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- Short for Azure Active Directory
- Central identity and access management cloud service
- Used to manage access to thousands of apps
 - Among them the Azure Portal
- Secure, robust, intelligent

- Advanced features:
 - MFA
 - Conditional Access
 - Device management
 - Hybrid identity
 - Identity protection
 - Monitoring and reports
 - And lots more...

- We're interested mainly in:
 - Control access to Azure resources
 - By setting up users, groups, roles
 - Not entirely architecture- and dev- related, but still important
 - Use Azure AD to add authentication to our apps
 - Can be done also via Azure AD B2C

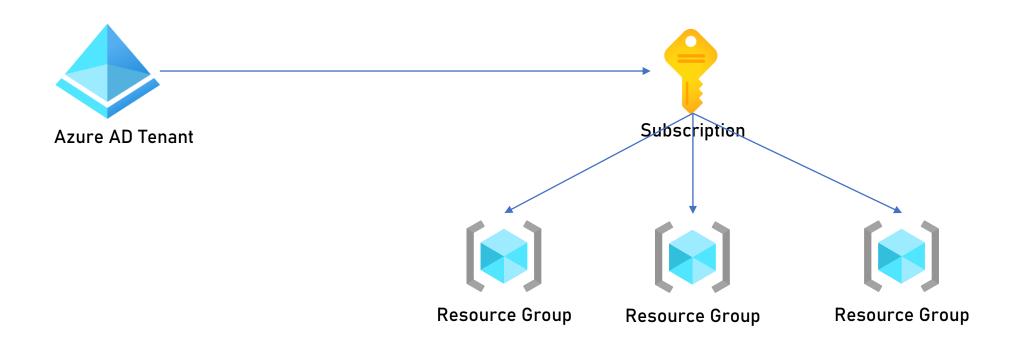
Azure AD Figures

- Integrates with more than 2,800 apps
- Manages more than 1.2 billion identities
- Processes over 8 billion authentications every day
- Secured using 3,500 security experts in Microsoft
- ...which invests more than \$1bn annually on cybersecurity
- The largest identity and access management service in the world

Tenant

- A specific instance of Azure AD containing accounts and groups
- Called also Directory
- Is NOT part of the subscription hierarchy
 - Exists beside the subscription
 - For new subscriptions, a new tenant is created automatically
- A tenant can be assigned to multiple subscriptions

Tenant



Users and Groups

- Two of the main three objects managed by Azure AD
 - The 3rd one is Roles (later...)
- Manages and stores the users that are part of the tenant
- Groups the users in Groups
 - Examples: IT Admins, Developers, etc.
 - Allows defining roles to groups instead of each user

Azure AD Licenses

- Azure AD Licenses have great effect on the functionality and price of Azure AD
- Important to understand the differences and recommend the right solution

Azure AD Licenses

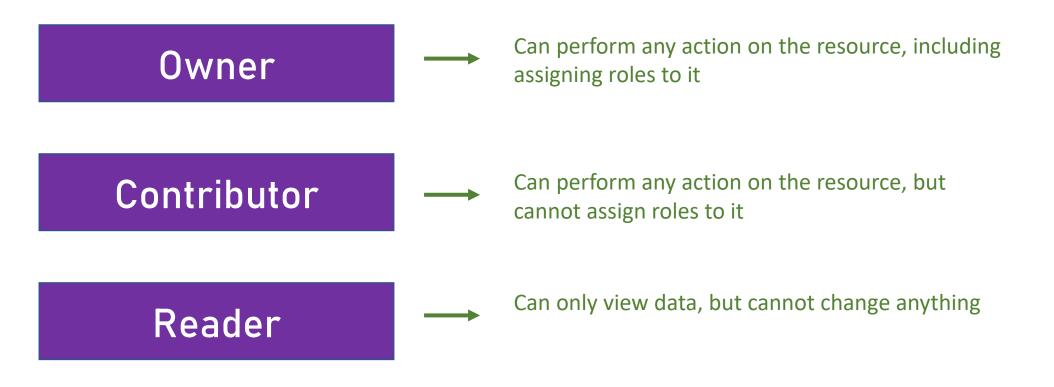
	Free	Premium 1	Premium 2
Max Objects	500,000	Unlimited	Unlimited
Users & Groups	X	X	X
MFA	X (All or nothing)	X (With Conditional Access)	X (With Conditional Access)
Dynamic Groups		X	X
Conditional Access		X	X
Risk Detention			X
Risk based Conditional Access			X
Privileged Identity Management (PIM)			X
Price	Free	6\$ user / month	9\$ user / month

