

Development Plan

Mechatronics Engineering

Team 10, LiDart
Jonathan Casella
Kareem Elmokattaf
Michaela Schnull
Neeraj Ahluwalia

Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
26/Sep/2022	Michaela Schnull	Initial Release

Table 2: Acronyms

Acronym	Description
API	Application Programming Interface
CAD	Computer Aided Design
CI	Continuous Integration
LiDAR	Light Detection And Ranging
POC	Proof of Concept
ony PR	Pull Request
UI	User Interface
UX	User Experience

1 Introduction

3D scanning is a versatile technology that is used across many industries, but its uses are often limited by high cost and complexity. LiDart aims to build a low cost, simple to use 3D scanning robot. A software suite will process data obtained from the robot and provide a user interface. LiDart's end product will be a wheel based mobile robot with all required sensors on-board that can be connected to over WiFi.

2 Team Meeting Plan

Weekly meetings will take place in H.G. Thode Library of Science and Engineering. During in-person meetings, our group will review issues tracked on the GitHub project board and identify actions to be taken. The frequency of meetings is subject to change depending the needs of the project.

3 Team Communication Plan

The team will use instant messaging for items that require and urgent response. Communication will also occur through GitHub using issues. Users will be tagged in issues that require their attention. All team members members may schedule meetings to address specific issues.

4 Team Member Roles and Responsibilities

4.1 Jonathan Casella

- Development and implementation of computer vision algorithms
- Development and implementation of localization algorithms
- Creation of a user application that displays the scanning data

4.2 Kareem Elmokattaf

- Development of the controls software for the robot
- Development and implementation of localization algorithms
- Interfacing of hardware and software systems
- UI/UX design of a user application that displays the scanning data

4.3 Michaela Schnull

- Electrical design of the robot, including the creation of electrical schematics to document electrical design
- Interfacing of hardware and software systems
- Project management activities, including maintenance of the project board on GitHub, budgeting, scheduling, and acting as the team liaison

4.4 Neeraj Ahluwalia

- Mechanical design of the robot, including the creation of CAD models
- Interfacing of electrical components in the mechanical design
- Marketing activities, including logo design and video presentations

5 Workflow Plan

5.1 GitHub Development Workflow

The workflow depicted in Figure 1 will be followed throughout the development process. This workflow supports CI and issue tracking through GitHub. Commits should be frequent and have descriptive messages.

