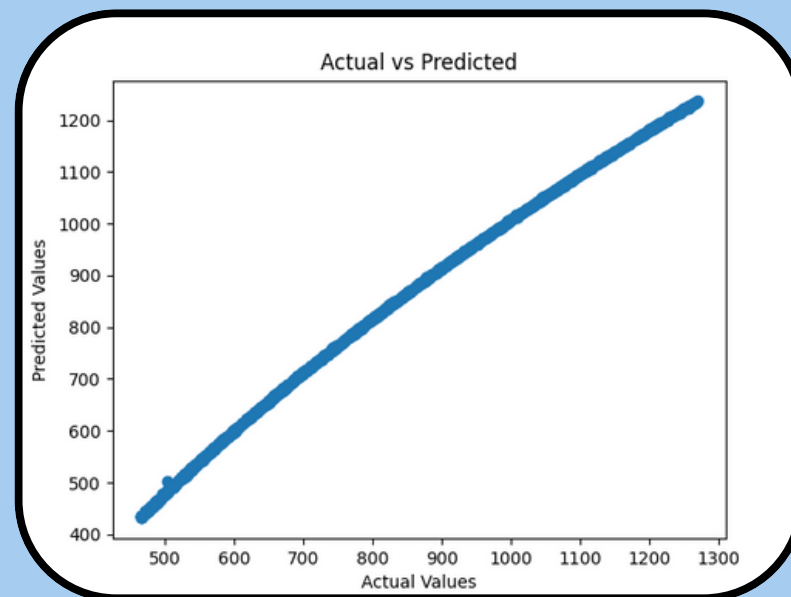
**Parametric and Non-Parametric :  
Linear Regression and KNN**



