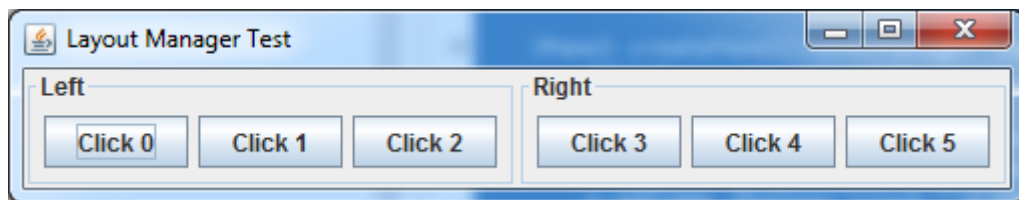


Worksheet: Strategy Pattern

In class you have seen that a strategy object can either be used by one context or by several contexts. With this worksheet you learn under which conditions a strategy object can either be used by several contexts or by one context only.

We will investigate different strategy implementations with the help of the program LayoutComparer which you find in this week's project 05_Strategy.zip stored on the Active Directory (and on the back side).

This program opens a window which contains two panels "Left" and "Right" side by side. In each of these panels three buttons are added. These buttons are placed with a FlowLayout manager which is ignoring the constraints "West", "Center" and "East".



Now change the code so that a BorderLayout manager is used instead of the FlowLayout manager. You only have to remove the comment characters "//" in the third to last line.

Explain why the buttons are no longer visible in the left window.

Hints:

- How many layout manager instances are used in the whole application?
- The situation can (supposedly) be corrected if the layouting algorithm is explicitly triggered by invoking method `pack()` between the two invocations of `add(createPanel(...))`. The problem described above seems to be fixed, but if you now change the size of the window, then only one of the two panels is adjusted. Why?
- In order to answer these questions it might be helpful if you study the sources of class `BorderLayout`.
- How would the implementation of the `BorderLayout` manager class have to be changed so that an instance can be used by several contexts?

```
package patterns.strategy.stateful;

import java.awt.BorderLayout;
import java.awt.FlowLayout;
import java.awt.GridLayout;
import java.awt.LayoutManager;

import javax.swing.BorderFactory;
import javax.swing.JButton;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JPanel;

public class LayoutComparer extends JFrame {

    public static void main (String[] args) {
        JFrame f = new LayoutComparer();
        f.setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        f.pack();
        f.setVisible(true);
    }

    static int counter = 0;

    JPanel createPanel(LayoutManager layout, String title) {
        JPanel p = new JPanel();
        p.setLayout(layout);
        p.add(new JButton("Click "+counter++), "West");
        p.add(new JButton("Click "+counter++), "Center");
        p.add(new JButton("Click "+counter++), "East");
        p.setBorder(BorderFactory.createTitledBorder(title));
        return p;
    }

    LayoutComparer() {
        setTitle("Layout Manager Test");
        setLayout(new GridLayout(1, 2));
        LayoutManager m;
        m = new FlowLayout();
        // m = new BorderLayout();

        add(createPanel(m, "Left"));
        add(createPanel(m, "Right"));
    }
}
```