

[z.c.2.2.24.]

$$\frac{dy}{dx}, y(2)=2$$

$$f(x; y)=\frac{y^2-1}{x^2-1}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}=\frac{2y}{x^2-1}$$

x får inte vara  $\pm 1$ .

r kan skapas.

[z.c.3.1.4.]

Antalet bakterier, vid tiden  $t$ ,  $= N(t)$ .

$$\frac{dN}{dt}=kN(t), k>0$$

$$N(t) \neq 0$$

$$\frac{1}{N(t)} \cdot \frac{dN}{dt}=k$$

Integrera med avseende på  $t$ .

$$\ln |N(t)| = kt + \ln |C|$$

$$|N(t)| = e^{kt} \cdot C$$

$$N(t) = \pm Ce^{kt} = Ce^{kt}$$

$$N(3) = 400 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad Ce^{3k} = 400$$

$$N(10) = 2000 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad Ce^{10k} = 2000$$

$$\frac{2000}{400}=5=\frac{Ce^{10k}}{Ce^{3k}}=e^{7k}$$

$$k = \frac{1}{7} \ln 5$$

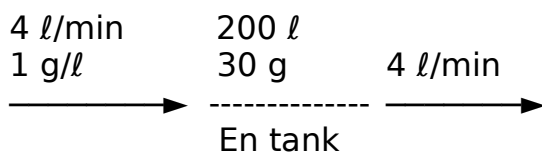
$$400 = Ce^{\frac{1}{7} \ln 5}$$

$$C = 400 e^{-\frac{1}{7} \ln 5} = 400 \cdot 5^{-\frac{3}{7}}$$

$$N(t) = 400 \cdot 5^{-\frac{3}{7}} \cdot e^{\frac{1}{7} t \ln 5} = 400 \cdot 5^{\frac{t-3}{7}}$$

$$N(0) = 400 \cdot 5^{-\frac{3}{7}} \approx 201$$

[z.c.3.1.21.]



Salt i tanken:  $A(t)$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 1 \cdot 4 - 4 \cdot \frac{A(t)}{200}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} + \frac{1}{50} A(t) = 4$$

$$A_h = Ce^{-t/50}$$

$$A_p = 200$$

$$A(t) = Ce^{-t/50} + 200$$

$$A(0) = 30$$

$$30 = C + 200$$

$$C = -170$$

$$A(t) = 200 - 170e^{-t/50}$$

För stora  $t$ :  $A(t) \approx 200$

Rimligt!

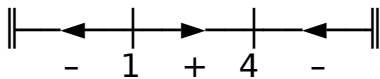
[z.c.3.2.5.]

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = P(a - bP) - h, \quad P(0) = P_0$$

Sätt  $a = 5$ ,  $b = 1$ ,  $h = 4$ .

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = P(5 - P) - 4 = 5P - P^2 - 4 = (P - 1)(4 - P)$$

Stationära lösningar:  $P = 1$  och  $P = 4$



Lösningar för  $1 \neq P \neq 4$ .

Separabel

$$\frac{1}{(P-1)(4-P)} \cdot \frac{dP}{dt} = 1$$

Med handpåläggning

$$\left( \frac{1/3}{P-1} + \frac{1/3}{4-P} \right) \frac{dP}{dt} = 1$$

$$\ln |P - 1| - \ln |4 - P| = 3t + \ln |C|$$

$$\ln \left| \frac{P-1}{4-P} \right| = 3t + \ln |C|$$

$$\left| \frac{P-1}{4-P} \right| = |C| e^{3t}$$

$$\frac{P-1}{4-P} = C e^{3t}$$

Bestäm  $C$

$$P(0) = P_0 \Rightarrow C = \frac{P_0 - 1}{4 - P_0}$$

$$P - 1 = 4 \cdot Ce^{3t} - Pe^{3t}$$

$$P(t) = \frac{1 + 4 \cdot Ce^{3t}}{1 + Ce^{3t}}$$

Populationen borta ( $P = 0$ )

$$\frac{0-1}{4-0} = Ce^{3t_0}$$

$$e^{3t_0} = -\frac{1}{4C}$$

$$t_0 = \frac{1}{3} \ln \frac{-1}{4C} = \frac{1}{3} \ln \frac{4-P_0}{4(1-P_0)}$$