Azure AD Security Defaults

- Increases protection of the organization in the Free tier
- Adds preconfigured security settings:
 - Requiring all users to use MFA (block 99.9% of account compromises)
 - Blocks legacy authentication
 - And more...
- No additional cost (so...still free ©)
- For more fine-grained management use Conditional Access (P1)

- In order to perform any operation, or access any data in Azure you have to have the appropriate role
- If you want to:
 - Create resource groups
 - Access data in SQL
 - See metrics of App Service
- ... then you have to have the right role
- If you don't you'll get an empty portal

In general, three types of roles:



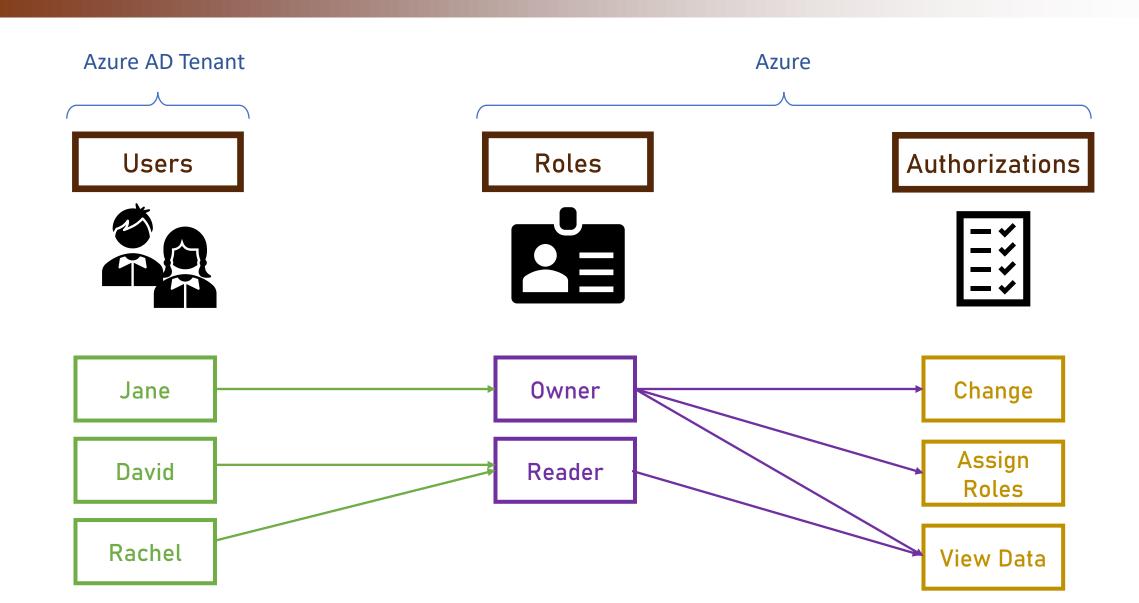
Examples:

Can manage virtual machines

Can manage virtual machines

Can read Azure Cosmos DB account data

Allows full access to Service Bus resources



- It's always better to assign roles to groups and not individual users
- Easier maintenance

- The ability to assign Azure AD identity to Azure resource
- The resource can connect to other Azure resources using this identity
- No need to handle credentials (usernames, passwords etc.)

