# Is There Value in Reasoning about Security at the Architectural Level: a Comparative Evaluation

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## Finding security vulnerabilities that are closer to **architectural flaws** is harder

#### Architectural flaw

e.g., missing authentication

#### Coding bug

e.g., hard-coded password

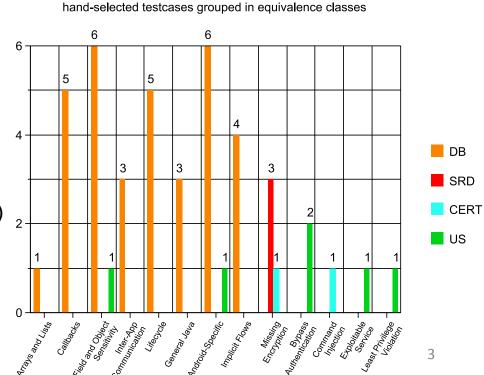
#### Approaches make tradeoffs

- Sound and possibly less precise
- Analyst-assisted approach
- Special purpose constraints
- Separate extraction and constraints
- High-level representation of the system
- ...

- Unsound and possibly more precise
- More automated approach;
- General purpose constraints
- Combined extraction and constraints
- Code-oriented view of the system
- ...

## Comparing approaches that find architectural flaws using a benchmark

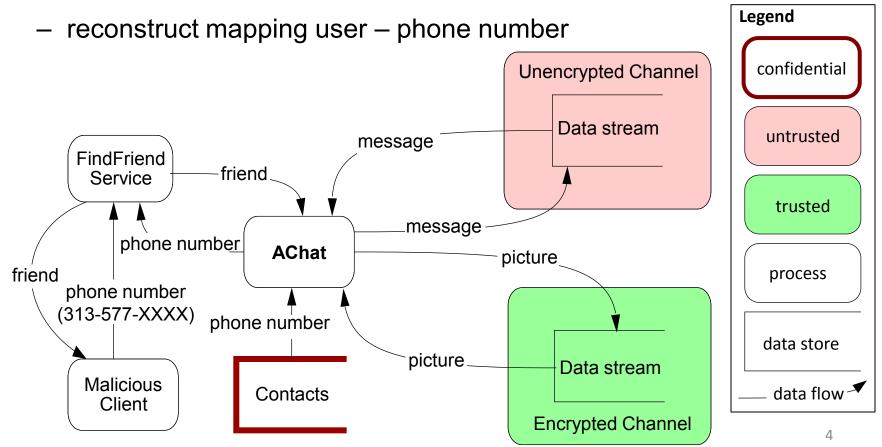
- Some Common Weakness Enumerations (CWE) related to architectural flaws without corresponding testcases\*
  - CWE-325: Missing Required Cryptographic Step (34 testcases)
  - CWE-311: Missing Encryption of Sensitive Data (no testcases)
- ScoriaBench
  - 43 hand-selected testcases
  - Android and Java applications
  - 13 different equivalence classes
- Selected test cases from
  - DroidBench(DB)
  - SAMATE Reference Dataset (SRD)
  - CERT rules examples
  - Designed by us (US)



<sup>\*</sup>in SRD Juliet Test Suite for Java

## Exploitable FindFriend Service

- No transitive information flow from Contacts to Client
- Brute force attack



Scoria process [Vanciu and Abi-Antoun, ASE'2013]

## Add and typecheck annotations

 Annotations express design intent

## Extract high-level representation

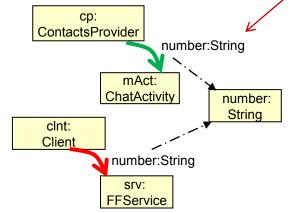
 Sound over-approximation of runtime structure

### Refine annotation

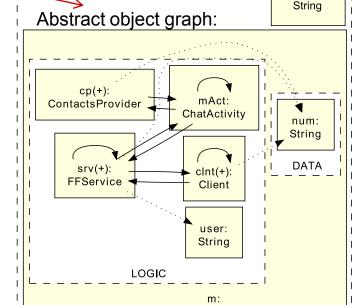
### Write constraints to find vulnerabilities

Enriched representation with security properties and queries

#### Constraint:



#### Annotated code:



Main

**SHARED** 

313-577-:

### Results

- Compare in terms of precision and recall
  - Scoria
  - FlowDroid [Arzt et al., PLDI'2014]

Precision = (TP)/(TP+FP) Recall = (TP)/(TP+FN)

