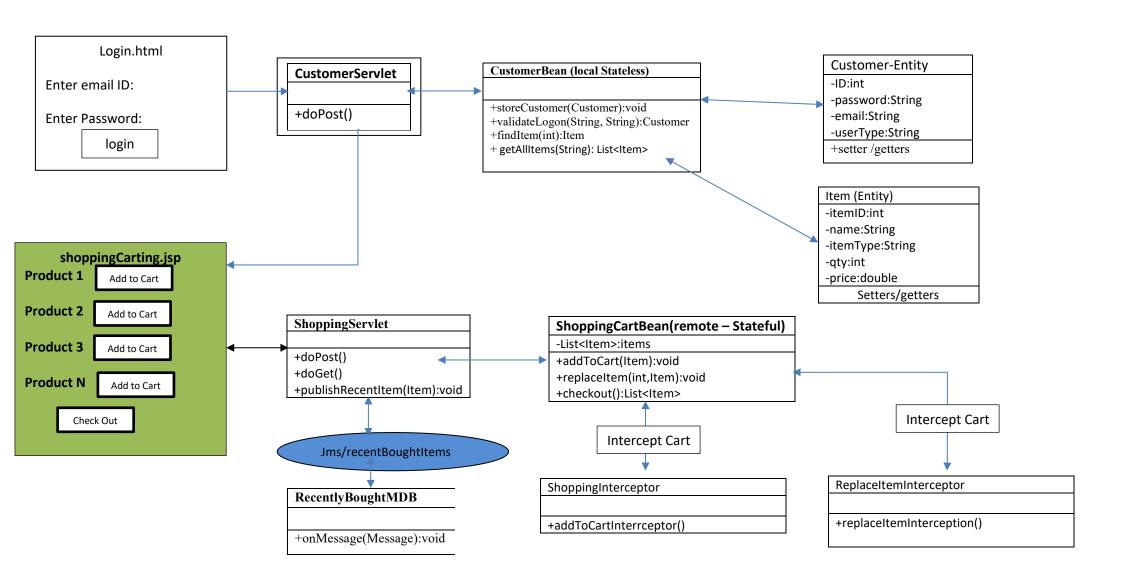


Nooko wholesalers requested to develop an enterprise application that will allow all logon customers to view, add and replace items from a shopping cart online. The application will intercept all items added to a shopping cart to add a levy of 0.08 on items above R800, otherwise it will 0.03 on items less than R800. Also, the application will intercept the replace items to subtract R1.14 on all items replaced from a shopping cart. The application uses publish/subscribe communication to allows customers to publish all recently bought items on check out. See system architecture in the next page.



Question 1 (40)

1. Create a persistence.xml that will interact with the nookoDbase which is mapped with entity managers. //1/

2. Create two entities (*Customer and Item*) as shown on the system architecture. Map each entity to tblCustomer and tblItem respectively.

```
@Entity/1 Mark
@Table(name="tblCustomer")/1 Mark
public class Customer implements Serializable
{
  @Id
  @GeneratedValue(strategy=GenerationType.AUTO) /1 Mark
private int ID;

  @Entity
  @Entity
  @UTable(name="tblItem")/1 Mark
  public class Item implements Serializable
  {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy=GenerationType.AUTO) /1 Mark
    private int itemID;
```

```
private String password;
private String emails;
private String userType;
private String userType;
private String userType;
private ouble price;
}
```

3. Create a stateless local session bean called *CustomerBean* that will store and validate a Customer. The session bean will use email and password to validate logons and return an object of type Customer if the logons are valid otherwise return null. Finally, the session bean will return an Item using item id and it will a return list of all items using findItem() and getAllItems() respectively as shown on system architecture.

```
public class CustomerBean implements CustomerBeanService
{
    @PersistenceContext(unitName=" nookoDbase -ejbPU ")//1 mark
    private EntityManager entityManager;
    @Override
    public void storeCustomer(Customer customer)
    {
        entityManager.persist(customer); //1 mark
    }
    @Override
    public Customer validateLogon(String email, String password)
    {
        String sql = "select customer from Customer customer where customer.email like ""+email+"" and customer.password
    ""+password+""";//2 mark
        Customer cust = null;
        Query query = entityManager.createQuery(sql); //2 mark
        try
        {
            cust = (Customer) query.getSingleResult();//1 mark
        }
        catch(Exception er)
```

```
cust = null;
    return cust; //1 mark
@Override
public Item getItem(int itemId)
  return entityManager.find(Item.class, itemId); //1 mark
public List<Item> getAllItems(String itemType)
  String sql = "select item from Item item where item.itemType = "+itemType + "";//1 mark
  List<Item> items;
  Query query = entityManager.createQuery(sql); //1 mark
 try
    items = (List<Items>) query.getResultList();//1 mark
catch(Exception er)
     items = null;
    return items;
```

4. Create a stateful session bean called *ShoppingCartBean* that will allow a customer to add, replace and return all item on shopping cart. The replaceItem() method accepts itemID and a replacement Item; the method will search and replace existing item.

```
@Stateful
public class ShoppingCartBean implements ShoppingCartBeanService {
  private List<Item> items;
  @Override
  @PostConstruct
  public void initialliseShopCart() {
    items = new ArrayList<Item>();
  @Override
  @Interceptors(ShoppingInterceptor.class) //1 mark
  public void addItem(Item item) {
    products.add(product); //1 mark
  @Override
  @Interceptors(ReplaceItemInterceptor.class) //1 mark
  public void replaceItem(int itemId, Item item)
    int i = 0;
    for(Item item: items) //1 mark
       if (item.getItemID() == itemId) //1 mark
         items.set(i, Item); //1 mark
         break;
      ++i;
  @Override
  public List<Product> getAllItem()
```

```
{
    return products; //1 mark
    }
}
```

5. Create a reusable interceptor class named *ShoppingInterceptor* that will intercept the addToCart() methods The addToCartInterrceptor() method intercepts addToCart() method to add a levy of 0.08 or 0.03 according to item price.

