

ASSignment

Name

Mufeez Aslam

Reg

SP22- BCS-035

Section

A

Subject

DSA

→ Dequeue: Return the top of S_1 which is 2 and pop it
 $S_1: 3$
 $S_2:$

→ Dequeue: Return the Top S_1 which is 3 and pop it
 $S_1:$
 $S_2:$

• Pre-order: tree traversal:

```
- int main ( )  
- {  
- struct Node root = new Node(1)  
  root
```

(The new node function is called)

```
- Node * new node (int data)
```

```
- { Node * temp = new Node;
```

temp ?

root

root ?

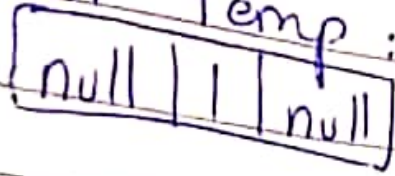
1

Date: _____
temp → data = data:
temp →

1

 root node

- temp → left = temp → right = Null;
- return temp: {

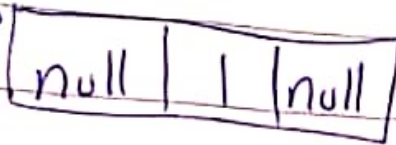


temp

root

(again going to main function)

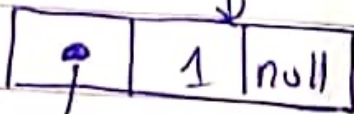
root → left = new node(2);



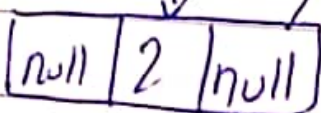
temp

(again new node function called)

