Mike Berman's

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America is going through enormous change. As I sat down to write a description what is going on, I realized I could not do better than the following four pieces I recently read.

The first of these is from a memorandum by Doug Sosnick, as good an observer of America as anyone and better than most.

"It is not an overstatement to say that the failures of our leaders and governmental institutions have brought our political system to the brink of implosion.

"The country is undergoing the most significant economic, technological, and demographic changes since the Industrial Revolution. Such change in any one of these areas would test our ability to adapt. But the fact that we are experiencing all of these shifts at the same time has exacerbated Americans' fears and fundamental distrust of those in power. The public has concluded that our 20th century institutions are incapable of dealing with 21st century challenges.

"The public's discontent has been clear at the ballot box in four out of the past five elections; each time, they voted against the party in power. But the current environment suggests that the level of pent-up frustration and demand for change is more profound than we have seen before in our lifetimes. The support for Sanders and Trump is an expression of this alienation and distrust towards the system and the elected officials who govern it.

"The overwhelming belief that the system is rigged in favor of the rich has spurred an emerging populist movement that transcends traditional partisan lines. (Which Side of the Barricade are You On?) At a time when big corporations and the wealthy have enjoyed the largest gains, a majority of Americans have experienced stagnant wages and a decline in wealth.

"The sense of everyday Americans that they are worse off has also contributed to a yawning social and cultural divide defined by age, race and income."

The second is the opening paragraphs from a four-part article by David Maraniss and Robert Samuels which appeared in the Washington Post March 17-21, 2016.

"Anger at Wall Street. Anger at Muslims. Anger at trade deals. Anger at Washington. Anger at police shootings of young black men. Anger at

[&]quot;So much anger out there in America.

President Obama. Anger at Republican obstructionists. Anger about political correctness. Anger about the role of big money in campaigns. Anger about the poisoned water of Flint, Mich. Anger about deportations. Anger about undocumented immigrants. Anger about a career that didn't go as expected. Anger about a lost way of life. Mob anger at groups of protesters in their midst. Specific anger and undefined anger and even anger about anger.

"Each presidential campaign has its own rhythm and meaning, but this one unfolded with dizzying intensity, an exaggeration of everything that came before. It felt like the culmination of so many long-emerging trends in American life. The decomposition of traditional institutions. The descent of politics into reality-TV entertainment. Demographic and economic shifts quickening the impulses of inclusion and exclusion and us vs. them. All of it leading to this moment of great unsettling, with the Republican Party unraveling, the Democrats barely keeping it together, and both moving farther away from each other by the week, reflecting the splintering not only of the body politic but of the national ideal."

The third is from a column by Charlie Cook.

"While I agree with both pieces, I would add that these white working-class voters, particularly men, the descendants of white-working class Americans who once voted overwhelmingly Democratic, feel increasingly left behind. Free- and open-trade policies always create winners and losers, but today the biggest winners by far are business owners and educated workers with special talents, while the big losers are people with 20th-century job skills who have been left adrift in the 21st century.

"Beyond trade, the Democratic Party has placed greater emphasis on cultural and environmental issues. Even in the 2009 economic-stimulus package, the job-creation components pushed green energy and medical-technology-related jobs. An FDR-style emphasis on rebuilding our national infrastructure was not in the offing, despite a desperate need for such a program and the opportunity to borrow at near-zero-percent interest rates. There could not have been a better time to embark on a seven-to-10 year program designed to rebuild the nation's crumbling bridges, roads, dams, and sewer lines. This undertaking would have created badly needed jobs that could not

be shipped abroad. This would have been the old Democratic Party approach, but the new Democratic Party saw shovels, jackhammers, and cement mixers as passé.

"For their part, the Republicans were so busy fighting Obamacare, pushing to cut taxes and the size of government, and fighting culture wars that they didn't see that their party had changed and along with it their base's needs. Much of what Republicans were talking about didn't resonate with working-class people who didn't have the luxury to weigh abstract issues when they had to worry about how to feed, clothe, and house their kids, and how to make it to the next paycheck."

The fourth is from a memo distributed by Democracy Corps and Women's Voices Women's Vote Action Fund on March 22, 2016.

"The country is in a desperate mood, expressed in the public's discontent with the direction of country. The anxiety begins with an economy you can't depend on that produces a struggling middle class, inequality and a growing disparity between rich and poor. It extends to a decline in morals and lack of personal responsibility, pushed by the media, which breeds more drugs and crime. And importantly, it is produced by a toxic political environment. Donald Trump's victories leave them questioning the country's values, whether they can trust their neighbors, and what the future holds. It is a dangerous brew that generates impassioned, engaged discussion... It has created an election with high stakes."

