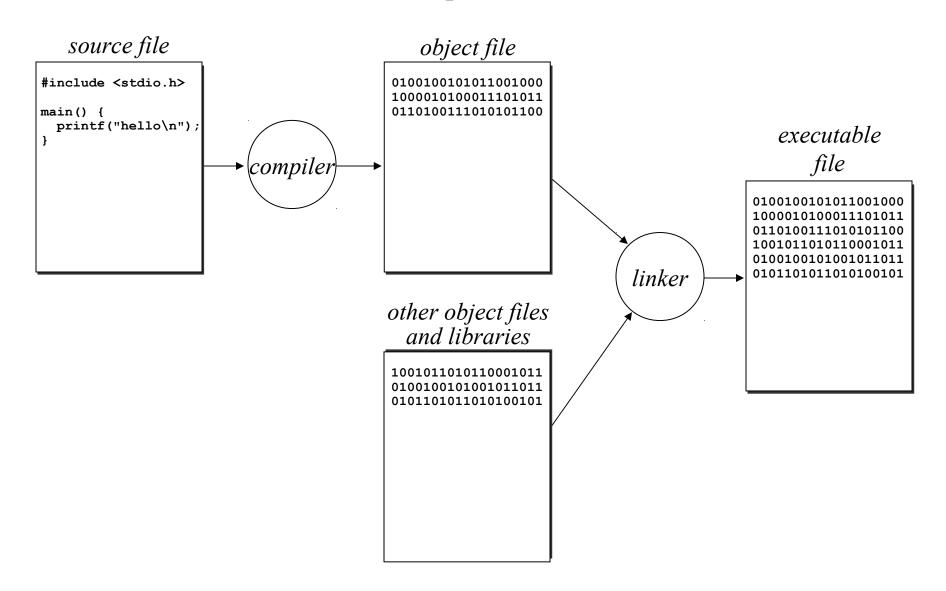
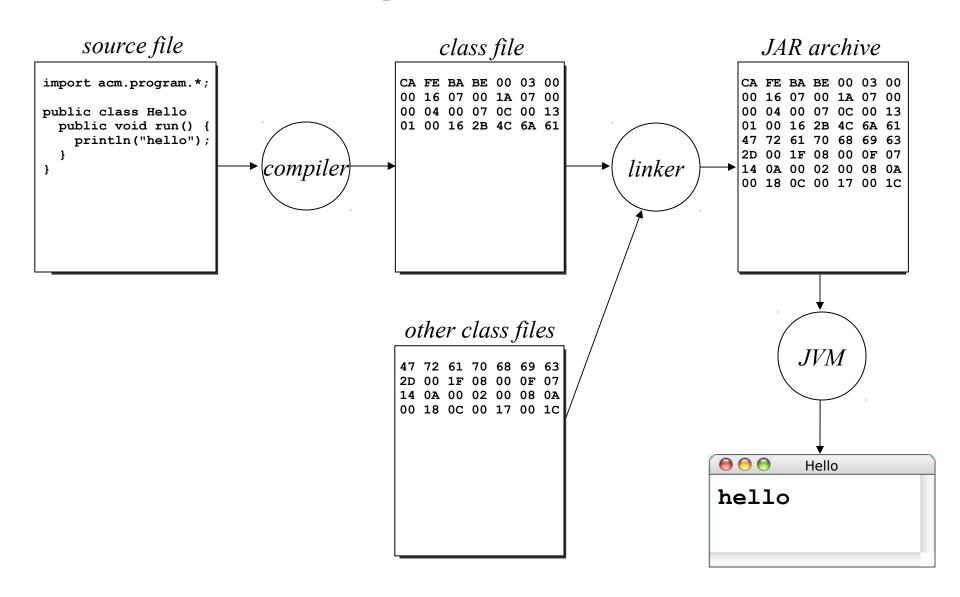
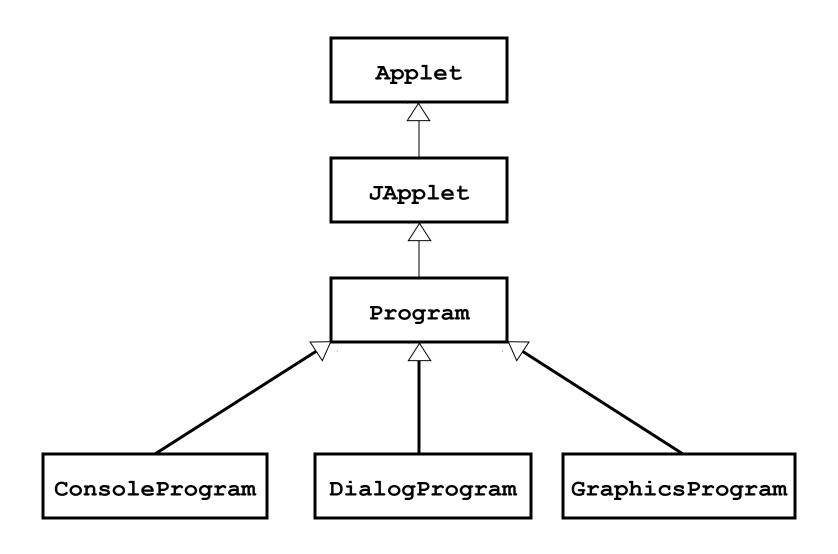
### **Classical Compilation Process**



