

# Les 1 huiswerk

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## 1 Opgave 1

- $\log_2(N) + 0.01N$
- $2\log_2(N)$
- $0.5N \log_2(0.5N)$
- $3N^2 + 4N$
- $N^3 + 801N$

## 2 Opgave 2

A.  $O(N)$ :

$$\frac{500}{100} = 5$$
$$0.4 \cdot 5 = 2\text{ms}$$

B.  $O(N^2)$ :

$$100 \cdot 100 \text{ operations}$$
$$500 \cdot 500 = 250\,000 \text{ operations}$$
$$\frac{250\,000}{10\,000} = 25$$
$$25 \cdot 0.4 = 10\text{ms}$$

C.  $O(N^3)$ :

$$100^3 = 1\,000\,000$$
$$500^3 = 125\,000\,000$$
$$\frac{125\,000\,000}{1\,000\,000} = 125$$
$$125 \cdot 0.4 = 50\text{ms}$$

### 3 Opgave 3

With  $60\,000\text{ms} = 60\text{s}$

A.  $O(N)$ :

$$t(N) = k \cdot N$$

$$t(100) = 0.5\text{ms}$$

$$0.5 = k \cdot 100$$

$$k = \frac{0.5}{100} = 0.005$$

$$60\,000 = 0.005 \cdot N$$

$$N = \frac{60\,000}{0.005} = 12\,000\,000 \text{ operations}$$

B.  $O(N^2)$ :

$$t(N) = k \cdot N^2$$

$$t(100) = 0.5\text{ms}$$

$$0.5 = k \cdot 100^2$$

$$k = \frac{0.5}{10\,000} = 5 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$60\,000 = 5 \times 10^{-5} \cdot N^2$$

$$N^2 = \frac{60\,000}{5 \times 10^{-5}} = 1\,200\,000\,000$$

$$N = \sqrt{1\,200\,000\,000} = 34\,641 \text{ operations}$$

C.  $O(N^3)$ :

$$t(N) = k \cdot N^3$$

$$t(100) = 0.5\text{ms}$$

$$0.5 = k \cdot 100^3$$

$$k = \frac{0.5}{100^3} = 5 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$60\,000 = 5 \times 10^{-7} \cdot N^3$$

$$N^3 = \frac{60\,000}{5 \times 10^{-7}} = 120\,000\,000\,000$$

$$N = \sqrt[3]{120\,000\,000\,000} = 4932 \text{ operations}$$

## 4 Opgave 4

$O(N)$

## 5 Opgave 5

- A.  $O(N)$
- B.  $O(\frac{N}{2}) = O(N)$
- C.  $O(N^2)$
- D.  $O(N) + O(N) = O(N)$
- E.  $O(N^3)$
- F.  $O(N^2)$
- G.  $O(N^5)$
- H.  $O(\log_2 N)$

## 6 Opgave 6

Main function:  $O(N^3)$  Functie:  $O(y)$  Functie2:  $O(3 \log_2 x)$   
 $y := N^2 - i$  and  $x := N$   
gives  $O(N^3 \log_2 N)$

## 7 Opgave 7

- A.  $O(N)$  groeit minder snel dan  $O(N^2)$
- B.  $O(\log_2 N)$  plateaut
- C.  $\log_2 N$  plateaut,  $N$  gaat recht,  $N \log_2 N$  gaat hoger dan  $N$

## 8 Opgave 8

- B.  $\log_2 1024 = 10, \log_2 2048 = 11$
- C.  $x = 2^4 = 16$
- D.  $x = 2^{10} = 1024$

## 9 Opgave 9

- A.  $x^2 = 10x$  doorkruist op  $x = 10$ .  $x^2 = 1\,000x$  doorkruist op  $x = 1\,000$ .  
 $\alpha$  moet minimaal  $x$  zijn en wordt dan versimpelt naar  $x^2 + \alpha$ .
- B.  $x = e^{-W_{-1} - \log 2/100} \approx 996$
- C.  $x = e^{-W_{-1} - \log 2/100} \approx 996$