//8/

```
else
{
    item.setPrice(item.getPrice() + item.getPrice() * 0.03); //1 mark
}

return cnt.proceed();//1 mark
}
}
```

6. Create another reusable interceptor class named *ReplaceItemInterceptor* that will intercept replaceItem() method. The replaceItemInterception() method intercepts replaceItem() method to subtract R1.14 from the replacement Item. //7/

```
@Interceptor//1 mark

public class ReplaceItemInterceptor {
    @AroundInvoke
    public Object replaceItemInterception (InvocationContext cnt) throws Exception//1 mark
    {
        Object[] parameters = cnt.getParameters();//1 mark
        if (parameters != null)
        {
            for(Object parameter: parameters ) //1 mark
        }
```

Question 2 (30)

1. Create a message driven bean called *RecentlyBoughtMDB* that subscribes to a topic named "Jms/recentBoughtItems". The message driven bean will read any changes made on the to a topic named "Jms/recentBoughtItems" and display each bought item on a console screen.

```
@MessageDriven(activationConfig = {
    @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "clientId", propertyValue = "jms/ recentBoughtItems"), //1 mark
    @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "destinationLookup", propertyValue = "jms/ recentBoughtItems"),
    @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "subscriptionDurability", propertyValue = "Durable"), //1 mark
```

```
@ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "subscriptionName", propertyValue = "jms/recentBoughtItems"),//1 mark
  @ActivationConfigProperty(propertyName = "destinationType", propertyValue = "javax.jms.Topic")//1 mark
public class RecentlyBoughtMDB implements MessageListener {//1 mark
  public RecentlyBoughtMDB () {
  @Override
  public void onMessage(Message message) // 1 marks
    if(message instanceof ObjectMessage) //1 mark
       try {
         ObjectMessage objMsg = (ObjectMessage) message; //1 mark
         Item item = (List<Product>) objMsg.getObject();//1 mark
         System.out.println("Item recently bought");
         System.out.println(item.getName() + " " + item.getQty() + " " + item.getPrice());//2 mark
       } catch (JMSException ex) {
         Logger.getLogger(RecentBoughtProductTopic.class.getName()).log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);
```

- 2. Create a controller class called LogonServlet that override the doPost method to do the following:
- The doPost method will accept the email address and password to validate a customer user; if the logons are valid the servlet will redirect the user to the shoppingCart.jsp with a list of items, otherwise will redirect the user to login.html.

```
@WebServlet(urlPatterns = {"/LoginServlet"})
public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {
@EJB
private CustomerService service; //1 mark
@Override
 protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
       throws ServletException, IOException
     String email, password, logons;
     email = request.getParameter("email");
    password = request.getParameter("password");
  try {
      Customer objCustomer service.validate(email, password); //1 mark
      if (objCustomer != null) //1 mark
         List<Item> items = service.getAllItems();
         request.setAttribute("items", items); //1 mark
         RequestDispatcher dispatch = this.getServletContext().getRequestDispatcher("shoppingCarting.jsp");//1 mark
         dispatch.forward(request, response);
    else
          response.sendRedirect(login.html); //1 mark
  } catch (JMSException ex) {
    Logger.getLogger(LoginServlet.class.getName()).log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);
```

```
}
}
```

- 3. Create another controller class called *ShoppingServlet* that override the doPost methods to do the following:
  - a. The doPost method will accept the item id from the *shoppingCarting.jsp* and add it to the shopping cart and store it to a session and redirect the user back to *shoppingCarting.jsp*.
  - b. The doPost method will receive a command to "check out", then the method will publish each item from a shoppingCart list to a topic named "Jms/recentBoughtItems" topic using a publishRecentItem() method. //3/
  - c. Create publishRecentItem(Item) method that will publish each item bought. //5/

```
if (decides.equals("add to cart"))1 Mark
                         int itemID = Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("itemID"));1 Mark
                         Item item = sessionBean.getItem(itemID); 1 Mark
                         if (item != null)
                                 shoppingCart.addItem(item); 1 Mark
                                 response.sendRedirect("shoppingCarting.jsp");1 Mark
                         else if (decides.equals("Check out"))1 Mark
                                      for(Item item : shoppingCart.getAllItems())1 Mark
                                            publishRecentItem(item); 1 Mark
               catch (NamingException ex)
                  Logger.getLogger(ShoppingServlet.class.getName()).log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);
public void publishRecentItem(Item item)
    try
         //Create to the connection
         Connection connection = factory.createConnection();1 Mark
         //Create session
         Session session = connection.createSession(false, Session.AUTO ACKNOWLEDGE); 1 Mark
         //Create Publisher
```

```
MessageProducer producer = session.createProducer(topic); 1 Mark
ObjectMessage objMsg = session.createObjectMessage(item); 1 Mark
//send the object
producer.send(objMsg); 1 Mark
// Close session and connection
session.close();
connection.close();
}
catch(Exception ex)
{
}
```

## **Submit the following on EC:**

- a. Persistence.xml.
- b. Customer.java, Item.java and CustomerBean.java
- c. ShoppingCartBean.java and ShoppingInterceptor.java
- d. RecentlyBoughtMDB.java
- e. ShoppingServlet.java, order.jsp.