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ImgLib2 (no scijava)



ImgLib2 Algorithm

Variants: imglib2-algorithm, imglib2-algorithm-fft, imglib2-algorithm-gpl

ImageJ-Ops

ImageJ Based on ImgLib2 + SciJava



FIJI, ImageJ, Scripts, IDE+ImageJ

Imglib2 Algorithm vs. Ops

- Low level functionality
- Light weight
- Long parameter lists
- Usable on huge images
- Statically Linked
- Not extensible

- High level functionality
- Many Functions
- Easy to use
- Automatic type conversion
- Dynamically Linked extensible via plug ins (Scijava)

Intervals

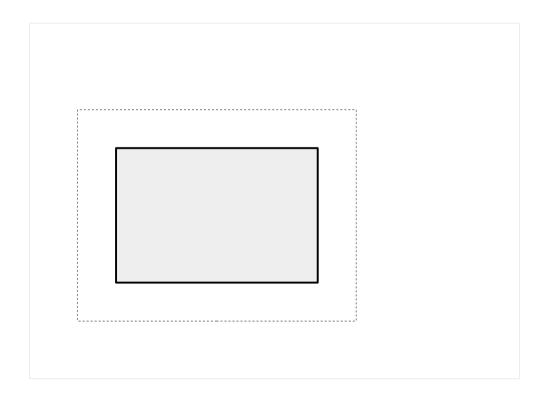


Avoid Memory Allocation Provide Output Buffer

```
Img<T> output = Gauss3.gauss(sigma, input);

Img<T> output = imageFactory.create(dimensions);
Gauss3.gauss(sigma, input, output);
```

Infinite Input - Paradigm



Not: Gauss3.gauss(sigma, input, equallySizedOutput); >> CRASH
Gauss3.gauss(sigma, Views.extendBorder(input), output);

Loop Over Three Images

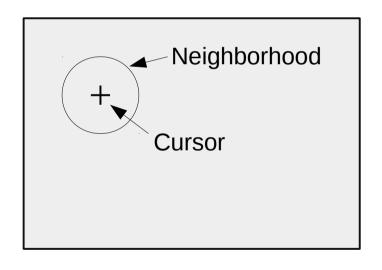
```
Cursor<FloatType> a = Views.flatIterable( imageA ).cursor();
Cursor<FloatType> b = Views.flatIterable( imageA ).cursor();
Cursor<FloatType> c = Views.flatIterable( imageA ).cursor();
while( a.hasNext() ) {
    a.fwd();
    b.fwd();
    c.fwd();
    c.get().setReal( a.get().getRealFloat() + b.get().getRealFloat() );
}
```

Loop Builder

```
RandomAccessibleInterval< FloatType > imageA = ...
RandomAccessibleInterval< FloatType > imageB = ...
RandomAccessibleInterval< FloatType > imageC = ...
// Example 1
LoopBuilder.setImages( imageA ).forEachPixel(
       pixel -> pixel.set( 255 )
);
// Example 2
LoopBuilder.setImages( imageA, imageB ).forEachPixel(
       (a, b) -> b.set(a)
);
// Example 3
LoopBuilder.setImages( imageA, imageB, imageC ).forEachPixel(
       (a, b, c) -> c.setReal(a.getRealFloat() + b.getRealFloat())
);
```

Neighborhoods

Many operations need an Neighborhood



Different Neighborhood Shapes:

HypersphereShape

DiamondShape

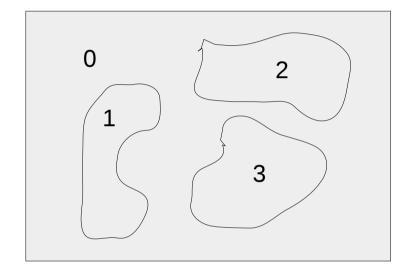
RectangularShape

Neighborhoods

```
public static void meanFilter (
         int radius,
         RandomAccessible<FloatType> input,
         RandomAccessibleInterval<FloatType> output)
{
    Shape shape = new HyperSphereShape( radius );
    RandomAccessible<Neighborhood<FloatType>> neighborhoods =
              shape.neighborhoodsRandomAccessible( input );
    RandomAccessibleInterval<Neighborhood<FloatType>> neighborhoodsInterval =
              Views.interval( neighborhoods, output );
    LoopBuilder.setImages( neighborhoodsInterval, output ).forEachPixel(
              (neighborhood, out) -> out.setReal( calculateMean(neighborhood) )
    );
private static float calculateMean( Neighborhood<FloatType> neighborhood )
    double sum = 0;
    for ( FloatType pixel : neighborhood )
         sum += pixel.getRealDouble();
    return (float) ( sum / neighborhood.size() );
}
```

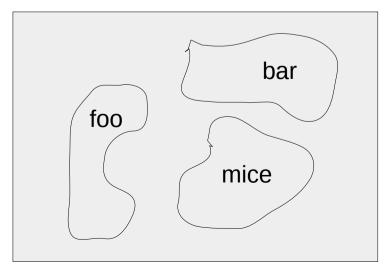
ImgLabeling

Img<IntegerType>



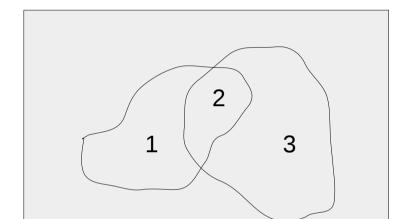
Map<int, Set<String>>

```
    0 → {}
    1 → {"foo"}
    2 → {"bar"}
    3 → {"mice"}
```



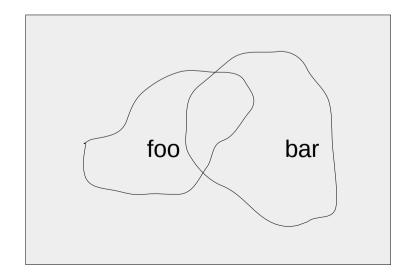
ImgLabeling

Img<IntegerType>



Map<int, Set<String>>

```
    0 → {}
    1 → {"foo"}
    2 → {"foo","bar"}
    3 → {"bar"}
```



Smallest Cheatsheet

- Image Containers:
 - Img, RandomAccessibleInterval, RandomAccessible, ImgLabeling
- Utility Classes:
 - Views:
 - RandomAccessible<...> ra = Views.extendBorder(rai);
 - RandomAccessibleInterval<...> rai = Views.interval(ra);
 - IterableInterval<...> ii = Views.iterable(rai);
 - RandomAccessibleInterval<Pair<...,...>> = Views.pair(a, b);
 - Views.stack(), Views.hyperSlice(), Views.translate
 - Converters:
 - Converters.convert(rai, (I, o) → o.setReal(i.getRealDouble), new DoubleType());
 - Intervals:
 - Intervals.minAsLongArray(interval), Intervals.translate()
 - LoopBuilder
 - Arraylmgs:
 - Img<DoubleType> image = ArrayImgs.doubles(dimensions)

What's in imglib2-algorithm?

- Gauss(3), DifferenceOfGaussians
- Morphology:
 - Opening, Closing, Erosion, Dilation, TopHat
- Connected Components & Watershed
- Neighborhoods
- LocalExtrema
- PartialDerivative:
 - (Forward, Backward & Central Derivatives)
- KDTree
- Histogram Calculation
- Hessian Matrix (?)
- Eigen Values
- FloodFill
- Multi Threaded, Thresholder

- ComponentTree
- SubpixelEdgeDetection
- Edgel
- IntergralImg (revert PatialDerivative)

What is in imglib2-algorithm-fft?

- Fast Fourier Transform
- Also BSD License

What is in imglib2-algorithm-gpl?

- FFT Convolution
- Localization
- Pick Image Peaks
- Patial Derivatives & Diffusion

Exercises

- Calculate gradient using forward differences
- Count connected components
- Find local minima