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State of the Nation

70% of respondents say that the country is on the wrong track. 24% say the country is headed in the right direction. [NBC/WSJ 4/10-14]

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First, let's take a look at the "official" official unemployment numbers.

The official BLS seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for March 2016 is 5%, the same as November 2015.

However, if one takes into account the total unemployed + those marginally attached to the labor force + those working part-time who want full-time work, the current rate is 9.8%. [BLS data is based on those 16 years of age and older.]

In the first week of April, Gallup found an unadjusted unemployment rate of 5.6%. It also found an under-employment rate (unemployed +those working part-time but wanting full time) of 14.1%. [This is based on those 18 years of age and older.

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The Pew Research Center has published a series of reports about the United States today.

% of U.S. aggregate household income held by

	<u>1970</u>	<u>2014</u>
Upper income households	29%	49%
Middle income households	62%	43%
Lower income households	10%	9%

Which social classes do the Republican and Democratic parties favor?

	GOP Party	Dem Party
Poor	2%	31%
Middle class	26%	32%
Rich	62%	26%

There have been substantial changes in the diversity of potential American voters from 2000 to that projected in 2016.

	<u>2000</u>	<u>2016</u>
Asian	2%	4%
Hispanic	7%	12%

Black	12%	12%
White	78%	69%

The number of two-parent households is in decline.

	1960	2000	2014
Two parents	87%	73%	69%
One parent	9%	22%	26%
No parents	4%	5%	5%

Compared to 50 years ago, life for people like you in America is

	Worse	<u>Bette</u> r	<u>Same</u>
All voters	46%	34%	14%
Rep/Lean Rep	66%	19%	10%
Fem/Lean Dem	28%	48%	17%

51% of Americans believe that it is the responsibility of the Federal government to make sure that all Americans have healthcare coverage.

55% strongly favor allowing gays and lesbians to marry legally. 37% oppose that right. [Pew Research reports dated 12/15/15, 3/27/16, 3/31/16]

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50% of us believe that the Affordable Care Act is working relatively well, but it needs some fixes. 46% believe it is fatally flawed and should be repealed and replaced. [Bloomberg Politics Poll/Selzer & Company 3/22/16]

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29% of Americans believe that abortion should be legal under any circumstances. 15% believe it should be legal in most circumstances; while an

additional 38% believe it should be legal in just a few circumstances. 16% believe it should always be illegal. [CNN/ORC 3/20/16]

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26% of Americans consider themselves to be Republicans, 34% consider themselves Democrats, and 34% say they are Independents. This is all but identical to how people described themselves at this time prior to the 2012 election. At this time in 2008, 27% described themselves as Republicans, 37% as Democrats, and 36% as Independents.

28% of us have a favorable image of the Republican Party, while 66% have an unfavorable opinion. The Democratic party is seen more favorably, with 46% of Americans having a favorable image and 48% having an unfavorable image. [NYT/CBS 3/17/16]

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President

The public's grading of President Obama's job approval (as found by Gallup 4/14) is 48% approval/47% disapproval. Obama's approval rating at the time of his first inauguration was 67% approval/14% disapproval. [Gallup]

Here are other approval/disapproval scores going back 3+ years.

<u>Date</u>	NBC/WSJ	WP/ABC	CNN/ORC	NYT/CBS	<u>FOX</u>
April 2016	49%/48%			46/45(CBS)	49/47%
March 2016	49/46%	51/43%	51/46%	48/44%	48/46%
February 2016	49/46%	XXXX	50/46%	47/45%(CB	S)49/47%
January 2016	47/49 %	50/46%	47/49%	46/47%	42/53%
December 2015	43/51 %	XXX	47/52%	44/48%	43/51%
September 2015	47/47 %	47/49%	44/50%	XXX	44/50%
Jan 2015	46/48%	47/48%	XXX	XXX	45/51%
Jan 2014	43/51%	45/52%	45/51%	46/47(CBS)	42/53%
Jan 2013	52/44%	55/41%	55/43%	51/41%	

Approval/Disapproval – In last year in office

Eisenhower	62	22 (5/3/60)
Clinton	57	36 (5/7/00)
Reagan	50	38 (5/8/88)
<u>Obama</u>	48	47 (4/14)
G W Bush	28	67(5/3/08)

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46% of Americans have positive feelings toward Obama while 41% have negative feelings. A year ago Obama had a positive rating of 47% and 40% had negative feelings. [NBC/WSJ 4/10-14]

Americans are negative about how Obama is handling the following two issues.

