Akademia Górniczo-Hutnicza

Wydział Elektrotechniki, Automatyki, Informatyki i Inżynierii Biomedycznej Kierunek Informatyka, III rok, 2018/2019



Analiza i modelowanie oprogramowania

Sprawozdanie z projektu

"Gdzie jest moje dziecko?"

Agnieszka Zadworny, Maciej Bielech

1 General description of system

1.1 System's goals

Our application's aim is to provide possibility to control current location of children. Parent can create rules, containing information about area in which child should be in specific period of time. If child breaks the rule, parent will get push notification on smartphone. In case when child turn off the application or GPS, parent will be notified about that incident, and parent may check last registered location of child's phone.

1.2 Stakeholders and their aims

Stakeholder	Aim	Priority
Parent	checking current location of child	high
Parent	signing in with Google account	moderate
Parent	signing in with Facebook, Twitter, Instagram	low
	or another social networking account	
Parent	checking the history of child's location	low
Parent	have mobile application for Android device	high
Parent	have mobile application for iOS device	moderate
Parent	pay for a week or month	high
Parent	pay in advance for whole year with some di-	moderate
	scount	
Parent	creating custom shapes of areas	moderate
Parent	creating rules	high
Parent	receiving notifications about broken rules	high
Child	sending current location	high
Child	minimize application without closing connec-	high
	tion	
Child	have mobile application for Android device	high
Child	have mobile application for iOS device	moderate
Team	usage of modern technologies like ReactJS,	moderate
	Redux, NodeJS, MongoDB etc.	
Team	usage of Google Maps API, Google Geofencing	high
	API	
Team	have two servers for web application and da-	high
	tabase	

Tablica 1: Stakeholders and their aims

1.3 Borders of system

There are following actors:

- Parent,
- Child,
- Google OAuth system,
- Google Maps system,
- Time.

1.4 List of capabilities

1.4.1 Capabilities of web application:

- Creation of parent's account,
- Signing parent with email,
- Signing parent with googleAuth,
- Signing parent out,

- CRUD areas,
- CRUD children,
- CRUD rules,
- Switching on/off rule's activity,
- Choosing payment's plan,
- Adding payments credentials.

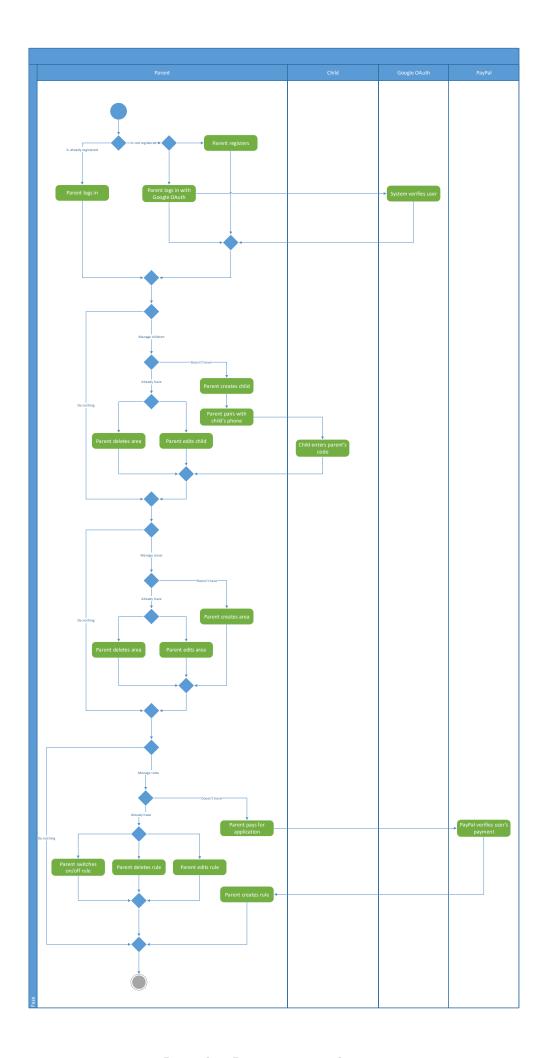
1.4.2 Capabilities of child mobile application:

- Finding child's phone location,
- Sending child's phone location to server,
- \bullet Working in the background as service.

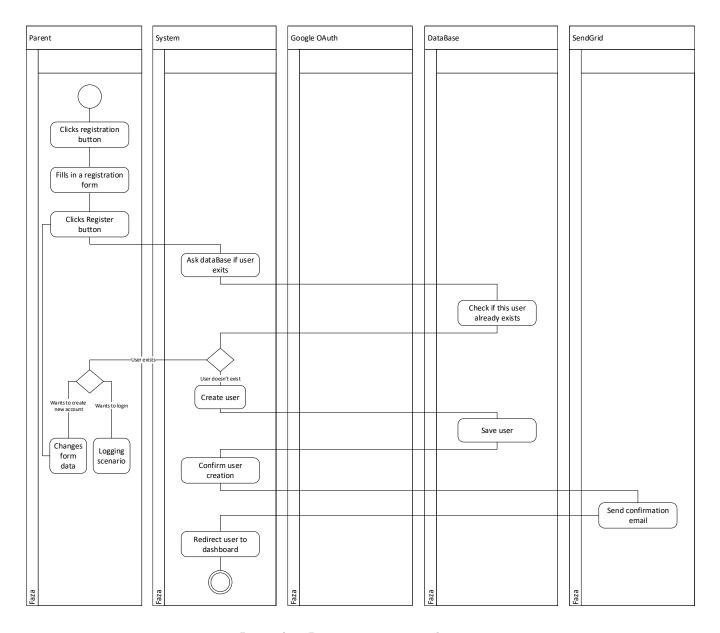
1.4.3 Capabilities of parents mobile application:

- Connecting with server to allow server to send push notifications,
- Displaying last children locations,
- Receiving push notifications.

