

# RobWork Workcell Structure and Programming

## Exercise 3.3

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# Overview

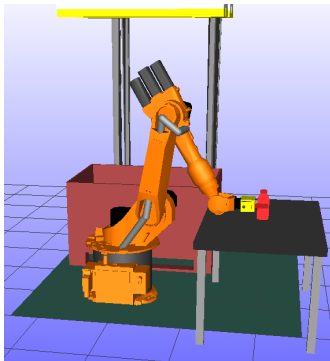
Programming Exercise 2.2

RobWork Workcell Structure

Programming Exercise 3.3

Announcement

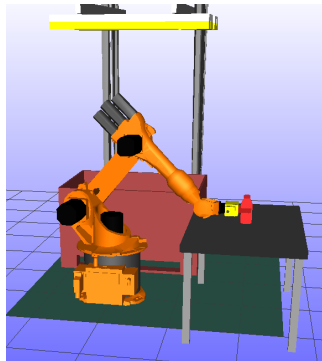
## Programming Exercise 2.2



►  $q=\{1.713, -1.395, 2.415, -2.975, 1.027, -1.658\}$

►  $q=\{1.713, -1.395, 2.415, 0.165, -1.028, 1.482\}$

► Additional solutions if joint limits are relaxed

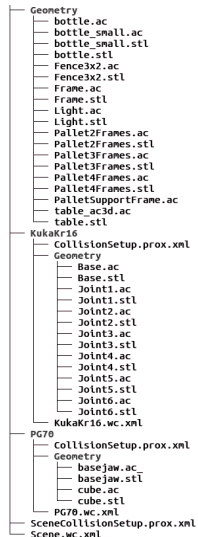


►  $q=\{-1.427, -2.287, -1.608, 0.208, 0.764, -1.722\}$

►  $q=\{-1.426, -2.288, -1.608, 3.352, -0.766, 1.418\}$

# RobWork Workcell Structure

- ▶ A workcell consists of:
  - ▶ Geometries
  - ▶ Devices
  - ▶ Scene definitions (Frame definitions)
  - ▶ Collision Setup
- ▶ Each device is structured as a workcell



# Tasks for today

- ▶ Do Programming Exercise 3.3
- ▶ Construct a RobWork workcell with a UR robot manipulator
- ▶ Geometries are from CAD a file
- ▶ Use datasheet (on BlackBoard) to get measurements
- ▶ Download workcell UR5WorkCellCut.zip from BlackBoard
- ▶ Edit the Device.wc.xml file

# RobWork XML files

- ▶ Frame definitions
  - ▶ Positions:  $x, y, z$  (red, green, blue) in  $[m]$
  - ▶ Rotations: RPY  $(\theta_z, \theta_y, \theta_x)$  in  $[Deg]$
  - ▶ Type: Revolute or prismatic
- ▶ Joint limits: Have already been set
- ▶ Drawables
  - ▶ Graphics for a joint
  - ▶ `reframe` gives the coordinate frame for the graphics
  - ▶ Pose is relative to `reframe`
  - ▶ **WARNING:** The pose of the graphics objects is given in absolute coordinates w.r.t. the robot