- Two types of Managed Identities:
 - System assigned Managed by Azure, tied to the resource's lifecycle (when the resource is deleted – so is the identity)
 - User assigned Managed by the user. Can be assigned to multiple resources, not tied to any lifecycle

- Resources that can be assigned Managed Identity:
 - App Service
 - Virtual Machine
 - Event Grid
 - Function
 - And more...

- Resources that can be authorized using Managed Identity:
 - SQL
 - Event Hubs
 - Service Bus
 - Storage
 - Key Vault
 - And more...

Using Azure AD on Our App

- Azure AD can be used as authentication engine on other apps
- Not just the Azure Portal
- It can be used on our own app!

Using Azure AD on Our App

- The process:
 - Register the app in Azure AD
 - Add code to use Azure AD as authentication engine
 - For App Services can be configured via the Portal

Using Azure AD on Our App

- The authentication:
 - Uses OAuth and JWT

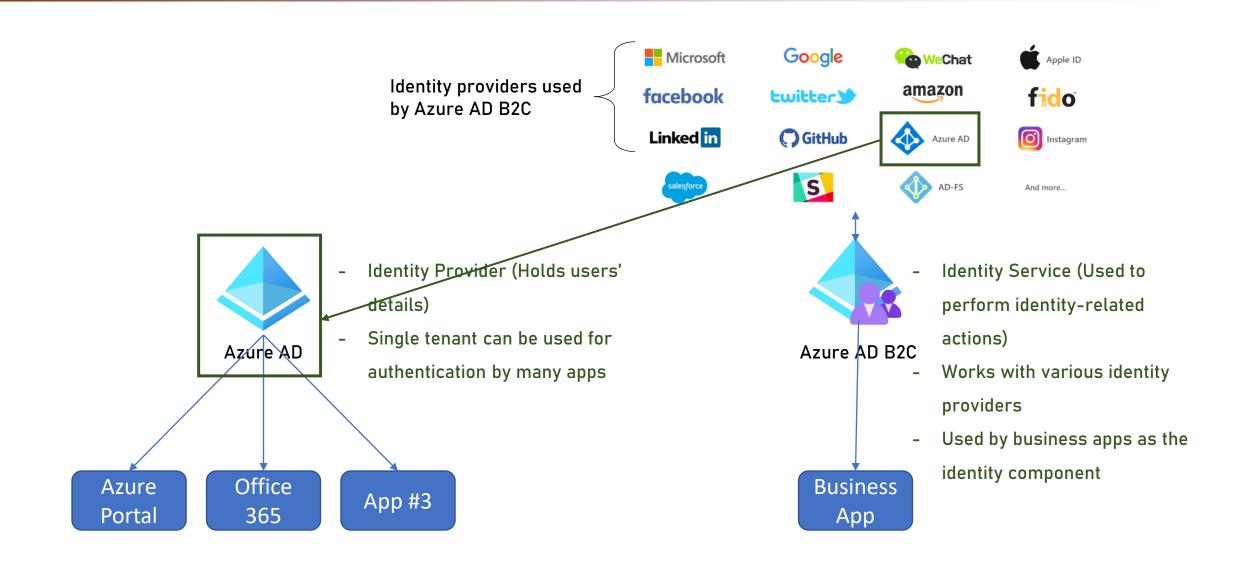
Azure AD B2C

- Identity-as-a-service for your application
- A Business-to-Customer (B2C) service
- Enables integrating identity services in your app
- Works with various identity providers
- Provides various user flows
- Enables customization

Azure AD B2C

- Identity services provided by Azure AD B2C:
 - Sign Up
 - Sign In
 - Log Out
 - Reset Password
 - And more...

