

Sample Plots

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Introduction

This file contains examples of basic plots created using the `ggplot2` package in R and the corresponding code required to create each plot. All examples below require loading `ggplot2`—any other required packages are noted as needed in the included code.

NOTE: The specific style of the plots below is specified by using `theme_bcg` in addition to the other plot options. This calls the code below in order to specify the plot style, font type and size, and center plot titles.

```
# Setting options for plot formatting, including font type + size, and title  
# alignment, using `minimal` theme
```

```
theme_bcg <- theme_minimal(base_size = 9, base_family = "Palatino") +  
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
```

Data Used in Examples

Most of the datasets used in the first few examples come directly from the sample datasets included with R. Many of the later plots, however, use player-level basketball data from the 2015-2016 season from (<https://www.basketball-reference.com>). This data set can be downloaded from Github using the following code.

```
download.file("github.com/mackaytc/plotting/blob/master/basketball.Rda?raw=true",  
             "basketball.Rda")  
  
load("basketball.Rda")  
  
library(xtable)  
  
print(xtable(head(nba.data[,1:10])), include.rownames = F)
```

Rk	Player	Pos	Age	Tm	G	GS	MP	FG	FGA
1	Quincy Acy	PF	25	SAC	59	29	876	119	214
2	Jordan Adams	SG	21	MEM	2	0	15	2	6
3	Steven Adams	C	22	OKC	80	80	2014	261	426
4	Arron Afflalo	SG	30	NYK	71	57	2371	354	799
5	Alexis Ajinca	C	27	NOP	59	17	861	150	315
6	Cole Aldrich	C	27	LAC	60	5	800	134	225

Useful Resources

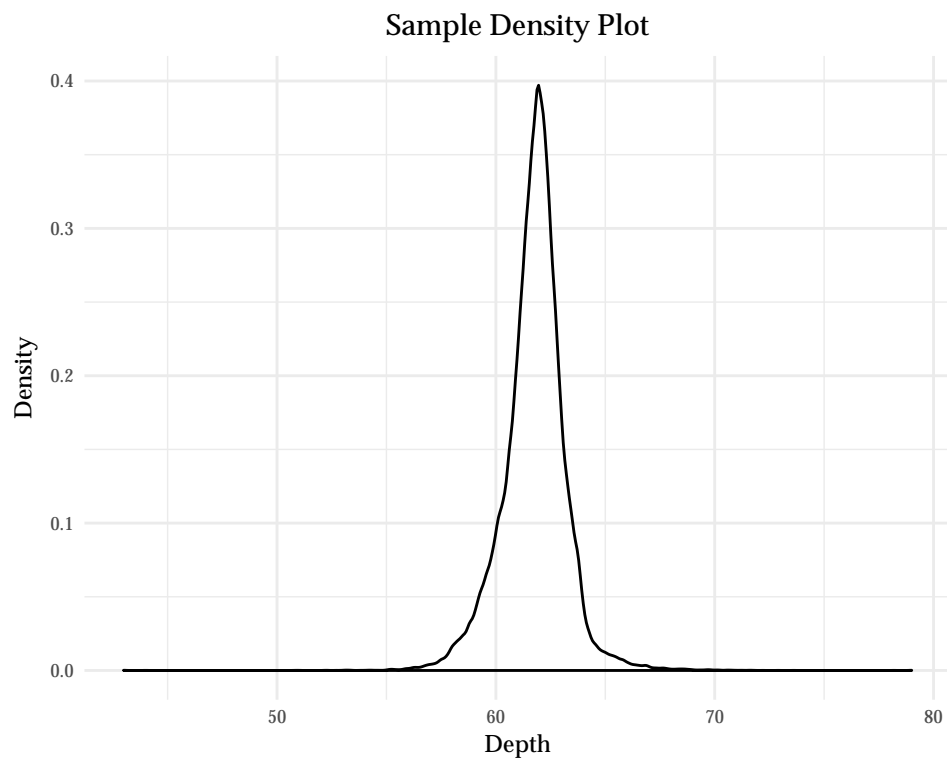
Useful websites with more information on R and `ggplot2` (click bulleted items for link to URL).

- RStudio `ggplot2` Cheatsheet
 - Two page PDF cheat sheet covering the basics of the `ggplot2` package
- Gallery of `ggplot2` Examples
 - 50 different examples of plots, covering a range of plot types and customizations to things like legends and annotations
- R Datasets Package
 - A list of the sample datasets available with R that are used in this document. Includes a detailed description of all variables in each dataset.

