

ex $X \sim \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$, Se cer repartițiile $5X-2$, X^3 , $X+X^2$, media și varianța
 μ E Var
 $P(X < \frac{1}{8} | X \geq -\frac{1}{8}) = ?$

$$y = g(x)$$

$$\bullet g_1(x) = 5x-2, y_1 = 5x-2 \in \{-7, -2, 3\}, 5x-2 \sim \begin{pmatrix} -7 & -2 & 3 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E[5x-2] = 5E[X] - 2 = 5 \cdot (-1 \cdot 0.3 + 0 \cdot 0.2 + 1 \cdot 0.5) - 2 = 5 \cdot 0.2 - 2 = -1$$

$$\bullet Var(5x-2) = 5^2 Var(x) = 25(E[X^2] - E[X]^2) = 25(0.8 - (0.2)^2) = 25(0.8 - 0.04) = 25 \cdot 0.76$$

$$E[X] = -1 \cdot 0.3 + 0 \cdot 0.2 + 1 \cdot 0.5 = 0.2$$

$$E[X^2] = 0 \cdot 0.2 + 1 \cdot 0.8 = 0.8$$

$$x^2 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\bullet \text{ sau } E[h(x)] = \sum_x h(x) P(X=x) = (-1)^2 \cdot 0.3 + 0^2 \cdot 0.2 + 1^2 \cdot 0.5 = 0.8$$

$$\bullet x^3 \sim \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix} \text{ este repartizat la fel ca } \mu \text{ } x$$

$$\Rightarrow E[x^3] = E[X] = 0.2 \text{ } \mu \text{ } Var(x^3) = Var(x) = 0.76$$

$$\bullet x^2 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \end{pmatrix} \quad X \sim \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x+x^2 \in \{0, 0, 2\}$$

$$x+x^2 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P(x+x^2=2) = P(x=1) = 0.5$$

$$E[x+x^2] = 0 \cdot 0.5 + 2 \cdot 0.5 = 1 \text{ sau } E[x+x^2] = E[x] + E[x^2] = 0.2 + 0.8 = 1$$

$$Var(\frac{x+x^2}{1}) = \frac{E[y^2] - E[y]^2}{1} = \frac{2 - 1}{1} = 1$$

$$E[y^2] = 0^2 \cdot 0.5 + 2^2 \cdot 0.5 = 2$$

$$\bullet P(\frac{B}{A}) = P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(x < \frac{1}{8} \text{ } \mu \text{ } x \geq -\frac{1}{8})}{P(x \geq -\frac{1}{8})}$$

$$x \in \{-1, 0, 1\} \Rightarrow \{x < \frac{1}{8} \text{ } \mu \text{ } x \geq -\frac{1}{8}\} = \{x=0\}; \quad \{x \geq -\frac{1}{8}\} = \{x=0\} \cup \{x=1\}$$

$$P(x < \frac{1}{8} | x \geq -\frac{1}{8}) = \frac{P(x=0)}{P(x=0) + P(x=1)} = \frac{0.2}{0.2 + 0.5} = \frac{2}{7}$$

$$\star x \sim (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_m) \quad y \sim (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_m) \quad \begin{cases} x = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, y = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, x+y \in \{-3, -1, 1, -2, 0, 2, -1, 1, 3\} \\ x+y \in \{-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3\} \\ P(x+y=-1) = P(x=-1, y=0) + P(x=1, y=-2) \end{cases}$$

$$P(x \cup y) = P(x) + P(y)$$

$$P(x \cap y) = P(x) \cdot P(y)$$

$x \backslash y$	2	4	6	Σ
0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4
1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
2	0.1	0.1	0	0.2
3	0.05	0	0.05	0.1
Σ	0.35	0.4	0.25	

a) Repartitiile marginale pt x si y , $E[x]$, $Var(x)$
 $E[y]$, $Var(y)$
 Tabelul de valori rep. intr-o adunare a rep. comune?

b) Rep. conditionata a lui y la $x=1$
 x la $y=4$

c) Calc. media cond. $E[y|x]$ si $Var(y|x)$

d) Calc. coeficientul de corelatie.

e) Verif daca are loc egalitatea: $Var(y) = E[Var(y|x)] + Var(E[y|x]) \rightarrow$ adu

* $f(x,y) = P(X=x, Y=y)$

Tb sa verif i) $f(x,y) \geq 0 \forall x,y$; ii) $\sum_{x,y} f(x,y) = 1$

a) Rep. marg. a lui X (facem suma pe linii) | Rep. marg. a lui y (suma pe coloane)

$X \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix}$

$Y \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 0.35 & 0.4 & 0.25 \end{pmatrix}$

d) Coef. de corelatie: $\rho(x,y) = \frac{Cov(x,y)}{\sqrt{Var(x)}\sqrt{Var(y)}}$ ★

★ $Cov(x,y) = E[(x - E[x])(y - E[y])] = E[xy] - E[x] \cdot E[y]$

$E[xy] = \sum_{x,y} xy P(X=x, Y=y) = 0.2 \cdot 0.1 + 0.4 \cdot 0.2 + 0.6 \cdot 0.1 + \dots$