# Programming Exercise 3.3

- ▶ Guide to the first two joints.
- ▶ Based on slides by Lars Carøe Sørensen

## Programming Exercise 3.3

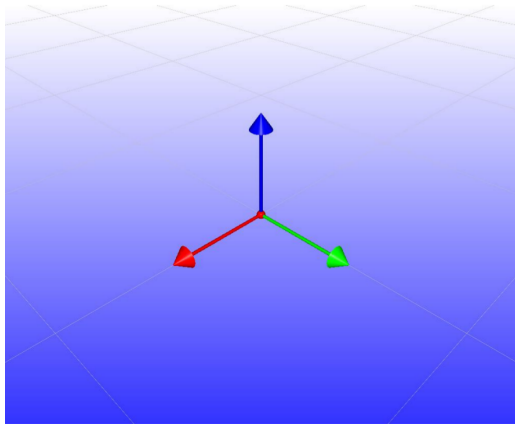


Figure: World/Robot/Base frame



## Programming Exercise 3.3

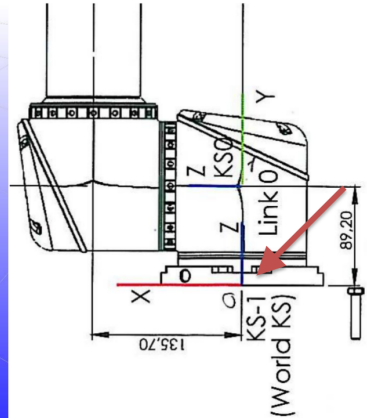
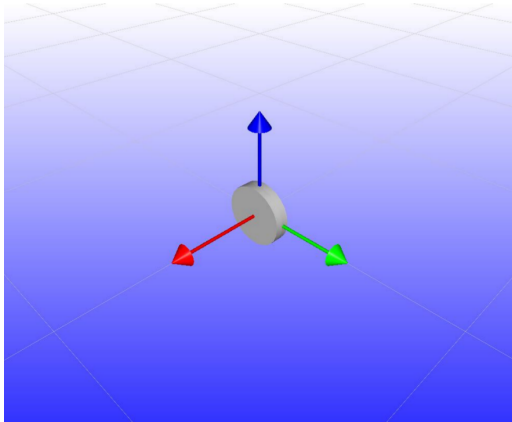


Figure: Insert robotFlange and base (all pos and rot zero)

## Programming Exercise 3.3

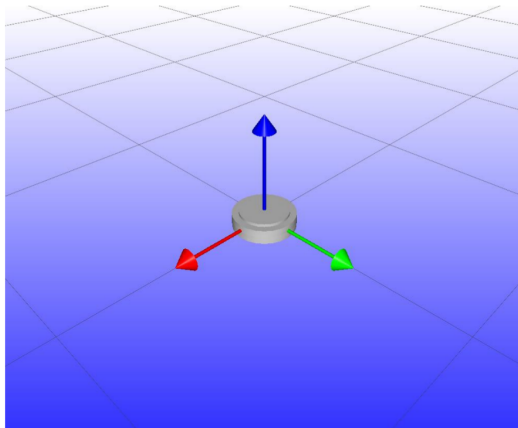


Figure: Drawable: rotate  $90^\circ$  about  $y$  ( $P = 90^\circ$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

- ▶ Base and robotFlange in place. XML is:
- ▶ 

```
<Drawable name="flangeGeo" refframe="Base">  
  <RPY> 0 90 0</RPY> <Pos> 0 0 0</Pos>  
  <Polytope file="geometry/robotFlange" />  
</Drawable>  
  
<Drawable name="flangeGeo" refframe="Base">  
  <RPY> 0 90 0</RPY> <Pos> 0 0 0</Pos>  
  <Polytope file="geometry/base" />  
</Drawable>
```

## Programming Exercise 3.3

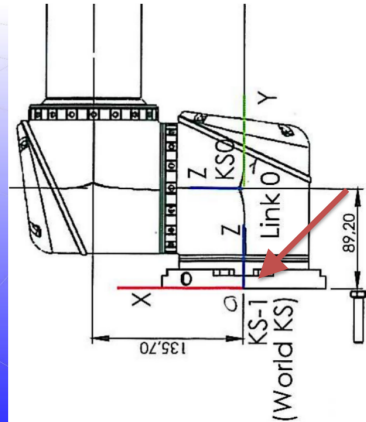
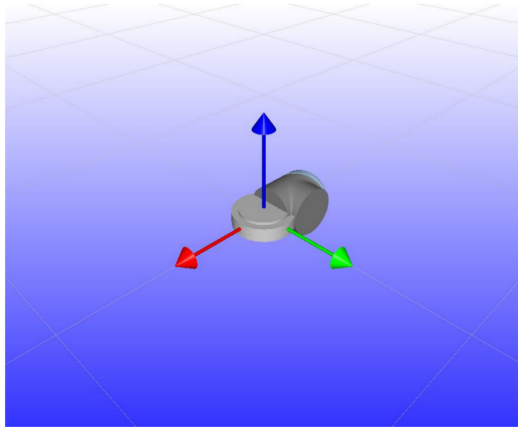


Figure: Insert Joint0 (all pos and rot zero)

## Programming Exercise 3.3

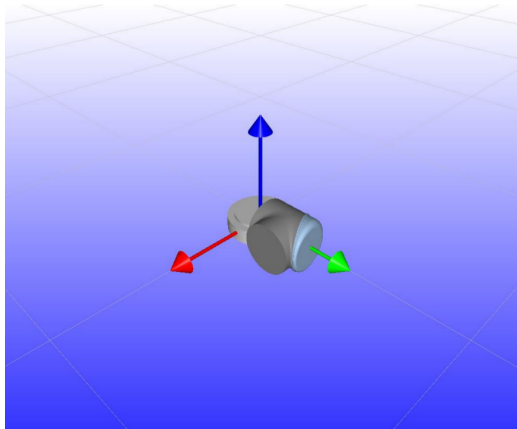


Figure: Drawable0: rotate  $270^\circ$  around  $z$  ( $R = 270^\circ$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