Univariate Plots

Density Plot

```
# Diamonds samples dataset has prices and other attributes of ~54,000 diamonds.  
  
data(diamonds)  
  
# Generating density plot  
  
ggplot(data = diamonds, aes(x = depth)) + geom_density() +  
  labs(title = "Sample Density Plot",  
        y = "Density",  
        x = "Depth") +  
  theme_bcg
```



Histograms with Grid Arrange

```
# `gridExtra` allows you to print multiple plots together

library(gridExtra)

# Airquality sample dataset has measurements of temperature, windspeed, and
# daily air quality in New York from May to September, 1973.

data("airquality")

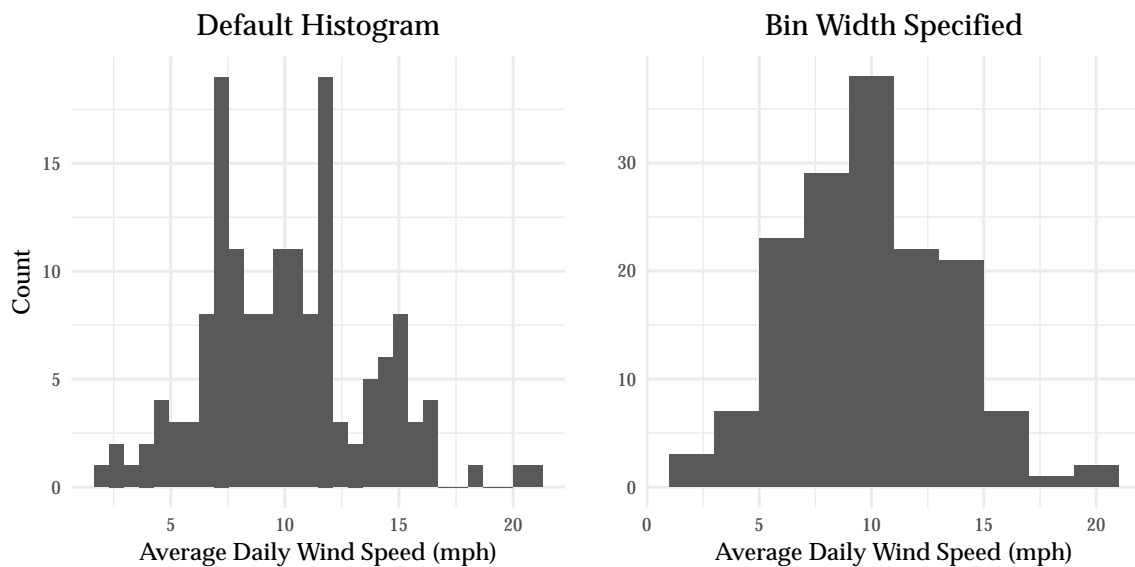
# Default Histogram

p.1 <- ggplot(data = airquality) + geom_histogram(aes(x = Wind)) +
  labs(title = "Default Histogram",
       y = "Count",
       x = "Average Daily Wind Speed (mph)") +
  theme_bcg

p.2 <- ggplot(data = airquality) + geom_histogram(aes(x = Wind), binwidth = 2) +
  labs(title = "Bin Width Specified",
       y = "",
       x = "Average Daily Wind Speed (mph)") +
  theme_bcg

# Using `grid.arrange` to print both plots side by side (by setting nrow = 1)

grid.arrange(p.1, p.2, nrow = 1)
```



Two-Way Plots

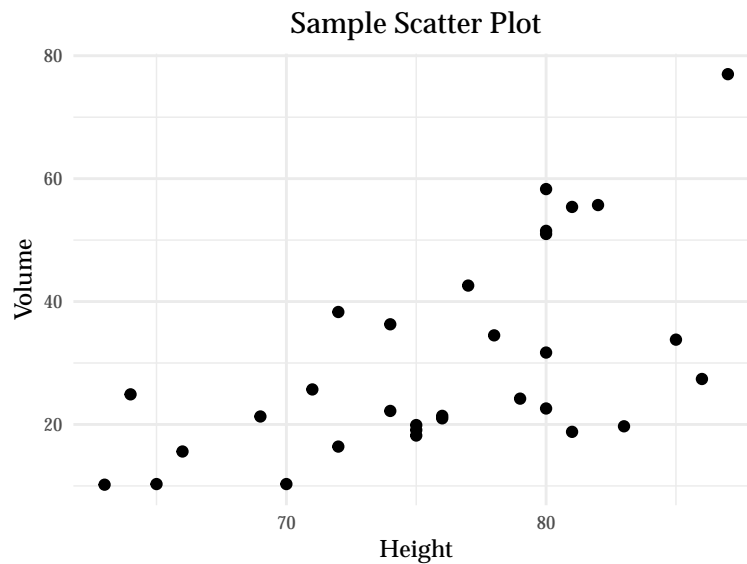
Scatter Plot

*# Trees sample dataset has measurements of the height, weight, and length of
31 observations.*

```
data(trees)
```

