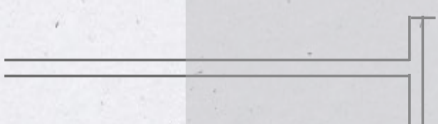
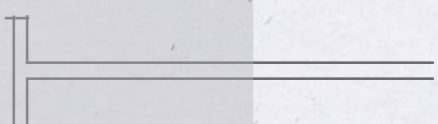


Deploying the Common Locale Data Repository (CLDR)



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Implementation: OS/Library/Application

- ◎ Process, interchange, display all text using modern standards (such as Unicode)
- ◎ Provide the user with a localized experience that matches their own cultural and linguistic expectations

Localization: A moving target

- ⊙ Often difficult to determine the “best” translation.
- ⊙ Increasingly sophisticated platforms
- ⊙ Emerging markets
- ⊙ Constantly changing user expectations, geopolitical and linguistic landscape

The Need for Common Data

How do you spell the 12th month of the year in Catalan:

Desembre, decembre, or desembre?

- ©Operating systems and application software can have much variation in locale data.
- ©It is time consuming to keep this data up to date.
- ©It is difficult to get complete agreement on correctness.

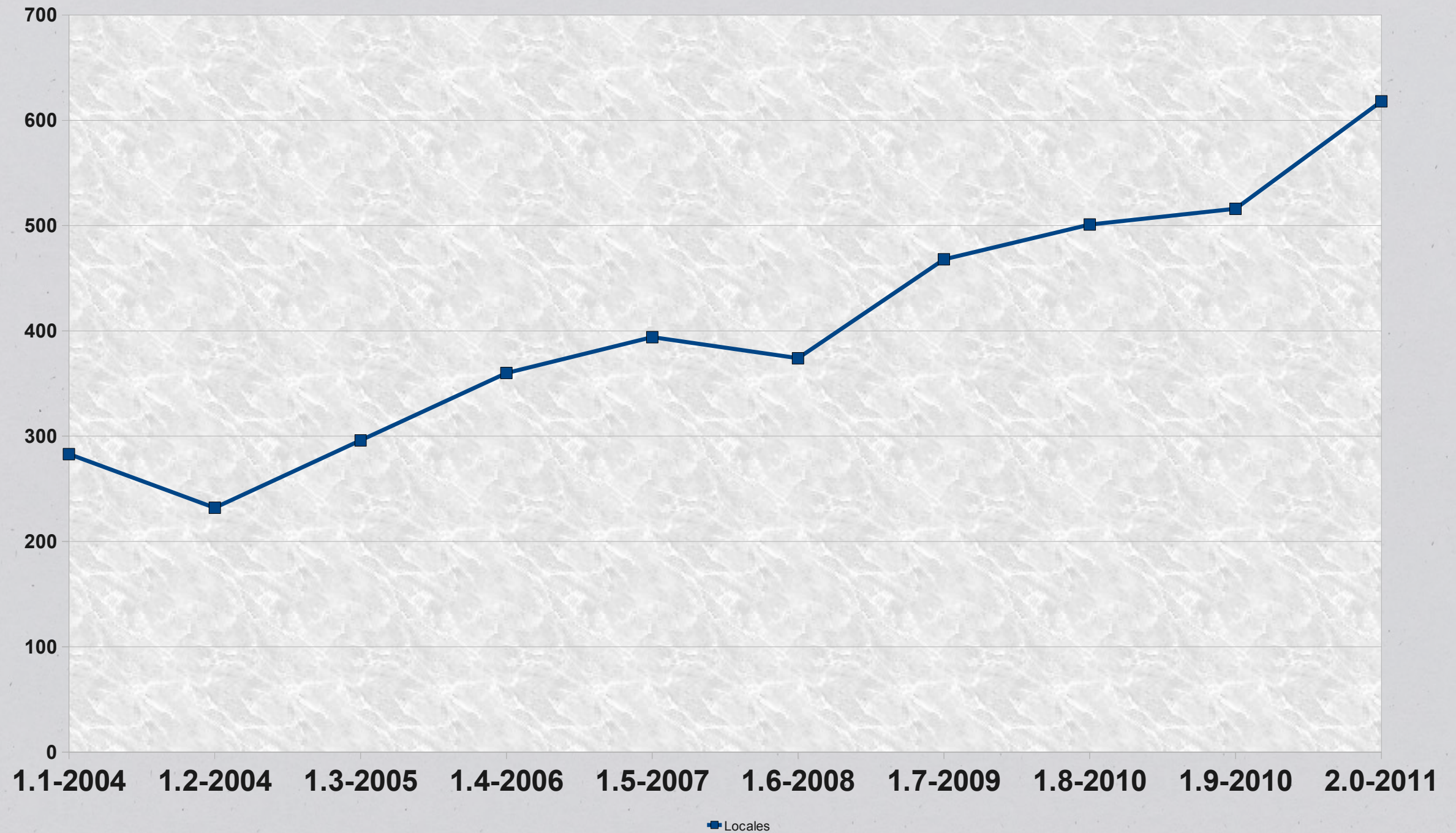
General Scope

- ⊙ Dates/time formats
- ⊙ Number/currency formats
- ⊙ Measurement Units
- ⊙ Collation Specification: Sorting, Searching, Matching
- ⊙ Names for Languages, Territories, Scripts, Timezones, Currencies,...
- ⊙ Characters used by a language
- ⊙ ...

Common Locale Data Repository (CLDR) History

- ◎ IBM Cultural Information Repository: 1990s
- ◎ Java I.I (via Taligent): 1997
- ◎ International Components for Unicode (ICU): 1999
