#### **Statistical report**

This document is a statistical report on the dataset used in our project. The dataset contains anonymous ratings(-10 to 10) provided by a total of 41,000 users. Train file contains 1.1 million ratings for 139 jokes.

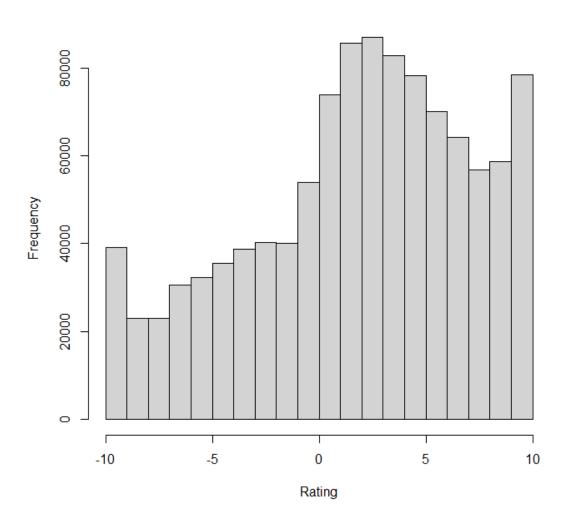
Here we load the data and create the dataframe.

```
library("ggplot2")
trainSet <- read.csv("train.csv")
df <- data.frame(trainSet)</pre>
```

Here is a histogram representing distribution of the grade. The distribution is little skewed to the right.

```
hist(df$Rating,main = "Distribution of the grade", xlab = "Rating")
```

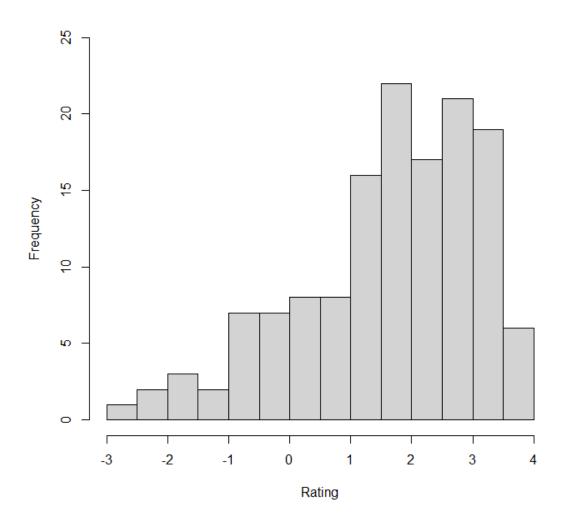
# Distribution of the grade



Here is a histogram representing average joke rating distribution. Average joke rating ranges from -3 to 4, the most popular are within [1.5, 2]. The distribution of average ratings is a little skewed to the right.

```
average_ratings <- aggregate(df$Rating ~ df$joke_id, df, mean)
hist(average_ratings$`df$Rating`,ylim=c(0,25), breaks = 20, main = "Average joke
rating distribution", xlab = "Rating")</pre>
```

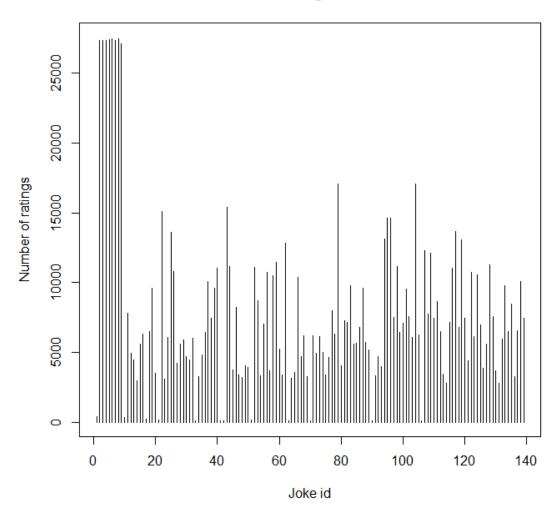
## Average joke rating distribution



Here is a histogram representing amount of ratings distribution. As we can see, the popularity of jokes is different. While some jokes have more than 25,000 ratings, others do not even reach 1000 ratings.

```
ratings_numbers <- aggregate(df$Rating ~ df$joke_id, df, length)
plot(ratings_numbers, type = "h", breaks = 139, main = "Number of ratings
distribution", xlab = "Joke id", ylab = "Number of ratings")</pre>
```

## Number of ratings distribution



Here is a histogram representing standard deviations of jokes ratings distribution. As we can see, the standard deviations form a normal distribution. From this we can conclude that the ratings of jokes are compatible.

```
standard_deviations <- aggregate(df$Rating ~ df$joke_id, df, sd)
hist(standard_deviations$`df$Rating`, xlim = c(4, 6.5),ylim=c(0,20), breaks =
20, main="Standard deviations distribution", xlab = "Standard deviation",
    ylab = "Jokes number")</pre>
```

#### Standard deviations distribution

