Florea Mādālin-Alexandru Amul 1, Seria 14, Grupa 143

> Examen -Lagica matematica si computationala-

Exercitive I

Fie V multimea valiabileles propositionale, E multimea enuntualiles, as T multimea tealemebe formale ale logici propositionale clasice. Fie P, 2, r eV, doua côte doua distincte,

 $\theta, \xi \in T, \xi \subseteq E, in \lambda \propto_i, \beta_j, \gamma_k, \gamma \in E, astfel$ $incat \Sigma \mapsto \gamma, dar \Sigma \cup \{p \lor 2, \lor 3 \lor 1 + \gamma, i}$ $\Sigma \cup \{j \rbrace \vdash \prec_i, iar \propto_i, \beta_j, \gamma_k, mut definite$ mai jas:

1 Sa se demonstrese ca:

· Ldi->(bAdny)

Fie h. V-> L2 a interpretale allutrarà si \(\int_{->} \int_{->}

do -> (PVQVN)=>[[(O->P)←>(B->Q)]←>N]->

->PVQVN \(\begin{align*} \begin{align*} \begin{ali

~ (20-7(PVQVA))
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$$\widetilde{h}(x_0 - 5(p \vee q \vee x)) = x = 5 + x_0 - 5(p \vee q \vee x) = 5$$

$$= 5 + x_0 - 5(p \vee q \vee x)$$

• $\Sigma + \mathcal{J} \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{A}_0$ $\Sigma \cup \{\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{J}} \vdash \mathcal{A}_0 \stackrel{T.D.}{=} \Sigma \vdash \mathcal{J} - \mathcal{A}_0 \quad (\mathcal{A})$ $\Sigma \cup \{\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{J}} \vdash \mathcal{A}_0 \stackrel{T.D.}{=} \Sigma \vdash \mathcal{J} - \mathcal{A}_0 \quad (\mathcal{A})$ $\Sigma \cup \{\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{J}} \vdash \mathcal{A}_0 \stackrel{T.D.}{=} \Sigma \vdash \mathcal{J} - \mathcal{A}_0 \quad (\mathcal{A})$ $\Sigma \cup \{\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{J}} \vdash \mathcal{J}_0 \vdash \mathcal{J}_0 \downarrow \mathcal{J}_$

· Z K do

Presuper più reducele la absold cà Z+ Zo Z+Zo Z (=) Z+Z (=)

desorre conform ipotessi E XP = penyunelea ote folisa => E X Zo - sienos elimithemeles etas enimetes es às 3 tente ale multimii {xi, Bi, Xky h(p) h(2) h(η) h(θ->p) h(β->2) h((θ->p) e>(β->2) h(α) K(P) [R(2) R(3) R(7P R(72) R(0N72) R(8NN) R[(0N72)->(8NN)] R(41) B4=(PNQ)->d1 h(p) h(2) h(n) h(pn2) h(x1) h(B4) O

$\sum_{P} (P)$	$\hat{h}(q)$	$\tilde{h}(x)$	$\hat{k}(x_0)$	$\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(\beta_{4})$	$\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{X}^{\vee})$
0	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	.1	1
0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	1
1			4	1	O
	0	4	0	; 1 ·	4
	4	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	\

Sulmultimi consistente:

foroig penter (h(p),h(2),h(r))ef(0,0,1),(0,1,0),(1,0,0),(1,1,1)g {B43 penter (h(P), h(2), h(x))e{(0,0,0), (0,0,1), (0,1,0), (0,1,1), (1,0,0),(1,0,1),(1,1,0),(1,1,1)& {8, grenten(h(p),h(2),h(n))e{(0,0,0),(0,0,1),(0,1,1), (1,0,1), (1,1,1) Y

{do,B, zg pentru (h(p), h(2), h(1)) e{(0,0,1), (0,1,0), (1,1,1) }g {do, 8, } penter (h(p), h(2), h(n)) e {(0,0,1), (1,1,1)} {B4, 8, 4 penter (h(p), h(2), h(1)) e {(0,0,0), (0,0,1), (0,1,1), (1,0,1), (1,1,1) } {do,B4,8,} pentry (F(P), F(Q), h(R)) e {(0,0,1), (1,1,1)} 3 Sà se détermine core dintre enunturile E e fx; Bj, x, & se deduce din multimea celor-labte davia, adica satisface fx; Bj, x, & 3/53/527 + E (nu neaparat existà unul si un megasat este unic). Birry (un majorat on S + E) satisfac fx; Birry 1983197-5.

Executive 2 Cansidelam signatura de ordinal I: T = (1,1,1,1, 1,1,1,1,1,1;2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,0, simbolivile de inteles et elisabellinis is of,..., of elan intelesso binal Ko,..., Rg, a multime A= fa, l, cy avand 1A/=3 si a structulà de ordinul I de signatulà T elebortomen us statterm in A tropia comittum us) appatie unare si relatie binale coles punsatoale sim-etinites, "A> MA in Ac A: My, e,o & m closely wither witfel:

W	a	le]	C
)4(m)	le	C	9
JA (u)	b	a	a

Ry={(a,h), (h,c), (c,c)} pean ji dana valiabile distincte v, weller Sa & detamine daca A = Q; vQ1-; w[(&j(&e(v))=

 $= J_{k}(J_{j}(w))) - R_{j}(v, J_{k}(w)) J_{j}, \text{ and } JQ_{0} = J_{0}(w) J_{0}(w)$

$$A = Q_0 \cup Q_1 \cup [(\frac{1}{2} + (\frac{1}{2} + (\frac{$$

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Pentru v=h existà w e {9, h} astfel mont se volifica formula =>92 = 1 V 1 V 0 = 1

Car 3: V = C

Pently v=c seister w e {a,h} outfel mont se velifica formula => 9,=1V1V0=1

$$= \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} f(w) + \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} f(u) + \int_$$