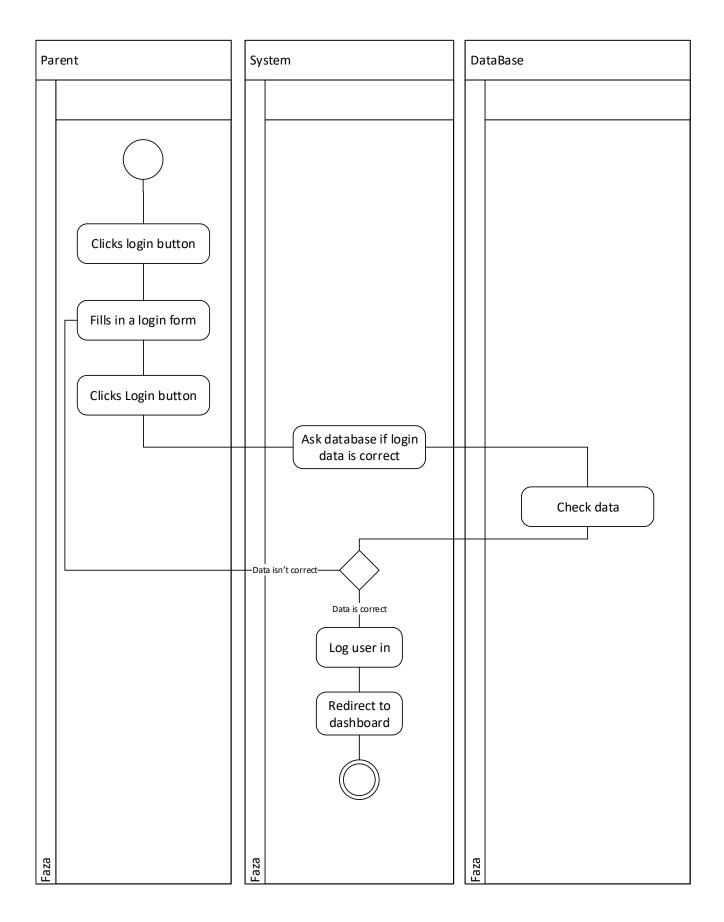
List of capabilities is shown as activity diagrams. These diagrams represents typical actions sequentions. We included both system's and business's activities. In following sections these actions will be presented in form of use cases and scenarios.



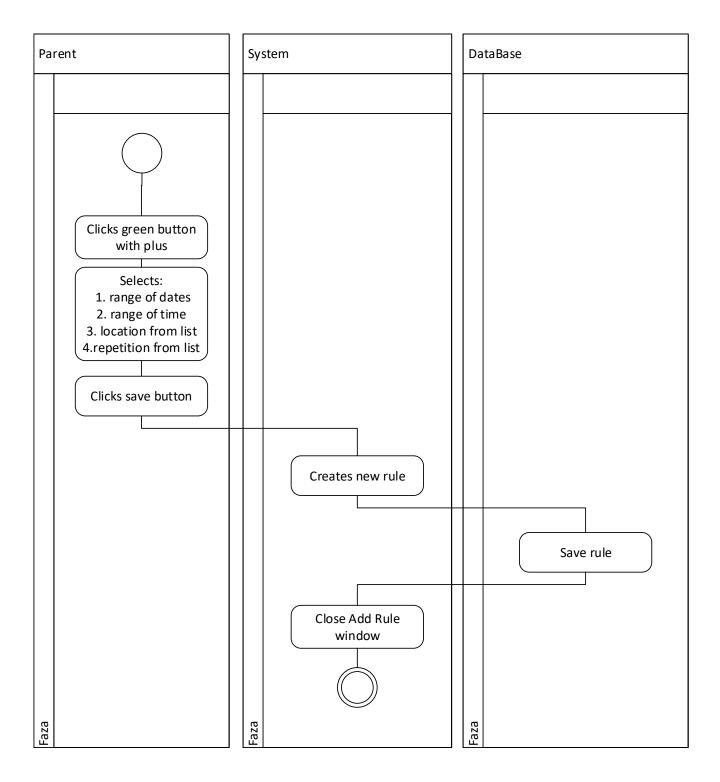
Rysunek 1: Business activity diagram $\overset{}{4}$



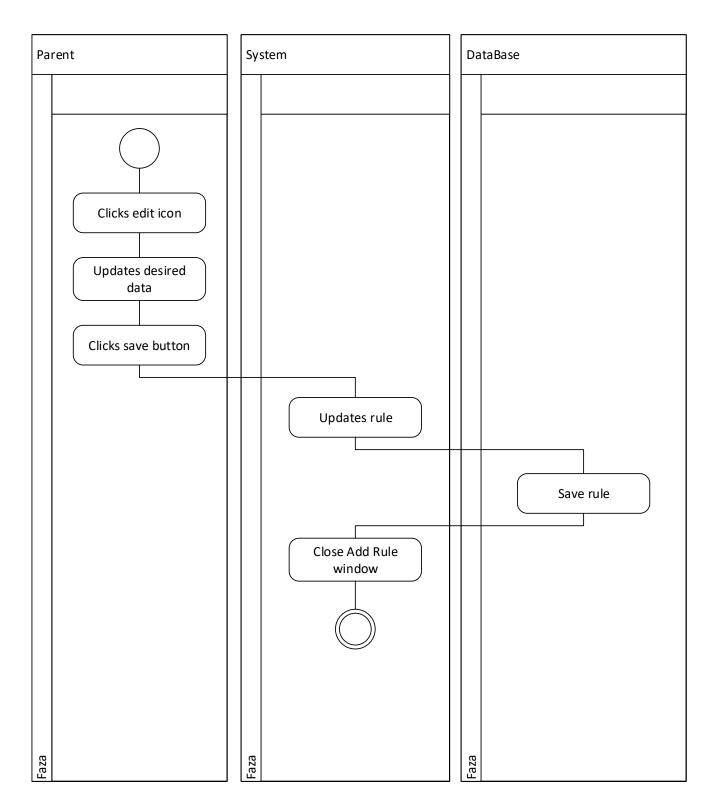
Rysunek 2: Registration activity diagram



