## **LINEAR REGRESSION**

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

```
# Data
x = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
y = [2, 4, 5, 4, 5]
# Find slope (m) and intercept (c)
mean_x = sum(x) / len(x)
mean_y = sum(y) / len(y)
m = sum((a - mean_x) * (b - mean_y) \text{ for a, b in } zip(x, y)) / sum((a - mean_x) **2 \text{ for a in } x)
c = mean y - m * mean x
# Prediction
x test = 6
y_pred = m * x_test + c
# Results
print(f"Line: y = \{m:.2f\}x + \{c:.2f\}")
print(f"Predicted y for x=\{x test\}: \{y pred:.2f\}")
# Plot
plt.scatter(x, y, color='blue')
plt.plot(x, [m * xi + c for xi in x], color='red')
plt.scatter(x test, y pred, color='green')
plt.show()
```