Impacts of Severe Weather Evenets in USA

Mohamed A. Nour July 28, 2016

Introduction

Across the United States, tornadoes, excessive heat, and flash floods are most harmful with respect to population health.

Across the United States, tornadoes, thunderstorm winds, and flash floods have the greatest economic consequences.

Our raw data are taken from Natural Weather service portal as per the course project page. The events in the database start in the year 1950 and end in November 2011. Fatalities, injuries, and property damage (in dollars) are totalled over that time.

Data Processing

Finding property damage

Property damage exponents for each level was listed out and assigned those values for the property exponent data. Invalid data was excluded by assigning the value as '0'. Then property damage value was calculated by multiplying the property damage and property exponent value. The code for this process was listed below

```
unique(data$PROPDMGEXP)

## [1] K M  B m + 0 5 6 ? 4 2 3 h 7 H - 1 8
## Levels: - ? + 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 B h H K m M
```

Assigning values for the property exponent data

Replace the letters and non numecic values with numbers for proper calculations

```
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "K"] <- 1000</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "M"] <- 1e+06</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == ""] <- 1</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "B"] <- 1e+09</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "m"] <- 1e+06</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "0"] <- 1</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "5"] <- 1e+05</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "6"] <- 1e+06</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "4"] <- 10000</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "2"] <- 100</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "3"] <- 1000</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "h"] <- 100</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "7"] <- 1e+07</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "H"] <- 100</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "1"] <- 10</pre>
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "8"] <- 1e+08</pre>
```

Replace invalid exponent data with '0'

```
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "+"] <- 0
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "-"] <- 0
data$PROPEXP[data$PROPDMGEXP == "?"] <- 0</pre>
```

Calculating the property damage value

```
data$PROPDMGVAL <- data$PROPDMG * data$PROPEXP
```

Finding crop damage

Crop damage exponents data is converted to numeric

```
# Exploring the crop exponent data
unique(data$CROPDMGEXP)
```

```
## [1] M K m B ? 0 k 2
## Levels: ? 0 2 B k K m M
```

```
## [1] M K m B ? 0 k 2
## Levels: ? 0 2 B k K m M
# Assigning values for the crop exponent data

data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "M"] <- le+06

data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "K"] <- lo+06

data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "m"] <- le+06

data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "B"] <- le+09

data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "0"] <- l

data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "k"] <- lo+00

data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "2"] <- lo+00

# Assigning '0' to invalid exponent data data$CROPEXP[data$CROPDMGEXP == "?"] <- 0
# calculating the crop damage value data$CROPDMGVAL <- data$CROPDMG * data$CROPEXP</pre>
```

Finding totals of each incident by event type.

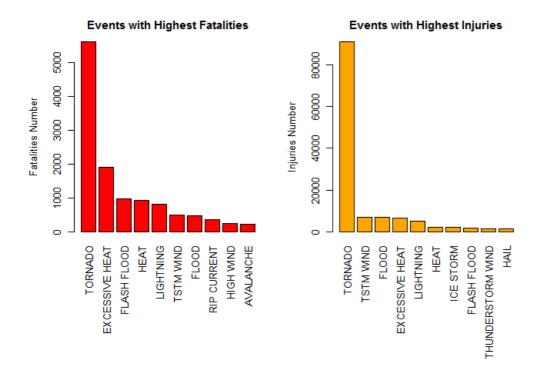
- " most harmful to population health" events are sorted based on their effect
- " most harmful to econamic problem"" events are sorted based on their effect

For each incident (Fatalities, Injuries, Property damage and Crop damage) are calculated as follows:

```
fatal <- aggregate(FATALITIES ~ EVTYPE, data, FUN = sum)
injury <- aggregate(INJURIES ~ EVTYPE, data, FUN = sum)
propdmg <- aggregate(PROPDMGVAL ~ EVTYPE, data, FUN = sum)
cropdmg <- aggregate(CROPDMGVAL ~ EVTYPE, data, FUN = sum)</pre>
```

Plotting events with highest fatalities and highest injuries.

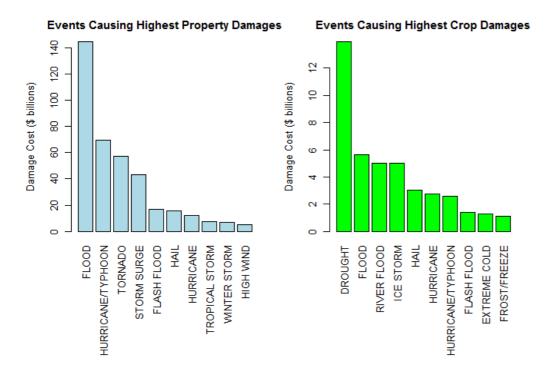
Highest fatalities and highest injuries are sorted as follows:



Plotting events with highest Property damage and highest crop damage.

Highest Property damage and highest crop damage are sorted as follows:

```
# Finding events with highest property damage
propdmg10 <- propdmg[order(-propdmg$PROPDMGVAL), ][1:10, ]
# Finding events with highest crop damage
cropdmg10 <- cropdmg[order(-cropdmg$CROPDMGVAL), ][1:10, ]
par(mfrow = c(1, 2), mar = c(12, 4, 3, 2), mgp = c(3, 1, 0), cex = 0.8)
barplot(propdmg10$PROPDMGVAL/(10^9), las = 3, names.arg = propdmg10$EVTYPE,
    main = "Events Causing Highest Property Damages", ylab = "Damage Cost ($ billions)",
    col = "light blue")
barplot(cropdmg10$CROPDMGVAL/(10^9), las = 3, names.arg = cropdmg10$EVTYPE,
    main = "Events Causing Highest Crop Damages", ylab = "Damage Cost ($ billions)",
    col = "green")</pre>
```



Results and Conclusions

Tornados caused the maximum number of fatalities and injuries. It was followed by Excessive Heat for fatalities and Thunderstorm wind for injuries.

Floods caused the maximum property damage while **Drought** caused the maximum crop damage. Second major events that caused the maximum damage was Hurricanes/Typhoos for property damage and Floods for crop damage.