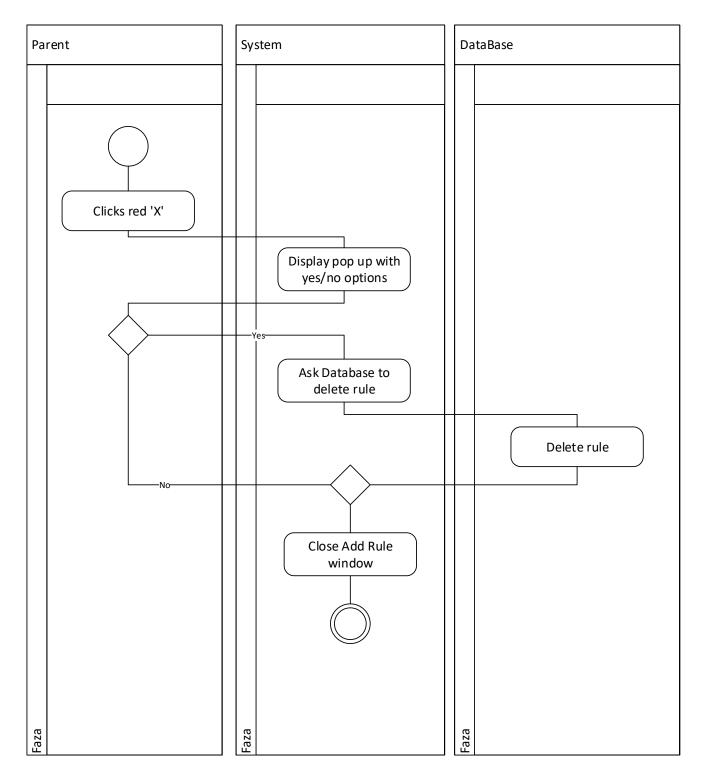
Rysunek 3: Signing in activity diagram



Rysunek 4: Creating new rule activity diagram



Rysunek 5: Updating rule activity diagram



Rysunek 6: Deleting rule activity diagram

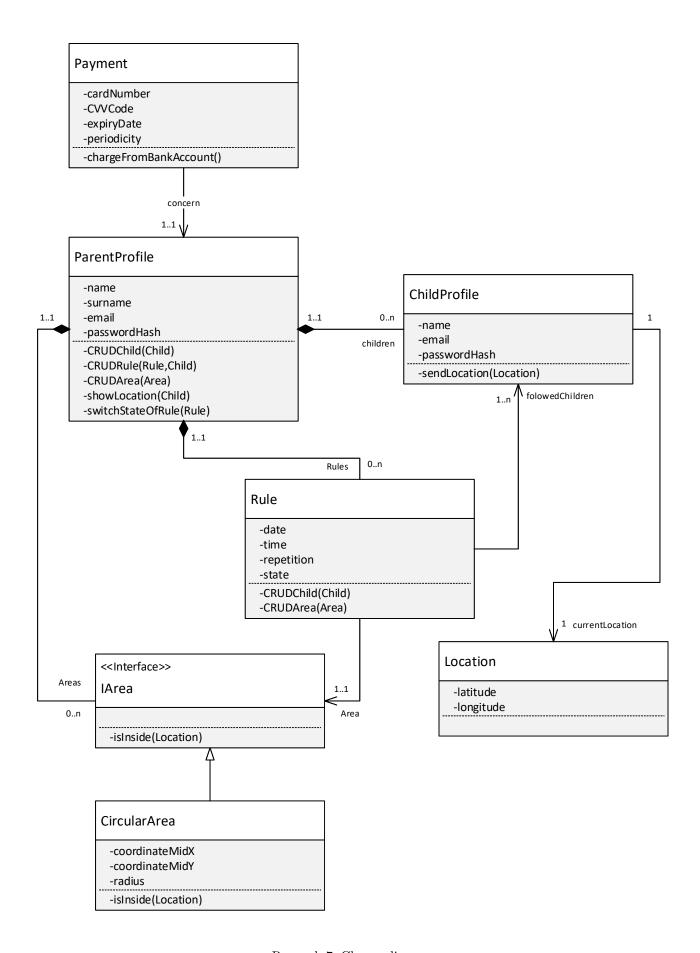
In diagrams we included CRUD operations for rules' management, but didn't include CRUD operations for other components because they are realized in analogous way.

2 Domain's analysis

Classes identified in domain:

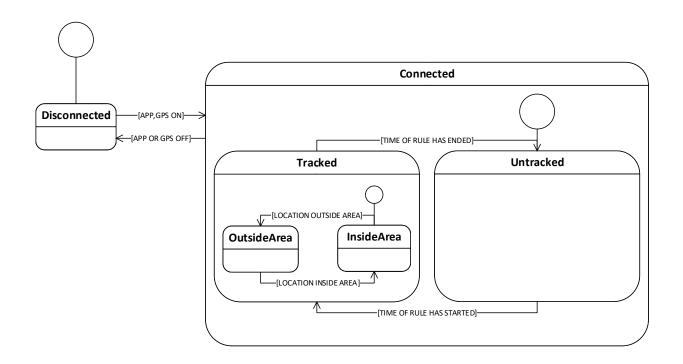
- ParentsAccount responsible for storing data about parent's account,
- ChildsAccount responsible for storing data about child's account,
- Rule responsible for storing data about rules concerning children, area, and time in which rule is active,
- Location class directly connected with child's account, storing data about current location of child,

- Area Interface interface for Area's classes,
- CircularArea class responsible for storing data about center and radius of area.