<u>Approve</u>	<u>Disapprove</u>
39	47
46	48 [CBS 4/12]
	39

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The generation gap in Obama's job approval is among the widest of his Presidency.

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2016</u>
Millennials (adults born after 1980)	73%	62%
Generation Xers (born 1965-1980)	63%	50%
Boomers (born 1946-1964)	62%	43%
Silents (Born 1928-1945)	62%	37%
		[Pew Research 4/5/16]

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Congress

Currently, 77% of Americans disapprove of the job being done by Congress, while 14% approve. [CBS4/1216]

Americans disapprove of the job being done by Democrats in Congress by 59% to 36%. They disapprove of the job being done by Republicans in Congress by 73% to 21%. [McClatchy-Marist 3/31/15]

The House

The 2016 election will be held approximately 6 months from now. There is an argument being made that the chaos in the contest for the Republican Presidential nomination has drawn additional attention to House races by many Republican donors and supporters.

Some argue that this raises the prospects for Democratic challengers. Any prospect of the Democrats' taking back control of the House has not really improved since the last issue of the Watch. As it stands now, the Republicans can hold the House without a whole lot of effort. All they need to do is hold the 'Safe' Republican seats and 13 of the 24 seats that are 'Likely/Lean' Republican. (As usual, The Cook Political Report is the source of the data below.)

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Democrat 188 Republicans 246 Vacancy 1

	<u>Democrats</u>	<u>Republicans</u>
Safe in 2016	174	205
Likely	9	11
Lean	5	13
	Toss I	<u>Ups</u>
	3	15

45% of Americans would prefer a Republican-controlled Congress. 47% of Americans would prefer a Democratic-controlled Congress. [NBC/WSJ 4/10-14]

The Senate

GOP Senators who may be vulnerable go back and forth as to the impact of a Trump candidacy on their re-election prospects. They would clearly like to run

with someone other than Trump, but it is not clear that they would be that much more comfortable with Cruz at the top of the ticket.

Republicans Ron Johnson, Kelly Ayotte and Pat Toomey seem to be the most vulnerable at the moment.

The most vulnerable Democratic seat is Nevada, where Harry Reid is retiring.

As with the House, we won't know the real impact of a particular Republican presidential candidate until after the Republican convention.

THE U.S. SENATE

Republicans 54
Democrats 44
Independents 2

	<u>Democrats</u>	<u>Republicans</u>
Seats not up in 2016	36	30
Safe in 2016	8	13
Leaning in 2016	2	5
	Bennett	Burr
	Kirk	Blunt
		Grassley
		McCain
		Indiana
Total	46	48
	<u>Toss Up</u>	
	Nevada	Johnson
		Florida
		Ayotte
		Portman

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Toomey

Looking Ahead to 2016 – Contest for President

Hillary Clinton's strong victory in New York virtually assures her nomination as the Democratic candidate in 2016.

Trump's solid win in New York makes it more likely that he can put together a first ballot win at the Republican convention in Cleveland.

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There are about 170,000,000 people over the age of 35 living in the United States. The majority are citizens and thus eligible to run for President of the United States.

Of that number there are five people who are actively running for President. It is hard to imagine five more different individuals than this group. I leave to you to decide how qualified each of them is to hold the job.

On the Democratic side there is Bernie Sanders, who, through being an avowed socialist for all of his adult life, has described himself as an Independent during his tenure as a United States Senator, and then decided to run for President as a Democrat.

Then there is Hillary Clinton, probably one of the most experienced people to run for President in my lifetime. She learned the White House and much about government as the spouse of a two-term President. She then ran for and was twice elected to the U.S. Senate. She was a candidate for President in 2008 and then appointed Secretary of State by the person who defeated her, Barack Obama. If there is any downside to her career, she has been in public life for a long time and has accumulated numbers of people who do not like her. Her popularity has dropped further in this campaign.

Donald Trump, the leading Republican candidate, has never before run for public office. He is a highly successful businessman who understands the media and how to take advantage of it better than any candidate currently running. He also is in the unique position of primarily financing his campaign with personal funds and those unsolicited contributions which he receives.

Ted Cruz, a sitting United States Senator from Texas, has the distinction of being the most disliked member of the United States Senate in either Party for a

variety of reasons, including calling the Majority Leader of Senate Republicans a liar on the Senate floor. However, he has built a campaign organization which is most capable of running a campaign under the Republican rules which allow each State to set its own primary or caucus rules.

