



7 June
19/9/25

Kindly follow the pattern
discussed in class.

STUDENT NAME: Isha Bollini	TOTAL MARKS OBTAINED
CLASS: 10A	SUBJECT: Social Science
ROLL NO.: 5	DATE: 19/09/2025

Verified
M
22/9

49%
80

7 June
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SET - 1

SECTION - E (CASE - BASED QUESTIONS)

Q34. 1) Gandhiji says that passive resistance is not a weapon of the weak because he believes it is not 'passive resistance' at all, but 'intense activity'. He believes that this power can only truly be used by the strong.

2) Gandhiji says "Satyagraha is pure soul-force" because truth is the very substance of the soul. The soul is informed with knowledge. In it burns the flame of love. That is why it is called Satyagraha.

3) In his famous book Hind Swaraj (1909), Mahatma Gandhi states that British rule was established in India only because of the Indians' cooperation. Gandhiji suggests that the best weapon to use to collapse British rule in India is disobedience from the Indians.

Q35. 1) * Maharashtra is a state located in India facing severe water crisis. Two reasons for this:

- Overexploitation of groundwater: Maharashtra's demand for water exceeds its supply. The overexploitation of it due to agriculture and urban use has led to a decline in water levels.
- Pollution of surface water: Industries and urbanisation has led to the contamination of surface water bodies. This has led to water quality degradation, which poses as a risk for humans.

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2) Despite being the second highest rainfall-receiving state of the country, Maharashtra still faces water crisis. This is because the state's water resources are under increasing pressure because of climate change, industrialization and urbanization. Other main challenges faced by Maharashtra are overexploitation of groundwater, pollution of surface water, and inefficient irrigation practices.

3) Maharashtra uses flood irrigation which is inefficient and leads to the wastage of water. Instead of this practice, Maharashtra should adopt ~~the~~ water conserving techniques such as drip irrigation or terrace farming.

Q36. 1) The per capita income of a country means the earnings of a country in a year.

2) The most important attribute to compare the growth of the countries is ~~the~~ gross national income (GNI) per capita.

3) A developed country is a highly industrial growth oriented country where quality of life is high, presence of a developed economy and advance technology, while the growing/developing countries are those that are in either pre industrialization or in industrialization process. These economies mostly rely in agrarian form of economy and their per capita income is ~~of~~ generally less than others.

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SECTION - D

Q 32. Conservation of Energy is ~~an~~ important as it teaches us ~~how~~ to what our priorities are. It helps us satisfy our needs while also keeping in mind the future generations.

- Be mindful about the energy you use. Stop using energy when it is not required.
- Use more energy - creating ^{Sustainable} solutions. We can now get energy ~~from~~ from various ^{Renewable} sources like ocean currents, etc.

Q 33. Self-help groups are groups consisting of few people. These people dip-in money and give loans. Self help groups eliminate poverty and empower women because:

- Self-help groups give loans with a lower rate of interest compared to banks.

Self-help groups are usually ^{women-run} ~~run by women~~ organisations.

- They help and invest in start-ups and viable businesses. Banks don't ~~give~~ give loans to people asking for such work.

- Help women become independent in society.

- People in poverty often aren't given the loan when asked for in banks. Self-help groups are more trusting and give loans even to people in dire situations.

Through the above Self-help groups are a good cause created to support people, eliminate poverty and empower women.

SECTION - C

Q 25. "The production of manuscripts could not satisfy the ever-increasing demand ~~for~~ for books?"

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As Initially, manuscripts and reading were made only for the elites of society. But as it got more popular, ~~hand~~ handwritten manuscripts couldn't satisfy the demand for books because they took long periods of time to write and copy. This ~~was~~ was when the printing press was introduced which made creating books much faster.

Q27. The tertiary sector has emerged as the largest producing sector as of 2013-14. This is because it requires minimal skill level, physical work, etc. The people who work in the tertiary sector are people most-likely in poverty and have a low skill level. The requirement for workers in the tertiary sector also is high. They earn meager but don't require any qualifications to do it.

Q28. An unorganised sector does not offer the various plus points that an organised sector does. An unorganised sector ^{job} does not offer a steady income. It doesn't offer a ~~continuous~~ ^{secure} job. An organised sector ^{job} offers a steady income, a secure job, etc. This is why Sunil was not satisfied whereas Raman was happy and satisfied.

Q29. A Democracy advocates for the people of its country. ^{Democracy} It stands much superior to any other forms of government in promoting dignity and freedom of the individual.

- A Democratic government advocates for its people and listens to their needs.
- It promotes freedom of opinion.
- A democracy lets a citizen ~~have~~ practice their beliefs and stand by their religion/culture?

(explain)

Q8. c. French-speaking people formed a majority in Brussels, even though it lies in Flanders.

Q9. d) Both (I) and (II) are correct.

Q10. d) Women are now treated as equals in the political arena.

