```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, plot_tree
         from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
In [3]: df = pd.read_csv('carsdata.csv')
In [4]: print("Dataset Head:\n", df.head())
        print("\nDataset Info:\n")
        print(df.info())
        Dataset Head:
           Model Engine SC/Turbo Weight Fuel Economy Fast
            M1 Small
                        No Average Good No
                                          Average No
            M2 Small
                            No Light
            M3 Small Yes Average
                                            Bad Yes
                                               Bad Yes
            M4 Medium No Heavy
                                               Bad Yes
        4 M5 Large No Average
        Dataset Info:
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 15 entries, 0 to 14
        Data columns (total 6 columns):
         # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
         0 Model 15 non-null object
1 Engine 15 non-null object
         2 SC/Turbo 15 non-null object
         3 Weight 15 non-null object
         4 Fuel Economy 15 non-null
                                         object
                          15 non-null
         5 Fast
                                         object
        dtypes: object(6)
        memory usage: 852.0+ bytes
        None
In [5]: label_encoders = {}
         for column in df.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns:
            le = LabelEncoder()
            df[column] = le.fit_transform(df[column])
            label_encoders[column] = le
In [6]: X = df.drop('Car_Name', axis=1, errors='ignore') # Drop Car_Name if it exists
        y = df.iloc[:, -1] # Assuming the last column is the target
In [7]: # Split the data into training and testing sets
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
 In [8]: # Create and train the Decision Tree Classifier
         model = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
        model.fit(X_train, y_train)
                  DecisionTreeClassifier
        DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
In [9]: # Predict on test data
        y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
In [10]: print("\nClassification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
        print("Accuracy Score:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
        Classification Report:
                      precision recall f1-score support
                   0
                          1.00
                                   1.00
                                            1.00
                                             1.00
                          1.00 1.00
                                             1.00
           macro avg
                          1.00
                                1.00
                                             1.00
        weighted avg
        Accuracy Score: 1.0
In [13]: # Visualize the Decision Tree
        plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
        plot_tree(
            model,
            feature_names=X.columns.tolist(),
            class_names=[str(cls) for cls in np.unique(y)],
            filled=True,
            rounded=True
        plt.title("Decision Tree Visualization")
        plt.show()
                                                                     Decision Tree Visualization
```

Fast <= 0.5 gini = 0.444 samples = 12 value = [8, 4] class = 0

gini = 0.0 samples = 8 value = [8, 0] class = 0 gini = 0.0 samples = 4 value = [0, 4] class = 1