And finally there is John Kasich, the sitting governor of Ohio, who previously served very successfully as a member of the United States House of Representatives. He hangs on, even though his only victory this year was in his home State.

Here are the results when respondents are asked to rate their positive or negative feelings toward each of the five candidates. [NBC/WSJ 4/10-14]

	Positive	Negative
Bernie Sanders	45	36
Hillary Clinton	32	56
•		
Donald Trump	24	65
Ted Cruz	26	49
John Kasich	31	19

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In each Party's group there is at least one candidate who is upset with the rules adopted by each Party for the nomination process. In the case of the Republicans, Trump ran a very public campaign, paying little attention to the rules by which each State selects its delegates to the national convention. For example, in Indiana all of the delegates to the convention have been selected by the Party apparatus before that State's primary. Depending on the outcome of the primary, delegates will be required to vote for one candidate or another on the first ballot. After that they are free to vote as they choose. So, in fact, all of the delegates may actually be Cruz or Kasich supporters, some of whom will be required to vote for Trump on the first ballot, assuming he accumulates enough votes in the primary to earn some delegates.

Trump, who has basically run his campaign up until now with few if any really experienced staff, is now building an experienced team to deal with the intricacies of the Republican State and national convention rules. As Trump begins to deal with this issue there is growing tension between the new and old staffers. Only time will tell whether it is too little too late.

On the Democratic side, Sanders is far behind Clinton in gathering the support of the Super Delegates, a group of people who are delegates as a result of positions they hold in the Party or in public office. Following the 1968 convention in Chicago, the Democratic Party changed many of its rules. Will this be the year in which both Parties take a hard look at the current rules after the nominating fight is over?

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About Donald Trump

On March 22, 2016, Peter Hart conducted a focus group in St. Louis, Missouri, as part of a series on behalf of the Annenberg Center for Public Policy at the University of Pennsylvania. This focus group took place five days after the Missouri primary.

The group was composed of a dozen Republican voters and Independent Republican-leaning voters. Five of the participants had voted for Trump in the Missouri GOP primary. The others either voted for his Republican opponents or are waiting until the general election.

What follows are excerpts from a memorandum describing the focus group, written by Peter Hart and his colleague Corrie Hunt.

For the Republican base, the question of Cruz vs. Trump comes down to character vs. strength. When these focus group participants in Missouri envision their ideal next president, those who cast their vote for Cruz in the Republican primary say they are looking for a president with "integrity" and "character," someone who is "moral." Trump, by contrast, appeals to primary voters who say the next president should be "strong," "tough," and "decisive."

It took an Obama for Republicans to get a Trump. In this conversation with voters, it is clear that there are two ways in which Republicans' experiences and perceptions of the Obama administration have paved the way for a Donald Trump. On the one hand, many of these voters are frustrated with a president they perceive as "weak" or "soft." They blame terrorist attacks around the world on Obama's policies and want a president who they believe will not be pushed around. Trump's bombastic, macho strength is the antidote to eight years of "weak" leadership.

The other major factor that set the stage for a candidate such as Trump is the Republican establishment's obstructionist approach to dealing with Obama. These voters are fed up with the dysfunction and constant fighting in Washington. Shaking their heads, they agree that Republican politicians seem more interested in fighting with the other side than getting things done.

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Trump's challenges moving forward are more about personality than policy. As Donald Trump looks to shore up the nomination and build a coalition going into the general election, he will need to win over Republicans and independents who would have preferred Cruz, Kasich, or one of the other myriad candidates seeking the nomination. The conversation in this focus group suggests that Trump will not face insurmountable hurdles in doing so. These voters do not fundamentally disagree with him on policies. In fact, eight of the 12 participants (including Trump supporters) do not believe that he will end up building a wall or deporting 11 million illegal immigrants. Like most presidential campaign promises, voters are less likely to hold the candidate to specific promises and use them instead as a guide.

* * *

Republicans find common ground in their intense animosity toward Hillary Clinton. These Republican and independent voters may disagree on whether Trump is the president the United States needs right now, but they unanimously agree that Hillary Clinton is not the answer. This is hardly a surprising insight, but more of an expected reality. The same could be said even more so of Sanders voters in their views toward either Cruz or Trump. Still, it is important to point out; Hillary Clinton is the glue that cements most of these voters to Trump in a general election. While there may be a few hold outs that cannot get past Trump's brash, "unpresidential" demeanor or insults toward women, in the end at least 10 of the 12 participants in this group came together against Clinton. These voters display a level of anger toward Clinton that far surpasses their negative feelings toward President Obama. Whereas Obama calls to mind words like "dislike." "snob," and "useless," for these voters, Hillary Clinton is a "criminal," "deplorable," and "evil." This discussion suggests that in looking ahead to the general election, the question is whether their hatred toward Hillary will override their hesitation about Trump in November. For now, it is apparent that most Republican voters will fall in line even if Trump remains for some, a last resort.