Q11. b) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

Q12. d) Corruption.

Q13. a) It provides facilities for agriculture and industry.

Q14. c) I II III
2 3 1.

Q15. d) 1(b), 2(c), 3(a)

Q16. d) Female.

Q17. d) Nepal.

Q18. c) Tertiary sector - Fisheries.

Q19. a. Nature of employment activities.

Q20. c) 1, 2 and 3.

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SECTION - B:

Q21. "Agriculture and industry are not exclusive of each other. They were hand in hand." The agriculture and industry sectors both have ~~common~~ requirements like resources. ?

Q22. "Traders and travelers introduced new crops to lands they travelled". Traders took routes all around the world for trading. They brought along with them knowledge about such endeavors and introduced new crops. ?

Crops Needed!

Q23. i) Two subjects included in the union list are agriculture, GDP. ?

-1- ii) The subject 'Education' is ~~located~~ in the concurrent list as it concerns the whole country. (?)

SECTION - A:

-1- Q1. a. ~~Frankfurt~~ Parliament.

-1- Q2. d) 1, 2, 3, 4.

-0- Q3. a) ~~Easier~~ access to rare manuscripts.

-1- Q4. a) Maize - ~~South~~ America.

-1- Q5. d) 1. d), 2. c), 3. b), 4. a)

-1- Q6. c. ~~The~~ state government to be subordinate to the central government.

Q7.

-1- Q7. c) ~~due to~~ their social and historical circumstances.

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SECTION - F.

Q37 a. i. ~~Nagpur~~ Calcutta session.

2- ii. ~~Dandi~~.

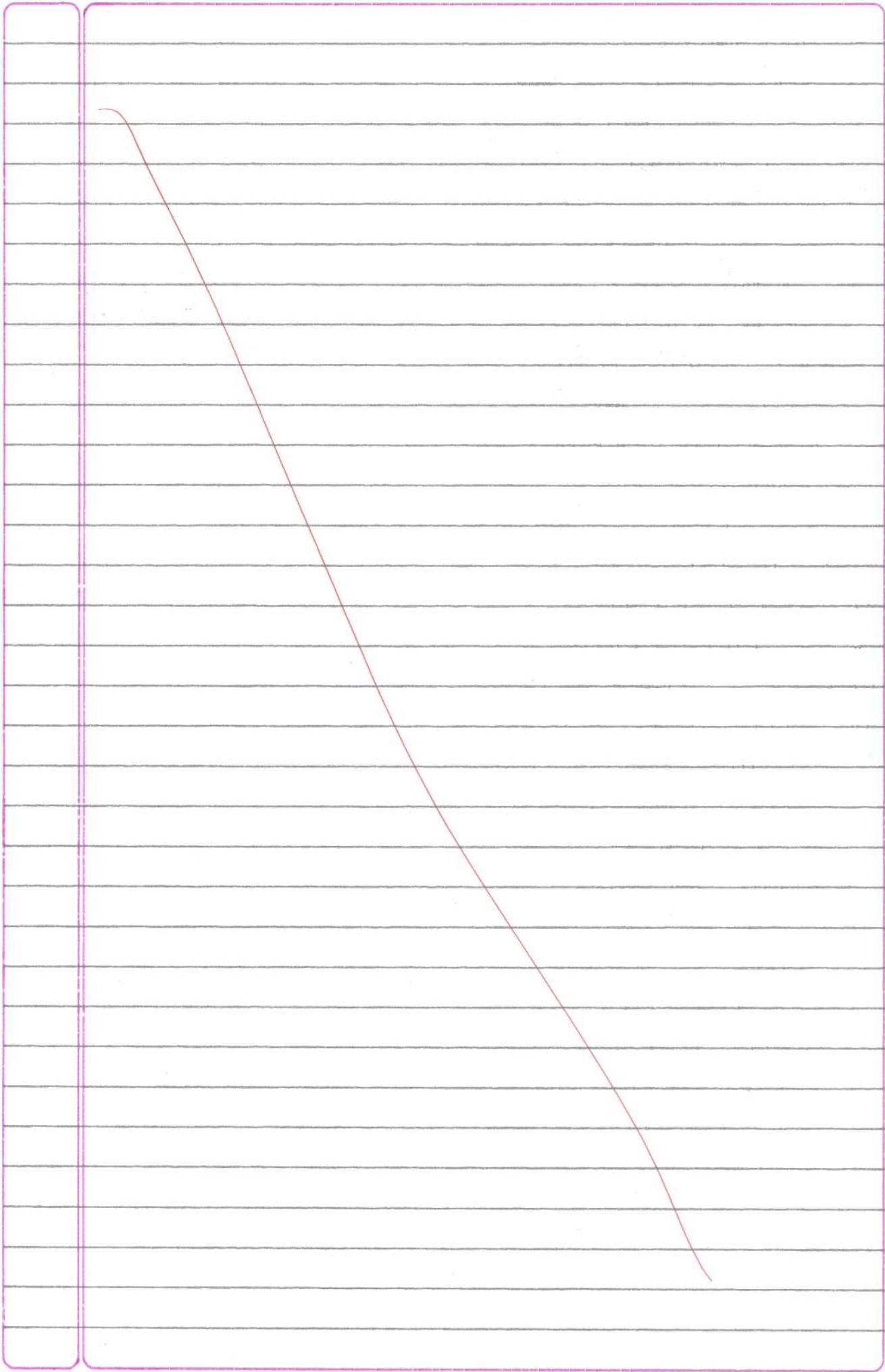
Q37 b. d. Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh.