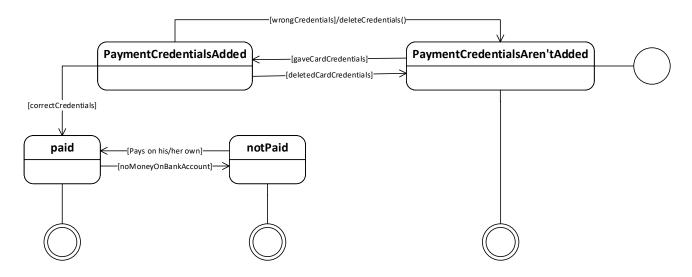


Rysunek 7: Classes diagram

2.1 State diagrams



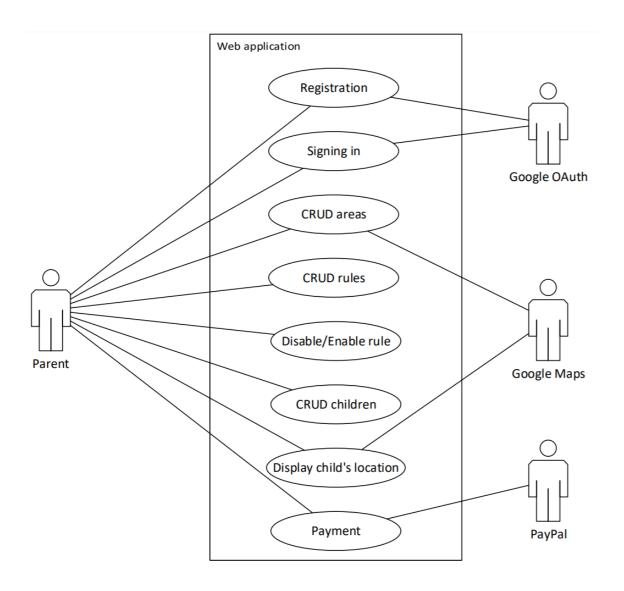
Rysunek 8: State diagram for child's application



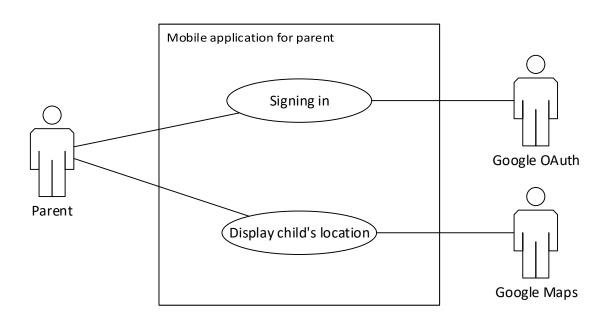
Rysunek 9: State diagram for payment

3 Requirements' specification

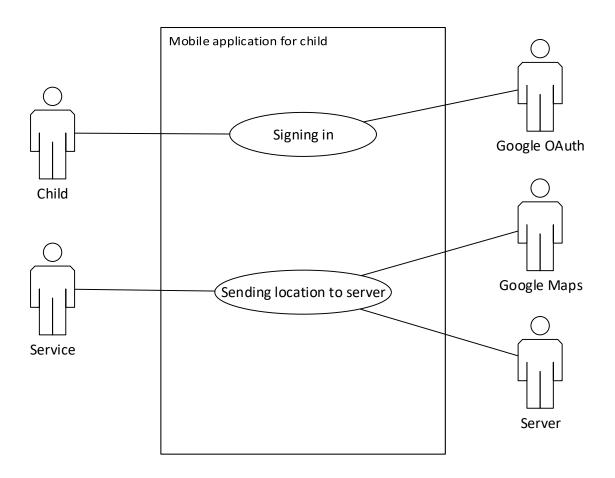
Requirements was shown in form of use cases with scenarios. We aren't showing scenarios for mobile application's use cases because they are too trivial.



Rysunek 10: Use cases for web application



Rysunek 11: Use cases for parent's mobile application



Rysunek 12: Use cases for child's mobile application

Signing in

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to login
Trigger:	Parent clicks Login button
Initial conditions:	Parent is on our root route on our website
Final conditions for success:	Parent is logged in. Dashboard is displayed.
Final conditions for failure:	Parent is not logged in. Error message is displayed.

Main scenario: Signing in

- 1.Parent clicks on Login tab.
- 2.System shows login form.
- 3. Parent fills in a login form.
- 4.Parent clicks Login button.
- 5. System signs in parent and redirect him to dashboard.
- 6.Parent is logged in. Dashboard is displayed.

Alternative scenario: Parent filled in wrong email or password.

3a.Error message is displayed. Parent is asked to login, or change email. 3a.1.Step 2.

Alternative scenario: Parent want to login with Google.

1a.Parent clicks Login with Google.

- 1a.1.Parent is redirected to GoogleOAuth.
- 1a.2.Parent is logged in. Dashboard is displayed.

Rysunek 13: Signing in scenario



Rysunek 14: Signing in

Registration

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to register
Trigger:	Parent clicks on Registration button
Initial conditions:	Parent is on our root route on our website
Final conditions for success:	Parent receives email with confirmation link. Account is created.
Final conditions for failure:	If parent already has account then we display an error message.

Main scenario: Registration

- 1.Parent clicks on Registration tab.
- 2. System shows Registration form.
- 3. Parent fills in a registration form.
- 4. Parent clicks Register button.
- 5. System registers parent's account, parent is redirected to login form.
- 6.Account is created. Confirmation email is sent.

Alternative scenario: Parent already has an account.

3a.Error message is displayed. Parent is asked to login, or change email.

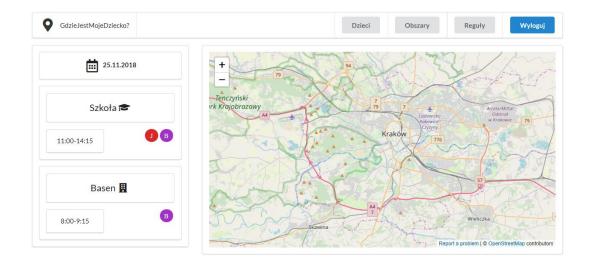
3a.1a.Step 2.

3a.1b.Signing in scenario.