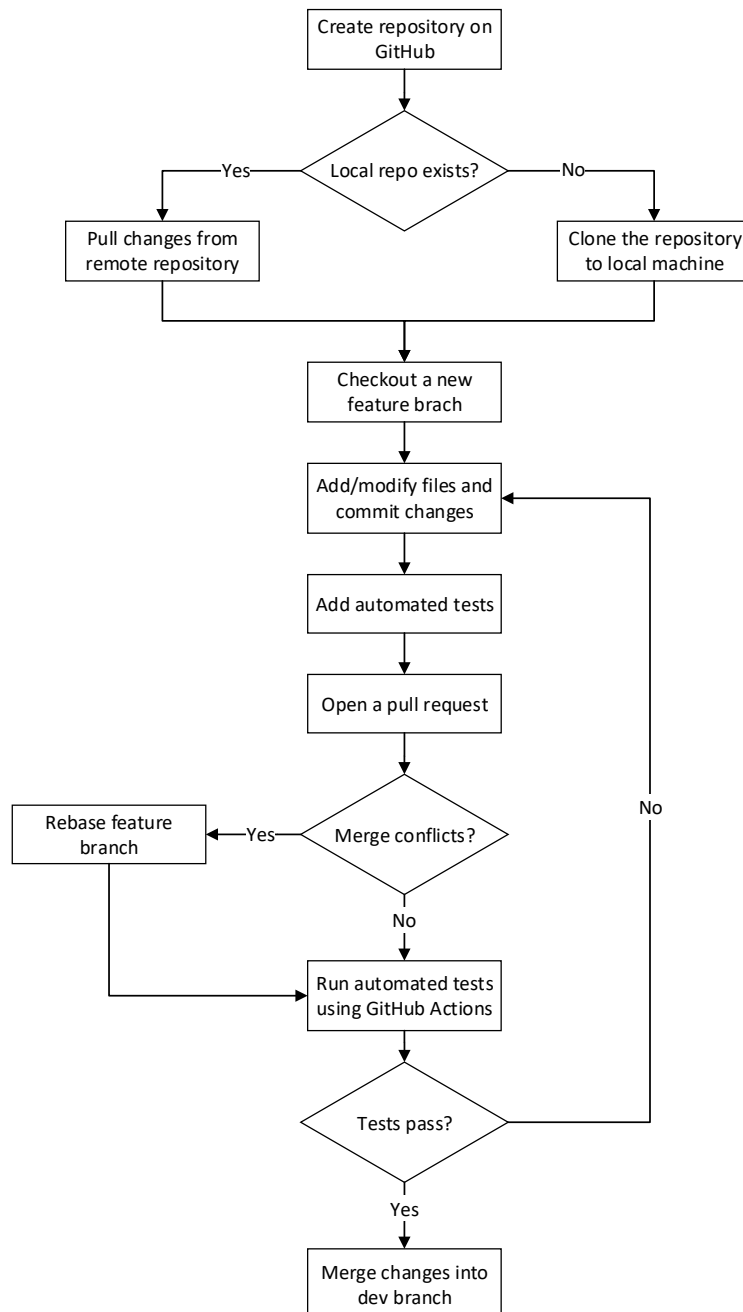


Figure 1: GitHub Development Workflow

5.2 Branches

Development will take place on a development (dev) branch. Feature branches will be used to fix bugs and add new features. They will be deleted after merging into the dev branch. Changes from the dev branch will be merged to the main branch after they have been reviewed and integration testing has been performed. Figure 2 depicts a sample branching structure.

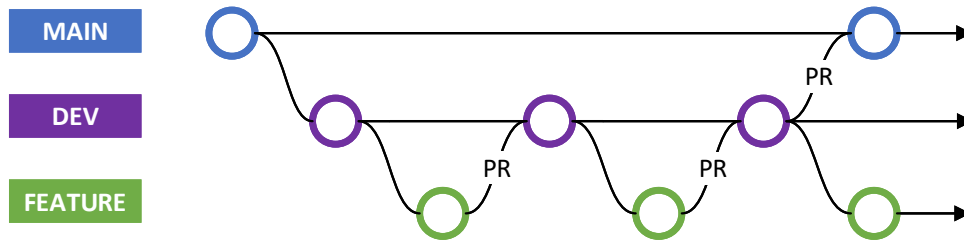


Figure 2: Sample Branching Structure

5.3 Issue Tracking

GitHub issues will be used to plan and track tasks. All team members can create new issues and assign them to team members. The following guidelines will be followed when working with issues:

- Issue templates will be used for bug reports and new feature requests
- Issues that require multiple steps should include task lists
- Default labels provided by GitHub will be used to classify the type of issue
- Issues should be linked to associated branches

A GitHub project board will be used to track and organize issues. Issues will be sorted into *Todo*, *In Progress*, and *Done* columns in a tabular view. Furthermore, issues will be assigned fields to categorize them based on priority and discipline. The priority field will classify issues as *High*, *Medium*, or *Low* priority. The discipline field will classify issues as *Mechanical*, *Electrical*, or *Software*.

6 Proof of Concept Demonstration Plan

6.1 Inaccurate Localization

Indoor robot localization is a complex and challenging problem. The robot must be able to determine its position using image-based camera localization. Challenges associated with this include probabilistic sensor data, sensor aliasing, noise in images, and unfavorable geometric characteristics of the surrounding environment. To mitigate this risk, a localization algorithm will be developed and tested using images taken from a phone camera. If adequate results are not obtained during POC testing, sensor fusion will be used on the final design to reduce uncertainty.

6.2 Low Accuracy of LiDAR Scans

The LiDAR sensor that will be used on the robot will be procured and tested by scanning a known object. The data obtained will be run through a program that displays the scanning data. This data will be compared to the known object to determine the accuracy of the sensor. If the data obtained from the LiDAR sensor is not accurate enough, filtering algorithms will be developed to improve the quality of the scanning data.