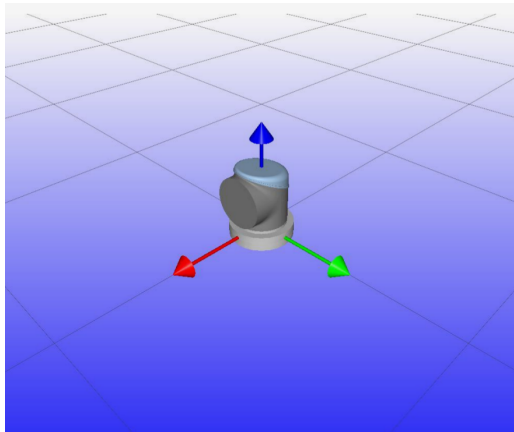


Figure: Drawable0: rotate  $90^\circ$  around  $y$  ( $P = 90^\circ$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

- ▶ Joint0 in place
- ▶ 

```
<Joint name="Joint0" type="Revolute">  
<RPY> 0 0 0 </RPY> <Pos> 0 0 0 </Pos>  
</Joint>  
<Drawable name="Joint0Geo" refframe="Joint0">  
<RPY> 270 90 0 </RPY> <Pos> 0 0 0 </Pos>  
<Polytope file="Geometry/joint0" />  
</Drawable>  
<Q name="Home">0</Q>
```

## Programming Exercise 3.3

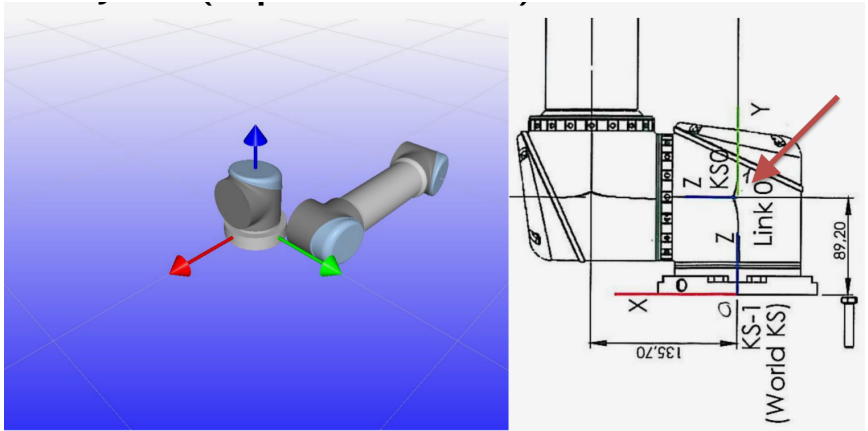


Figure: Insert Joint1 (all pos and rot zero!)



## Programming Exercise 3.3

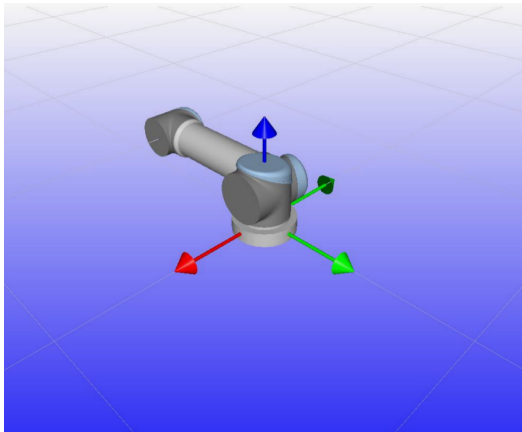


Figure: Joint1: rotate frame ( $R = 90^\circ$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

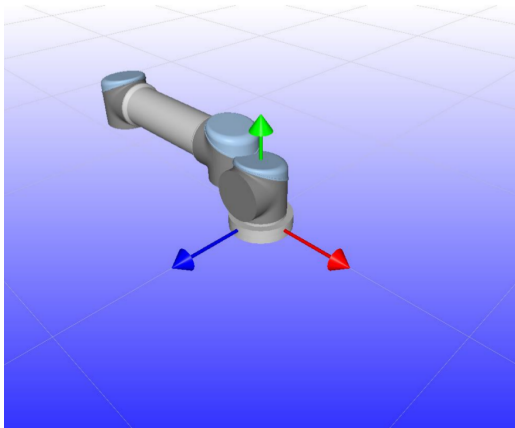


Figure: Joint1: rotate frame ( $Y = 90^\circ$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