b. Karnataka, ~~Tamil Nadu~~, Andhra Pradesh, ~~Tamil Nadu~~, Assam, Kerala.

✓ (A)

(4)

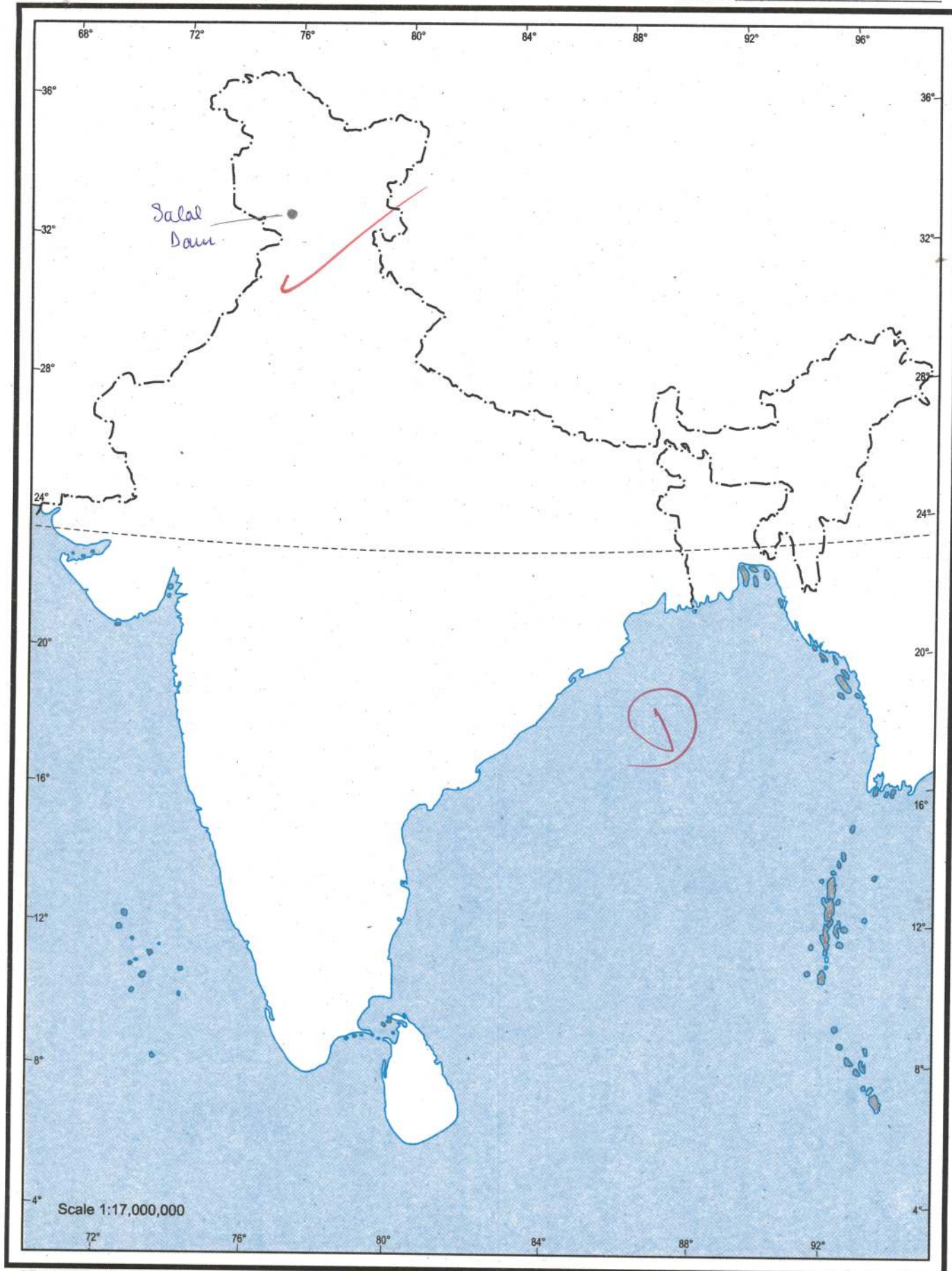
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INDIA - OUTLINE

NAME : Isha Bollini
CLASS : 10th SEC : A
ROLL NO. : 5



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Isha