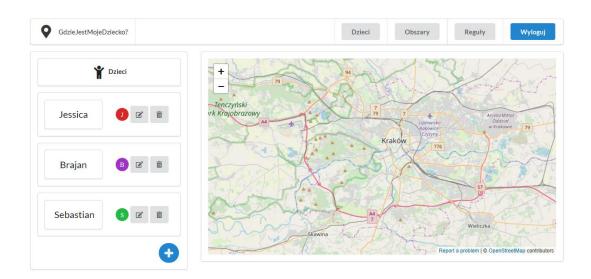
Rysunek 15: Registration scenario



Rysunek 16: Registering



Rysunek 17: Dashboard



Rysunek 18: Children

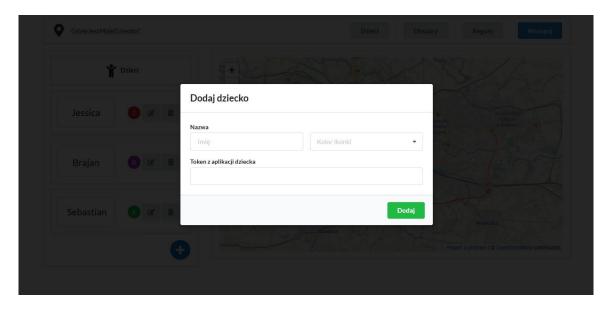
CRUD Children: create

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to create child
Trigger:	Parent clicks blue button with plus
Initial conditions:	Parent is on children route
Final conditions for success:	Child is created and displayed in list of children

Main scenario: Creating child

- 1.Parent clicks blue button with plus.
- 2. System shows form for creating child.
- 3. Parent types name of child.
- 4. Parent chooses color for icon of child.
- 5. Parent clicks save button.
- 6. System creates child and closes form.
- 7. Child is created and displayed in list of children.

Rysunek 19: Creating child scenario



Rysunek 20: Creating child

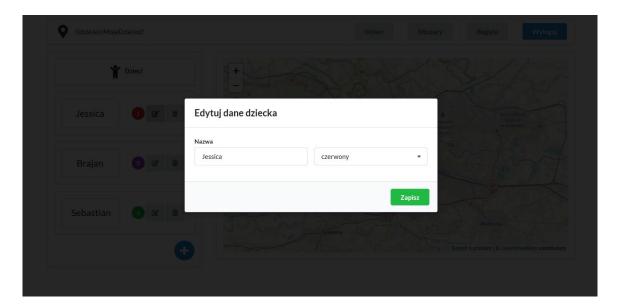
CRUD Children: update

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to update child
Trigger:	Parent clicks edit icon on the child
Initial conditions:	Parent is on children route
Final conditions for success:	Child is updated and displayed in list of children.

Main scenario: Updating child

- 1.Parent clicks edit icon on the child.
- 2. System shows edit child form.
- 3. Parent updates name of child or color for icon.
- 4.Parent clicks save button.
- 5. System updates child and closes update form.
- 6. Child is updated and displayed in list of children.

Rysunek 21: Updating child scenario



Rysunek 22: Editing child data

CRUD Children: delete

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to delete child
Trigger:	Parent clicks trash icon on the child
Initial conditions:	Parent is on children route
Final conditions for success:	Child is deleted and list of children is updated.
Final conditions for failure:	Child isn't deleted.

Main scenario: Deleting child

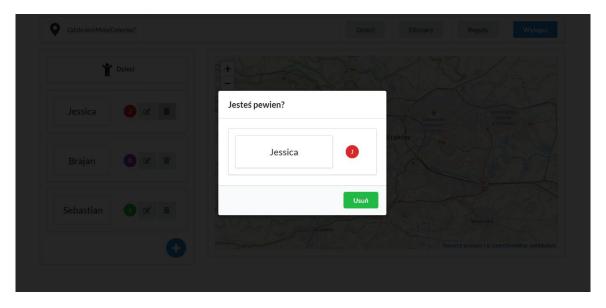
- 1.Parent clicks trash icon on the child.
- 2.Pop up is displayed with question "Are you sure?" with "Yes" button.
- 3.Parent clicks "Yes".
- 4. Child is deleted and displayed and list of children is updated.

Alternative scenario: Parent doesn't want to delete.

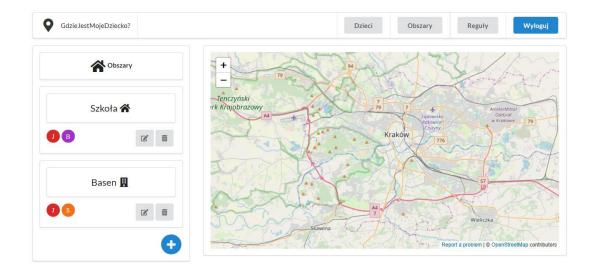
3a.Parent clicks outside of popup.

3a.1.Child isn't deleted.

Rysunek 23: Deleting child scenario



Rysunek 24: Deleting child



Rysunek 25: Areas

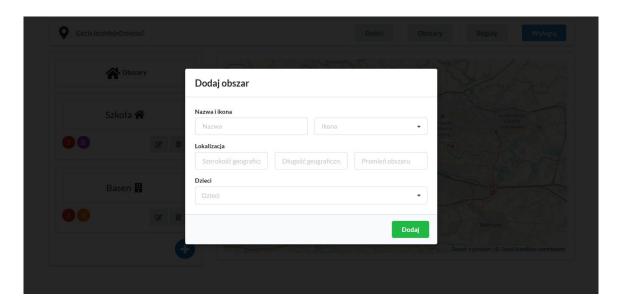
CRUD Areas: create

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to create area
Trigger:	Parent clicks blue button with plus
Initial conditions:	Parent is on areas route
Final conditions for success:	Area is created and displayed in list of areas.

Main scenario: Creating area

- 1.Parent clicks blue button with plus.
- 2. System shows form for creating area.
- 3. Parent types name of area and chooses icon for area.
- 4. Parent types address of location.
- 5. Parent sets radius of area.
- 6.Parent adds child/children.
- 7.Parent clicks save button.
- 8. System creates area and closes form.
- 9. Area is created and displayed in list of areas.