Scatter Plot

```
ggplot(data = trees) + geom_point(aes(x = Height, y = Volume)) +  
  labs(title = "Sample Scatter Plot",  
        y = "Volume",  
        x = "Height") +  
  theme_bcg
```



Line Plot with Outcome Grouped by Factor Variable

```
# Orange sample data set has 7 measurements of age and circumference for 5
# different oranges (total of 35 observations)

data(Orange)

# Start by creating an observation count by ID variable using `dplyr`. Note that
# data needs to be in *long* form.

library(dplyr)

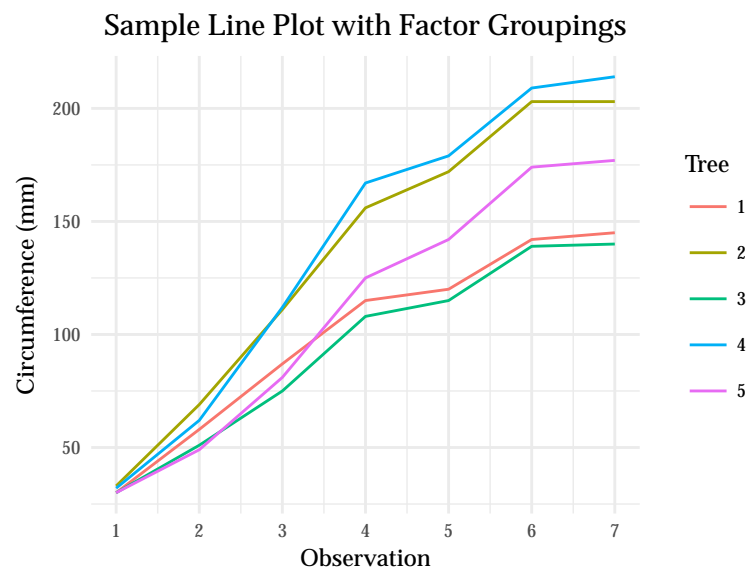
df <- group_by(Orange, Tree) %>%
  mutate(count = row_number())

# Creating re-ordered `tree` factor variable

df$Tree <- factor(df$Tree, levels = c(1,2,3,4,5))

# Line Plot-- notice options for setting x-axis ticks + legend label

ggplot(data = df) + geom_line(aes(x = count, y = circumference,
                                   color = Tree)) +
  labs(title = "Sample Line Plot with Factor Groupings",
       y = "Circumference (mm)", x = "Observation",
       color = "Tree") +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks=seq(1, 7, 1)) +
  theme_bcg
```



Line Plots with Facets to Create Subplots

```
# Load sample dataset with 2016 player statistics for all players in NBA

load("basketball.Rda")

# We'll `tidyr` to reshape the data from `wide` to `long` format using the
# `gather` command and create a new dataset where each player in the data set
# has two rows-- one corresponding to their defensive BPM and one corresponding
# to their offensive BPM.

library(tidyr)
library(dplyr)

# We can use `magrittr` + the `%>%` operator to make the code below a bit more
# streamlined

library(magrittr)

facet.data <- select(nba.data, Player, Pos, OBPM, DBPM) %>%
  gather(key = c(Player, Pos), value = BPM, OBPM:DBPM) %>%
  rename(stat = `c(Player, Pos)`) %>%
  arrange(Player)

# Facet Plot-- note the formatting options at the bottom to specify facet
# formatting

ggplot(facet.data) + facet_grid(Pos ~ .) +
  geom_density(aes(x = BPM, color = stat)) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(0, 12, 2)) +
  labs(title = "Comparing Offensive and Defensive BPM Scores by Position",
       x = "BPM", y = "Density", color = "") +
  theme_bcg + theme(strip.text.y = element_text(angle = 0),
                    strip.background = element_rect(color = "grey70", size = 0.5))
```


Comparing Offensive and Defensive BPM Scores by Position