- ◎ Universal Locales for Linux: 2001
- ◎ CLDR 1.0: 2003 (part of the OpenI18N LADE workgroup)
- ◎ CLDR 1.1: 2004 (sponsored by the Unicode Consortium)
- ◎ Many subsequent versions...

History



Locale Data Markup Language (LDML)

- ◎ XML Interchange Format
- ◎ Transformed into forms optimized for use by ICU, POSIX, OpenOffice, dojo, others...
- ◎ Unicode Technical Standard #35

```
<dayWidth type="wide">  
  <day type="sun">Sonntag</day>  
  <day type="mon">Montag</day>  
  <day type="tue">Dienstag</day>  
  <day type="wed">Mittwoch</day>  
  <day type="thu">Donnerstag</day>  
  <day type="fri">Freitag</day>  
  <day type="sat">Samstag</day>  
</dayWidth>
```


Who uses CLDR?



CLDR Vetting Process

- ⦿ Data Submission Phase:
Data is entered via Survey Tool or Bug Report form
- ⦿ Vetting Phase:
Users vote for their preferred forms, make use of e-mail and forums to resolve conflicts.
- ⦿ Resolution Phase:
CLDR Technical Committee verifies data and corrects remaining conflicts.
- ⦿ Final Candidate, Release:
Final data is tested and then released. Process starts over.

CLDR Vetting

Swedish: “Bamileke”

| St. | Code | English | Proposed 1.8 | Other |
|-----|------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| ✓ | bai | Bamileke Language | <input type="radio"/> bamilekespråk ☆ | <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> bamilekéspråk <input type="radio"/> bamilekiskt språk |