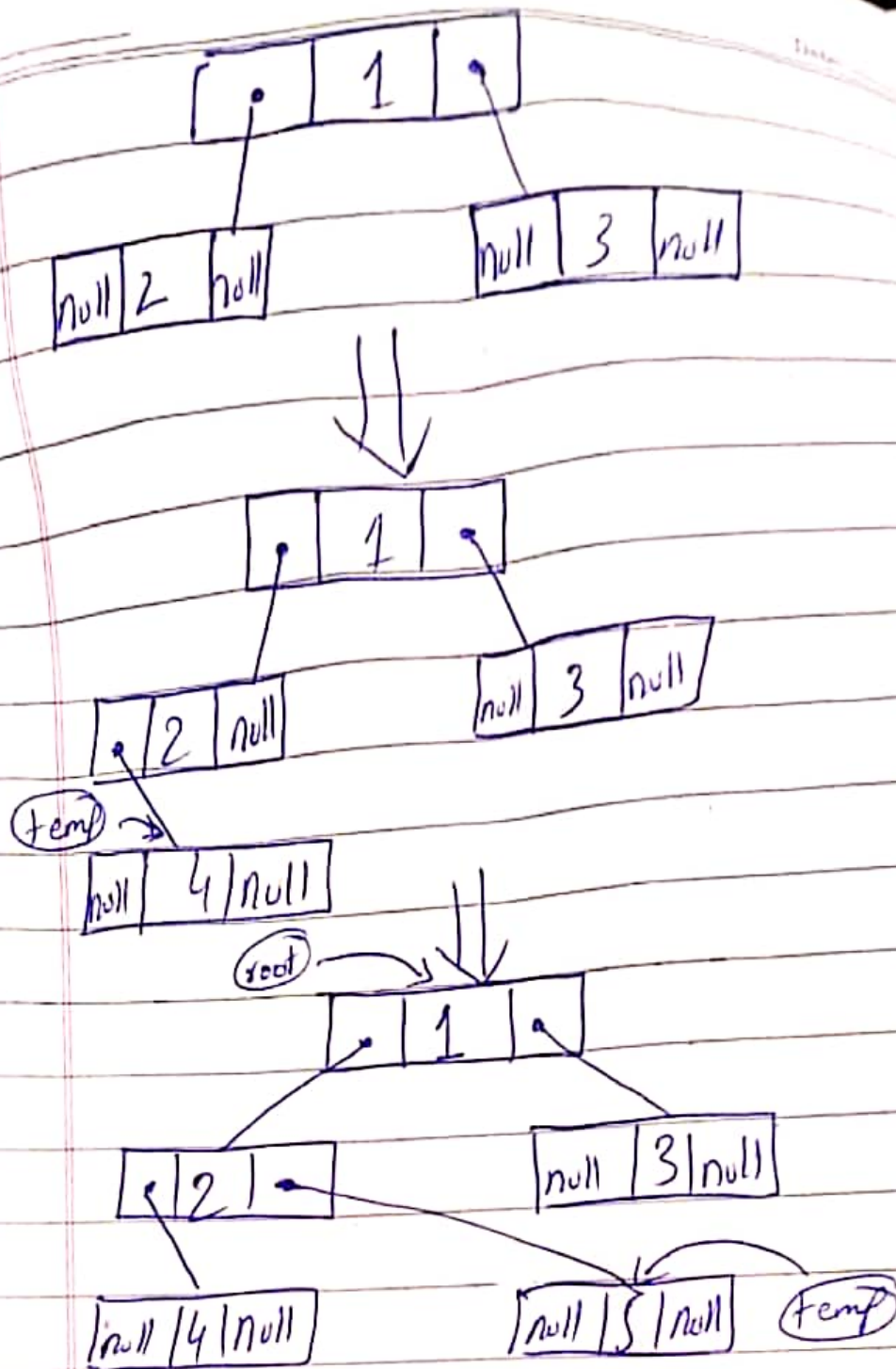
root



temp



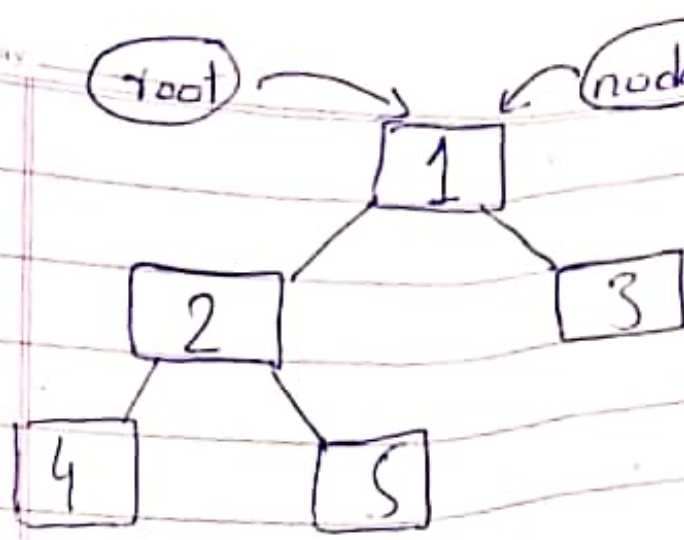
- root → right = new Node(3);
(Same procedure repeated,
now temp with point to right)



- Print pre-order (root) :
(new print preorder function is called)

(if condition does not apply so...)

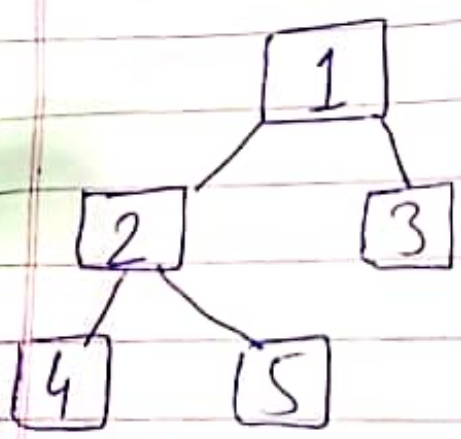
- cout << node->data << " " ;



This pointer from void print pre order (struck node node)

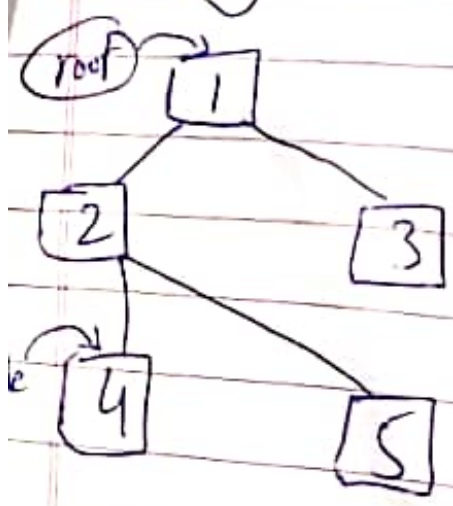
By this node's data is printed (1)
output : 1

- 1 print pre order (node → left);