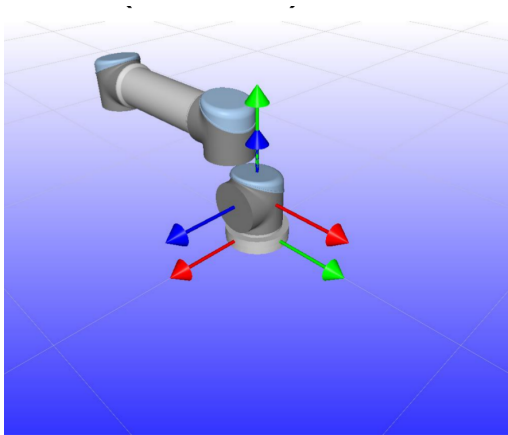


Figure: Joint1: move frame ( $z = 0.08920$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

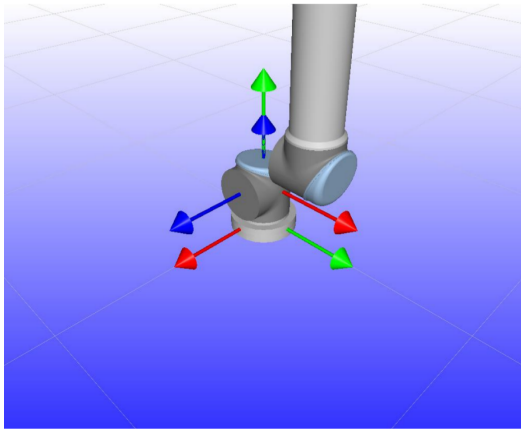


Figure: Drawable1: rotate drawing ( $R = 270^\circ$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

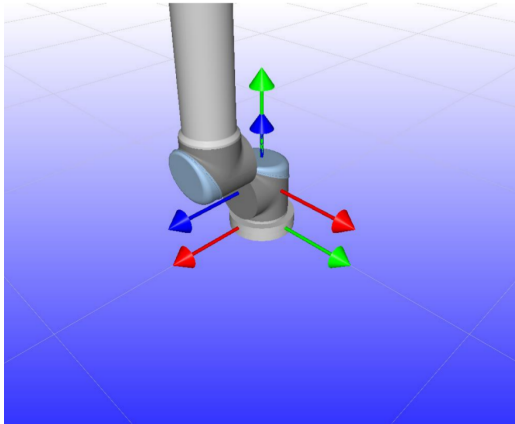


Figure: Drawable1: rotate drawing ( $Y = 90^\circ$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

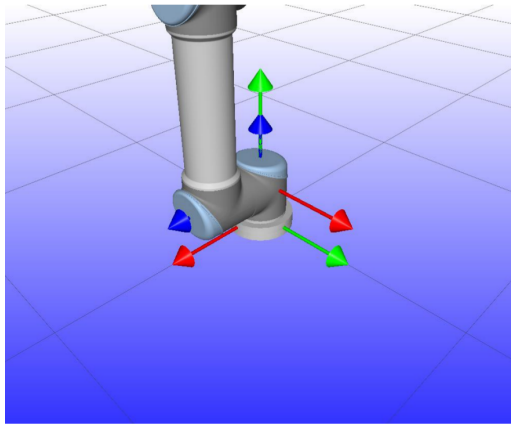


Figure: Drawable1: move drawing ( $y = -0.08920$ )

## Programming Exercise 3.3

- ▶ Joint1 in place.
- ▶ 

```
<Joint name="Joint1" type="Revolute">  
<RPY> 90 0 90 </RPY> <Pos> 0 0 0.0892 </Pos>  
</Joint>  
<Drawable name="Joint1Geo" refframe="Joint1">  
<RPY> 270 0 90 </RPY> <Pos> 0 -0.0892 0</Pos>  
<Polytope file="Geometry/joint1"/>  
</Drawable>  
<Q name="Home">0 0</Q>
```

# Tips

- ▶ Be systematic in your approach. Either:
  - ▶ Rotations before positions
  - ▶ Positions before rotations
- ▶ Remember to make the home Q vector (end of XML) the right size
- ▶ Use the diagram from the datasheet for:
  - ▶ Dimensions of the robot
  - ▶ Position/Orientation of frames
- ▶ There are small misalignments in the drawables. Ignore these!



# Groups

- ▶ Groups for the mandatory exercises and the project
- ▶ Before you leave today, you have to tell me who you are in a group with
- ▶ Two people per group
- ▶ Send me an email with the name and email addresses of your group members
- ▶ Send to `gunu@mmmi.sdu.dk`