6.3 Robot Mechanical and Electrical Design

The robot must be able to move around and position itself. A prototype of the robot will be created to prove the electrical and mechanical design concepts. The robot should be able to follow simple movement commands.

7 Technology

- Autodesk Inventor: CAD tool used to develop and model the mechanical design of the robot
- AutoCAD Electrical: CAD tool used to create electrical schematics
- Autodesk EAGLE: CAD tool used to design printed circuit boards
- Rust: High performance, low-level programming language ideal for embedded systems with built-in unit-testing
- Rustfmt: Lint tool designed for the Rust programming language
- OpenGL: API used to render scanning data
- OpenCV: Real-time computer vision library
- AprilTags: Visual marker system designed for use in robotics and camera calibration
- GitHub: Version control software with tools for CI and project management

8 Coding Standard

The *Rust Style Guide* will be used as a coding standard.

9 Project Scheduling

A Gantt chart will be used for scheduling. Additional tasks will be added as the project progresses.

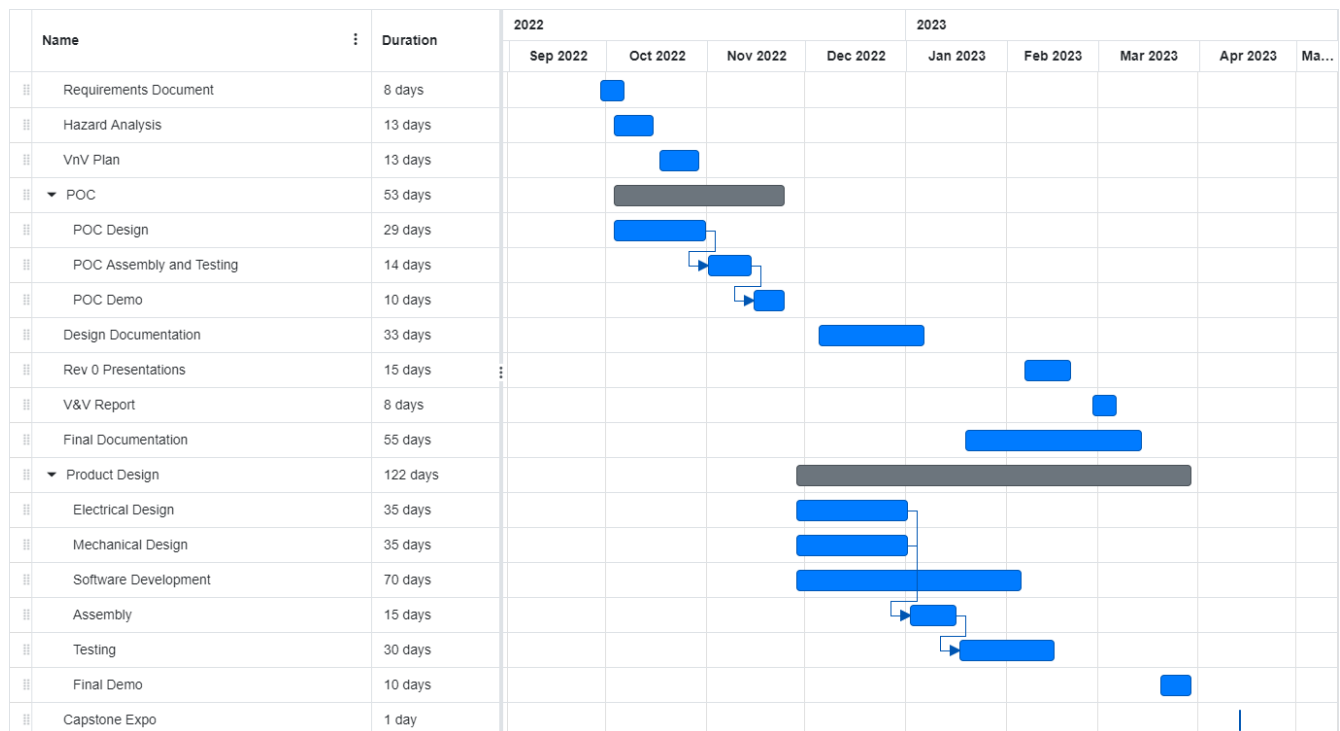


Figure 3: Project Schedule