Bamilekespråk or bamilekéspråk

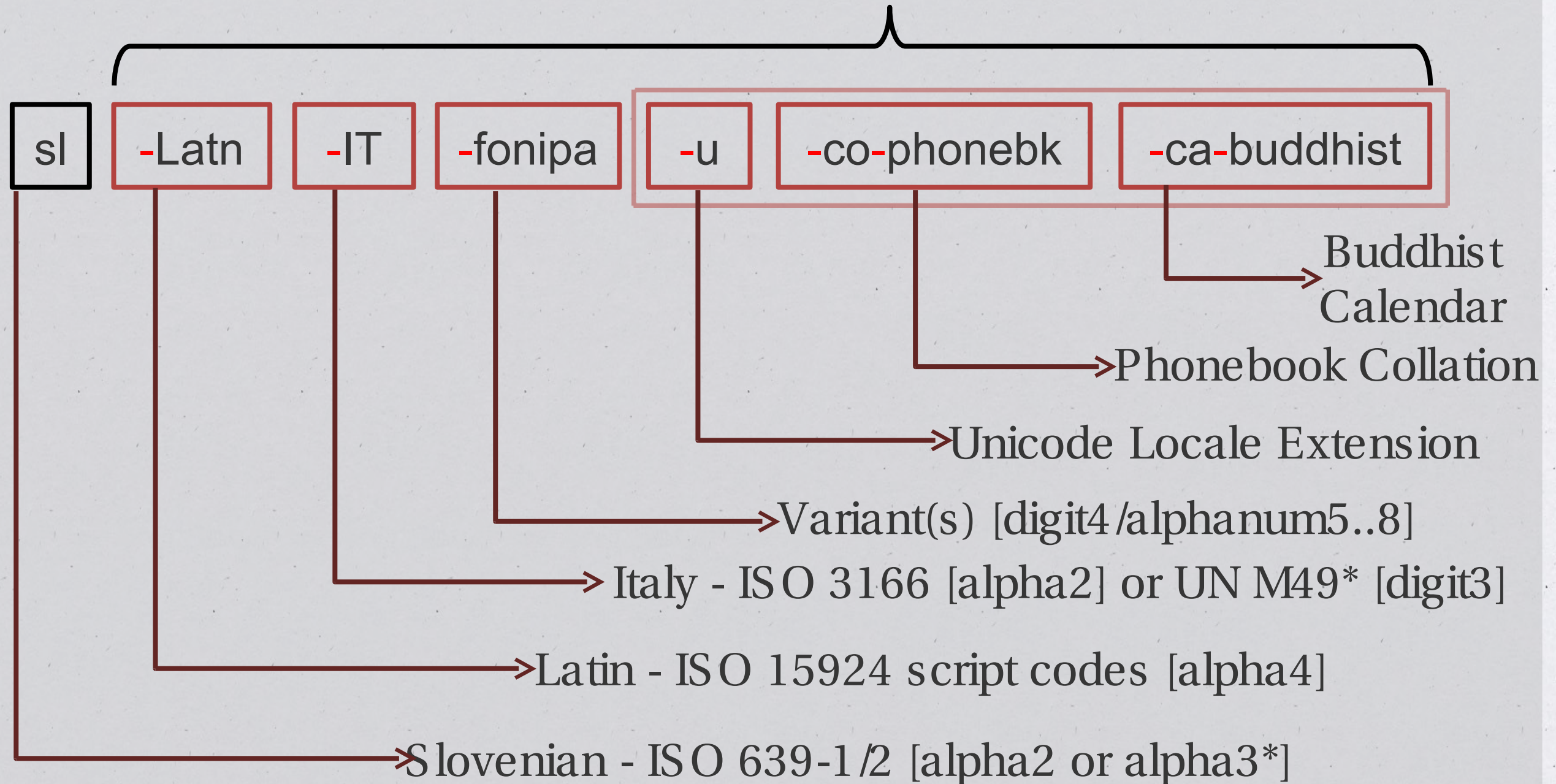
or bamilekiskt språk?

CLDR Conflict Resolution

- ⊙ Compare data from different platforms and experts.
- ⊙ Different user levels for different types of vetters:
 - ⊙ Sponsored, known experts: More weight given in conflict, higher confidence of result.
 - ⊙ Guest: Anyone may apply.
- ⊙ Data marked with different confidence levels according to type of conflict and type of vetter