Rysunek 26: Creating area scenario



Rysunek 27: Creating area

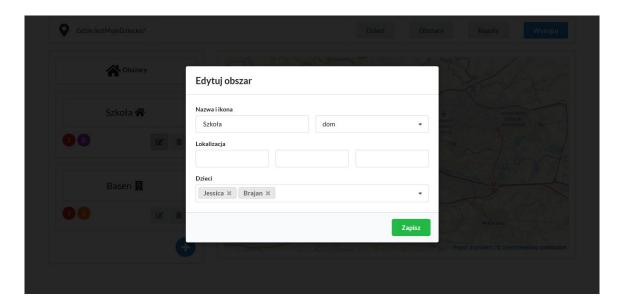
CRUD Areas: update

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to update area
Trigger:	Parent clicks edit icon on the area
Initial conditions:	Parent is on areas route
Final conditions for success:	Area is updated and displayed in list of areas.

Main scenario: Updating area

- 1. Parent clicks edit icon on the area.
- 2. System shows editing form.
- 3. Parent updates name of area or location address or radius or list of children.
- 4. Parent clicks save button.
- 5. System updates area and closes form.
- 6. Area is updated and displayed in list of areas.

Rysunek 28: Updating area scenario



Rysunek 29: Editing area

CRUD Areas: delete

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to delete area
Trigger:	Parent clicks trash icon on the area
Initial conditions:	Parent is on areas route
Final conditions for success:	Area is deleted and list of areas is updated.
Final conditions for failure:	Area isn't deleted.

Main scenario: Deleting area

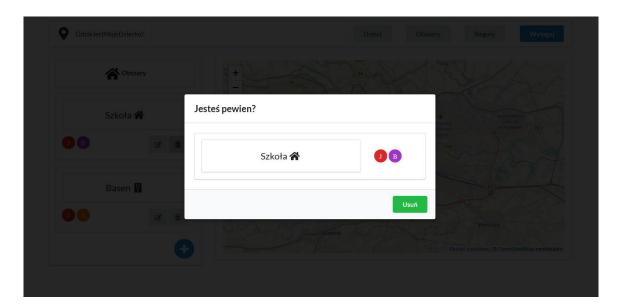
- 1.Parent clicks trash icon on the area.
- 2.Pop up is displayed with question "Are you sure?" with "Yes" button.
- 3.Parent clicks "Yes".
- 4. Area is deleted and displayed and list of areas is updated.

Alternative scenario: Parent doesn't want to delete.

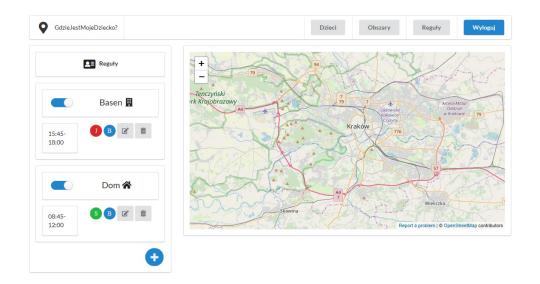
3a.Parent clicks outside the popup.

3a.1.Area isn't deleted.

Rysunek 30: Deleting area scenario



Rysunek 31: Deleting area



Rysunek 32: Rules

CRUD Rules: create

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to create rule
Trigger:	Parent clicks blue button with plus
Initial conditions:	Parent is on specific child route
Final conditions for success:	Rule is created and displayed in list of rules.

Main scenario: Creating rule

- 1.Parent clicks blue button with plus.
- 2. System shows form for adding rules.
- 3. Parent chooses range of dates.
- 4. Parent chooses range of time.
- 5. Parent chooses location from list.
- 6.Parent chooses repetition from list.
- 7. Parent chooses children from list.
- 8. Parent clicks save button.
- 9. System creates rule and closes form.
- 10. Rule is created and displayed in list of rules.

GdzieJestMojaDziecio?

Dodaj regułę

Data rozpoczęcia

Data zakończenia

mm/dd/rrr

mm/dd/rrr

Czas rozpoczęcia

Czas zakończenia

Obszar

Obszar

Dzieci

Dziec

Rysunek 33: Creating rule scenario

Rysunek 34: Creating rule

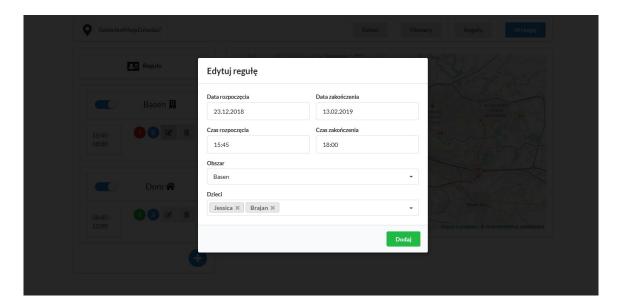
CRUD Rules: update

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to update rule
Trigger:	Parent clicks edit icon on the rule
Initial conditions:	Parent is on rules route
Final conditions for success:	Rule is updated and displayed in list of rules.

Main scenario: Updating rule

- 1.Parent clicks edit icon on the rule.
- 2. System shows edit rule form.
- 3. Parent updates range of dates or range of time or location or repetition.
- 4. Parent clicks save button.
- 5. System updates rule and closes form.
- 6. Rule is updated and displayed in list of rules.

Rysunek 35: Updating rule scenario



Rysunek 36: Updating rule

CRUD Rules: delete

Actors:	Parent
Range:	Web application
Goals:	Parent wants to delete rule
Trigger:	Parent clicks trash icon on the rule
Initial conditions:	Parent is on rules route
Final conditions for success:	Rule is deleted and list of rules is updated.
Final conditions for failure:	Rule isn't deleted.

Main scenario: Deleting rule

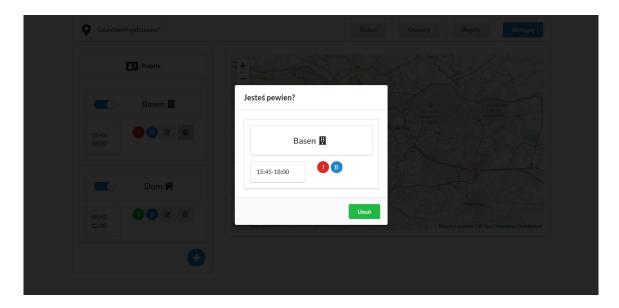
- 1.Parent clicks trash icon on the rule.
- 2.Pop up is displayed with question "Are you sure?" with "Yes" button.
- 3.Parent clicks "Yes".
- 4. Rule is deleted and displayed and list of rules is updated.

