## **Linux Commands**

Linux File & Directory Commands		
Command	Description	
cd	Change the current directory (folder)	
mkdir	Make/create a new directory	
rmdir	Remove empty directories from the filesystem	
cat > file cat file	Create a new file (Places the standard input into the file) Print the contents of a file	
man	Display the help(manual) information for the specified command.	
uname uname -a	Display system information Displays the system information such as hardware platform, system name, OS type etc.	
who	print information about users who are currently logged in.	
whoami	Displays about current user only	
pwd	Print current directory/present working directory	
locate	Used to find the files by name	
rm	Remove file from the system	
touch	Used to create a blank file	
uptime	Tells you how long the computer has been running since its last reboot/power-off.	
hostname	Displays & set system host name	
cal	Used to display the calendar	
bc	For best calculator	
mv	Used to move or rename the files & directories.	

Date		
Command	Description	
%D	Display date as mm/dd/yy.	
%d	Display the day of the month (01 to 31).	
%a	Displays the abbreviated name for weekdays (Sun to Sat).	
%A	Displays full weekdays (Sunday to Saturday).	
%h	Displays abbreviated month name (Jan to Dec).	

%b	Displays abbreviated month name (Jan to Dec).
%B	Displays full month name(January to December).
%m	Displays the month of year(01 to 12)
%у	Displays last two digits of the year (00 to 99)
%Y	Displays four digit year (ex:2022)
%T	Displays the time in 24 hour formate as HH:MM:SS
\$H	Display the Hour
\$M	Display the Minute
\$S	Display the Seconds

Example: \$date "+%d"

Text Editor Command		
Command	Description	
pico	<b>pico</b> is a simple text editor in the style of the pine e-mail composer	
nano	nano is a simple terminal-based text editor.	

List Commands		
Command	Description	
Is	List files in a directory	
Is -It	Sorting the Formatted listing by time modification	
ls -a	List all files including hidden file starting with '.'	
Is -color	Colored list [=always/never/auto]	
ls -d	List directories – with ' */'	
Is -F	Add one char of */=>@  to enteries	
ls -i	List file's inode index number	
ls -l	List with long format – show permissions	
Is -la	List long format including hidden files	
ls -lh	List long format with readable file size	
ls -ls	List with long format with file size	
ls -r	List in reverse order	
Is -R	List recursively directory tree	
ls -s	List file size	
Is -S	Sort by file size	
ls -t	Sort by time & date	
Is -X	Sort by extension name	