Anatomy of a Unicode Locale ID

Optional: only use where needed

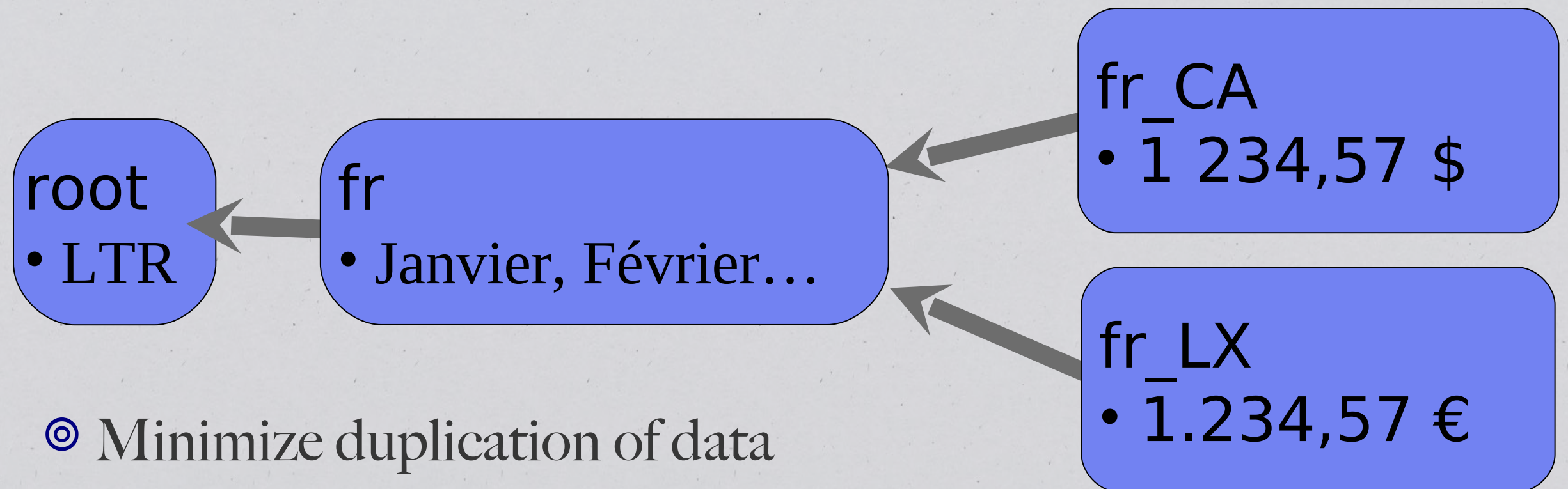


*only if no alpha2

Unicode Locale IDs

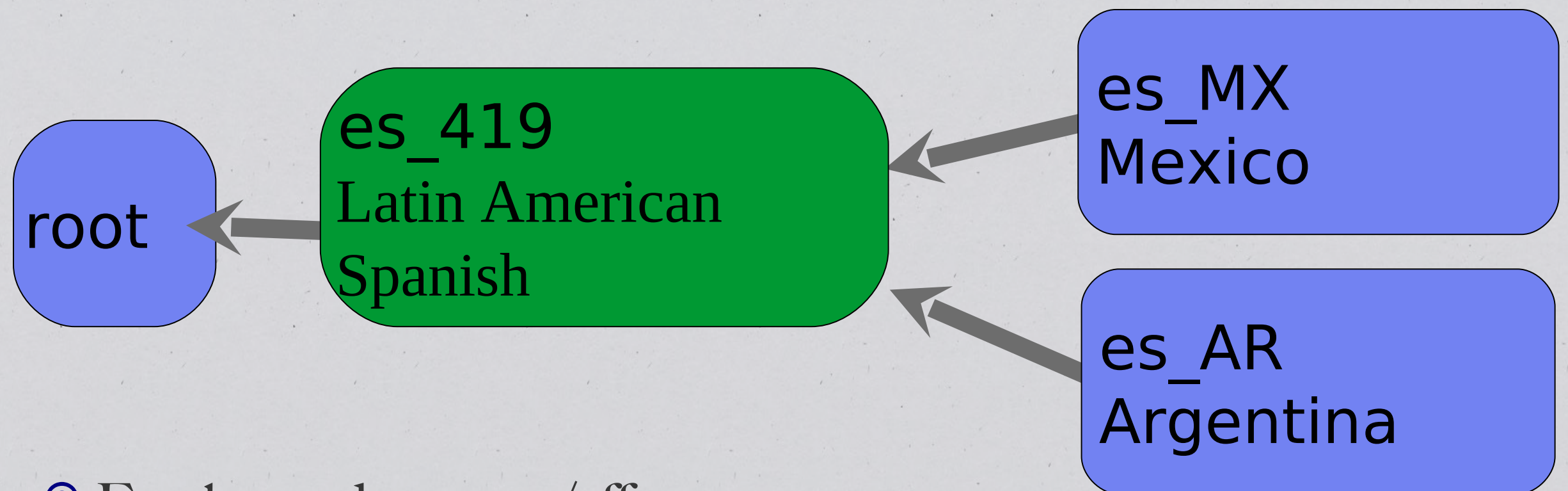
- ⊙ de-AT-u-co-phonebk
 - ⊙ German in Austria, Collation: Phonebook Style
- ⊙ IETF BCP 47+
 - ⊙ Key: 2 characters (co)
 - ⊙ Type: 3-7 characters (phonebk)
- ⊙ The <ldmlBCP47> element maps long and short key and type names into IETF BCP 47 format.

