

Freedom of Information request 76-17

- ...would like to analyse BTP data to research sexual offences on transport. If possible, they would like data on:
- the number of instances of each offence type in relation to London Underground, London Overground and National Rail.
- demographic information associated with victims e.g. gender, age group
- mode of reporting whether in person, by telephone or 61016, or other modes
- the outcome

It would be very helpful if you could let us know:

- do you hold the datasets from which the statistics are produced for the Statistics Bulletin available on your website?
- if so, whether if you can let us know if the data contains the information the researcher requires?
- whether you provide a data access service to academic researchers -
- if so, please could you provide information about the application process and conditions?
- if you are not the data owners, please could you provide us with contact details for the relevant person or organisation that hold the data?

Clarification received:

I would like to look into changes in reporting of sexual offences over time, for BTP's 'B-Division', for between 1st January 2012 and 31st December 2016. I want to see how this varies between mode (LU or National Rail), time of the report, type of crime, and age of victim making the report.

So for this, I would like data on sexual offences/ offences of a sexual nature including the following variables:

- Crime type (so that it's possible to tell apart for example groping or comments, or more 'serious' assault)
- Date and time (if possible to the level of the day and also if it was am peak/ interpeak/ pm peak etc)
- Location in that if it was London Underground or National Rail or DLR
- Victim age can be aggregated into age categories if required for anonymity of data
- Mode of reporting so whether the initial report was made to an officer in person, or through 61016, or online, etc.

RESPONSE

Please find the information requested in the spread sheet attached.

Please note that the victim gender data is recorded at the time of the offence being crimed and may not reflect the crime offence classification. For example, an offence of an assault on a male may be recorded in the crime classification but the victim gender may be left blank.