**By Madinabonu Akramova**

# DATA PREPROCESSING

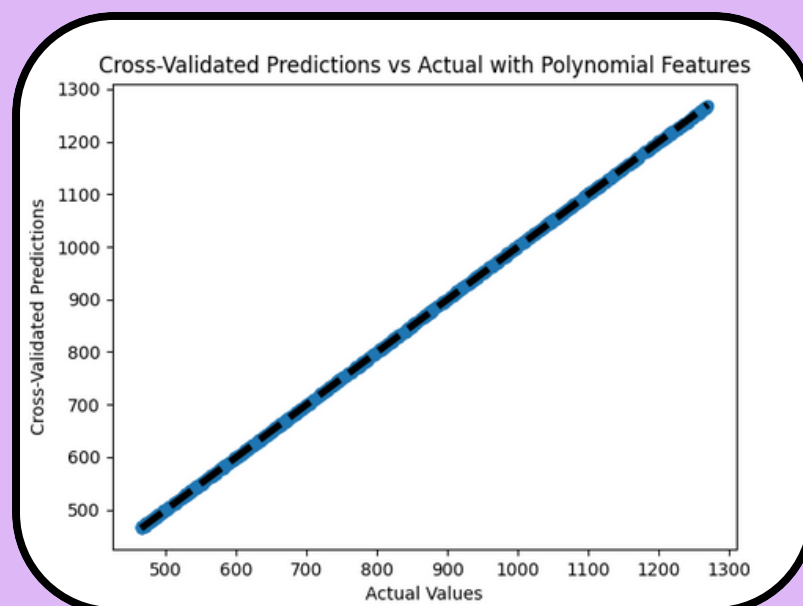
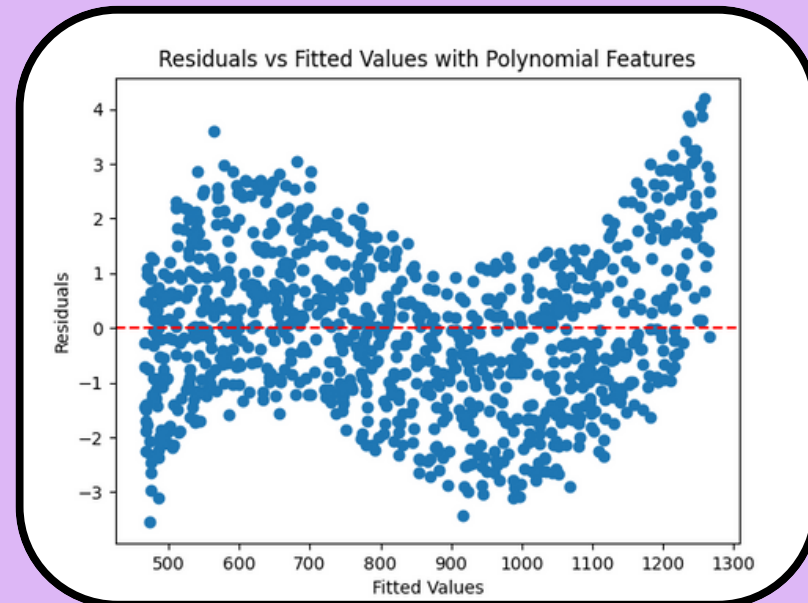
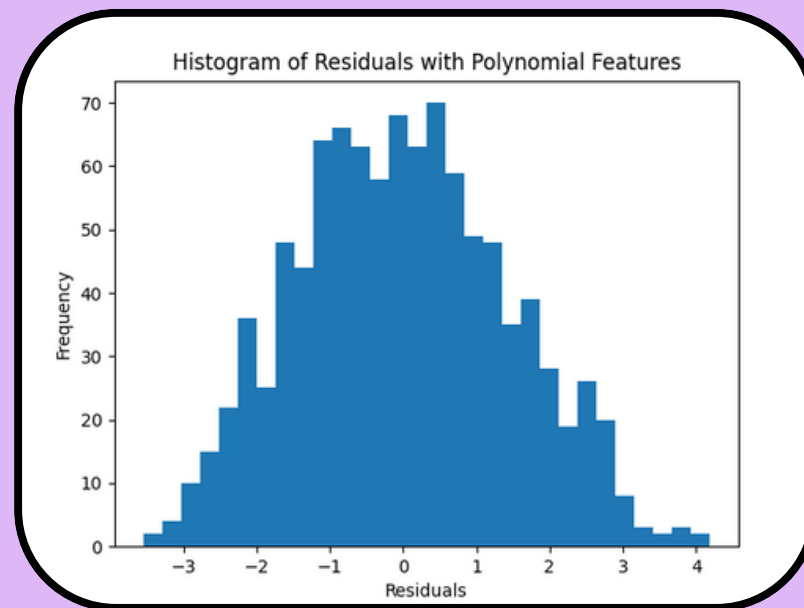
	Feature	VIF
0	v1	11946452.986696776002645
1	v2	189.039530326165931
2	v3	11991.467369034606236
3	v4	175.802757022154850
4	v5	3097287.223966264631599
5	v6	3.936213311129082
6	v7	4222088.590065073221922
7	v8	5579571.429746001958847
8	v9	616.165912549186601



- Loading and cleaning data from index columns
- Plotting scatterplots for every value and finding that v3 shows low multicollinearity
- Identifying and removing outliers with z-score
- Applying standardization to scale features since KNN model is sensitive to data scaling
- Detecting multicollinearity using VIF (Variance Inflation Factor) and removing v1,v5,v7,v8 since their VIF was high
- Capturing non-linearity with the help of polynomial features

# MODEL DEVELOPMENT & EVALUATION

## Parametric Approach



- Capturing non-linearity with the help of polynomial features because model is intended to capture complicated patterns
- Residual analysis was done for diagnostics of how well data fit and how it was able to capture complex patterns after adjustment
- RMSE calculation gave  $\approx 1.41$  which means it's highly accurate.

Linear Regression with Polynomial Features - Cross-validated RMSE: 1.4109133686840847

# MODEL DEVELOPMENT & EVALUATION

## Non-Parametric Approach

KNN - Cross-validated RMSE: 50.74453770074691

- Tuning KNN with the help of cross-validation for neighbor optimization to improve his predictive ability
- Since it was not well adjusted like Linear Regression it gave  $\approx 51$  which means lower accuracy but not bad

# FINAL PREDICTION

- Final predictions were combined and saved
- After comparing both models it can be seen that Linear Regression did pretty good with handling non-linear patterns. KNN could have been better if it was adjusted more