Locale Inheritance



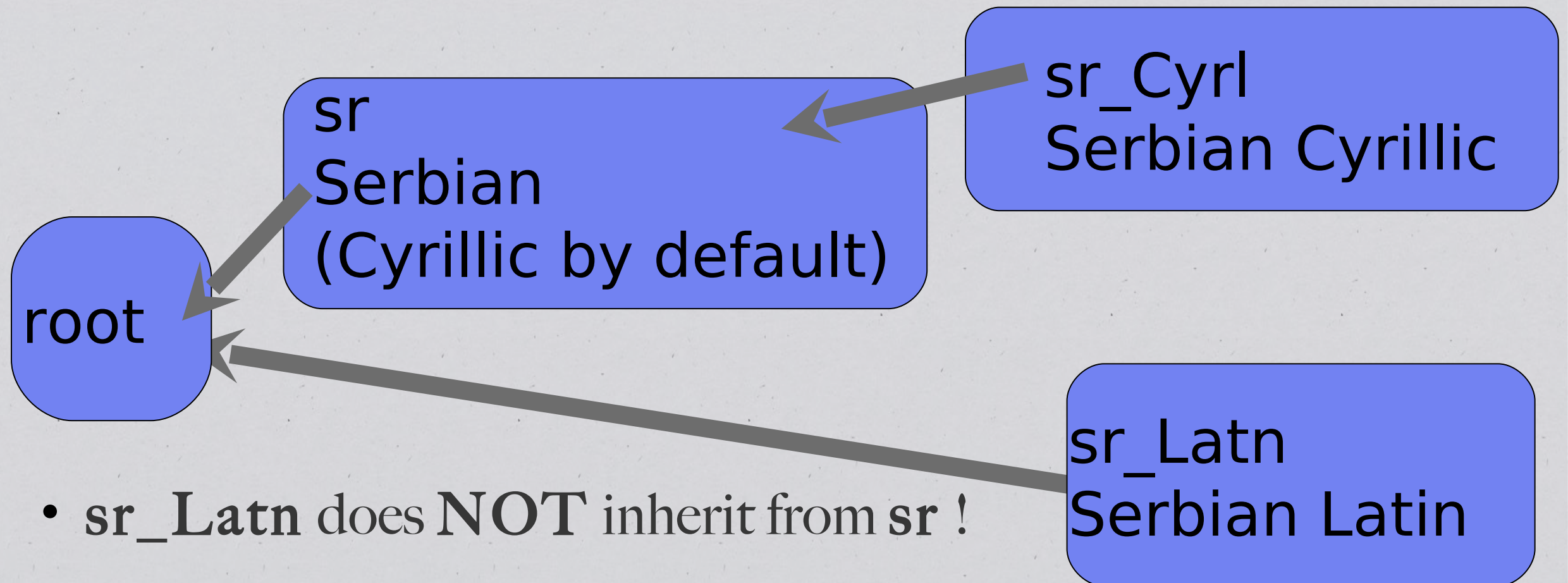
- ⊙ Minimize duplication of data
- ⊙ Decrease maintenance cost
- ⊙ Final fallback: “root” locale

Specialized Inheritance



- ⊙ Further reduce cost/effort
- ⊙ Coordinate translations in related sublocales
- ⊙ Identify places to save translation costs for Applications

No Cross Script Inheritance



- **sr_Latn** does **NOT** inherit from **sr** !
- Avoid “ransom note effect” if some are/aren't translated.
- **zh_Hant** (Traditional Chinese) doesn't inherit from **zh** (Simplified Chinese)

Draft Status

- ⦿ There are four draft values, indicating where this data field is in the vetting process.
- ⦿ Implementations may choose which draft values they will accept for different types of data and locales.
- ⦿ approved: A supermajority of votes.
- ⦿ contributed: A bare majority of votes.
- ⦿ provisional: A majority of votes, but no quorum.
- ⦿ unconfirmed: Insufficient votes.