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A "brokered" convention likely would backfire. The path to the Republican nomination in 2016 is littered with crude insults, personal attacks, and shattered egos. Yet despite the vulgarities and fighting, Republicans and Republican-leaning independents remain willing to join together in support of whoever receives the most votes

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Final Note from Peter D. Hart:

Over the course of the past four presidential cycles, we have done a great number of focus groups for the Annenberg Center for Public Policy with voters of all stripes and types, but none has left me more dispirited than this group. This is not about participants being Trump voters or Republicans. We convened this group less than 24 hours after the terrorist attack in Brussels, and rather than being transformed in a way that signaled a change in what they expect from candidates seeking to be the kind of president needed in these times, they were so quickly ground into the minutiae of the day-to-day politics of this campaign. The stakes may be greater than ever, but the expectations for what is needed to unite a nation or lead the country in this tumultuous period are almost totally ignored. The greatness of the challenges ahead has been met by a public willing to accept candidates who do not challenge the nation to do better, but seek to play to its worst fears. While these St. Louis voters are solid citizens who worry about their economic security and have great fear for the terrorist attacks around the globe, sadly this discussion was less about demanding more from the candidates than it was settling and criticizing what is available in 2016. We have 225 plus days until the election. Having been in the business of public opinion for more than 50 years, I admire and respect voters and expect them to select what America wants and needs at the time of the election. I believe that to be true in 2016, but voters seem to have a long way to go to reach that point.

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70% of married women have an unfavorable view of Donald Trump. [Purple Strategies Slice/ Bloomberg Poll. 4/5-10]

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If Trump is elected President, when it comes to what he will do in office, 30% are excited (10%) or optimistic (20%) and 50% are scared.

If Cruz is elected President, when it comes to what he will do in office, 38% are excited (5%) or optimistic (33%) and 28% are scared.

In the case of Hillary Clinton, when it comes to what she will do in office 42% are excited (11%) or optimistic (31%) and 35% are scared.

When it comes to Bernie Sanders and what he will do in office, 45% are excited (15%) or optimistic (30%) and 27% are scared. [NYT/CBS 3/16].

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Much attention was paid to the fact that Bernie Sanders left New York immediately after the April 14th debate, taking two days off the campaign trail, just 4 days before the New York primary, and went to the Vatican to participate in an inequality seminar. Although it was apparently not promised in advance he did have some time with the Pope.

Much less attention was paid to the fact that Hilary Clinton also left New York after the debate, and spent Friday and Saturday campaigning and raising money in California. Subsequently, that fundraising trip has generated considerable attention because of the high price tag for attendance.

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78% of Democratic primary voters could see themselves supporting either Hillary Clinton or Bernie Sanders. 21% say they are not willing to support one or the other.

61% of Republican primary voters can see themselves as supporting either Kasich or Trump, while 63% of primary voters can see themselves supporting Cruz. [NBC/WSJ 4/10-14]

In a recent TV appearance, Susan Page of USAToday, may have landed on the best short description of Donald Trump's success, "He has perfect pitch when it comes to the feelings of the American public."

How reliable are the various State polls taken during the Presidential contest? The answer is...it varies.

In the recent contest in Wisconsin, an average of polls taken between March 24th and April 3rd showed Bernie Sanders winning by 2.6% points. In fact he won by 13.4% points.

In that same contest, an average of polls taken during the same period shows Ted Cruz winning by 4.7% points. He won by 13.1 % points.

In the Michigan primary on March 8, 2016 an average of three polls taken the week before the election had Clinton running ahead from 13% points to 27% points. Sanders won by 1.5% points.

In the more recent contest in New York, in 9 surveys taken between April 4th and 14th, Trump led with an average of 53.4%, a spread of 31.3% points. Depending on the survey, his lead ranged from 23% points to 43% points.

His final election percentage was 61%, a lead of 36% points over Kasich and 46% points ahead of Cruz.

Also in New York, in the same 9 surveys, Clinton led with an average of 53.1%, a spread of 13.8% points. Depending on the survey her lead ranged from 18% points to 11% points.

