

Section	Requirement	Description	Priority	Rationale									
1.2	Facade Pattern Enforcement	Centralizes all major system operations through SystemFacade to provide a single, controlled entry point for the application.	1	All high-level operations (login, logout, submitAnswer) must be centralized through SystemFacade to manage interactions between system components.									
	Singleton Enforcement	Restricts SystemFacade, UserList, and QuestionList to a single instance via getInstance() to ensure global state consistency.		SystemFacade, UserList, and QuestionList must implement the Singleton pattern via getInstance() to ensure a single centralized state.									
	Data Management	Utilizes DataLoader and DataWriter to manage the initialization and persistence of all user and question data.		SystemFacade uses DataLoader to initialize data and DataWriter to persist Users, InterviewQuestions, and QuestionSubmissions.									
2.1 Account Structure	Stores core user data including a unique UUID, email, passwordHash, and name to identify and manage accounts.	Users are identified by a UUID and must store email, passwordHash, name, and login timestamps.											
2.2 Internal Password Validation	Employs private helper methods within the User class to verify that passwords meet specific complexity requirements.	The User class must contain private helper methods: hasUpCase, hasLowerCase, hasDigit, and hasSpecialChar.											
2.3 Authentication Logic	Delegates user credential verification to the UserList.authenticate() method to manage secure access.	UserList handles core authentication via authenticate(), while SystemFacade provides the high-level login() entry point.											
2.4 Role-Based Access	Uses boolean flags isAdmin and isContributor to differentiate permissions and restrict administrative functions.	Privileges are determined by isAdmin and isContributor boolean flags within the User class.											
3.1 Profile Association	Connects each User to a Profile containing their academic background and contact information.	Every User has an associated Profile containing academic details like school, major, and graduation year.											
3.2 Profile Management	Facilitates updates to a user's school, major, and graduation year through the updateProfile() method.	Profile.updateProfile() modifies academic details, and updateUpvotes() tracks community engagement.											
3.3 Rank & Progress	Calculates the user's current standing via getRank() and tracks their overall advancement with getProgress().	Profile.getRank() returns a Rank enum, and User.getProgress() returns a Progress object for tracking.											
4.1 Question Definition	Defines an InterviewQuestion by its difficulty, category, type, and specific content details.	1	InterviewQuestion must include difficulty, type, category, and an author reference.										
4.2 Question Management	Uses a HashMap within QuestionList to store and manage questions by their unique UUID.		QuestionList manages the collection using a HashMap keyed by UUID for efficient retrieval.										
4.3 Filtering & Search	Provides specialized methods to retrieve lists of questions filtered by their specific Category or Difficulty level.		QuestionList provides filtering via getByCategory() and getByDifficulty().										
5.1 Answer Submission	Enables users to submit code-based solutions through the SystemFacade.submitAnswer() operation.		SystemFacade.submitAnswer() creates an Answer using the specific User and Question IDs.										
5.2 Interaction Logic	Implements voting capabilities in the Answer and Comment classes to track community sentiment via upvote() and downvote().		2 Both Answer and Comment classes must support upvote(), downvote(), and getVoteScore().										
5.3 Comment Metadata	Records the author, timestamp, and isEdited status for every user-generated comment.		2 Comment objects must track the isEdited status and the author's name.										
6.1 Category Enum	Organizes technical content into specific domains like BIG_O, ARRAY, and LINKED_LIST.		1 Must include categories such as BIG_O, ARRAY, and LINKED_LIST.										
6.2 Difficulty Enum	Classifies the complexity of all interview questions as EASY, MEDIUM, or HARD.	1 Must include difficulty levels: EASY, MEDIUM, and HARD.											
6.3 QuestionType Enum	Specifies the required response format, such as CODING, MULTIPLE_CHOICE, or SHORT_ANSWER.	1 Must include types: CODING, MULTIPLE_CHOICE, and SHORT_ANSWER.											