Alternate Values

- ⊙ An element can have alternative forms.
 - ⊙ `<language type="az">Azerbaijani</language>`
 - ⊙ `<language type="az" alt="short">Azeri</language>`
- ⊙ `alt=` is also used in the vetting process.
 - ⊙ `<... alt="proposed-ZZZ" draft="unconfirmed" > ...`

<localeDisplayNames>

- © Translated display names and formatting patterns for languages, territories, scripts, variants, keywords, keyword types, measurement systems.

| code | English | German | ... |
|-------|---------|-------------|-----|
| de | German | Deutsch | ... |
| fr | French | Französisch | ... |
| nl_BE | Flemish | Flämisch | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... |

<exemplarCharacters>

- ⊙ Main: Letters used in the language.
 - ⊙ German: a-zßäöü
- ⊙ Auxiliary: Letters used in foreign and technical words.
 - ⊙ German: à-âå-ïñ-ôø-ûÿāăēěīōöœūŭ

<exemplarCharacters>

- ⦿ Punctuation

- ⦿ English:

!"#\$%&'()*+,-./:;?@[\\]{}§°¶---'""†‡...'"<>

- ⦿ Index: Head letters that appear in an index.

- ⦿ Slovak:

A Ä B C Č D Ď E F G H I J K L Ľ M N
O Ô P Q R S Š T Ť U V W X Y Z Ž

<delimiters>

| | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| English | “quotation” | ‘alternate’ |
| German | „quotation“ | ,alternate‘ |
| Japanese | 「quotation」 | 『alternate』 |

<dates>

- ◎ Gregorian, Buddhist, Islamic, Japanese...
- ◎ Format/Parse of dates & times
 - ◎ Eras, Years, Months ... Timezones...
- ◎ Relative day/time translations (“Yesterday”, “Tomorrow”, ...)

Fixed and Flexible Formats

© Fixed

Full
Long
Medium
Short

Thursday, October 14, 2010

October 14, 2010

Oct 14, 2010

10/14/10

© Flexible

Year+ Abbr.Month

English

Japanese

Oct 2010

2010 年 10 月

Abbr.Month + Day + Weekday

Fri, Oct 15

10 月 15 日
(金)

Date Formatting in CLDR

- Two contexts, format vs. standalone.
- For each context: wide, abbreviated, or narrow.

| | Wide | Abbreviated | Narrow |
|------------|---------|-------------|--------|
| Format | Μαρτίου | Μαρ | Μ |
| Standalone | Μάρτιος | Μαρ | Μ |

Time Zone Display Names

- ⦿ Based on Olson time zone database
 - ⦿ Also have stable short IDs based on UN/LOCODE
“brfen” = “America/Noronha” or “Brazil/DeNoronha”
- ⦿ Metazones: group of equivalent zones
- ⦿ Leverage Country names where possible

(French)

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Generic Non-Location | HEC Heure de l'Europe centrale |
| Specific Non-Location | HAEC heure avancée d'Europe centrale |
| RFC 822 | +0200 |
| Localized GMT | UTC+02:00 |
| Generic Location | (France) |

<numbers>

- ⊙ Format/Parse
 - ⊙ Decimal, Scientific, Currency, Percentages, Custom
 - ⊙ Example: 1234.567 (binary) → 1.234,567 (French)
- ⊙ Includes localized decimal, grouping separators, currency symbols, etc.