Her final election percentage was 58%, a lead of 16% points over Sanders.

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The campaign so far seems to have energized the Democratic Party while the campaign has caused a variety of splits in the Republican party.

The following are a series of charts that provide basic information about the 2016 election and the candidates.

- 1. The list of current candidates/those who have left the field
- 2. Select national polls
- 3. Polls in coming primary states
- 4. The money game
- 5. Delegates accrued through April 19th
- 6. Primary/caucus dates and state delegate numbers and allocation
- 7. The Primary Debates
- 8. The conventions

1. The current list of candidates

Three Republicans and two Democrats are currently seeking the right to carry their respective Party's banner into the general election

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On the Field

Democrats	Republicans
Hillary Clinton, 67	Ted Cruz, 44
Bernie Sanders, 73	Donald Trump, 68 John Kasich, 62

Fallen by the Wayside

Democrats	Republicans
Jim Webb, 69: Dropped out 10/20*	Rick Perry, 65: Dropped out 9/11
Lincoln Chafee, 62: Dropped out 10/23	Scott Walker, 47: Dropped out 9/21
Lawrence Lessig, 54; Dropped out 11/2	Bobby Jindal, 43; Dropped out 11/17
Martin O'Malley ,52;Dropped out 2/2	Lindsay Graham, 59; Dropped out 11/20
	George Pataki, 69; Dropped out 12/29
	Rand Paul, 52; Dropped out 2/3/2016
	Rick Santorum, 56; Dropped out 2/3
	Mike Huckabee, 59; Dropped out 2/2
	Chris Christie, 52; Dropped out 2/10
	Carly Fiorina 60; Dropped out 2/10
	Jim Gilmore, 65; Dropped out 2/12
	Jeb Bush, 62; Dropped out 2/21
	Ben Carson, 63; Dropped out 3/4
	Marco Rubio, 43; Dropped out 3/15

2. Selected polls, March 29 through April 13 Although national polls are not particularly relevant at this stage of the nominations fights, the following are a selection of national polls through mid-April.

Republicans

	McClatchy/Marist	IBD/TIPP	CBS News	Fox News	NBC/WSJ
	3/29-3/31	3/28-4/2	4/8-4/12	4/11-4/13	4/10-14
Trump	40	38	42	45	40
Cruz	35	31	29	27	35
Kasich	20	19	18	25	24
Spread	Trump +5	Trump +7	Trump +13	Trump +18	Trump +5

Democrats

	McClatchy/Marist	IBD/TIPP	CBS News	Fox News	NBC/WSJ
	3/29-3/31	3/28-4/2	4/8-4/12	4/11-4/13	4/10-14
Clinton	47	45	50	48	50
Sanders	49	44	44	46	48
Spread	Sanders +2	Clinton +1	Clinton +6	Clinton +2	Clinton +2

Source: RealClearPolitics

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3. Polls in coming primary States

Maryland

GOP	
	Monmouth
	4/10-4/12
Trump	47
Cruz	19
Kasich	27
Spread	Trump +20

Dems	
	NBC 4/Marist
	4/5-4/9
Clinton	58
Sanders	36
Spread	Clinton +22

Pennsylvania

GOP	
	CBS/YouGov
	4/13-4/15
Trump	46
Cruz	26
Kasich	23
Spread	Trump +20

Dems	
	FOX News
	4/4-4/7
Clinton	49
Sanders	38
Spread	Clinton +11

California

GOP	
	CBS News/YouGov
	4/13-4/15
Trump	49
Cruz	31
Kasich	16
Spread	Trump +18

Dem	
	CBS/YouGov
	4/13-4/15
Clinton	52
Sanders	40
Spread	Clinton +12

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4. The Money Game

Money raised by the current campaigns since the beginning of their respective campaigns through March 30^{th} .

Hillary Clinton \$189.5 million Bernie Sanders 184.0 million

Ted Cruz 79.0 million

John Kasich 12.1 through February

Donald Trump

34.7 million of his own money thru
through February

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5. Delegates accrued through April 19th and total votes received

The Republicans (1,237 needed to win)

1	Trump	Cruz	Kasich	Rubio
	845	559	147	171
Popular vote	8,716,136	6,387,243	3,175,166	

The Democrats (2382 needed to win)

	Clinton	Sanders
Delegates won	1428	1151
Super Delegates	502	38
Total	1930	1189
Popular vote	10,387,916	7,699,652

[Note: The popular vote numbers do not count those who participated in caucuses.] Source: Real Clear Politics

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6. Remaining Primary/Caucus dates and state delegate numbers and allocation

Included are the number of delegates assigned to each Party in each State yet to hold a primary or caucus and how the delegates will be allocated. The DNC mandates a proportional allocation for all States. The RNC allows States more flexibility.