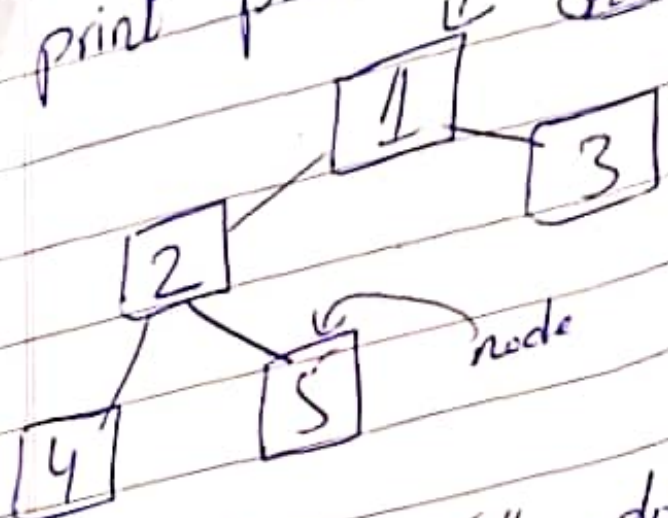
(again the whole function is called for left node)
Output : 1 2

⇓

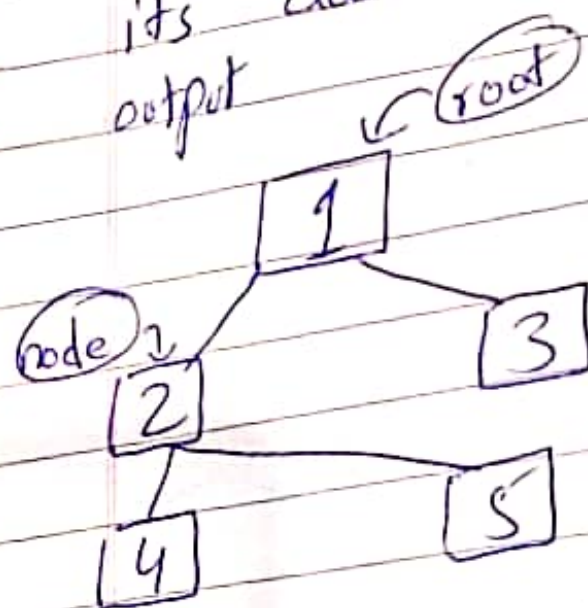


Output : 1 2 4

Output : 4
 - print post order (node \rightarrow right) :



Now, this "5" does not have any left or right subtree, so its data will be printed in

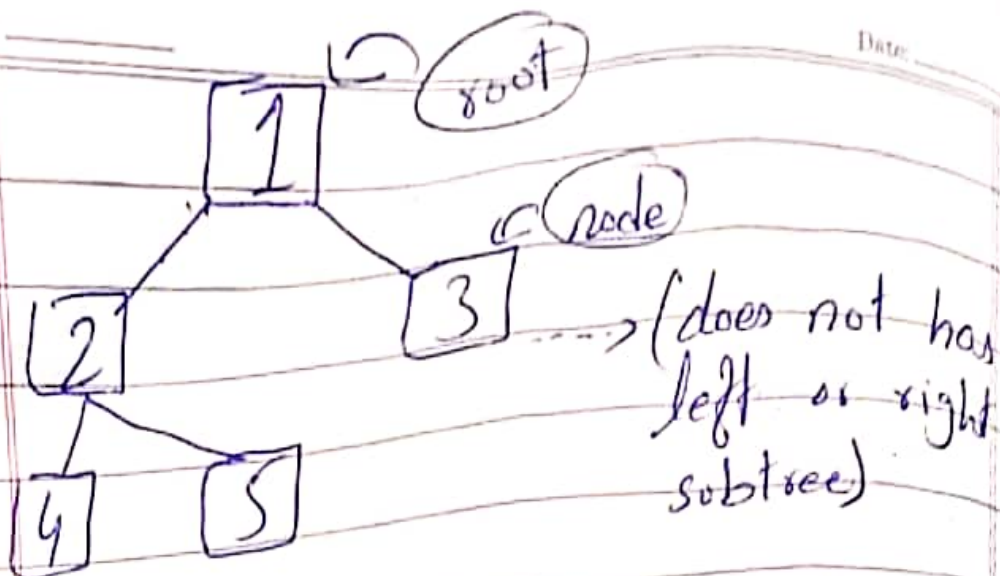


Output : 4 5

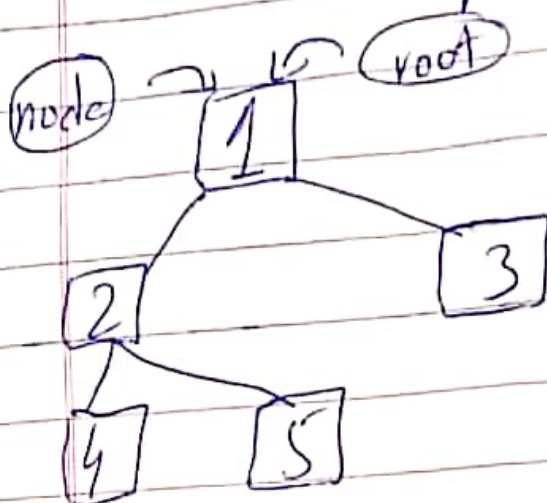
Output : 4 5 2

Again, function calls :

Print post order (node \rightarrow right);
 Now, in function, node pointer to right of root.