$E[h(x,y)] = \sum_{x,y} h(x,y) \cdot P(X=x, Y=y)$

b) Rep. cond. a lui y la $x=1$

$x \backslash y$	2	4	6	
1	0.1 0.3	0.1 0.3	0.1 0.3	0.3

$y|x=1 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \\ \frac{0.1}{0.3} & \frac{0.1}{0.3} & \frac{0.1}{0.3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix}$ ✓

$y|x=3 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \\ \frac{0.05}{0.1} & 0 & \frac{0.05}{0.1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$

$X|y=4$

$x \backslash y$	2	4	6
0		0.2 0.4	0.1 0.4
1		0.1 0.4	0.1 0.4
2		0.1	0
3		0	0
		0.4	0.4

$X|Y=4 \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ \frac{0.2}{0.4} & \frac{0.1}{0.4} & \frac{0.1}{0.4} & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

c) $E[Y|x]$ este o variab. aleatoare care ia valorile $E[Y|X=x]$ | $E[Y|x] \sim \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ P(x=2) & P(x=4) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 0.2 & 0.3 \end{pmatrix}$

$E[Y|x=0] = 2P(y=2|x=0) + 4P(y=4|x=0) + 6P(y=6|x=0) = 4$ ✓

$E[Y|x=1] = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{3} + 6 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 4$ ✓

$E[Y|x=2] = 3$

$E[Y|x=3] = 4$

$\text{Var}(Y|X) = ?$ este tot o var. aleatoare care ia valabile $\text{Var}(Y|X=x)$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Var}(Y|X=0) &= E[Y^2|X=0] - E[Y|X=0]^2 = 2^2 \cdot P(Y=2|X=0) + 4^2 \cdot P(Y=4|X=0) + \\ &\quad + 6^2 \cdot P(Y=6|X=0) - E[Y|X=0]^2 = \\ &= 2^2 \cdot \frac{0,1}{0,4} + 4^2 \cdot \frac{0,2}{0,4} + 6^2 \cdot \frac{0,1}{0,4} - 4^2 = 1 + 8 + 9 - 16 = 2\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}(Y|X=1) = 2,66; \text{Var}(Y|X=2) = 1; \text{Var}(Y|X=3) = 4$$

$$\text{Var}(Y|X) \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2.66 & 4 \\ P(X=2) & P(X=0) & P(X=1) & P(X=3) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2.66 & 4 \\ 0.2 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Prob. cond. • $P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(B|A) \cdot P(A)}{P(B|A) \cdot P(A) + P(B|A^c) \cdot P(A^c)}$

• $P(A) = \sum_{i=1}^n P(A|B_i) \cdot P(B_i)$ • A, B indep $\Leftrightarrow P(B|A) = P(B) \Leftrightarrow \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = P(A)$

$$\Leftrightarrow P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$$

Var. aleat. discrete • F. de masă: $f(x) = P(X=x)$
• F. de repartiție a lui x: $F: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0,1], F(x) \leq P(X \leq x) \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$

• v. a. indep x și y $\Leftrightarrow P(x \in A, y \in B) = P(x \in A) \cdot P(y \in B) \Leftrightarrow P(X \leq x, Y \leq y) = P(X \leq x) \cdot P(Y \leq y)$

• medie $E[X] = \sum_x x \cdot P(X=x) \mid E[aX+bY] = aE[X] + bE[Y] \mid E[g(x)] = \sum_x g(x) \cdot P(X=x)$

• x, y indep $\Rightarrow E[xy] = E[x] \cdot E[y]$

Repartiții comune, marginale și condiționate - discrete

• F. de masă a vect. (x, y): rep. comună: $P_{x,y}(x, y) = P(X=x, Y=y) = f_{x,y}(x, y)$

• rep. marginală: x: $P(X=x) = P_x(x) = \sum_y P(x=x, y=y)$

• rep. cond. a lui X la Y = y: $P_{x|y} = P(X=x|Y=y) = \frac{P(X=x, Y=y)}{P(Y=y)} = \frac{P_{x,y}(x, y)}{P_y(y)}$

• medie: $E[g(x, y)] = \sum_x \sum_y g(x, y) P_{x,y}(x, y)$

• medie cond.: $E[X|Y=y] = \sum_x x \cdot P_{x|y}(x|y) \mid E[X] = \sum_y E[X|Y=y] \cdot P(Y=y)$

Covarianța și corelația • x și y necorelate $\Rightarrow \text{Cov}(x, y) = 0$

• $\text{Cov} = E[(X - E[X])(Y - E[Y])] = E[XY] - E[X] \cdot E[Y]$

• $\text{Var}(x, y) = \text{Var}(x) + \text{Var}(y) + 2 \text{Cov}(x, y) \mid \text{coef. de corelație: } \rho(x, y) = \frac{\text{Cov}(x, y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(x)} \sqrt{\text{Var}(y)}}$