Alternative scenario: Parent doesn't want to delete.

3a.Parent clicks outside of popup.

3a.1.Rule isn't deleted.

Rysunek 37: Deleting rule scenario



Rysunek 38: Deleting rule

Payment

Actors:	Parent	
Range:	Web application	
Goals:	Parent wants to pay for our services	
Trigger:	Parent choses payment method.	
Initial conditions:	Parent is on payments route on our website	
Final conditions for success:	Parent paid for services.	
Final conditions for failure:	Parent didn't paid for services.	

Main scenario: Payment

- 1.Parent chooses payment method.
- 2. System shows form for adding card credentials.
- 3. Parent types card number, CVV code and expiry date.
- 4. Parent clicks Add button.
- 5. System adds card credentials, and charges for chosen period cyclically.
- 6. Parent paid for services.

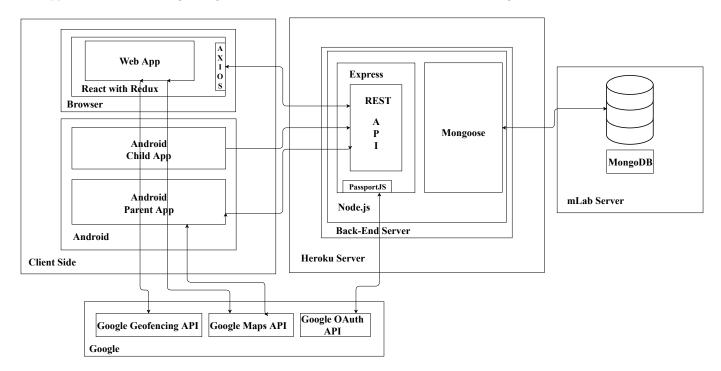
Alternative scenario: Parent entered wrong credentials.

4a.Error message is displayed. Parent is asked to change credentials. 4a.1.Step 2.

Rysunek 39: Payment scenario

4 System's architecture

In our application we are using MongoDB, so our database is identical to our class diagram.



Rysunek 40: Architecture, modules and interfaces

4.1 Project of tests

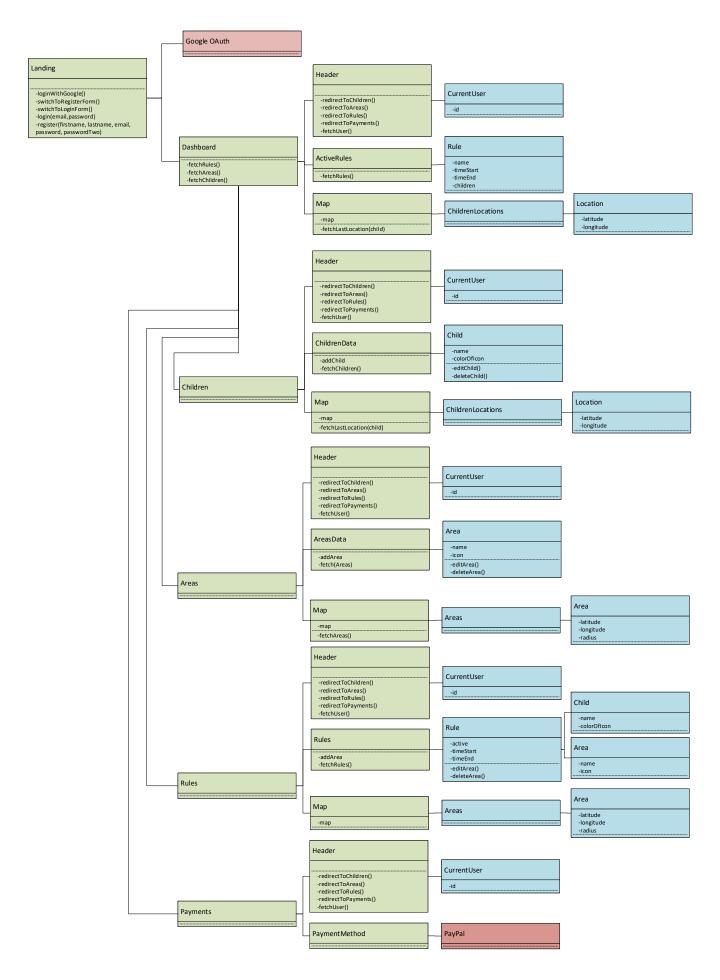
Tests	What?	Technologies
Unit	backend and frontend methods	Jasmine
Integration	communication between modules	Jasmine
Functional	use cases	Jasmine, Selenium
Manual	Mobile application	manually
Manual	API	postman