Azure AD B2C vs Azure AD



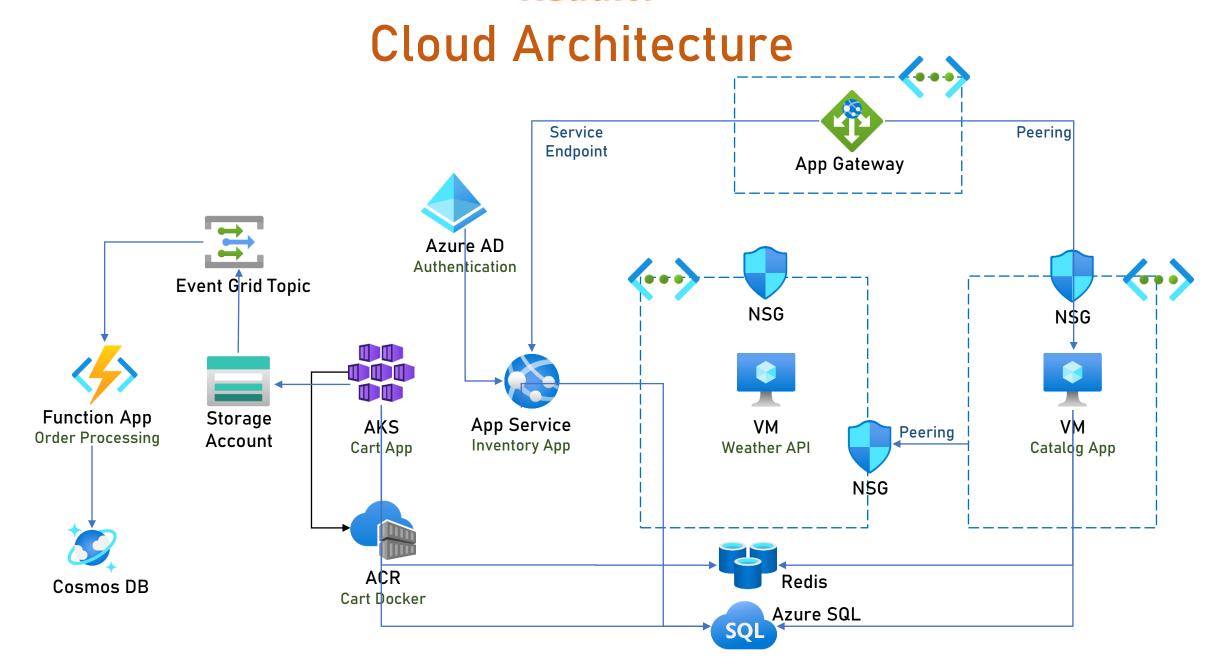
Authentication Features

- MFA
- Conditional Access
- Audit Log
- Custom policies
- Custom pages
- And more...

Authentication Features

- Quite complex to set up
- A lot of moving parts
- We won't demonstrate it...

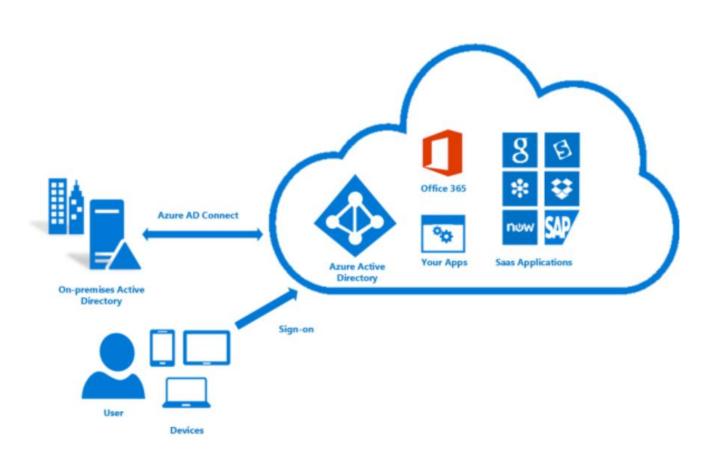
ReadIt!



Syncing Azure AD with On Prem

- Many organizations want to sync their on prem Active Directory with Azure AD
- Useful when the organization has apps on prem and in cloud and wants to have a single user base

AD Connect



Authentication with AD Connect