	April 26: Connecticut- (70D- Prop) (28R-Hybrid) Delaware- (31D- Prop) (16R-Winner take All) Maryland- (118D- Prop) (38R-Hybrid) Pennsylvania-(210D- Prop) (71R-Hybrid) Rhode Island- (33D- Prop) (19R- Prop)
<u>May</u>	
	May 3:
	Indiana- (92D- Prop) (57R-Hybrid)
	May 10:
	 Nebraska GOP primary- (36R-Winner take All)
	West Virginia-(37D- Prop) (34R-Hybrid)
	May 17:
	 Kentucky Dem primary- (61D- Prop)
	o Oregon- (73D- Prop) (28R- Prop)
	May 24:
	 Washington GOP-(44R- Prop)
June	
	June 7:
	o California- (546D- Prop) (172R-Hybrid)
	o Montana- (28D- Prop) (27R-Winner take All)
	o New Jersey- (142D- Prop) (51R-Winner take All)
	o New Mexico- (43D- Prop) (24R- Prop)
	o South Dakota-(25D- Prop) (29R-Winner take All)

o North Dakota Dem- (23D- Prop)

- ☐ June 14:
 - o Washington, DC Dems- (46D- Prop)
- □ States that the RNC reports will not hold Presidential preference votes in 2016
 - o North Dakota- (28R-Conv)
 - o Wyoming- (29R-Conv)

Sources: RNC website, Balletopedia, US Presidential Election News

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7. Presidential Primary Debates

At this time neither Party has scheduled a primary debate after April 14th.

Republican primary debates:

- 1. Fox News, August 6, 2015, Cleveland, Ohio Completed
- 2. CNN, September 16, 2015, Simi Valley, California Completed
- 3. CNBC, October 28, 2015, Boulder, Colorado Completed
- 4. Fox Business, November 10, 2015, Milwaukee, Wisconsin Completed
- 5. CNN, December 15, 2015, Las Vegas, Nevada Completed
- 6. Fox Business, January 14, 2015, Charleston, South Carolina Completed
- 6. Fox News, January 28, 2016, Des Moines, Iowa Completed
- 7. ABC News, February 6, 2016, Manchester, New Hampshire Completed
- 8. CBS News, February 13, 2016, Greenville, South Carolina -Completed
- 9. CNN, February 25, 2016, Houston, Texas Completed
- 10. Fox News, March 3, 2016, Detroit, Michigan Completed
- 11. CNN, March 10, 2016, Miami, Florida Completed

Democrats:

You will recall that the DNC set a limit of 6 on the number of Presidential primary debates. The DNC had set that limit even though folks generally thought it was too few. Bernie Sanders was asking for more debates early on. After the Des Moines debate, the Clinton campaign decided it was in favor of additional debates.

Current planned Democratic primary debates:

- 1. CNN, October 13, 2015, Nevada- Completed
- 2. CBS News, November 14, 2015, Des Moines, Iowa Completed
- 3. ABC News, December 19, 2015, Manchester, New Hampshire Completed
- 4. NBC News, January 17, 2016, Charleston, South Carolina Completed
- 5. CNN, January 25, 2016, Des Moines, Iowa Completed
- 6. MSNBC, February 4, 2016, Durham, New Hampshire Completed
- 7. PBS, February 11, 2016, Milwaukee, Wisconsin Completed
- 8. OPEN, March 6, 2016, Flint, Michigan Completed
- 9. Univison, March 9, 2016, Miami, Florida Completed
- 10.CNN, April 14, 2016 Brooklyn, New York Completed

Here are the audience sizes for the debates held through April 14th.

