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Partial Fraction Expansion

Pre - Lab 6

Spring 2021

1 Purpose

To use Laplace transforms and partial fraction expansion to find the step response of a second-order differential equation.

2 Deliverables

Turn in your solution to the problem at the beginning of lab 6. Significant values and equations must be typed and properly formatted using \LaTeX . Please attach any hand calculations to the back of the typed result.

3 Tasks

A system is described by the following differential equation:

$$y''(t) + 10y'(t) + 24y(t) = x''(t) + 6x'(t) + 12x(t) \quad (1)$$

1. By hand, find the transfer function. Assume all initial conditions are zero.
2. For the system $H(s)$, find $y(t)$ for a step input using partial fraction expansion and inverse Laplace transforms. Perform the calculation by hand and type your final answer and other significant results.

$$1. \quad y''(t) + 10y'(t) + 24y(t) = x''(t) + 6x'(t) + 12x(t)$$

$$s^2 Y(s) + 10s Y(s) + 24 Y(s) = s^2 X(s) + 6s X(s) + 12 X(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s)(s^2 + 10s + 24) = X(s)(s^2 + 6s + 12)$$

$$\Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{s^2 + 6s + 12}{s^2 + 10s + 24}$$

$$\Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{s^2 + 6s + 12}{s^2 + 10s + 24}$$

2. Step-response:

$$H(s) \cdot U(s) = H(s) \cdot \frac{1}{s}$$

$$= \frac{s^2 + 6s + 12}{s(s+4)(s+6)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+4} + \frac{C}{s+6}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \left. \frac{s^2 + 6s + 12}{(s+4)(s+6)} \right|_{s=0} \Rightarrow A = \frac{12}{24} = \frac{1}{2} = A$$

$$\Rightarrow B = \left. \frac{s^2 + 6s + 12}{s(s+6)} \right|_{s=-4} \Rightarrow B = \frac{16 + 12 - 24}{-8} = \frac{4}{-8}$$

$$\Rightarrow B = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \left. \frac{s^2 + 6s + 12}{s(s+4)} \right|_{s=-6} \Rightarrow C = \frac{12}{-2 \cdot -6} = \frac{12}{12} = 1$$

$$C = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow H(s) \cdot U(s) = \frac{1/2}{s} - \frac{1/2}{s+4} + \frac{1}{s+6}$$

$$\Rightarrow H(t) * u(t) = \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} e^{-4t} + e^{-6t} \right) u(t)$$