HW0: Review

COMP 221 — Suhas Arehalli

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Instructions

This assignment's goal is to help you recall a handful of concepts from the course's prerequisites that will be critical throughout the semester. While many of these concepts will come up as we cover background in the first week, some may require you to consult your notes from prior courses. Keep in mind the following when completing the assignment:

- 1. Submissions will be accepted as typeset pdfs through Moodle. I strongly recommend using LaTeX (perhaps through a tool like Overleaf), which is what I use to write these instructions.
- 2. Keep in mind that this work is to be done individually do not share or look at other students work directly. However, consulting your classmates, a preceptor, or an instructor for guidance (an idea or approach one might try) is perfectly acceptable, but **you must indicate** in your submission the names of all people who have helped you. Give credit where credit is due!
- 3. **Proofread your work before submission**. Like all writing, it's easy to make mistakes while you're putting together a first draft you're doing a lot in that first pass! Luckily, you can take a second pass to revise, dedicated to making sure your writing is clear and your argument is free of holes.

Questions

- 1. (Discrete Math) Recall that an integer n is odd iff there exists an integer k such that n = 2k + 1 and is even iff there exists an integer k such that n = 2k. Prove that n(n + 1) must be even.
- 2. (Discrete Math) Prove (by induction) that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1).$$

- 3. (Data Structures) Determine the growth function for the following algorithm. For simplicity, you need only have the growth function count the number of times x is incremented.
- 4. (Data Structures) Provide the best Big-O worst-case time complexity for the above algorithm.

Algorithm 1 Sample algorithm

```
\begin{array}{l} x \leftarrow 0 \\ \textbf{for } i \leftarrow 1 \ \textbf{to} \ N \ \textbf{do} \\ \quad \textbf{for } j \leftarrow 1 \ \textbf{to} \ i \ \textbf{do} \\ \quad x \leftarrow x + 1 \\ \quad \textbf{end for} \\ \textbf{end for} \\ \textbf{return} \ x \end{array}
```

5. (Data Structures) Consider the following pseudocode for a purported sorting algorithm. Does this algorithm work? Why? What is it's worst-case time complexity, assuming we use a type of self-balancing BST you saw in Data Structures.

Algorithm 2 Sort Pseudocode A

```
function SORT(Array A)
Insert all x \in A to a self-balancing BST T
return an in-order traversal of T
end function
```

6. (Discrete Math/Data Structures) Consider a Graph G=(V,E). Recall that the degree of a vertex $v \in V$, notated d(v), is the number of edges that are incident to/connect to v (set aside self-edges for now). Prove (by whatever means) that $\sum_{v \in V} d(v)$ is even. Further, prove that the sum of the degrees of all odd-degree vertices, $\sum_{v \in V, d(v) \text{ odd}} d(v)$, is even.

HINT: Consider a graph with 0 edges. Compute the sum of degrees of all vertices. How do the degrees change when you add a single edge?