Tablica 2: Project of tests

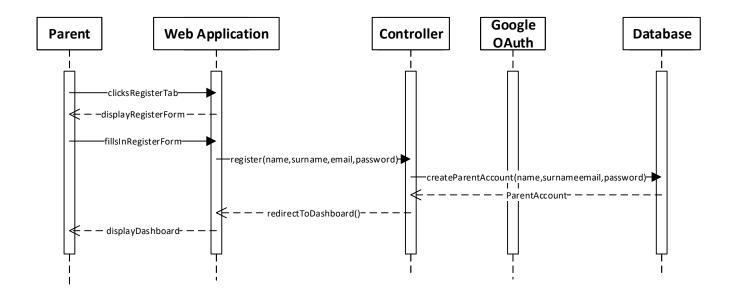
5 Project of software

5.1 Client side: React Components

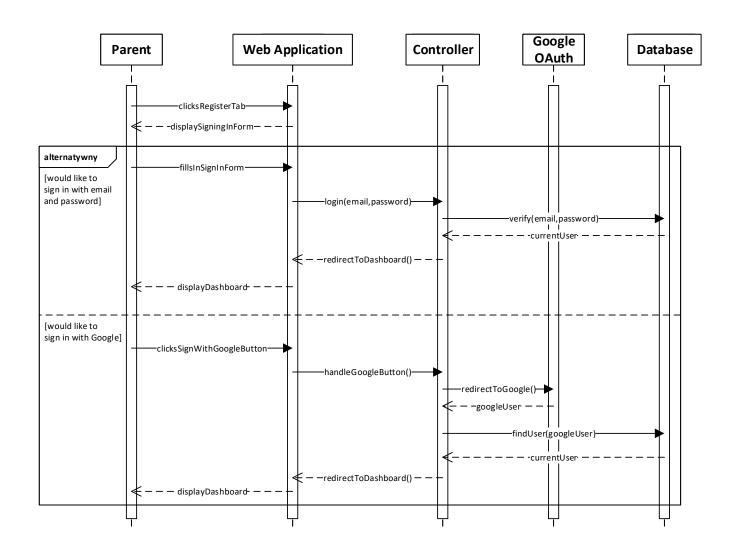
Platform: JavaScript -> JSX -> HTML



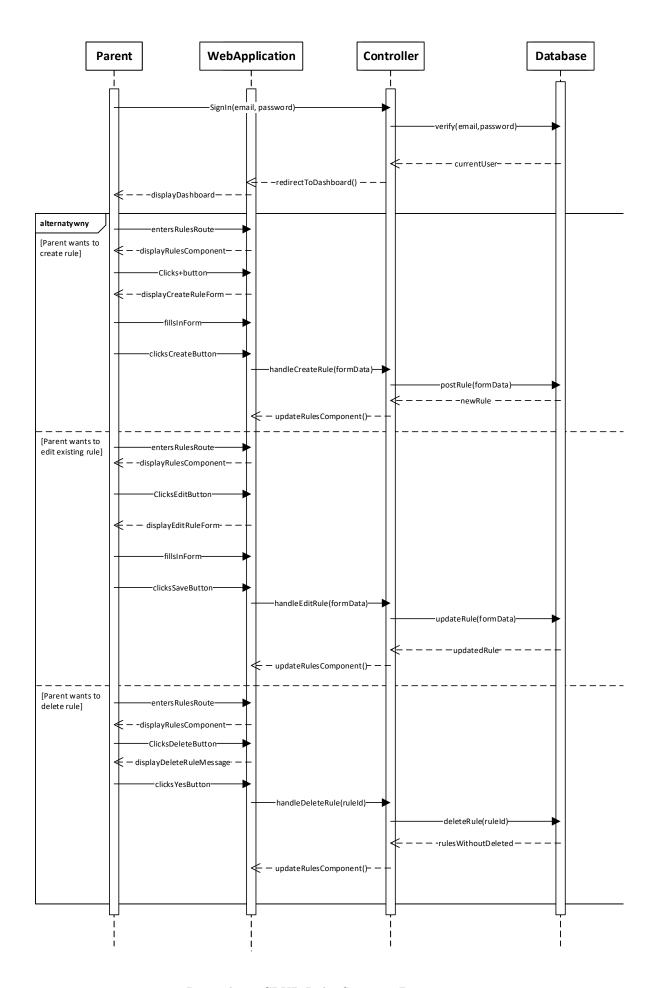
Rysunek 41: Software project



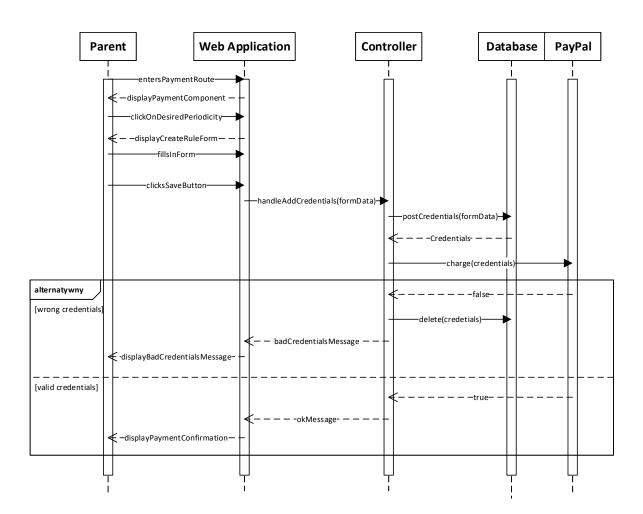
Rysunek 42: Register Sequence Diagram



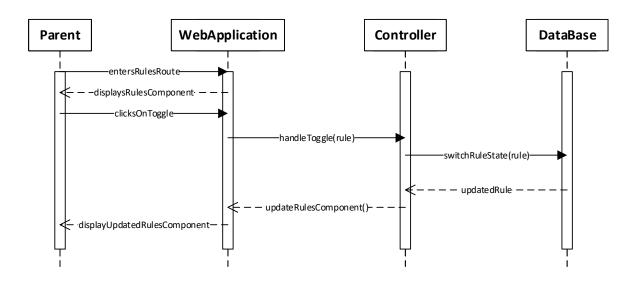
Rysunek 43: Login Sequence Diagram



Rysunek 44: CRUD Rules Sequence Diagram



Rysunek 45: Payment Rules Sequence Diagram



Rysunek 46: Toogle Rule's State Sequence Diagram

5.2 Server side: API

Platform: JavaScript -> NodeJS -> Express

Our application's modules communicate with server through RESTful API. Our application will send requests to server when user fills forms, and clicks buttons. Server will fetch proper data using axios from MongoDB database on mLab server. Based on fetched data web components will update or user will be redirected to proper route.

• \api\current_user - current signed in user,

- \api\logout logging out user,
- \api\googleAuth signing user in with Google OAuth,
- \api\register registering new user,
- \api\login signing user in,
- \api\rules rules for current user,
- \api\rules\create creating new rule for current user,
- \api\rules\read rule data,
- \api\rules\update updating rule,
- \api\rules\delete deleting rule,
- \bullet \api \areas - areas for current user,
- \api\areas\create creating new area,
- \api\areas\read area data,
- \api\areas\update updating area,
- \api\areas\delete deleting area,
- \api\children children for current user,
- \api\children\create creating new child,
- \api\children\read child data,
- \api\children\update updating child data,
- $\bullet \ \arrowvert \arro$