# **Java Interpretation Process**



### acm.program Hierarchy



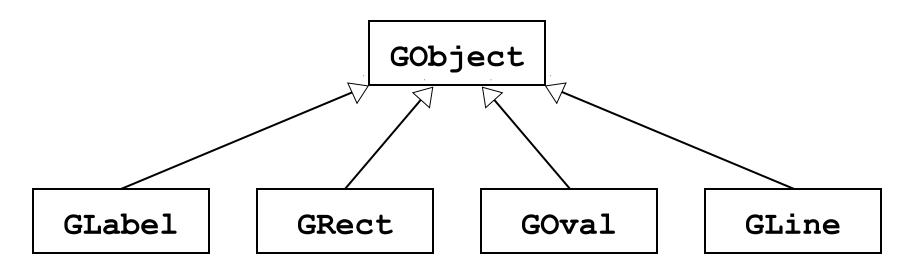
# The Add2Integers Program

```
class Add2Integers extends ConsoleProgram {
  public void run() {
      println("This program adds two numbers.");
      int n1 = readInt("Enter n1: ");
      int n2 = readInt("Enter n2: ");
      int total = n1 + n2;
      println("The total is " + total + ".");
                             n1
                                      n2
                                              total
                                17
                                        25
                                                42
```

```
This program adds two numbers.
Enter n1: 17
Enter n2: 25
The total is 42.
```

### The GObject Hierarchy

The classes that represent graphical objects form a hierarchy, part of which looks like this:



### Sending Messages to a GLabel

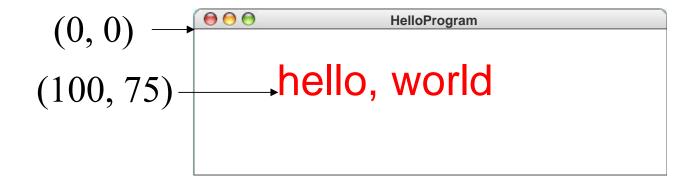
The following program illustrates sending a message to an object. Note that the label doesn't appear until it is added to the canvas.

```
public class HelloProgram extends GraphicsProgram {
    public void run() {
        GLabel label = new GLabel("hello, world", 100, 75);
        label.setFont("SansSerif-36");
        label.setColor(Color.RED);
        add(label);
    }
    label
}
```



### **Graphics Coordinates**

- Origin is upper left
- Everything measured in pixels (dots on the screen)
- x coordinates increase to the right
- y coordinates increase going down
- GLabel coordinates are baseline of first character



# Operations on the GObject Class

The following operations apply to all GObjects:

```
object.setColor(color)
```

Sets the color of the object to the specified color constant.

### object.setLocation(x, y)

Changes the location of the object to the point (x, y).

### object.move (dx, dy)

Moves the object on the screen by adding dx and dy to its current coordinates.

The standard color names are defined in the java.awt package:

Color.BLACK Color.RED Color.BLUE

Color.DARK\_GRAY Color.YELLOW Color.MAGENTA

Color.GRAY Color.GREEN Color.ORANGE

Color.LIGHT GRAY Color.CYAN Color.PINK

Color.WHITE

### Operations on the GLabel Class

#### Constructor

```
new GLabel (text, x, y)
```

Creates a label containing the specified text that begins at the point (x, y).

### Methods specific to the GLabel class

label.setFont(font)

Sets the font used to display the label as specified by the font string.

The font is typically specified as a string in the form

family is the name of a font family style is either PLAIN, BOLD, ITALIC, or BOLDITALIC size is an integer indicating the point size

# **Drawing Geometrical Objects**

#### Constructors

**new GRect (** x, y, width, height)

Creates a rectangle whose upper left corner is at (x, y) of the specified size.

new GOval(x, y, width, height)

Creates an oval that fits inside the rectangle with the same dimensions.

**new GLine** ( $x_0$ ,  $y_0$ ,  $x_1$ ,  $y_1$ ) Creates a line extending from  $(x_0, y_0)$  to  $(x_1, y_1)$ .

### Methods shared by the GRect and GOval classes

object.setFilled(fill)

If fill is true, fills in the interior of the object; if false, shows only the outline.

object.setFillColor(color)

Sets the color used to fill the interior, which can be different from the border.