Republican - Fox News, August 6, 2015, Ohio – 24 million viewers

Republican - CNN, September 16, 2015, California -23 million viewers

Democrat - CNN, October 13, 2015 – 15.8 million viewers

Republican – CNBC, October 28, 2015 – 14 million viewers

Republican – Fox Business News, November 10, 2015 – 13.5 million viewers

Democrat – CBS/WSJ, November 14, 2015 - 8.5 million viewers

Republican - CNN, December 15, 2015, Nevada – 18 million viewers

Democrat - ABC, December 19, 2015, New Hampshire – 6.7 million viewers

Republican – Fox Business, January 14, 2016 – S. – 11 million viewers

 $Democratic-NBC-January\ 17,2016-South\ Carolina-10.2\ million\ viewers$

Democratic – CNN – January 25, 2016 – Iowa – 3.2 million

Republican – Fox News – January 28, 2016 – Iowa- 12.5 million

Democratic - MSNBC - February 4, 2016 - New Hampshire- 4.5 million

Republican - ABC News, February 6, 2016 - New Hampshire- 13.2 million

Democratic-PBS-February~11, 2016-Wisconsin-~8.03~million

Republican - CBS News, February 13, 2016 - South Carolina- 13.51 million

Republican - CNN, February 25, 2016 - Texas- 14.5 million

Republican – Fox News, March 3, 2016 – Michigan- 16.8 million

Democratic – OPEN, March 6, 2016 – Michigan- 5.5 million

Democratic – Univision, March 9, 2016 – Florida- 5.9 million

Republican - CNN, March 10, 2016, Florida- 11.9 million

Democratic – CNN, April 14, 2016, Brooklyn, New York – 5.6 million

Republican debates have drawn a total audience of 185.91 million viewers, an average of 15.49 million viewers. The Democratic debates have drawn 73.9 million viewers, an average of 8.2 million viewers.

8. The Conventions

For quite some time the working assumption was that the Republican convention would include considerable fireworks, while the Democratic convention would be relatively calm.

Now it appears that both conventions will be worth the price of admission.

Republicans: July 18-21, Cleveland, Ohio

Democrats: July 25-28, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

In describing the coming Republican and Democratic conventions they are often referred to as "brokered" or "contested" conventions. The former description really does not apply, while the second description is likely accurate.

The last truly brokered convention of which I am aware was the Democratic convention in 1968 in Chicago. The city was the subject of a variety of demonstrations relating to the Vietnam War. (I was there as part of the Hubert Humphrey team).

Ultimately, Mayor Daley came out for Hubert Humphrey and brought his delegation with him. Other leaders of delegations who would follow their lead were John Connelly of Texas, Jess Unruh of New York, and Mayor Joseph Barr of Pittsburgh and Mayor James Tate of Philadelphia. Following their lead, Humphrey was easily nominated.

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The "Brokered Convention" that Wasn't

The year was 1976; Bob Strauss was Chairman of the Democratic National Committee. (Strauss was an important mentor in my political career and a person for whom I continue to have great affection.)

Early that year I was back living in Minneapolis and got a call from Strauss's office in D.C. He wanted to see me the next morning and asked that I not tell anyone about the meeting.

When I arrived at his office he told me that the coming convention was likely to be brokered and that he was going to be part of the brokering. He wanted me to come up with a list of 40-50 Party leaders, who would be at the convention, who would need to be brought together to help in the selection of a candidate. He also wanted me to locate a room at the convention hall that could hold a meeting of that size. He warned me to that I was to keep the whole thing a secret.

I headed back to Minneapolis and began working on the list on the plane.

The next morning I got a call from a well-known reporter from the Minneapolis Tribune who told me that he understood that I was to be part of an effort to broker the convention. Taken somewhat aback I asked if I could call him right back.

called Strauss at his office in Washington and asked him how the reporter might have heard of the effort on which I was to assist him.

Bob apologized and said he should have called. He had been at the Godfrey Sperling breakfast that morning and told the assembled reporters of the plan. And so ended the effort to broker the convention.

* * * * *

This and That

Lee sent me a promotional piece about the English language edition of the weekly newsletter of EL PAIS, a very large Spanish newspaper. It is translated by a team of native English-speaking journalists, with added context and background.

The promotion goes on as follows:

"Sign up to our newsletter now, which you'll receive in your inbox every Saturday morning, to enjoy the best content from the world's leading Spanish daily – in English."

It goes on to explain "How to register for the newsletter (for non-Spanish speakers)."

Unfortunately the form to register for the English Edition Newsletter is only available in Spanish...."

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Restaurants

There are no restaurant reviews this month, but here is one piece of relevant information. The day of being able to pick up the phone and call your favorite restaurant for a reservation or going to Open Table and doing essentially the same thing may be coming to an end.

Soon when you want to go to a particular restaurant you will buy a ticket, just like a movie theater or concert. And there will be a variety of billing systems which let you avoid all the fuss when dinner is over and you have to pay. If you are interested in learning more see The Washington Post for April 6, 2016, page E1.

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A sign of the times: The other night at a local restaurant there was a table of twelve people. Each of the folks at the table was on his or her cellphone

Mike

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