Currencies

USD

EUR

English

Serbian

\$35.72 US dollar / US
dollars 1 US dollar 2 US
dollars 5 US dollars

€35.72 euro / euros 1
euro 2 euros 5 euros

35.72 US \$ амерички долар /
долара 1 амерички долар 2
америчка долара 5
америчких долара

35.72 € евро / евра 1 евро 2
евра 5 евра

<units>

- © Currently: Year, Month, Week, Day, Hour, Minute, Second

| English | Czech |
|---------|----------|
| 1 hour | 1 hodina |
| 1 hr | 1 hod. |
| 2 hours | 2 hodiny |
| 2 hrs | 2 hod. |
| 5 hours | 5 hodin |
| 5 hrs | 5 hod. |

<listPatterns>

English

Japanese

John and Mary

鈴木、田中

John, Mary, and Ted

鈴木、田中、渡辺

<posix>

- © **Yes** and **No** strings and expressions used for compatibility with POSIX
- © Used by POSIX locale generation tools to generate the **LC_MESSAGES** section correctly.

Rule Based Number Format (RBNF)

| | |
|----------------|--|
| | 12,345 |
| English | twelve thousand three hundred forty-five |
| German | zwölftausenddreihundertfünfundvierzig |
| Italian | dodicimila trecento quarantacinque |

(Many improvements to the data)

Text Segments

© UAX #29 and locale-specific tailorings

User Character
Breaks

|I| |l|i|k|e| |a|p|p|l|e|s|. |(|D|o| |y|o|
u|? |)|

Word Breaks

|I| |like| |apples|. |(|Do| |you? |)|

Line Breaks

I |like| apples. |(Do |you?)

Sentence Breaks

|I like apples. |(Do you?)|

Transforms

キャンパス

kyanpasu

Αλφαβητικός Κατάλογος

A lphabētikós Katálgos

биологическом

biologichyeskom

Supplemental Data I

- ⊙ Likely Subtags: **hi↔hi-Deva-IN**
- ⊙ Territory↔Language↔Script:
 - ⊙ Côte d'Ivoire: 49% French, 11% Baoulé, ...
 - ⊙ French: 54,449,130 in France, 10,102,379 in Côte d'Ivoire, ...
 - ⊙ Serbian ↔ Cyrillic Script, Latin Script, ...
- ⊙ Territory → Currency
 - Botswana: South African Rand [**ZAR**] from 1961-1976,
Botswanan Pula [**BWP**] from 1976-present, ...
- ⊙ Territory Containment (UN M.49):
 - Central America [**013**] = Belize + Costa Rica + ...

Supplemental Data II

- ⦿ Zone → Tzid: Windows Timezone IDs to Olson
- ⦿ Language Plural Rules:
Arabic: “zero”, “one”, “two”, “few” (3-10), “many” (11-99), ...
- ⦿ Character Fallback Substitutions:
<U+20B9> ₹ (Indian Rupee Sign) → “Rs.”
- ⦿ Aliases: **cmn** (Mandarin) → **zh** (Chinese)

<collations>

- ◎ Unicode Collation Algorithm (UTS #10)
- ◎ Tailoring of DUCET for languages
- ◎ Root tailoring
 - ◎ Spaces, Punctuation, Symbols, Currencies, Numbers in groups.
 - ◎ U+FFFE lowest weight, U+FFFF highest.
 - ◎ Only spaces and punctuation ignorable.

<collations> New Features

- Search Collator
 - Korean, Arabic, Hebrew (but located in Root)
 - Assigns primary weights to make searching easier (i.e. consider several different ALEF as equivalent)
- “Import”
 - Simplify maintenance
 - Many European Languages import “European Ordering Rules”

Collation example

G e m a n

S w e d i s h

01: Åkersberga

02: Alingsås

03: Äppelbo

04: Oskarshamn

05: Östersund

06: Üttfeld

07: Utting

08: Zwickau

02: Alingsås

04: Oskarshamn

07: Utting

06: Üttfeld

08: Zwickau

01: Åkersberga

03: Äppelbo

05: Östersund

What's Ahead

- Structural changes to support new types of data, while keeping compatibility
- Continual improvements to the voting process and policies
- Speed and reliability improvements to the Survey Tool

Questions?

- © Unicode CLDR web site:
<http://unicode.org/cldr>
- © LDML specification:
<http://unicode.org/reports/tr35>
- © srloomis@us.ibm.com
- © Thanks to Mark Davis and the CLDR-TC for comments and content for this and previous presentations.