9. IMPLEMENTING ERROR DETECTING CODE USING PARITY CHECK

#FILE NAME

Parity.java

#CODE

```
import java.util.*;
class Parity {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter the size:");
     int size = in.nextInt();
     System.out.println("Enter the message as bits:");
     String mess = in.next();
     if (mess.length() != size) {
       System.out.println("Error: Message length does not match the specified size.");
       return;
     }
     int[] arr = new int[size + 1];
     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
       char c = mess.charAt(i);
       if (c!='0' && c!='1') {
          System.out.println("Error: Message must contain only binary digits (0 or 1).");
          return;
       arr[i] = c - '0';
```

```
int count = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
       if (arr[i] == 1) {
          count++;
       }
     }
     arr[size] = (count \% 2 == 0) ? 1 : 0;
     System.out.println("The modified bits after adding parity are:");
     for (int i = 0; i < size + 1; i++) {
       System.out.print(arr[i]);
     }
     System.out.println();
     in.close();
#INPUT
Enter the size:
5
Enter the message as bits:
10101
#OUTPUT
101011
```

10. IMPLEMENTING ERROR DETECTING CODE USING **CHECKSUM**

#FILE NAME

Checksum.java

```
#CODE
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Checksum {
  static String complement(String sum, int m) {
     char[] bits = sum.toCharArray();
     for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
       bits[i] = (bits[i] == '1') ? '0' : '1';
     }
     return new String(bits);
  }
  static String calChecksum(String[] data, int k, int m) {
     int a = Integer.parseInt(data[0], 2);
     int b = 0, c = 0;
     for (int i = 1; i < k; i++) {
        b = Integer.parseInt(data[i], 2);
       c = a + b;
        String temp = Integer.toBinaryString(c);
        if (temp.length() > m) {
          temp = temp.substring(1);
```

```
c = Integer.parseInt(temp, 2);
       c = c + 1;
    a = c;
  }
  String sum = Integer.toBinaryString(c);
  while (sum.length() < m) {
    sum = "0" + sum;
  }
  return sum;
}
static boolean validateChecksum(String[] data, int k, int m, String senderChecksum) {
  String sum = calChecksum(data, k, m);
  int s = Integer.parseInt(sum, 2);
  int sc = Integer.parseInt(senderChecksum, 2);
  s = s + sc;
  String result = Integer.toBinaryString(s);
  if (result.length() > m) {
    result = result.substring(1);
    s = Integer.parseInt(result, 2);
    s = s + 1;
  }
  String finalSum = complement(Integer.toBinaryString(s), m);
  while (finalSum.length() < m) {
```

```
finalSum = "0" + finalSum;
  }
  System.out.println("Receiver side sum: " + Integer.toBinaryString(s));
  System.out.println("Receiver side complement: " + finalSum);
  return finalSum.equals("0".repeat(m));
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.println("How many segments of data?");
  int k = input.nextInt();
  System.out.println("How many bits per segment?");
  int m = input.nextInt();
  String[] data = new String[k];
  for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
    System.out.println("Enter data segment " + (i + 1) + ":");
    data[i] = input.next();
  }
  String senderChecksum = complement(calChecksum(data, k, m), m);
  System.out.println("Sender side checksum value: " + senderChecksum);
  System.out.println("Receiver side complement: " + complement(senderChecksum, m));
  boolean isValid = validateChecksum(data, k, m, senderChecksum);
```

```
System.out.println("Conclusion: " + (isValid? "Accept Data": "Reject Data"));
    input.close();
  }
}
#INPUT
How many segments of data?
4
How many bits per segment?
8
Enter data segment 1:
11010101
Enter data segment 2:
10101010
Enter data segment 3:
11110000
Enter data segment 4:
00001111
```

#OUTPUT

Sender side checksum value: 01111111 Receiver side complement: 10000000 Receiver side sum: 11111111 Receiver side complement: 00000000

Conclusion: Accept Data