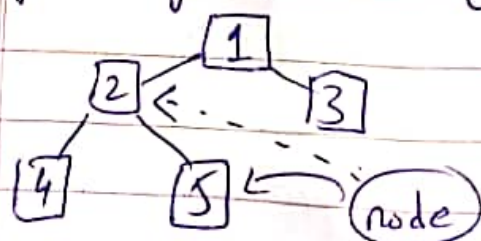
Output : 4 5 2 3



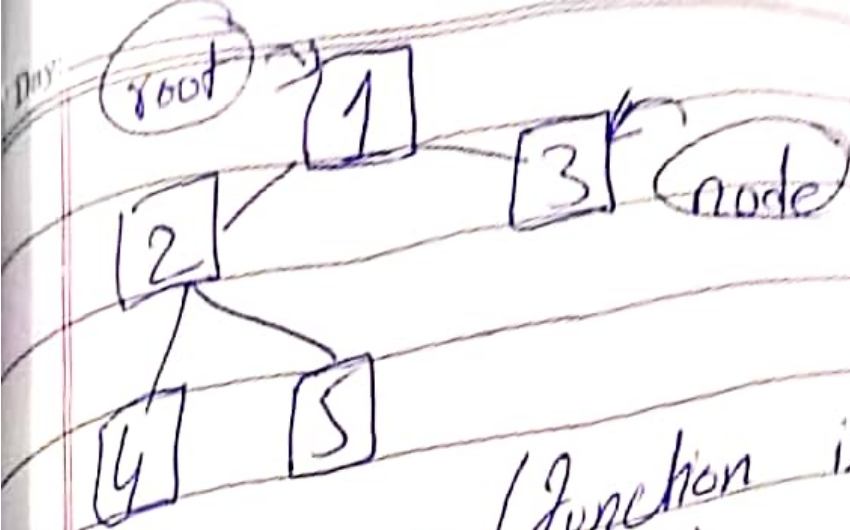
Output : 4 5 2 3 1

Now, this node "4" does not have left subtree (if condition applied so function returns

- print preorder (node → right);



Output : 1 2 4 5



(function is called again)

Output: 1 2 4 5 3

After this, the main function is terminated by return 0;

• Post-order tree traversal:

```

int main ( ) {
- struct node root = new Node(1)
- root - left = new Node(2);
- root - right = new Node(3);
- root - left -> left = new Node(4);
}

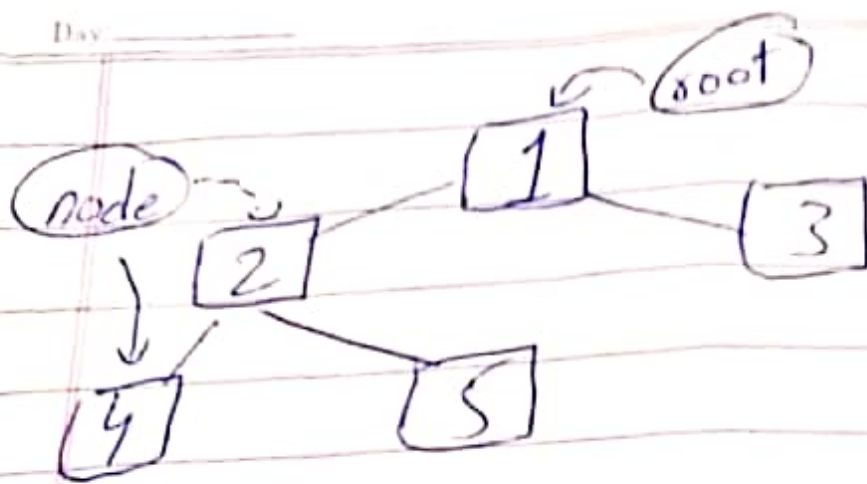
```

(Tree is created by same procedure as previous code)

```

- PrintPost order (root);
  (Print Post order function is called)
  if condition is not applicable
  to next line

```

Now "4" node does not
 has left & right subtree
 so, its data is printed
 in output by
`- cout << node -> data << " " ;`

- Print post order function proceed
 to next line

